## AGENDA ESCAMBIA COUNTY PLANNING BOARD September 1, 2020–8:35 a.m. Escambia County Central Office Complex

Escambia County Central Office Complex 3363 West Park Place, Room 104

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1	Of IIc')	Order.
1.	Call to	OIUCI.

- 2. Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag.
- 3. Proof of Publication and Waive the Reading of the Legal Advertisement.
- 4. Approval of Minutes.
  - A.

    A. <u>RECOMMENDATION:</u> That the Planning Board review and approve the Meeting Resume' Minutes of the August 4, 2020 Planning Board Meeting.
    - B. Planning Board 6-Month Outlook for September 2020.
- 5. Acceptance of Planning Board Meeting Packet.
- 6. Public Hearings.
  - A. A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending Chapter 3, Section 3.04 Definitions; OBJ FLU 1.3, FLU Map Designations and FLU 3.1 Rural Development

That the Board review and recommend to the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) for adoption, an Ordinance amending the Comprehensive Plan: amending Chapter 3, Section 3.04, Definitions; amending OBJ FLU 1.3 Future Land Use Map designations; and amending OBJ FLU 3.1 Rural Development.

B. <u>A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending Chapter</u> 3, Sections 3-1.3, 3-2.2, and 3-2.3

That the Board review and recommend to the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) for adoption, an Ordinance to the Land Development

Code (LDC) Chapter 3, Section 3-1.3 "Zoning and Future Land Use," Subsection (G) "Future Land Use Designations," and Subsection (I) "Zoning Implementation of FLU," to add the Future Land Use Category of Agriculture Residential; amending Sections 3-2.2 "Agricultural District (AGR)," and 3-2.3 "Rural Residential district (RR)" to provide for AGR and RR Zoning districts in the AR Future Land Use category.

- 7. Action/Discussion/Info Items.
  - A. Tiny Homes Discussion
- 8. Public Forum.
- 9. Director's Review.
  - A. August 6, 2020 BCC Minutes
- 10. County Attorney's Report.
- 11. Scheduling of Future Meetings.

The next Regular Planning Board meeting is scheduled for **Tuesday**, **October 6, 2020 at 8:30 a.m.**, in the Escambia County Central Office Complex, Room 104, First Floor, 3363 West Park Place, Pensacola, Florida.

- 12. Announcements/Communications.
- 13. Adjournment.



## BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS Escambia County, Florida

Planning Board-Regular 4. A.

**Meeting Date:** 09/01/2020

#### **Agenda Item:**

A. **RECOMMENDATION:** That the Planning Board review and approve the Meeting Resume' Minutes of the August 4, 2020 Planning Board Meeting.

B. Planning Board 6-Month Outlook for September 2020.

#### **Attachments**

<u>Draft August 4, 2020 Regular Planning Board Meeting Minutes</u> <u>Six Month Outlook</u>

## DRAFT

## MINUTES OF THE ESCAMBIA COUNTY PLANNING BOARD August 4, 2020

# CENTRAL OFFICE COMPLEX 3363 WEST PARK PLACE, BOARD CHAMBERS PENSACOLA, FLORIDA (8:32 A.M. – 11:45 A.M.)

Present: Reid Rushing

Jay Ingwell

Wayne Briske, Chairman

Timothy Pyle Patty Hightower

Eric Fears

Gary Sammons Walker Wilson

Absent: Stephen Opalenik

Staff Present: Andrew Holmer, Division Manager, Planning & Zoning

Griffin Vickery, Urban Planner, Planning & Zoning Horace Jones, Director, Development Services Juan Lemos, Senior Planner, Planning & Zoning

Kayla Meador, Sr Office Assistant

Kia Johnson, Assistant County Attorney

Attendees: Rachel Merlin

- 1. Call to Order.
- 2. Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag.
- 3. Proof of Publication and Waive the Reading of the Legal Advertisement.

Motion by Timothy Pyle, Seconded by Eric Fears

Motion was made to waive the reading of the legal advertisement.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

4. Approval of Minutes.

- A. A. **RECOMMENDATION:** That the Planning Board review and approve the Meeting Resume' Minutes of the July 6, 2020, Planning Board Meeting.
  - B. Planning Board Monthly Action Follow-up Report for July 2020.
  - C. Planning Board 6-Month Outlook for August 2020.

Motion by Eric Fears, Seconded by Gary Sammons

Motion was made to approve the minutes from the June 1, 2020 Planning Board meeting.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

5. Acceptance of Planning Board Meeting Packet.

Motion by Timothy Pyle, Seconded by Reid Rushing

Motion was made to accept the meeting package.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

- 6. Public Hearings.
  - A. <u>A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending LDC Chapter</u>
    <u>4 Regarding Recreational Vehicles</u>

That the Board review and recommend to the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) for adoption an Ordinance amending the Land Development Code (LDC), Chapter 4, to expand the use of recreational vehicles as living quarters, establish related use standards, and modify related provisions.

Motion by Gary Sammons, Seconded by Timothy Pyle

Motion was made to recommend approval with changes to the BCC.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

B. A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending Chapter 3.

Section 3.04 Definitions; OBJ FLU 1.3, FLU Map Designations and FLU 3.1 Rural Development

That the Board review and recommend to the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) for adoption, an Ordinance amending the Comprehensive Plan: amending Chapter 3, Section 3.04, Definitions; amending OBJ FLU 1.3 Future Land Use Map designations; and amending OBJ FLU 3.1 Rural Development.

Motion by Reid Rushing, Seconded by Jay Ingwell

Motion was made to delay ordinance to next month.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

C. <u>A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending Chapter 3, Sections 3-1.3, 3-2.2, and 3-2.3</u>

That the Board review and recommend to the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) for adoption, an Ordinance to the Land Development Code (LDC) Chapter 3, Section 3-1.3 "Zoning and Future Land Use," Subsection (G) "Future Land Use Designations," and Subsection (I) "Zoning Implementation of FLU," to add the Future Land Use Category of Agriculture Residential; amending Sections 3-2.2 "Agricultural District (AGR)," and 3-2.3 "Rural Residential district (RR)" to provide for AGR and RR Zoning districts in the AR Future Land Use category.

Motion by Reid Rushing, Seconded by Jay Ingwell

Motion was made to delay ordinance to next month.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

- 7. Action/Discussion/Info Items.
  - A. Tiny Homes Discussion.
- 8. Public Forum.
- 9. Director's Review.
- 10. County Attorney's Report.
- 11. Scheduling of Future Meetings.

The next Regular Planning Board meeting is scheduled for **Tuesday, September 1, 2020, at 8:30 a.m.**, in the Escambia County Central Office Complex, Room 104, First Floor, 3363 West Park Place, Pensacola, Florida.

- 12. Announcements/Communications.
- 13. Adjournment.

## PLANNING BOARD MONTHLY SCHEDULE SIX MONTH OUTLOOK FOR September 2020 (Revised 7/24/20)

A.H. = Adoption Hearing P.H. = Public Hearing T.H. = Transmittal Hearing \* Indicates topic/date is estimated—subject to staff availability for project completion and/or citizen liaison

Meeting Date	LDC Changes and/or Public Hearings	Comprehensive Plan Amendments	Rezoning	Reports, Discussion and/or Action Items
Tuesday, September 1, 2020	Implementation of new AR FLU	New AR FLU		Tiny Homes
Tuesday, October 6, 2020		• OSP-2020-01 • OSP-2020-02	• Z-2020-07	
Tuesday, November 2, 2020				
Tuesday, December 1, 2020				
Tuesday, January 5, 2021				
Tuesday, February 2, 2021				

Disclaimer: This document is provided for informational purposes only. Schedule is subject to change. Verify all topics on the current meeting agenda one week prior to the meeting date.



## BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS Escambia County, Florida

Planning Board-Regular 6. A.

Meeting Date: 09/01/2020

**Issue:** A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending Chapte

3, Section 3.04 Definitions; OBJ FLU 1.3 and FLU 3.1

From: HORACE JONES, Director

**Organization:** Development Services

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending Chapter 3, Section 3.04 Definitions; OBJ FLU 1.3, FLU Map Designations and FLU 3.1 Rural Development

That the Board review and recommend to the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) for adoption, an Ordinance amending the Comprehensive Plan: amending Chapter 3, Section 3.04, Definitions; amending OBJ FLU 1.3 Future Land Use Map designations; and amending OBJ FLU 3.1 Rural Development.

#### **BACKGROUND:**

Escambia County Board of County Commissioners finds that the current Comprehensive Plan Section FLU 3.1.5 restricts the ability of a person or entity to obtain approval of a comprehensive plan amendment to the Rural Community (RC) future land use category; the Board has determined that FLU 3.1.5 unduly limits the Board's ability to manage growth and development within the County and should be amended.

#### **BUDGETARY IMPACT:**

No budgetary impact is anticipated by the adoption of this Ordinance.

#### **LEGAL CONSIDERATIONS/SIGN-OFF:**

The attached Ordinance has been reviewed and approved for legal sufficiency by Kia M. Johnson, Assistant County Attorney. Any recommended legal comments are attached herein.

#### **PERSONNEL:**

No additional personnel are required for implementation of this Ordinance.

#### POLICY/REQUIREMENT FOR BOARD ACTION:

The proposed Ordinance is consistent with the Board's goal "to increase citizen involvement in, access to, and approval of, County government activities."

#### **IMPLEMENTATION/COORDINATION:**

This Ordinance, amending the Comprehensive Plan, will be filed with the Department of State following adoption by the board.

Implementation of this Ordinance will consist of an amendment to the Comprehensive Plan and distribution of a copy of the adopted Ordinance to interested citizens and staff.

The proposed Ordinance was prepared by the Development Services Department, in cooperation with the County Attorney's Office and all interested citizens. The Development Services Department will ensure proper advertisement.

#### **Attachments**

**Draft Ordinance** 

1	ORDINANCE NUMBER 2020
2	
3	AN ORDINANCE OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA, AMENDING THE
4	ESCAMBIA COUNTY 2030 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN, AS AMENDED;
5	AMENDING CHAPTER 3, SECTION 3.04 DEFINITIONS; AMENDING
6	OBJ FLU 1.3 FUTURE LAND USE MAP DESIGNATIONS; AMENDING
7	OBJ FLU 3.1 RURAL DEVELOPMENT; PROVIDING FOR
8	SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR INCLUSION IN THE CODE; AND
9	PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
10	
11	WHEREAS, pursuant to Chapter 163, Part II, Florida Statutes, Escambia County
12	adopted its Comprehensive Plan on April 29, 2014; and
13	
14	WHEREAS, Chapter 125, Florida Statutes, empowers the Board of County
15	Commissioners of Escambia County, Florida to prepare, amend and enforce
16	comprehensive plans for the development of the County; and
17	MUEDEAO OL ( 400 0477 EL 1 OL) ( 1 EL 1 U
18	WHEREAS, Chapter 163.3177, Florida Statutes, establishes the required and
19	optional elements which are reflected in the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan (2030); and
20 21	(2030), and
22	WHEREAS, a local government is entitled to consider data such as the Goals and
23	Policies of the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan, projected population growth,
24	among other things, and should react to the data in an appropriate way and to the extent
25	necessary to achieve the stated goals of the local government and its Comprehensive
26	Plan; and
27	
28	WHEREAS, Chapter 163.3184, Florida Statutes, establishes the process by which
29	a local government may amend its Comprehensive Plan as may be necessary from time-
30	to-time; and
31	
32	WHEREAS, the Escambia County Board of County Commissioners finds that the
33	current Comprehensive Plan Section FLU 3.1.5 restricts the ability of a person or entity to
34	obtain approval of a comprehensive plan amendment to the Rural Community (RC) future
35	land use category; and
36 37	WHEREAS, the Board of County Commissioners has determined that FLU 3.1.5
38	unduly limits the Board's ability to manage growth and development within the County and
39	should be amended; and
40	
41	WHEREAS, the Board of County Commissioners has determined that
42	amendments to OBJ FLU 1.3, "Future Land Use Map Designations," and OBJ FLU 3.1,

3 4 5	<b>WHEREAS</b> , the proposed amendments were transmitted to state agencies as required by Sec. 163.3184, Florida Statutes, and no agency had any comment or objection to the amendments; and
6 7 8 9 10	<b>WHEREAS</b> , amendment to Section 3.04 Definitions, adding a definition for "Existing Rural Communities" will provide guidance for growth in the Rural area while addressing compatibility with the surrounding development; and
11 12 13 14	<b>WHEREAS</b> , the Board of County Commissioners finds that this Comprehensive Plan amendment is based on relevant and appropriate data and an analysis, as reflected in Composite Exhibit "A" attached hereto; and
15 16 17 18	<b>WHEREAS</b> , the Board of County Commissioners reviewed and considered all reports and comments provided by the state land planning agency, citizens, and any other persons, agencies or governments; and
19 20 21 22	<b>WHEREAS</b> , the Escambia County Board of County Commissioners finds that an amendment to its Comprehensive Plan is necessary and appropriate based on the Goals and Policies of the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan; and
23 24	<b>NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED</b> by the Board of County Commissioners of Escambia County, Florida, as follows:
25	Section 1. Recitals
26	The above recitals are true and correct and are incorporated herein by reference.
27	Section 2. Purpose and Intent
28 29 30	This Ordinance is enacted to carry out the purpose and intent of, and exercise the authority set out in, the Community Planning Act, Sections 163.3161 through 163.3215, Florida Statutes.
31	Section 3. Title of Comprehensive Plan Amendment
32	This Comprehensive Plan Amendment shall be entitled "CPA 2020-01."
33 34	<u>Section 4</u> . Amendment to Chapter 3, Section 3.04 of the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan
35 36	Chapter 3, Section 3.04 Definitions is hereby amended as follows (deletions shown as strike-thru; additions are underlined):

"Rural Development," are also necessary to achieve the stated goal; and

- 1 Section 3.04 Definitions.
- 2 Airport: Means any area of land or water designed and set aside for the landing and
- taking off of aircraft and use or to be used in the interest of the public for such purpose.
- 4 **Airport hazard**: Means an obstruction to air navigation which affects the safe and efficient
- 5 use of navigable airspace or the operation of planned or existing air navigation and
- 6 communication facilities.
- 7 Airport hazard area: Means any area of land or water upon which an airport hazard
- 8 might be established.
- 9 Airport obstruction: Means any existing or proposed object, terrain, or structure
- construction or alternation that exceeds the federal obstruction standards contained in
- the 14 C.F.R. part 77, subpart C, as may be amended. This term includes: any object of
- natural growth or terrain; permanent or temporary construction or alteration, including
- equipment or materials used and any permanent or temporary apparatus; or alteration of
- any permanent or temporary existing structure by a change in the structure's height,
- including appurtenances, lateral dimensions, and equipment or materials used in the
- 16 structure.
- 17 Airport Obstruction Notification Zone: A zone established around any airport to
- regulate airport hazard areas and airport obstructions.
- Avigation easement: An easement that gives a clear property right to maintain flight
- 20 operations in the airspace above the property.
- 21 **Buffer**: A designated area with natural and/or manmade features functioning to minimize
- or eliminate adverse impacts on adjoining land uses or wetlands, as defined by Florida
- 23 Statutes.
- 24 **Commercial use**: Any non-residential use that is typically carried out for the purpose of
- monetary gain, including, but not limited to, any business use or activity at a scale greater
- than a home occupation.
- 27 **Compact development**: A development pattern typically featuring narrow streets,
- 28 multifunction structures (such as residential over retail), multifamily housing, front
- 29 porches, small lots, wide sidewalks, neighborhood parks, community landscaping, easily
- 30 walkable distances from residences to local commercial uses, places of employment, and
- 31 schools.
- 32 **Concurrency**: The condition or circumstance that, at the time that new demands are
- placed on public facilities, facility capacities will meet or exceed the adopted level of
- service (LOS) standards established by the Comprehensive Plan.
- 35 **Conservation**: The act of preserving, guarding, or protecting; keeping in a safe or entire
- 36 state; preservation.
- 37 Conservation subdivision: A form of residential subdivision characterized by clustered
- compact lots, common open space and natural features, used to protect agricultural

- lands, open space or other natural or historical resources while allowing for the maximum
- 2 number of dwellings under applicable zoning and subdivision regulations.
- 3 **Deficiencies**: Inadequacies, insufficiencies, or the falling short of a prescribed norm.
- 4 **Density**: An objective measurement of the number of people or residential units allowed
- 5 per unit of land, such as residents or employees per acre.
- 6 **Development**: The carrying out of any building activity or mining operation, the making
- of any material change in the use or appearance of any structure or land, or the dividing
- 8 of land into three or more parcels. Specific activities or uses involving or excluded from
- 9 development are defined in Florida Statutes.
- **Enhance**: To make greater, as regards value, beauty, or effectiveness; to augment.
- 11 **Environmentally sensitive lands**: Those areas of land or water that are determined by
- the BCC as being necessary to conserve or protect natural habitats and ecological
- systems. The following classifications are those that have been determined by Escambia
- 14 County to be environmentally sensitive:
- 15 a. Wetlands as defined herein and wetlands as defined by the U.S. Army
  16 Corps of Engineers.
- b. Shoreline Protection Zones.

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- c. Aquatic preserves and the Escambia River Management Area.
- 19 d. Outstanding Florida Waters as defined by Rule 62.302.700 Florida
  20 Administrative Code and as defined and approved by the Florida
  21 Legislature.
  - e. Habitats of threatened or endangered species as defined by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC), or other state or federal agencies.
    - f. Essential Fishery Habitat (EFH), including seagrasses.
- g. Floodplain areas defined on the FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) as areas of special flood hazard subject to a one percent annual chance of flooding.
  - h. Potable water wells, cones of influence, and potable water well fields.
- Existing communities: Established residential or mixed-use areas; developed land that contains homes, businesses, and/or other civic and community uses.
- **Existing rural communities**: Established rural residential or mixed-use areas within the
- Agriculture, Agriculture Residential, and Rural Community future land use categories that
- are developed land that contain homes and/or businesses including agricultural and
- agricultural related operation, and/or other civic and community uses that are located

- along Highways, Federal Roads, and Major County Roads as identified on the Future
- 2 Land Use Map.
- Farm worker: A person who works on, but does not own, a farm; an agricultural laborer
- 4 (may be permanent or temporary).
- 5 **Financial feasibility**: The ability of a proposed land use or change of land use to justify
- 6 itself from an economic point of view.
- 7 **Floodway**: The channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that
- 8 must be reserved to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water
- 9 surface elevation more than one foot.
- 10 Floor Area Ratio (FAR): A standard measure of the intensity of non-residential land use,
- calculated by dividing the total gross floor area of all structures on a lot by the total area
- of the lot.
- Group home/group home facility: An occupied residence, licensed by the State of
- 14 Florida, in which a family living environment is provided for six or fewer unrelated
- residents with developmental disabilities as defined in Florida Statutes, including such
- supervision and care by support staff as may be necessary to meet the physical,
- emotional, and social needs of its residents.
- 18 Hazardous material: A poison, corrosive agent, flammable substance, explosive,
- radioactive chemical, or any other material that can endanger human or animal health or
- 20 wellbeing if handled improperly.
- 21 Hazardous waste: Material or a combination of materials that require special
- 22 management techniques because of their acute and/or chronic effects on air and water
- 23 quality; on fish, wildlife, or other biota; or on the health and welfare of the public. Such
- 24 materials include, but are not limited to, volatile, chemical, biological, explosive,
- 25 flammable, radioactive and toxic materials regulated pursuant to Chapter 62-730, Florida
- 26 Administrative Code.
- 27 Historic/cultural resource: Any prehistoric or historic district, site, building, object, or
- other real or personal property of historical, architectural, or archaeological value as well
- 29 as all folk life resources. These properties or resources may include, but are not limited
- to, monuments, memorials, Indian habitations, ceremonial sites, abandoned settlements,
- sunken or abandoned ships, engineering works, treasure trove, artifacts, or other objects
- with intrinsic historical or archaeological value, or any part thereof, relating to the history,
- 33 government, and culture of the state.
- 34 **Impervious surface**: Any surface that does not allow, or that minimally allows, the
- penetration of water and that is highly resistant to infiltration by water.
- 36 **Impervious surface ratio**: A standard measure of the intensity of land use calculated by
- dividing the total area of all impervious surfaces within a lot by the total area of the lot.

- 1 Incompatible/compatible development: Incompatible development is new
- 2 development proposed to be constructed next to existing development wherein the
- 3 proximity of the two kinds of development would each diminish the usefulness of the other
- 4 or would be detrimental to existing operations. The incompatibility can arise from either
- 5 land use or structure size and design. Compatible development is new development
- 6 proposed to be constructed next to existing development in which the proximity of the two
- 7 kinds of development would each complement or enhance the usefulness of the other.
- 8 **Infill development**: The development of new housing or other land uses on vacant or
- 9 underutilized land in existing developed areas which focuses on the reuse and
- 10 repositioning of obsolete or underutilized buildings and sites.
- 11 **Infrastructure**: Facilities and services needed to sustain land use activities, including but
- not limited to roads, potable water service, wastewater service, solid waste facilities,
- stormwater management facilities, power grids, telecommunication facilities, and public
- 14 schools.
- 15 **Invasive species**: A non-indigenous or exotic species that is not native to the ecosystem
- under consideration and that has the ability to establish self- sustaining, expanding, free-
- living populations that may cause economic and/or environmental harm or harm to human
- 18 health.
- 19 **Limited Agricultural Use**: Agricultural production limited to food primarily for personal
- 20 consumption by the producer, but no farm animals.
- 21 Low-impact landscaping: Landscape design practices that apply Florida- Friendly
- landscaping principles to reduce water consumption, the use of horticultural chemicals,
- the loss of native vegetation and wildlife habitat, stormwater runoff, and other negative
- 24 environmental impacts.
- Mitigation: Methods used to alleviate or lessen the impact of development.
- 26 **Mixed-use**: Any use that includes both residential and nonresidential uses.
- 27 Mobile/manufactured home: A complete, factory-built, single-family dwelling
- 28 constructed in accordance with the federal Manufactured Housing Construction and
- 29 Safety Standards (the HUD Code) and transportable in one or more sections on a
- permanent chassis for site installation with or without a permanent foundation. Mobile
- 31 home is the term used for manufactured homes built prior to June 15, 1976 when the
- 32 HUD Code became effective.
- 33 **Multi-family development**: Residential development containing multi-family dwellings
- 34 exclusively or predominantly.
- 35 **Multi-modal**: A transportation system that involves multiple methods of transporting
- people and/or goods; this may include pedestrian activity, bicycling, transit (buses and/or
- rail), and the automobile.

- 1 Native vegetation: Vegetation that exists naturally, without intervention by humans, in a
- 2 specific geographic area.
- 3 **Natural resources**: Resources provided by the natural environment, including air, water,
- 4 soils, wetlands, beaches, flood plains, forests, fisheries, wildlife, and any other such
- 5 environmental resource identified by Florida Statutes for conservation and protection.
- 6 **Non-conforming use**: Any lawfully established use of a structure, land, or water, in any
- 7 combination that does not conform to the land use regulations of the zoning district or
- 8 future land use category in which the use is located.
- 9 Non-residential use: A use characterized by the absence of residences and the
- presence of primary land uses that include retail, commercial, office, industrial, civic or
- 11 recreation uses.
- Open space: Land or portions of land preserved and protected, whether public or
- privately owned and perpetually maintained and retained for active or passive recreation,
- 14 for resource protection, or to meet lot coverage requirements. The term includes, but is
- not limited to, required yards, developed recreation areas and improved recreation
- facilities, natural and landscaped areas, and common areas.
- 17 **Paratransit system**: A form of public transportation service characterized by the flexible
- routing and scheduling of small vehicles such as taxis, vans and small buses, to provide
- shared-occupancy, doorstep or curbside personalized transportation service.
- 20 **Performance-oriented controls**: A set of criteria or limits relating to certain
- characteristics that a particular use or process may not exceed; these regulations are
- based upon the intensity and impacts of an activity, rather than land use.
- 23 **Preserve**: To protect natural resources and/or historic and cultural resources from the
- 24 negative impacts of human activity, including land development or natural resource
- extraction, such as mining or logging. Preservation may include permanently protecting
- land, structures and/or wetlands and water bodies via purchase, conservation easement,
- 27 regulations, or other methods, and it may include the restoration and management of
- 28 natural or historic resources.
- 29 **Primary dune**: The first natural or manmade dune located landward of the beach with
- 30 sufficient vegetation, height, continuity, and configuration to offer protective value. The
- landward extent occurs at the point in which there is a distinct change from a relatively
- 32 steep slope to a relatively mild slope.
- Public use airport: Means an airport, publicly or privately owned, licensed by the State,
- which is open for use by the public.
- 35 **Redevelopment**: The removal and replacement, rehabilitation, or adaptive reuse of an
- existing structure or structures or of land from which previous improvements have been
- 37 removed.

- 1 Residential use: Any use for residences, domiciles, or dwellings, including, but not
- 2 limited to, single-family houses, townhouses, condominiums, and apartments.
- Restoration: The act of repairing damage to a site with the aim of restoring the site as
- 4 closely as possible to its natural condition before it was disturbed.
- 5 **Revitalization**: The renewal and improvement of older commercial and residential areas
- 6 through any of a series of actions or programs that encourage and facilitate private and
- 7 public investment.
- 8 Runway protection zone: Means an area at ground level beyond the runway end to
- 9 enhance the safety and protection of people and property on the ground.
- 10 **Rural**: A sparsely developed area in which the land is primarily used for agricultural
- 11 purposes.
- Shoreline, Natural: Undeveloped or restored areas of shoreline fronting the waters of
- marine, estuarine, or riverine systems such as bays, bayous, rivers, and streams.
- Sprawl: Haphazard growth of dispersed, leap-frog and strip development in suburbs and
- rural areas and along highways; typically, sprawl is automobile- dependent, single use,
- 16 resource-consuming, and low-density development in previously rural areas and
- disconnected from existing development and infrastructure.
- 18 **Street, collector**: A street providing service that is of relatively moderate traffic volume,
- moderate trip length, and moderate operating speed and which distributes traffic between
- 20 local streets or arterial streets.
- 21 Street, major arterial: A street providing service that is relatively continuous and of
- relatively high traffic volume, long trip length, and high operating speed. Note: Every
- 23 United States numbered highway is an arterial street.
- Street, minor arterial: A street providing connections between major activity centers of
- 25 the county, which augments the major arterial system for local and inter-county traffic by
- feeding traffic from collector and local street systems onto major arterials.
- 27 **Suburban area**: A predominantly low-density residential area located immediately
- outside of an urban area or a city and associated with it physically and socioeconomically.
- 29 Threatened and endangered species habitat: An area that contains, or shows factual
- 30 evidence of, a species that is listed as threatened, endangered, or a species of special
- concern, including all such areas that are classified as critical habitat by the Florida Fish
- and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FFWC).
- 33 **Urban area**: A highly developed area that contains a variety of industrial, commercial,
- 34 residential, and cultural uses.
- 35 Urban forest: Collectively, the trees and other vegetation within and around the
- 36 developed areas of the county.

- 1 Water-dependent uses: Uses that require access to water bodies, such as commercial
- 2 boating or fishing operations.
- 3 Water-related uses: Uses that do not require a waterfront location to function but are
- 4 often essential to the efficient functioning of water-dependent uses and can be essential
- to their economic viability, such as shops, restaurants, parking, boat sales, or fish
- 6 processing plants.
- 7 **Wetlands**: Areas that are inundated or saturated by surface water or groundwater at a
- 8 frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do or
- 9 would support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soils. Soils
- present in wetlands generally are classified as hydric or alluvial, or they possess
- characteristics that are associated with reducing soil conditions. The prevalent vegetation
- in wetlands generally consists of facultative or obligate hydrophytic macrophytes that are
- typically adapted to areas having the soil conditions described above. These species, due
- to morphological, physiological, or reproductive adaptations, have the ability to grow,
- 15 reproduce, or persist in aquatic environments or anaerobic soil conditions. Florida
- wetlands generally include, but are not limited to, swamps, marshes, bayheads, bogs,
- cypress domes and strands, sloughs, wet prairies, riverine swamps and marshes, hydric
- seepage slopes, tidal marshes, mangrove swamps, and other similar areas. Florida
- wetlands generally do not include longleaf or slash pine flatwoods with an understory
- 20 dominated by saw palmetto.
- Wildlife habitat: An area that offers feeding, roosting, breeding, nesting, and refuge
- areas for a variety of existing and future native wildlife species.

23

- 24 Section 5. Amendment to GOAL FLU 1 FUTURE DEVELOPMENT PATTERN, OBJ
- 25 FLU 1.3 Future Land Use Map Designations
- OBJ FLU 1.3 is hereby amended as follows (deletions shown as strike-thru; additions are
- 27 underlined):

#### OBJ FLU 1.3 Future Land Use Map Designations

- Designate land uses on the FLUM to discourage urban sprawl, promote mixed use,
- 30 compact development in urban areas, and support development compatible with the
- 31 protection and preservation of rural areas.

#### 32 **POLICIES**

- FLU 1.3.1 **Future Land Use Categories.** General descriptions, range of allowable uses,
- and residential densities and non-residential intensities for all future land use categories
- in Escambia County are outlined below.

#### 1 FLUM Agriculture (AG)

- 2 **General Description:** Intended for routine agricultural and silvicultural related activities
- and very low density residential uses. Also allows for commercial activity limited to those
- 4 endeavors ancillary to agricultural and silvicultural pursuits or in support of agricultural
- 5 activities such as seed, feed and food outlets, farm equipment and repair and veterinary
- 6 services.

#### 7 Range of Allowable Uses:

- 8 Agriculture, silviculture, residential, recreational, public and civic, limited ancillary or
- 9 supportive, commercial.
- 10 **Standards**:
- 11 Residential Maximum Density: 1 du/20 acres
- 12 Non-Residential: Minimum Intensity: None.
- 13 Maximum Intensity: 0.25 Floor Area Ratio (FAR).
- 14

16

#### 15 FLUM Agriculture Residential (AR)

- 17 **General Description:** Intended for routine agricultural and silvicultural related activities
- and low to medium density residential uses. Also allows for commercial activity limited to
- 19 those endeavors ancillary to agricultural and silvicultural pursuits or in support of
- 20 agricultural activities such as seed, feed and food outlets, farm equipment and repair and
- 21 veterinary services.
- 22 Range of Allowable Uses:
- 23 Agriculture, silviculture, residential, recreational, public and civic, limited ancillary or
- 24 supportive, commercial.
- 25 **Standards**:
- 26 **Residential** Maximum Density: 1 du/4 acres
- 27 **Non-Residential** Minimum Intensity: None
- 28 Maximum Intensity: 0.25 Floor Area Ratio (FAR)
- 29
- 30 FLUM Rural Community (RC)
- 31 General Description: Intended to recognize existing residential development and
- neighborhood serving nonresidential activity while supporting new development through

- a compact development pattern that serves the rural and agricultural areas of Escambia
- 2 County.

#### 3 Range of Allowable Uses:

- 4 Agriculture, silviculture, residential, recreational facilities, public and civic, compact
- 5 traditional neighborhood supportive commercial.
- 6 **Standards**:
- 7 **Residential** Maximum Density: 2 du/acre
- 8 Non-Residential Minimum Intensity: None
- 9 Maximum Intensity: 0.25 Floor Area Ratio (FAR)

10

#### FLUM Mixed-Use Suburban (MU-S)

11 12

General Description: Intended for a mix of residential and non-residential uses while promoting compatible infill development and the separation of urban and suburban land uses.

16

17 Range of Allowable Uses: Residential, retail sales & services, professional office, 18 recreational facilities, public and civic, limited agriculture.

19

- 20 Standards:
- 21 Residential Maximum Density: 25 du/acre
- 22 Non-Residential Minimum Intensity: None
- 23 Maximum Intensity: 1.0 Floor Area Ratio (FAR)

24

Escambia County intends to achieve the following mix of land uses for new development within ¼ mile of arterial roadways or transit corridors by 2030:

27

- 28 a) Residential 8% to 25%
- 29 b) Public/Rec/Inst. 5% to 20%
- 30 c) Non-Residential:
- 31 Retail Service-30% to 50%
  - Office-25% to 50%

32 33

In areas beyond ¼ mile of arterial roadways or transit corridors, the following mix of land uses is anticipated:

36

- 37 a) Residential 70% to 85%
- 38 b) Public/Rec/Inst. 10% to 25%
- 39 c) Non-Residential 5% to 10%

#### 1 FLUM Mixed-Use Urban (MU-U)

2

4

General Description: Intended for an intense mix of residential and non-residential uses while promoting compatible infill development and the separation of urban and suburban land uses within the category as a whole.

5 6 7

- Range of Allowable Uses:
- Residential, retail and services, professional office, light industrial, recreational facilities, public and civic, limited agriculture.

10

- 11 Standards:
- 12 Residential Maximum Density: 25 du/acre
- Non-Residential Minimum Intensity: 0.25 Floor Area Ration (FAR)
- Maximum Intensity: 2.0 Floor Area Ratio (FAR)

15

Escambia County intends to achieve the following mix of land uses for new development within a ¼ mile of arterial roadways or transit corridors by 2030:

18

- 19 a) Residential 8% to 25%
- 20 b) Public/Rec/Inst. 5% to 20%
- 21 c) Non-Residential:
  - Retail/Service 30% to 50%
    - Office 25% to 50%
- Light Industrial 5% to 10%

25 26

22

23

In areas beyond ¼ mile of arterial roadways or transit corridors, the following mix of land uses is anticipated:

27 28 29

- a) Residential 70% to 85%
- 30 b) Public/Rec/Inst. 10% to 25%
- 31 c) Non-Residential 5% to 10%

32 33

#### FLUM Mixed-Use Perdido Key (MU-PK)

34 35

36

**General Description**: Intended for a complementary mix of residential, commercial and tourism (resort) related uses. Residential development in the MU-PK FLUM category shall be limited to 7,150 dwelling units and 1,000 lodging units.

37 38 39

#### Range of Allowable Uses:

- 40 Single family and multi-family residential; condominiums; hotels/motels, commercial,
- 41 active and passive recreational facilities, plazas and other civic uses; public and quasi-
- 42 public facilities (including government facilities, public utilities, religious facilities and
- 43 organizations).

 In the low and medium density residential zoning districts the non-residential uses may include churches, public utilities and facilities, parks and recreation areas, golf courses, tennis courts, swimming pools, etc. In the medium density residential zoning districts, non-residential uses may also include kindergarten and childcare centers and professional offices (architects, engineers, lawyers, consultants, medical/dental, real estate, insurance, etc.)

The uses allowed in the commercial district include a full range of commercial enterprise activities and are contingent upon conformity of such uses with all requirements of this Plan and the Perdido Key zoning regulations, thereby assuring that such commercial development is undertaken in an environmentally sensitive manner. When using density transfers, densities may not be transferred to parcels south of Perdido Key Drive.

#### Standards:

- Maximum Density: 25 du/acre (based on proposed zoning districts)
- 17 Maximum Intensity: 6.0 Floor Area Ratio (FAR)
- 18 Minimum pervious area 20%
- 19 Maximum impervious cover area 80%

#### FLUM Mixed-Use Pensacola Beach (MU-PB)

#### **General Description:**

Intended for a complementary mix of uses on the developable lands at Pensacola Beach and is designed to accommodate and encourage innovative land development types and arrangements. Residential development in the MU-PB FLUM category shall be limited to 4,128 dwelling units.

#### Range of Allowable Uses:

The location and distribution of uses shall generally follow the distribution of uses included in the 1988 Pensacola Beach Land Utilization Plan, which is included in Chapter 1 of the Foundation Document and Chapter 85-409, Laws of Florida. Other allowable uses include public utilities and facilities, religious and educational facilities and medical facilities. Note: Laws of Florida, Chapter 85-409, prohibits residential or commercial development of a specified parcel within this category. Further, provisions within the Land Utilization Plan provide that environmental studies be completed prior to approving any development or use of the specified parcel.

#### Standards:

Mix of uses shall be approx. 35% residential, 15% commercial/tourism (resort) and 50% open space/recreation. Also, densities may be increased, decreased or transferred on any particular parcel to provide protection to important natural resources, accommodate

the provision of adequate and functional open space and the provision of a complimentary mix of recreation uses within the Pensacola Beach Community.

Site specific densities and uses will be further defined by the lease agreements for individual parcels, the 1985 Bond Validation Compromise and Settlement, and Special Acts of the legislature regarding land use, ownership and development on Pensacola Beach. However, development thresholds established by this Policy shall not be exceeded unless this Comprehensive Plan has been amended and such amendment provides for increased development thresholds.

#### **FLUM Commercial (C)**

**General Description**: Intended for professional office, retail, wholesale, service and general business trade. Residential development may be permitted only if secondary to a primary commercial development.

#### Range of Allowable Uses:

Residential, retail and services, professional office, light industrial, recreational facilities, public and civic.

#### 21 Standards:

- Residential Maximum Density: 25 du/acreNon-Residential Minimum Intensity: None
- 24 Maximum Intensity: 1.0 Floor Area Ratio (FAR)

#### FLUM Industrial (I)

**General Description**: Intended for a mix of industrial development and ancillary office and commercial uses that are deemed to be compatible with adjacent or nearby properties. Industrial areas shall facilitate continued industrial operations within the County and provide jobs and employment security for present and future residents.

#### Range of Allowable Uses:

Light to intensive industrial, ancillary retail and office. No new residential development is allowed.

#### Standards:

- 38 Residential Maximum Density: None
- **Non-Residential** Minimum Intensity: None
- 40 Maximum Intensity: 1.0 Floor Area Ratio (FAR)

#### **FLUM Conservation (CON)** 1 2 3 **General Description**: Intended for the conservation of important natural resources, such as wetlands, marshes and significant wildlife habitats. This may include passive 4 recreational opportunities for citizens of and visitors to the County. 5 6 7 Range of Allowable Uses: Passive parks and trails, preservation lands, educational uses that use natural amenities 8 9 for public benefit. No new residential development is allowed. 10 Standards: 11 Residential Maximum Density: None 12 Non-Residential Minimum Intensity: None 13 Maximum Intensity: None 14 15 16 **FLUM Recreation (REC)** 17 General Description: Recreational opportunities for the Escambia County citizens 18 19 including a system of public and private park facilities. 20 Range of Allowable Uses: 21 Active and passive recreation activities and amenities, park facilities such as boat launch, 22 basketball courts, tennis courts, baseball and softball fields, meeting halls and the like. 23 No new residential development is allowed. 24 25 Standards: 26 **Residential** Maximum Density: None 27 28 Non-Residential Minimum Intensity: None Maximum Intensity: 0.5 Floor Area Ration (FAR) 29 30 31 FLUM Public (P) 32 **General Description**: Provides for uses or facilities owned or managed by the Federal, 33 State or county government or other public institutions or agencies. 34 35 Range of Allowable Uses: 36 37 Public parks, local, regional, State or Federal facilities, public structures or lands, quasipublic facilities providing public services. 38 39 Standards: 40 **Residential** Maximum Density: None

Non-Residential Minimum Intensity: None

Maximum Intensity: None

41

42

#### 1 Section 6. Amendment to GOAL FLU 3 RURAL STRATEGIES, OBJ FLU 3.1 Rural

#### **Development**

OBJ FLU 3.1 is hereby amended as follows (deletions shown as strike-thru; additions are underlined):

#### **GOAL FLU 3 RURAL STRATEGIES**

Escambia County will promote rural strategies, including protecting agriculture, silviculture, and related activities, protecting and preserving natural resources and guiding new development toward existing rural communities.

#### **OBJ FLU 3.1 Rural Development**

All new development within rural areas, including commercial development, that is compatible with the protection and preservation of rural areas will be directed to existing rural communities.

#### **POLICIES**

 FLU 3.1.1 **Infrastructure Expenditures.** Escambia County will limit the expenditure of public funds for infrastructure improvements or extensions that would increase the capacity of those facilities beyond that necessary to support the densities and intensities of use established by this plan unless such expenditures are necessary to implement other policies of this plan.

FLU 3.1.2 **Water Facility Extensions.** Escambia County will coordinate with potable water providers on any extensions of potable water facilities in the rural area.

FLU 3.1.3 **FLUM Amendments.** During consideration of FLUM amendments, Escambia County will consider the impacts of increased residential densities to the agriculture and silviculture industries as well as public facility maintenance and operation expenditures (i.e., roads, water, sewer, schools,) needed to serve the proposed development.

FLU 3.1.4 **Rezoning.** Escambia County will protect agriculture and the rural lifestyle of northern Escambia County by permitting re-zonings to districts, allowing for higher residential densities in the Rural Community (RC) future land use category.

FLU 3.1.5 **New Rural Communities.** To protect silviculture, agriculture, and agriculture-related activities Escambia County will not support will guide the establishment of new rural communities towards existing rural communities.

#### 1 Section 7. Severability

- 2 If any section, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance is held to be invalid or
- 3 unconstitutional by any Court of competent jurisdiction, the holding shall in no way affect
- 4 the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance.

#### 5 Section 8. Inclusion in the Code

- 6 It is the intention of the Board of County Commissioners that the provisions of this
- 7 Ordinance shall be codified as required by Section 125.68, Florida Statutes, and that the
- 8 sections, subsections and other provisions of this Ordinance may be renumbered or
- 9 relettered and the word "ordinance" may be changed to "section," "article," or such other
- appropriate word or phrase in order to accomplish such intentions.

#### THIS SPACE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

1	Section 9. I	Effective Date	
2 3 4 5 6	effective un Ordinance	til 31 days after adoption. If cl shall not become effective on Commission enters a final	a Statutes, this Ordinance shall not become hallenged within 30 days after adoption, this until the State Planning Agency or the order determining the Ordinance to be in
8	DONE AND	<b>ENACTED</b> this day of _	, 2020.
9			
10			BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
11			ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
12			
13			Ву:
14			Steven Barry, Chairman
15			
16	ATTEST:	PAM CHILDERS	
17		Clerk of the Circuit Court	
18			
19		Ву:	
20		Deputy Clerk	
21	(SEAL)		
22			
23	ENACTED:		
24	FILED WITH	H THE DEPARTMENT OF STA	TE:
25	EFFECTIVE	DATE:	





# **DRAFT**ESCAMBIA COUNTY DATA & ANALYSIS

Escambia County August 2020



HALFF ASSOCIATES, INC. 1000 N. ASHLEY DRIVE, SUITE 900, TAMPA, FL 33602 (813) 620-4500 WWW.HALFF.COM



#### I. INTRODUCTION

Halff Associates, Inc. (Halff) was hired by Escambia County to complete a data and analysis of the County's Comprehensive Plan, land use, zoning, population growth, existing residential development and the consideration for new residential development within the rural areas of Escambia County.

To assist in this effort, a review and analysis of the following different documentations was completed:

- 1. Transcript, Escambia County Regular Planning Board Comprehensive Plan Large-Scale Future Land Use Map Amendment, LSA 2018-01, August 7, 2018.
- 2. Agenda, Escambia County Planning Board, Quasi-Judicial Hearing, Staff Report, Z-2018-08, July 10, 2018.
- 3. Transcript, State of Florida, Division of Administrative Hearings, of Case No. 19-1153GM, Jaqueline Rogers, Cynthia Cole, Ann Bennett, and Theresa Blackwell (Petitioners) vs. Escambia County, A Political Subdivision of the State of Florida (Respondent), October 30, 2019.
- 4. Transcript, State of Florida, Division of Administrative Hearings, Recommended Order for Case No. 19-1153GM, February 7, 2019.
- 5. Escambia County Comprehensive Plan 2030, February 2015
- 6. Draft Escambia County Comprehensive Plan 2030, August 2019
- 7. Adopted Ordinance 2019-9
- 8. Memorandum, Options for Amending Future Land Use (FLU) Categories, January 22, 2020
- 9. Escambia County Future Land Use 2030 Map
- 10. Escambia County AG and RC Future Land Use 2030 with Parcels, DSAP Boundary, and Functional Classification of Roads.
- 11. Escambia County Mid-West Sector Plan Detailed Specific Area Plans
- 12. 2016 2012-2016 ACS 5-Year Estimates, B01003: Total Population; DP04: Selected Housing Characteristics; B25010: Average Household Size of Occupied Housing Units by Tenure
- 13. 2018 2014-2018 ACS 5-Year Estimates, B01003: Total Population; DP04: Selected Housing Characteristics; B25010: Average Household Size of Occupied Housing Units by Tenure
- 14. 2020 BEBR Volume 53, Bulletin 186, January 2020, Projections of Florida Population by County 2020–2045, with Estimates for 2019

During this review, there were also a number of calls with various County staff members. Based on this research, there are proposed resolutions to assist in facilitating the future growth and housing needs for the County.

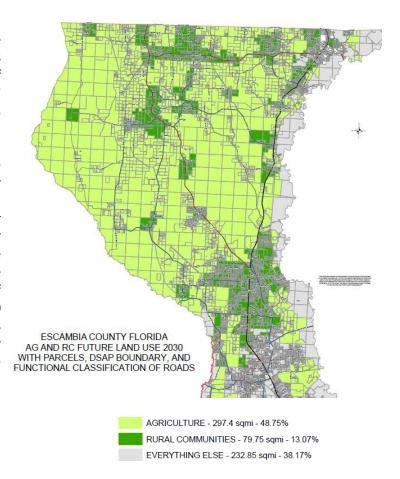


#### II. Future Land Use and Zoning

Of the various land use categories within the adopted Future Land Use map, Agriculture (AG) land use has the lowest density for residential. The AG land use only allows one residential unit to be located on a legal lot of record that has a minimum of 20 acres. The next less dense Future Land Use Category is Rural Communities (RC) which allows consideration of a maximum potential density of 2 dwelling units per acre. The County's Future Land Use Plan does not provide for a land use category between the AG and RC land uses, that could provide a transition of density between the AG and RC land uses.

Consistent with and implementing the (AG) Future Land Use Category is the County's zoning classification Agricultural (AGR) which also requires that a residential unit has to be on a legal lot of records with a minimum size of 20 acres. The Agricultural (AGR- 1du/20ac), Rural Residential (RR- 1du/4ac), and Rural Mixed Use (RMU- 2du/ac) zoning districts are shown according to the matrix in the County Land Development code as being allowed in the RC land use (2 du/ac).

According to Escambia County GIS, approximately 48.75 percent of the total land area of Escambia County has a Future Land Use designation of Agricultural (AG). Approximately 13.07 percent of the County's land area has the Future Land Use of Rural Communities (RC.) By combining both the land uses of the AG and RC land use categories, means that approximately over 60 percent of the County land area requires a legal lot of record greater than two units per acre and/or dedicated to agricultural uses. The majority of the AG and RC land use categories are located north of Quintette Road. The remaining 40 percent of Escambia County land is dedicated to lands that are mostly developed with a range of land use including categories residential categories all permitting up to 25 dwelling units per acre.







It is our understanding that not having a land use category that provides transition between the AG and RC land uses as an option is creating challenges in accommodating the growth that Escambia County has experienced and is projected to continue.

Another observation these discussions with staff is the recognition that the nature of farming in the County has been changing. A January 22, 2020 Memorandum from Horace L. Jones, Director of the Development Services Department clearly describes the issue, "as generations change, smaller farms are going up for sale, but the buyers only want the land. The homestead and its acreage are of no use to the buyer, but the seller cannot split them off for separate sale. In other words,



someone who has 20 acres or less who wants to sell a portion of their parent parcel to an individual for the purpose of building a home or placement of a mobile home could not create a conforming lot without complying with other land use regulations, policies and procedures."

During a conversation with Mr. Jones, he mentioned that for many years local residents have expressed their desire to be able to purchase smaller than 20-acre parcels while living in the rural area.

There appears to be a need and interest in the County, for consideration of creating smaller lots in the AG land use for families or individuals that cannot afford or maintain large lots of at least 20 acres. There also appears to be an interest in residents just wanting a more rural lifestyle option in the county. Providing a



range of housing types is in keeping with Comprehensive Plan Policy HOU 1.1.7 stating that Escambia County will provide for a mix of housing types that vary in density, size, cost and location.

Furthermore, recent discussions with Ms. Danita Andrews, Chief Business Development Officer with the FloridaWest Economic Development Alliance, revealed that the majority of the economy in Escambia County derives from Manufacturing and leading the largest employers is Navy Federal Credit Union, which has plans for expansion.

Ms. Andrews provided a document with the leading employers in the County. The *Pensacola MSA Lending Employers, Private Sector* lists 54 companies, where the majority being Manufacturing. The two largest agriculture companies that were on the list are both lumber mills--International Paper which ranked 8<sup>th</sup> and West Frasier ranked 33<sup>rd</sup>.

#### Penascola MSA Leading Employers - Private Sector

5/31/2020

Company	Employees	Company Description	Headquarters	NAICS
Navy Federal Credit Union	8593	Financial Service Center	Vienna, VA	522130, 522320 Credit Union, Financial Service Center
Baptist Health Care	6633	Healthcare	Pensacola, FL	621110 Hospitals, general medical and surgical
Sacred Heart Health Systems	4820	Healthcare	St. Louis, MO	621110 Hospitals, general medical and surgical
Gulf Power Company	1774 Electric Provider Pensacolo		Pensacola, FL	221122 Electric Power Generation, Transmission & Distribution
Ascend Performance Materials	1288	Manufacturing	Houston, TX	325211 Nylon Resin Manufacturing
West Florida Healthcare	1200	Healthcare	Nashville, TN	621110 Hospitals, general medical and surgical
GE Wind Energy	700 Manufacturing Fairfield		Fairfield, CT	333611 Wind Powered Turbine Generator Manufacturing
International Paper	600	Manufacturing	Memphis, TN	322121 Paper (except Newsprint Mills
West Fraser	140	Lumber Mill	Vancouver, BC	321113 Lumber Manufacturing



#### III. Policies of the Comprehensive Plan

The first goal on the County's Comprehensive Plan's Future Land Use Element, *Future Development Pattern*, characterizes the future development pattern of Escambia County. This goal is for: "facilitating the desired future development pattern while protecting and preserving natural and historic resources." The first strategy is for applying innovative and flexible planning strategies to achieve orderly and balanced development growth. The Plan further expands growth strategies for the County throughout the Comprehensive Plan.

Goal 3 of the Future Land Use Element describes policies and strategies for the Rural Area of Escambia County. The strategies outlined in Goal 3, address protecting agriculture, silviculture, and related activities along with protecting and preserving natural resources while guiding new development towards existing rural communities. The County's Comprehensive Plan defines existing communities as: established residential or mixed-use areas; developed land that contains homes, businesses, and/or other civic and community uses.

While Goal 3 addresses future growth, FLU 3.1.5 appears that it can be interpreted differently. The objective FLU 3.1.5, states the following: *New Rural Communities. To protect silviculture, agriculture, and agriculture-related activities Escambia County will not support the establishment of new rural communities.* It is our understanding that any new proposed comprehensive plan amendment from AG to RC is considered a new rural community, therefore cannot be supported by staff, unless a proposed land use amendment is directly adjacent to existing RC land use category. At which point it can meet the part of an existing rural community as a result of this criteria and definition, any request to amend the AG category (48.75% of the County) to any category that may increase residential development.

From our review of the various hearing minutes, both the meaning "new Rural Community" and the definition of "existing communities" were heavily debated and a consensus of either meaning was not



reached. Based on these minutes, it can be summarized that a clear definition of Rural Community is needed, since there is a difference between a rural community and an urban community.

## What is Rural?

Ideas and definitions relating to the term rural are diverse. The federal government classifies areas and population for statistical, programming, and funding purposes. When applying for grants and funding or conducting research one should refer to the rural definition provided by the agency or organization. The rural definition laid out by the U.S. Census Bureau is often the baseline for other definitions.

The Census Bureau defines rural as "any population, housing, or territory NOT in an urban area".

Source: https://www.nal.usda.gov/ric/what-is-rural



#### Anticipated Growth and Housing Needs IV.

In the Housing Element of the Comprehensive Plan, Goal 1, Provision of Housing, is to provide safe, sanitary, and affordable housing for the current and future residents of the County. The Objective, HOU 1.1 Housing Delivery Process, further describes the delivery process by stating to "provide guidance and direction to both the public and private sectors to assist in the provision of adequate housing that varies in type, density, size, tenure, ownership, cost, and location." With approximately 48.75 percent of the total land area of Escambia County having a Future Land Use designation of Agricultural (AG) which only permits up to 1 unit per 20 acres, this objective is not being addressed since the existing land use is not sufficiently providing a variety in housing type, density, size, tenure, ownership, cost, and location.

Escambia County has experienced sustained population growth over the last two decades. Using data from the U.S. Census Bureau American Community Survey (ACS) five-year estimates and the Bureau of Economic and Business Research (BEBR), Escambia County is projected to have a 14 percent increase in its population from 2016 to 2035 (Figure 1).

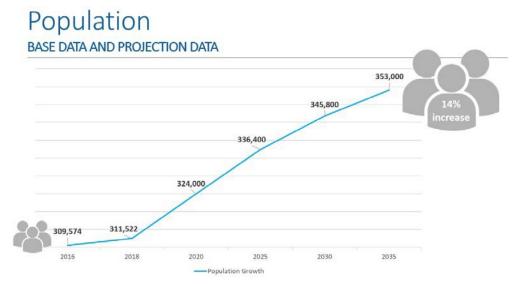
> College of Liberal Arts and Sciences Bureau of Economic and Business Research



#### Projections of Florida Population by County, 2020-2045, with Estimates for 2019

County	Estimates	Projections, April 1					
and State	April 1, 2019	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045
ESCAMBIA Low Medium	321,134	314,100 324,000	319,200 336.400	321,500 345,800	322,100 353.000	321,800 359,300	321,600 365,200
High		333,600	354,800	374,200	389,700	404,100	418,200

Figure 1: Population





Escambia County is also projected to have an 18.6 percent increase in total households (Figure 2).

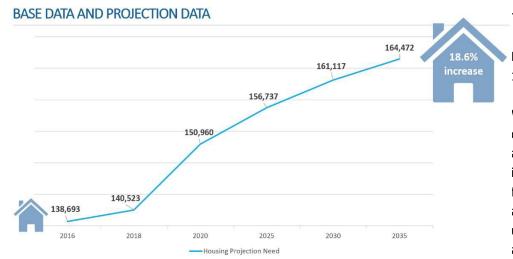
PROJECTION OF HOUSING UNITS	Total Population	Housing Units (Total)	Housing Units (Occupied)	Occupancy Rate	Average Household Size
2016	309,574	138,693	115,984	84%	2.59
2018	311,522	140,523	118,740	84%	2.54
2020	324,000	150,960	127,559	84%	2.54
2025	336,400	156,737	132,441	84%	2.54
2030	345,800	161,117	136,142	84%	2.54
2035	353,000	164,472	138,976	84%	2.54

Note: Projection assumes continuation of rates of Total Housing Units, Occupied Housing Units, and breakdown of housing types from 2014.

2014 - 2010-2014 AC\$ 5-Year Estimates, B01003: Total Population; DP04: Selected Housing Characteristics; B25010: Average Household Size of Occupied Housing Units by Tenure 2016 - 2012-2016 AC\$ 5-Year Estimates, B01003: Total Population; DP04: Selected Housing Characteristics; B25010: Average Household Size of Occupied Housing Units by Tenure 2018 - 2014-2018 AC\$ 5-Year Estimates, B01003: Total Population; DP04: Selected Housing Characteristics; B25010: Average Household Size of Occupied Housing Units by Tenure 2020 - BEBR Volume 53, Bulletin 186, January 2020, Projections of Florida Population by County 2020-2045, with Estimates for 2019

Figure 2: Housing

### Households



The same data suggests that 84 percent Escambia County's 140,523 housing units were occupied in 2018. When the County's current occupancy rate and ratio of housing unit is projected to 2035, the figure suggests that an additional 23,949 housing units will be required to accommodate Escambia

County's projected population of 353,000. A lack of housing supply can create conditions of overcrowding, unreasonably high rental rates, and situations where families are compelled to reside in substandard housing units.



Data was also collected to analyze the median income of Escambia County residents throughout the Rural Area (Figure 3). This area shows a median income of \$54,931. This data, along with the information given in this section above, shows that there is a need for additional housing options including smaller lots in the rural area for families or individuals that cannot afford large lots of 20 acres.

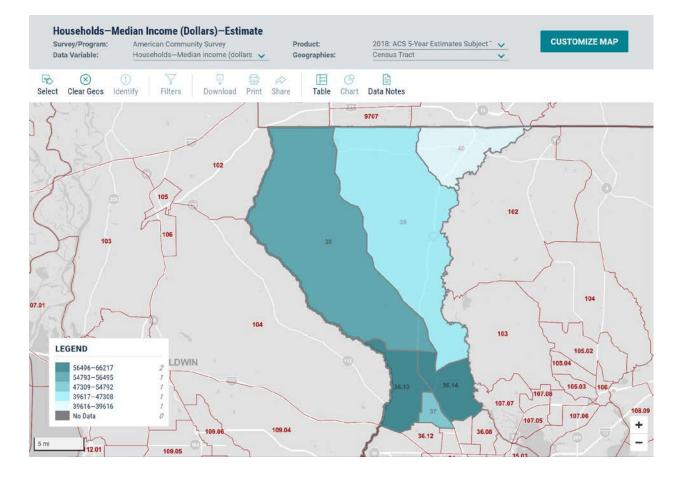


Figure 3: Households—Median Income

Using data from the Escambia County GIS department, 206 parcels between 4 and 20 acres in size were identified as developable for residential use. These parcels are located in the Agriculture Future Land Use area and have Department of Revenue's land use classification codes (DOR codes) of vacant residential (0000), miscellaneous residential with no buildings currently (700), Timber 1 (5400), and nonagricultural acreage with no buildings (9900). Figure 4 on the following page shows that a majority of these parcels are located along major roadways, which is consistent with Goal 3 of the Comprehensive Plan as guiding new rural communities towards existing rural communities and is the recommended location for the new future land use category of Agriculture Residential (AR) as described in the proposed definition.

The 206 parcels between 4 and 20 acres in the Agriculture future land use area currently available for residential development suggests that additional land in Escambia County may need to be rezoned for residential use to accommodate approximately 24,000 total housing units to meet 20-year population growth projections.



If these 206 parcels were all amended with the proposed future land use of AR, there would be approximately 2,725 new dwelling units. Although some new residential development will be accommodated within the southern portion of the County, additional residential zoning may be desirable because of the land in Agriculture that is in close proximity to major roadways, locations of large private sector companies that are producing more job growth, and to progress with the current nature of farming in the area.

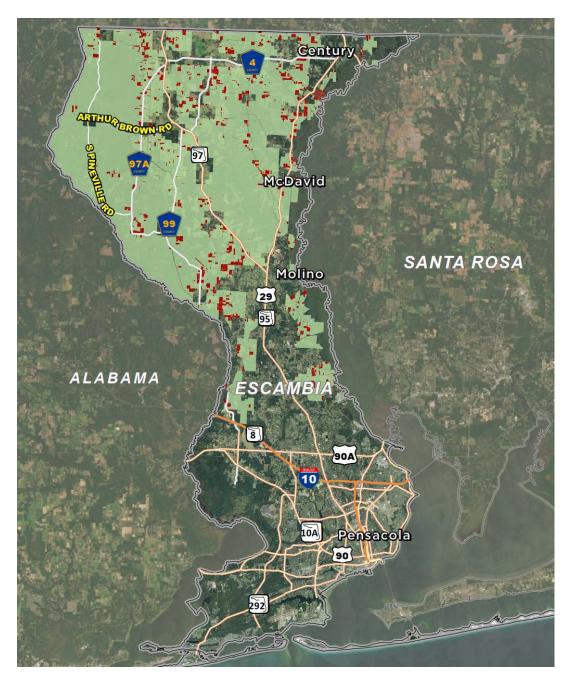


Figure 4: AG FLU with vacant parcels between 4 and 20 acres shown in red



### V. Recommendations

From our research and discussions, it seems that Escambia County is trying to find a balance between addressing future growth and providing appropriate housing choices while protecting its rural areas.

To achieve this balance, a Comprehensive Plan text amendment is recommended with the following:

 To address the need for providing adequate housing that varies in type, density, size, tenure, ownership, cost, and location, a new Future Land Use category Agriculture Residential (AR) is being proposed:

FLUM Agriculture Residential (AR)

General Description: Intended for routine agricultural and silvicultural related activities and low to medium density residential uses. Commercial activity shall be limited to those endeavors ancillary to agricultural and silvicultural pursuits or in support of agricultural activities such as seed, feed and food outlets, farm equipment and repair and veterinary services.

Range of Allowable Uses:

Agriculture, silviculture, residential, recreational, public and civic, limited ancillary or supportive, commercial, as described.

Standards:

Residential Maximum Density: 1 du/4 acres Non-Residential Minimum Intensity: None Maximum Intensity: 0.25 Floor Area Ratio (FAR)

To improve the value and its role in growth of the County, the existing Rural Community (RC)
Future Land Use category, an amendment to the description of the Rural Community (RC) is
recommended to recognize future development by clarifying its language by making the following
change:

**General Description**: Intended to recognize existing residential development and neighborhood serving nonresidential activity <u>while supporting new development</u> through a compact development pattern that serves the rural community and agricultural uses of Escambia County.

To clarify the intention behind policy FLU 3.1.5, the following is proposed:

FLU 3.1.5 **New Rural Communities.** To protect silviculture, agriculture, and agriculture-related activities Escambia County will not support will guide the establishment of new rural communities towards existing rural communities.

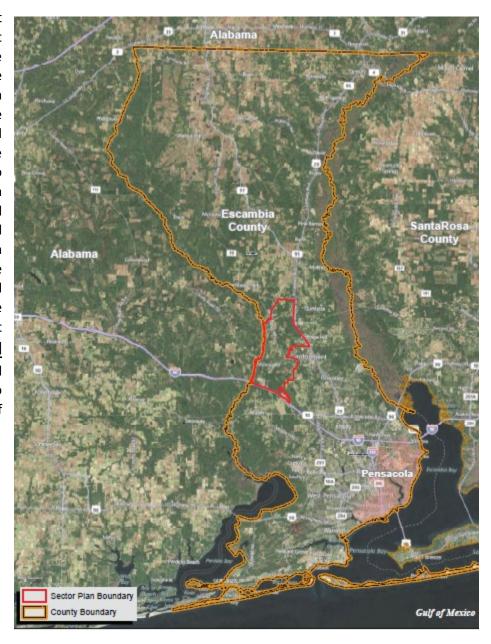
• To support the above policy, a definition will be needed for the term **Existing Rural Communities** in Section 3.04 that includes a location criterion.



**Existing rural communities:** Established rural residential or mixed-use areas within the Agriculture, Agriculture Residential, and Rural Community future land use categories that are developed land that contain homes and/or businesses including agricultural and agricultural related operation, and/or other civic and community uses that are located along Highways, Federal Roads, and Major County Roads as identified on the Future Land Use Map.

Concurrently but separate to implement these changes to the Escambia County 2030 Comprehensive Plan, the County will need to amend and update the County's Land Development Code.

It must be noted that the intent for this data and analysis report is to assist in managing the future development growth of the County and to provide a transition in density between the Agricultural (AG) and Rural Communities (RC.) land use categories. The intent is not to change the existing Escambia County Mid-West Optional Sector Plan. According to Goal FLU 16 Mid-West Escambia County Optional Sector Plan, the optional sector plan was created in order to, "encourage cohesive and sustainable development patterns within central Escambia County." The Optional Sector Plan is not intended to prohibit development outside of the plan.





## BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS Escambia County, Florida

Planning Board-Regular 6. B.

Meeting Date: 09/01/2020

**Issue:** A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending Chapte

3, Sections 3-1.3, 3-2.2, and 3-2.3

From: HORACE JONES, Director

**Organization:** Development Services

### **RECOMMENDATION:**

A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending Chapter 3, Sections 3-1.3, 3-2.2, and 3-2.3

That the Board review and recommend to the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) for adoption, an Ordinance to the Land Development Code (LDC) Chapter 3, Section 3-1.3 "Zoning and Future Land Use," Subsection (G) "Future Land Use Designations," and Subsection (I) "Zoning Implementation of FLU," to add the Future Land Use Category of Agriculture Residential; amending Sections 3-2.2 "Agricultural District (AGR)," and 3-2.3 "Rural Residential district (RR)" to provide for AGR and RR Zoning districts in the AR Future Land Use category.

### **BACKGROUND:**

Escambia County Board of County Commissioners found that the current Comprehensive Plan Section FLU 3.1.5 restricted the ability of a person or entity to obtain approval of a comprehensive plan amendment to the Rural Community (RC) future land use category. the Board of County Commissioners determined that FLU 3.1.5 unduly limited the Board's ability to manage growth and development within the County; the Board found that an amendment to its Comprehensive Plan was necessary and appropriate based on the Goals and Policies of the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan.

### **BUDGETARY IMPACT:**

No budgetary impact is anticipated by the adoption of this Ordinance.

### **LEGAL CONSIDERATIONS/SIGN-OFF:**

The attached Ordinance has been reviewed and approved for legal sufficiency by Kia M. Johnson, Assistant County Attorney. Any recommended legal comments are attached herein.

### PERSONNEL:

No additional personnel are required for implementation of this Ordinance.

### POLICY/REQUIREMENT FOR BOARD ACTION:

The proposed Ordinance is consistent with the Board's goal "to increase citizen involvement in, access to, and approval of, County government activities."

### IMPLEMENTATION/COORDINATION:

This Ordinance, amending the LDC, will be filed with the Department of State following adoption by the board.

Implementation of this Ordinance will consist of an amendment to the LDC and distribution of a copy of the adopted Ordinance to interested citizens and staff.

The proposed Ordinance was prepared by the Development Services Department, in cooperation with the County Attorney's Office and all interested citizens. The Development Services Department will ensure proper advertisement.

### **Attachments**

**Draft Ordinance** 

### ORDINANCE NUMBER 2020-

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AN ORDINANCE OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY. FLORIDA. AMENDING PART III OF THE ESCAMBIA COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES, THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA, AS AMENDED; AMENDING CHAPTER 3, SECTION 3-1.3 "ZONING AND FUTURE LAND USE," SUBSECTION (G) "FUTURE LAND USE DESIGNATIONS," AND SUBSECTION (I) "ZONING IMPLEMENTATION OF FLU," TO ADD THE FUTURE LAND USE CATEGORY OF **AGRICULTURE** RESIDENTIAL; AMENDING **SECTIONS** 3-2.2 "AGRICULTURAL (AGR)," DISTRICT AND 3-2.3 "RURAL RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (RR)" TO PROVIDE FOR AGR AND RR ZONING DISTRICTS IN THE AR FUTURE LAND USE CATEGORY: PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR INCLUSION IN THE CODE AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

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**WHEREAS**, through its Land Development Code (LDC), the Escambia County Board of County Commissioners desires to preserve the county as a desirable community in which to live, vacation, and do business; and

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WHEREAS, the Board adopted an ordinance amending the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan to amend the Future Land Use (FLU) map designations and policies; and

**WHEREAS**, the Escambia County Board of County Commissioners found that the current Comprehensive Plan Section FLU 3.1.5 restricted the ability of a person or entity to obtain approval of a comprehensive plan amendment to the Rural Community (RC) future land use category; and

**WHEREAS**, the Board of County Commissioners determined that FLU 3.1.5 unduly limited the Board's ability to manage growth and development within the County; and

**WHEREAS**, the Board of County Commissioners determined that amendments to OBJ FLU 1.3, "Future Land Use Map Designations," and OBJ FLU 3.1, "Rural Development," were also necessary to achieve the stated goal; and

**WHEREAS**, the proposed amendments were transmitted to state agencies as required by Sec. 163.3184, Florida Statutes, and no agency had any comment or objection to the amendments; and

**WHEREAS**, the Board of County Commissioners reviewed and considered all reports and comments provided by the state land planning agency, citizens, and any other persons, agencies or governments; and

WHEREAS, the Escambia County Board of County Commissioners found that an 1 amendment to its Comprehensive Plan was necessary and appropriate based on the 2 Goals and Policies of the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan; and 3 4 WHEREAS, the Board now finds that amending the Land Development Code to 5 incorporate the new future land use category of Agriculture Residential (AR) is consistent 6 with the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan. 7 **NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED** by the Board of County Commissioners 8 9 of Escambia County, Florida, as follows: 10 Section 1. Recitals 11 The above recitals are true and correct and are incorporated herein by reference. 12 Section 2. Amendment to Chapter 3, Section 3-1.3 of the Escambia County Land 13 **Development Code** 14 15 Part III of the Escambia County Code of Ordinances, the Land Development Code of 16 Escambia County, Chapter 3, Section 3-1.3 "Zoning and future land use," subsection (g) 17 "Future land use designations," and subsection (i) "Zoning implementation of FLU," is 18 hereby amended as follows (words underlined are additions and words stricken are 19 deletions): 20 Sec. 3-1.3 Zoning and future land use. 21 (g) Future land use designations. The future land use categories established within the 22 comprehensive plan and referenced in the LDC are designated by the following 23 abbreviations and names: 24 AG Agriculture 25 AR Agriculture residential 26 RC Rural community 27 MU-S Mixed-use suburban 28 29 MU-U Mixed-use urban C Commercial 30 31 I Industrial P Public 32

**REC** Recreation

1 CON Conservation

- 2 MU-PK Mixed-use Perdido Key
- 3 MU-PB Mixed-use Pensacola Beach
  - (i) Zoning implementation of FLU. The zoning districts of this chapter are established to implement the future land use categories adopted in chapter 7 of the comprehensive plan. One or more districts may implement the range of allowed uses of each FLU, but only at densities and intensities of use consistent with the established purposes and standards of the category. The Perdido Key districts (article 4) implement the MU-PK category and areas of the conservation and recreation categories applicable to Perdido Key. The Pensacola Beach districts (article 5) implement the MU-PB category and areas of the conservation and recreation categories applicable to Santa Rosa Island. The mainland districts (article 2) implement only those FLU categories prescribed within the regulations of each district. In any conflict between the existing zoning of a parcel and its applicable FLU, the provisions of the future land use prevail, subject to any confirmation of vested rights. Such conflicts may be resolved through the zoning and FLU map amendment processes prescribed in article 7 of chapter 2. However, no future rezoning to a mainland district is authorized if not prescribed by the district for the applicable FLU as summarized in the following table:

ZONING DISTRICT Specific distribution and extent of uses		FUTURE LAND USE (FLU) CATEGORY General distribution and extent of uses								
	AG max 1du/20ac max 0.25 FAR	AR max 1du/4ac max 0.25 FAR	RC max 2du/ac max 0.25 FAR	MU-S max 25du/ac max 1.0 FAR	MU-U max 25du/ac max 2.0 FAR	C Limited res max 25du/ac max 1.0 FAR	No res allowed max 1.0 FAR	P No res allowed	REC No res allowed max 0.5 FAR	CON No res allowed
Agr max 1du/20ac	Yes	<u>Yes</u>	Yes	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses
RR max 1du/4ac	No, max density	<u>Yes</u>	Yes	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses
RMU max 2du/ac	No, max density	No. max density	Yes	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses
LDR max 4du/ac	No, max density	No, max density	No, max density	Yes	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses
LDMU max 7du/ac	No, max density	No, max density	No, max density	Yes	Yes	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses
MDR max 10du/ac	No, max density	No, max density	No, max density	Yes	Yes	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses
HDR max 18du/ac	No, max density	No, max density	No, max density	Yes	Yes	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses
HDMU max 25du/ac	No, max density	No, max density	No, max density	Yes	Yes	Yes	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses
Com max 25du/ac	No, max density	No, max density	No, max density	Yes	Yes	Yes	No, res use	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses

HC/LI FLU-restricted max 25du/ac	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	Yes	Yes	Yes	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses
Ind No res allowed	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	Yes	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses
Rec No res allowed	Yes	<u>Yes</u>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No, uses	Yes	Yes	No, uses
Con No res allowed	Yes	<u>Yes</u>	Yes							
Pub No res allowed	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	No, uses	Yes	Yes	No, uses	No, uses

- 1 For every combination of mainland zoning district and FLU category represented by the table,
- 2 "Yes" indicates a zoning district that may be established to implement the FLU. "No" indicates
- a zoning district that does not implement the FLU and may not be established within the FLU,
- 4 primarily for the inconsistency noted.
- 5 Section 3. Amendment to Chapter 3, Section 3-2.2 of the Escambia County Land
- **Development Code**

- 7 Part III of the Escambia County Code of Ordinances, the Land Development Code of
- 8 Escambia County, Chapter 3, Section 3-2.2, "Agricultural district (Agr)," is hereby
- 9 amended as follows (words <u>underlined</u> are additions and words <del>stricken</del> are deletions):
- 10 Sec. 3-2.2 Agricultural district (Agr).
  - (a) Purpose. The agricultural (Agr) district establishes appropriate areas and land use regulations for the routine agricultural production of plants and animals, and such related uses as silviculture and aquaculture. The primary intent of the district is to avoid the loss of prime farmland to other uses, its division into smaller parcels of multiple owners, and other obstacles to maintaining or assembling sufficient agricultural acreage for efficient large-scale farming. Other than agricultural production, non-residential uses within the agricultural district are generally limited to rural community uses that directly support agriculture, and to public facilities and services necessary for the basic health, safety, and welfare of a rural population. The absence of urban or suburban infrastructure is intentional. Residential uses within the district are largely self-sustaining, consistent with rural land use and limited infrastructure. Single-family dwellings are allowed at a very low density sufficient for the needs of the district's farm-based population.
  - **(b) Permitted uses.** Permitted uses within the agricultural district are limited to the following:
    - (1) Residential.
      - a. Manufactured (mobile) homes, excluding new or expanded manufactured home parks or subdivisions.

b. Single-family dwellings (other than manufactured homes), detached only.

Maximum single-family lot area within any proposed subdivision of 100 acres or more of prime farmland shall be one and one-half acres.

See also conditional uses in this district.

### (2) Retail sales.

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- Medical marijuana dispensing facilities. Where ancillary to cultivation or processing, dispensing of medical marijuana shall also be permitted in the Agr Zoning district.
- b. No other retail sales except as permitted agricultural and related uses in this district.
- (3) **Retail services.** No retail services except as permitted agricultural and related uses or as conditional uses in this district.

### (4) Public and civic.

- a. Cemeteries, including family cemeteries.
- b. Clubs, civic or fraternal.
- c. Educational facilities, including preschools, K-12, colleges, and vocational schools.
  - d. Emergency service facilities, including law enforcement, firefighting, and medical assistance.
  - e. Funeral establishments.
  - f. Places of worship.
- g. Public utility structures 150 feet or less in height, including telecommunications towers.
  - See also conditional uses in this district.

#### (5) Recreation and entertainment.

- a. Campgrounds and recreational vehicle parks on lots five acres or larger.
- b. Golf courses, tennis centers, swimming pools, and similar active outdoor recreational facilities, including associated country clubs.
- c. Hunting clubs and preserves.
- d. Marinas, private only.
- e. Off-highway vehicle commercial recreation facilities on lots 20 acres or larger.
  - f. Parks without permanent restrooms or outdoor event lighting.
- g. Passive recreational uses, including hiking and bicycling.
  - h. Shooting ranges.

- See also conditional uses in this district.
  - (6) Industrial and related. Borrow pit and reclamation activities 20 acres minimum and subject to local permit and development review requirements per Escambia County Code of Ordinances, part I, chapter 42, article VIII, and land use regulations in part III, the land development code, chapter 4.

### (7) Agricultural and related.

- a. Agriculture, including raising livestock, storing harvested crops, and cultivation of nursery plants. A minimum of two acres for keeping any farm animal on site and a maximum of one horse or other domesticated equine per acre.
- b. Agricultural processing, minor only.
- c. Agricultural research or training facilities.
- d. Aquaculture, marine or freshwater.
- e. Farm equipment and supply stores.
- f. Kennels and animal shelters on lots two acres or larger.
- g. Produce display and sales of fruit, vegetables and similar agricultural products. All structures for such uses limited to nonresidential farm buildings.
- h. Silviculture.

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- i. Stables, public or private, on lots two acres or larger.
- j. Veterinary clinics. A minimum two acres for boarding animals.
- (8) Other uses. Airports, private only, including crop dusting services.
- (c) Conditional uses. Through the conditional use process prescribed in chapter 2, the BOA may conditionally allow the following uses within the agricultural district:
  - (1) **Residential.** Group living, limited to nursing homes, assisted living facilities, hospice facilities, and other uses providing similar services, assistance, or supervision.

### (2) Retail services.

- a. Bed and breakfast inns.
- Medical clinics, including those providing out-patient surgery, rehabilitation, and emergency treatment.

### (3) Public and civic.

- a. Cinerators.
- b. Community service facilities, including auditoriums, libraries, museums, and neighborhood centers.
  - c. Hospitals.
    - d. Offices for government agencies or public utilities.

- e. Public utility structures greater than 150 feet in height, including telecommunications towers, but excluding any industrial uses.
  - f. Warehousing or maintenance facilities for government agencies or public utilities.

### (4) Recreation and entertainment.

- a. Canoe, kayak, and float rental facilities.
- b. Parks with permanent restrooms or outdoor event lighting.
- c. Zoos and animal parks.

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### (5) Industrial and related.

- a. Mineral extraction, including oil and gas wells, not among the permitted uses of the district.
- b. Power plants.
- c. Salvage yards, not including any solid waste facilities.
  - d. Solid waste collection points and transfer facilities.
- e. Wastewater treatment plants.
- 16 **(d)** Site and building requirements. The following site and building requirements apply to uses within the agricultural district:
  - (1) **Density.** A maximum density of one dwelling unit per 20 acres.
- 19 **(2)** Floor area ratio. A maximum floor area ratio of 0.25 for all uses.
- 20 **(3) Structure height.** No maximum structure height unless prescribed by use.
  - (4) Lot area. No minimum lot area unless prescribed by use.
- 22 **(5)** Lot width. A minimum lot width of 100 feet at the street right-of-way for all new lots.
  - **(6)** Lot coverage. Minimum pervious lot coverage of 30 percent (70 percent maximum semi-impervious and impervious cover) for all uses.
    - (7) Structure setbacks. For all principal structures, minimum setbacks are:
      - **a.** *Front and rear.* Forty feet in the front and rear.
      - **b. Sides.** On each side, five feet or ten percent of the lot width at the street right-of-way, whichever is greater, but not required to exceed 15 feet.
    - (8) Other requirements. Refer to chapters 4 and 5 for additional development regulations and standards.
- (e) Location criteria. The following location criteria apply to uses within the agricultural district:
  - (1) **Prime farmland.** All new or expanded uses shall be located to avoid the loss of prime farmland. Where such loss cannot be avoided, it shall be limited to five acres or ten percent of the development parcel area, whichever is greater.

- (2) Nonresidential uses. All nonresidential uses shall be located to avoid nuisance, hazard, and other adverse impacts to surrounding residential uses. Retail sales and services shall be located along collector or arterial streets. Industrial uses shall be on parcels that comply with the location criteria of the industrial (Ind) zoning district.
- (f) Rezoning to Agr. Agricultural zoning may be established only within the agriculture (AG), agriculture residential (AR), and rural community (RC) future land use categories. The district is suitable for prime farmland, agriculturally used or assessed areas, large tracts of open space, woodlands, or fields, but not for areas with central sewer or highly developed street networks. The district is appropriate to provide transitions between areas zoned or used for conservation or outdoor recreation and areas zoned or used for more intense uses.

### 13 <u>Section 4.</u> Amendment to Chapter 3, Section 3-2.3 of the Escambia County Land Development Code

- Part III of the Escambia County Code of Ordinances, the Land Development Code of
- 16 Escambia County, Chapter 3, Section 3-2.3, "Rural residential district (RR)," is hereby
- amended as follows (words underlined are additions and words stricken are deletions):
- 18 Sec. 3-2.3 Rural residential district (RR).

- (a) Purpose. The rural residential (RR) district establishes appropriate areas and land use regulations for low density residential uses and compatible non-residential uses characteristic of rural land development. The primary intent of the district is to provide for residential development at greater density than the agricultural district on soils least valuable for agricultural production, but continue to support small-scale farming on more productive district lands. The absence of urban and suburban infrastructure is intentional. Residential uses within the RR district are largely self-sustaining and generally limited to detached single-family dwellings on large lots, consistent with rural land use and limited infrastructure. Clustering of smaller residential lots may occur where needed to protect prime farmland from non-agricultural use. The district allows public facilities and services necessary for the basic health, safety, and welfare of a rural population, and other non-residential uses that are compatible with agricultural community character.
- **(b) Permitted uses.** Permitted uses within the RR district are limited to the following:
  - (1) Residential.
    - a. Manufactured (mobile) homes, excluding new or expanded manufactured home parks or subdivisions.
    - b. Single-family dwellings (other than manufactured homes), detached only, on lots four acres or larger, or on lots a minimum of one acre if clustered to avoid prime farmland.
  - See also conditional uses in this district.

- 1 **(2) Retail sales.** No retail sales except as permitted agricultural and related uses in this district.
- 3 **(3) Retail services.** Bed and breakfast inns. No other retail services except as permitted agricultural and related uses or as conditional uses in this district.

### (4) Public and civic.

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- a. Cemeteries, including family cemeteries.
  - b. Clubs, civic or fraternal.
  - c. Educational facilities, K-12, on lots one acre or larger.
  - d. Emergency service facilities, including law enforcement, firefighting, and medical assistance.
  - e. Funeral establishments.
  - f. Places of worship on lots one acre or larger.
- g. Public utility structures 150 feet or less in height, excluding telecommunications towers.
  - See also conditional uses in this district.

### (5) Recreation and entertainment.

- a. Campgrounds and recreational vehicle parks on lots five acres or larger.
- b. Golf courses, tennis centers, swimming pools and similar active outdoor recreational facilities, including associated country clubs.
- c. Marinas, private.
  - d. Parks without permanent restrooms or outdoor event lighting.
- e. Passive recreational uses.
  - See also conditional uses in this district.

### (6) Industrial and related. [Reserved.]

#### (7) Agricultural and related.

- a. Agriculture, including raising livestock, storing harvested crops, and cultivation of nursery plants. A minimum of two acres for keeping any farm animal on site and a maximum of one horse or other domesticated equine per acre.
- b. Aquaculture, marine or freshwater.
- c. Farm equipment and supply stores.
- d. Kennels and animal shelters on lots two acres or larger.
  - e. Produce display and sales of fruit, vegetables and similar agricultural products. All structures for such use limited to nonresidential farm buildings.
    - f. Silviculture.

- g. Stables, public or private, on lots two acres or larger.
  - h. Veterinary clinics. A minimum of two acres for boarding animals.

### (8) Other uses. [Reserved.]

4 **(c)** *Conditional uses.* Through the conditional use process prescribed in chapter 2, the BOA may conditionally allow the following uses within the RR district:

### (1) Residential.

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- a. Group living, limited to nursing homes, assisted living facilities, hospice facilities, and other uses providing similar services, assistance, or supervision.
- b. Manufactured (mobile) home parks on land zoned VR-1 prior to adoption of RR zoning.
- Two-family dwellings (duplex) and multifamily dwellings up to four units per dwelling (triplex and quadruplex) on land zoned VR-1 prior to adoption of RR zoning.
- **(2) Retail services.** Medical clinics, including those providing out-patient surgery, rehabilitation, and emergency treatment.

### (3) Public and civic.

- a. Community service facilities, including auditoriums, libraries, museums, and neighborhood centers.
- b. Educational facilities not among the permitted uses of the district.
- c. Hospitals.
  - d. Offices for government agencies or public utilities.
  - e. Public utility structures greater than 150 feet in height, and telecommunications towers of any height, excluding any industrial uses.
  - f. Warehousing or maintenance facilities for government agencies or public utilities.

### (4) Recreation and entertainment.

- a. Hunting clubs and preserves.
- b. Off-highway vehicle commercial recreation facilities on lots 20 acres or larger.
- c. Parks with permanent restrooms or outdoor event lighting.
  - d. Shooting ranges.

### (5) Industrial and related.

a. Borrow pit and reclamation activities 20 acres minimum and subject to local permit and development review requirements per Escambia County Code of Ordinances, part I, chapter 42, article VIII, and land use regulations in part III, the land development code, chapter 4.

- b. Mineral extraction, including oil and gas wells.
- c. Power plants.

- d. Salvage yards, not including any solid waste facilities.
  - e. Solid waste collection points and transfer facilities.
    - f. Wastewater treatment plants.
    - (6) Other uses. Airports, private only, including crop dusting facilities.
- **(d)** Site and building requirements. The following site and building requirements apply to uses within the RR district:
  - (1) **Density.** A maximum density of one dwelling unit per four acres.
  - (2) Floor area ratio. A maximum floor area ratio of 0.25 for all uses.
    - (3) Structure height. No maximum structure height unless prescribed by use.
    - (4) Lot area. No minimum lot area unless prescribed by use.
      - (5) Lot width. For a new lot with a majority of its frontage along the outside of a street right-of-way curve whose radius is 100 feet or less, the minimum lot width at the right-of-way is 40 feet. The minimum width for all other new lots is 100 feet at the right-of way.
      - (6) Lot coverage. Minimum pervious lot coverage of 30 percent (70 percent maximum semi-impervious and impervious cover) for all uses.
      - (7) Structure setbacks. For all principal structures, minimum setbacks are:
        - **a.** Front and rear. Forty feet in the front and rear.
        - **b. Sides.** On each side, five feet or ten percent of the lot width at the street right-of-way, whichever is greater, but not required to exceed 15 feet.
      - (8) Other requirements.
        - **a.** Farm animal shelters. Stables or other structures for sheltering farm animals shall be at least 50 feet from any property line and at least 130 feet from any dwelling on adjacent property.
        - **b.** Chapters 4 and 5. Refer to chapters 4 and 5 for additional development regulations and standards.
- **(e)** Location criteria. The following location criteria apply to uses within the RR district:
  - (1) **Prime farmland.** All new or expanded uses shall be located to avoid the loss of prime farmland. Where such loss cannot be avoided, it shall be limited to five acres or ten percent of the development parcel area, whichever is greater.
  - (2) Nonresidential uses. All nonresidential uses shall be located to avoid nuisance, hazard and other adverse impacts to surrounding residential uses. Retail sales and services shall be located along collector or arterial streets. Industrial uses shall be on parcels that comply with the location criteria of the industrial (Ind) zoning district

(f) Rezoning to RR. Rural residential zoning may be established only within the agriculture residential (AR), and rural community (RC) future land use category categories. The district is suitable for rural areas not used to support large farming operations due to economic viability, soil productivity, surrounding development, or similar constraints. The district is appropriate to provide transitions between areas zoned or used for agriculture, conservation, or outdoor recreation and areas zoned or used for rural mixed-use or low density residential.

### Section 5. Severability

If any section, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by any Court of competent jurisdiction, then said holding shall in no way affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance.

### Section 6. Inclusion in Code

It is the intention of the Board of County Commissioners that the provisions of this Ordinance shall be codified as required by Section 125.68, Florida Statutes, and that the sections, subsections and other provisions of this Ordinance may be renumbered or relettered and the word "ordinance" may be changed to "section," "article," or such other appropriate word or phrase in order to accomplish such intentions.

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1	Section 7.	Effective Da	ıte	
2	This Ordina	nce shall beco	me effective upo	n filing with the Department of State.
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4	DONE AND	<b>ENACTED</b> thi	is day of _	, 2020.
5				
6				BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
7				ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
8				
9				Ву:
10				Steven Barry, Chairman
11				
12	ATTEST:	PAM CHILD	ERS	
13		Clerk of the	Circuit Court	
14				
15		Ву:		
16		Deput	ty Clerk	
17	(SEAL)			
18				
19	ENACTED:			
20	FILED WITI	H THE DEPAR	RTMENT OF STA	ATE:
21	EFFECTIVE	E DATE:		
22				



# BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS Escambia County, Florida

Planning Board-Regular 9. A.

**Meeting Date:** 09/01/2020

**Agenda Item:** 

August 6, 2020 BCC Minutes

**Attachments** 

8-6-20 BCC Mins

### **CLERK & COMPTROLLER'S REPORT – Continued**

- I. <u>CONSENT AGENDA</u> Continued
  - 3. <u>Recommendation:</u> That the Board accept, for filing with the Board's Minutes, the certified proof of publication of the advertisement of the Notice of Intent by the Escambia County Clerk of Court to initiate forfeiture by September 1, 2020, against unclaimed monies held by the Office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller, as published in the Escambia Sun Press on July 16, 2020.

Motion: Move the Clerk's Report Items 1, 2, 3, and 4

Made by: Commissioner Underhill Seconded by: Commissioner Bergosh

**Disposition:** Carried unanimously

- 4. <u>Recommendation:</u> That the Board take the following action concerning Minutes and Reports prepared by the Clerk to the Board's office:
  - A. Accept, for filing with the Board's Minutes, the Report of the Committee of the Whole Budget Workshop held July 14, 2020;
  - B. Accept, for filing with the Board's Minutes, the Report of the Gary Sansing Public Forum held July 16, 2020; and
  - C. Approve the Minutes of the Regular Board Meeting held July 16, 2020.

Motion: Move the Clerk's Report Items 1, 2, 3, and 4

Made by: Commissioner Underhill Seconded by: Commissioner Bergosh

**Disposition:** Carried unanimously

<u>GROWTH MANAGEMENT REPORT</u> – Horace Jones, Director, Development Services Department

### I. PUBLIC HEARINGS

- 1. <u>Recommendation:</u> That the Board take the following action concerning the Rezoning Cases heard by the Planning Board on July 6, 2020:
  - A. Review and either adopt, modify, or overturn the Planning Board's recommendations for Rezoning Cases Z-2020-05, and Z-2020-06 or remand the Cases to the Planning Board; and
  - B. Authorize the Chairman to sign the Orders of the Escambia County Board of County Commissioners for the Rezoning Cases that were reviewed, as follows:

1 Case No.: Z-2020-05

Address: 8838 Fowler Avenue

Property Reference

No.:

10-1S-30-1101-081-001

Property Size: 2.4 (+/-) acres

From: HDMU, High Density Mixed Use district (25 du/acre)

HC/LI-NA, Heavy Commercial Light Industrial district,

To: prohibiting the subsequent establishment of any

microbreweries, microdistilleries, microbreweries, bars,

nightclubs, or adult entertainment uses (25 du/acre)

FLU Category: MU-U, Mixed-Use Urban

Commissioner

District:

3

Requested by:

William Joseph, Agent for Patrick Neville, Owner

Planning Board

. Deny

Recommendation:

William Joseph, Patrick Neville, Ronald Fowler, Margaret

Speakers: Conner

X

**Motion:** Move to support the position of the Planning Board [to deny the Rezoning]

Made by: Commissioner May

Seconded by: Commissioner Underhill

Disposition: Carried unanimously

Speaker(s): William Joseph

(Continued on Page 9)

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GROWTH ELANAGEMENT REPORT - House Jones Dredon Daw or ment Services Brogenoment

### PUBLIC HEARINGS

Recommendation. That the Board take the folianing executioners are the Buzeang Cases of the Surrent of the Surr

Licelary and enter adopt, medify or overfuln the Planting Board's recommendations for Recommendations of Recommendations of the Casta Cast

Authorize the Charmanidasion the Orders of the Esciptula County Board of Caunty
Commissioners within Resolute Cases that Ivan reviewed as follows:

100-150-10-1-68-81-61 (101-031-001

Protectly Size: 2.4 (+7.) acres. From: Hotelstone

gronioning the subsequent establishment of any microbrewaries, microbrewaries, has considered and constitution of education and manufactures (25 durage).

District

Requested by:

Puppendeboard

Puppendeboard

Deny

Recommendation

Specificates: William Joseph, Patrick Novida, Ronald Fowler, Mongara

Motion: Move to support the position of the Biancing bound to deny the Reported Made Society of the Reported May Secondary by Commissioner May

Use or stored being the remark to come the common of the c

shoot memon is to read a

(Scallaued on Page 5)

### **GROWTH MANAGEMENT REPORT – Continued**

- 1. PUBLIC HEARINGS - Continued
  - 1. Continued...
    - B. Continued...

2. Case No.:

Z-2020-06

Address:

Halcyon Circle

Property Reference: 26-2S-31-1000-004-001

Property Size:

9.99 (+/-) acres

From:

MDR, Medium Density Residential district (10 du/acre)

To:

Com, Commercial district (25 du/acre)

FLU Category:

MU-S, Mixed-Use Suburban

Commissioner

District:

Requested by:

Speakers:

Tom Hammond, Agent for Anthony Baroco, Owner

Planning Board

Recommendation:

Deny

Tom Hammond, Anthony Baraco, Sherrie Baraco, Patsy Kee, Ramona Taylor, Ernestine Geci, Wade Geci, Michelle Warren, Douglas Cecil, Sandy Griner, Robert Jernigan, Brenda Presley, Mark Edwards, Frank Koskie, Jordan Walls, Harry Huelsbeck, Tammy Koskie, Thomas Warren,

Brian Barr, Barbara Albrecht, Nancy Barr, Charles Hamilton, Mary Strawbridge, Thomas Hatch, Jennifer Rathbun, EG Presley, Edward Lance Presley, Shane Wood, Richard Hawkins, Paul Hawkins, Ellen Rostin,

Thomas Haines, Emily Smith, Angela Windham, Katelyn

Mines, Thomas Hix, Alexis Mines, Elliot Bawden, Veronica Bawden, Kimberly Birthright, Lupe Birthright, Robert

Johnson, Jennifer Johnson, Rex Jenson, Raymond Bowne, Patricia Cornish, Steve Cornish, Mark Frances, Phillip

Kittell, Lisa Kirkman, Namrata Advani, Tammy Dyess, Michael Dyess, Rosemary "Jana" Graves, Karrie Galvano,

Christine Schuster, Janet Struck

Motion: Move that we drop Case Z-2020-06

Made by: Commissioner Underhill Seconded by: Commissioner May **Disposition:** Carried unanimously

Speaker(s): None

### **GROWTH MANAGEMENT REPORT – Continued**

I. <u>PUBLIC HEARINGS</u> – Continued

2. <u>Recommendation:</u> That the Board, at the 5:45 p.m. Public Hearing, adopt an Ordinance to amend the Official Zoning Map to include the Rezoning Cases heard by the Planning Board on July 6, 2020, and approved during the previous agenda item and to provide for severability, inclusion in the code, and an effective date.

Motion: So moved

For Information: Chairman Barry advised that he would entertain a motion to drop

the 5:45 p.m. Public Hearing.

Made by: Commissioner May

Seconded by: Commissioner Underhill

**Disposition:** Carried unanimously

Speaker(s): None

3. Recommendation: That the Board of County Commissioners, at the 5:46 p.m. Public Hearing, review and adopt an Ordinance [Number 2020-27] amending the Future Land Use (FLU) Map for a Small Scale Amendment, SSA-2020-02, changing the Future Land Use category of a parcel within Section 34, Township 2S, Range 30W, Parcel # 0061-000-002, totaling 7.5 (+/-) acres, located on Westover Street, from Commercial (C) to Mixed-Use Suburban (MU-S).

Motion: Move the item in the affirmative

Made by: Commissioner Underhill Seconded by: Commissioner Bergosh

Disposition: Carried 4-0 with Commissioner May temporarily out of Board Chambers

Speaker(s): None

4. Recommendation: That the Board of County Commissioners, at the 5:47 p.m. Public Hearing, review and adopt an Ordinance [Number 2020-28] amending the Future Land Use Map (FLUM) of the Comprehensive Plan by Small-Scale Amendment SSA-2020-03, changing the Future Land Use category of a parcel within Section 50, Township 2S, Range 30W, Parcel # 1000-000-001, totaling 8.44 (+/-) acres, located on Old Corry Field Road, from Commercial (C) to Mixed-Use Urban (MU-U).

Motion: Move the item in the affirmative

Made by: Commissioner Underhill Seconded by: Commissioner Bergosh

Disposition: Carried 4-0 with Commissioner May temporarily out of Board Chambers

Speaker(s): None

### **GROWTH MANAGEMENT REPORT – Continued**

- I. PUBLIC HEARINGS Continued
  - 5. <u>Recommendation:</u> That the Board of County Commissioners, at the 5:48 p.m. Public Hearing, review and adopt an Ordinance [Number 2020-29] to the Land Development Code (LDC) amending Section 6-0.3 Terms Defined, to change the effective date for a lot of record from February 8, 1996, to April 16, 2015.

Motion: Move the 5:48 in the affirmative

Made by: Commissioner Underhill Seconded by: Commissioner May

Disposition: Carried 4-0 with Commissioner Bender temporarily out of Board

Chambers

Speaker(s): None

6. Recommendation: That the Board of County Commissioners, at the 5:49 p.m. Public Hearing, review and transmit to DEO, an Ordinance amending the Comprehensive Plan, Chapter 7, 2030 FLU map, for the specific parcel 25-2S-31-1303-000-000, located on Dog Track Road, requesting to change the existing FLUM designation from Commercial (C) to Mixed-Use Urban (MU-U) of 88.24 (+/-) acres.

This hearing serves as the first of two required public hearings.

Motion: Move the item in the affirmative

Made by: Commissioner Bergosh Seconded by: Commissioner May

Disposition: Carried 4-0 with Commissioner Bender temporarily out of Board

Chambers

Speaker(s): Joe Rector

### **GROWTH MANAGEMENT REPORT – Continued**

- I. PUBLIC HEARINGS Continued
  - 7. <u>Recommendation:</u> That the Board take the following action concerning the Rezoning Case heard by the Planning Board on June 1, 2020:
    - A. Review and either adopt, modify, or overturn the Planning Board's recommendation for Rezoning Case Z-2020-03 or remand the Case to the Planning Board; and
    - B. Authorize the Chairman to sign the Order of the Escambia County Board of County Commissioners for the Rezoning Case that was reviewed, as follows:

1. Case No.: Z-2020-03

Address: 5250 Blue Angel Parkway

Property Reference No.: 36-2S-31-1007-000-000

Property Size: 7.66 (+/-) acres

From: LDR, Low Density Residential district (four du/acre)

To: MDR, Medium Density Residential district (10

du/acre)

FLU Category: MU-S, Mixed-Use Suburban

Commissioner District:

Requested by:

Tom Hammond, Agent for Forrest Homes and Steele

Construction Inc., Owner

Planning Board

Recommendation: Approval

Speakers: Tom Hammond, Robert Michelson, Clair Sowers,

Larry Downs, Jr.

Motion: Move this item in the affirmative

Made by: Commissioner Bergosh

Seconded by: Commissioner Underhill

Disposition: Carried 4-0 with Commissioner Bender temporarily out of Board

Chambers

Speaker(s): None

### **GROWTH MANAGEMENT REPORT – Continued**

- I. <u>PUBLIC HEARINGS</u> Continued
  - 8. Recommendation: That the Board, at the 5:50 p.m. Public Hearing, adopt an Ordinance [Number 2020-30] to amend the Official Zoning Map to include the Rezoning Case [Z-2020-03] heard by the Planning Board on June 1, 2020, and approved during the previous agenda item and to provide for severability, inclusion in the code, and an effective date.

Motion: Move the item in the affirmative

Made by: Commissioner Bergosh

Seconded by: Commissioner Underhill

Disposition: Carried 4-0 with Commissioner Bender temporarily out of Board

Chambers

Speaker(s): None

9. Recommendation: That the Board of County Commissioners (BCC), at the 5:51 p.m. Public Hearing, review and approve for transmittal to the Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO), an Ordinance amending the Comprehensive Plan, Chapter 7, 2030 Future Land Use (FLU) map, LSA-2019-05, changing the FLU category for two parcels located on Pine Forest Road, Parcel Number 24-1S-31-4230-000-020, totaling 10.28 (+/-) acres, and Parcel Number 24-1S-31-3140-000-000, totaling 3.66 (+/) acres, from Commercial (C) to Mixed-Use Urban (MU-U).

This serves as the first of two public hearings.

**Motion:** Move the item for transmittal

For Information: The Board discussed giving deference to District 1 once the Ordinance comes back for the second public hearing.

Made by: Commissioner Underhill Seconded by: Commissioner May

Disposition: Carried 4-1 with Commissioner Bergosh voting "no"

Speaker(s): Richard Copps, Eric Toothman, Will Dunaway, Robert Browning, Glenn

Halstead, and James Rudnick

### **GROWTH MANAGEMENT REPORT – Continued**

### II. FOR ACTION

1. <u>Recommendation:</u> That the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) review and approve the 2018/2019 Comprehensive Plan Annual Report.

Motion: Move the item in the affirmative

Made by: Commissioner Underhill

Seconded by: Commissioner Bender

Disposition: Carried unanimously

 Recommendation: That the Board review and approve a hold harmless agreement with Triple R Holdings, LLC, for construction of a seawall at 5940 Red Cedar Street, Parcel I.D. # 15-3S-32-2001-013-005. The agreement will serve to hold the county, its officers and employees harmless from any damages to persons or property that may result from authorized construction.

Motion: Move the item in the affirmative

Made by: Commissioner Underhill

Seconded by: Commissioner Bergosh

Disposition: Carried unanimously

- 3. <u>Recommendation</u>: That the Board take the following action concerning recording of Admiral's Quarters, Phase 1 (a-60 lot subdivision with public residential townhome residences) located in the Pine Forest Community, lying south off W. Nine Mile Road (U.S. Alternate Highway 90) and west of Ashland Avenue. Owned and developed by D.R. Horton, Incorporated and owner SNS Stefani, LLC. Prior to recording the County Surveyor and the Clerk of the Circuit Court must sign the Final Plat as set forth in Section 2-5.7, of the Escambia Land Development Code; also, prior to recording, the County Surveyor must sign the Final Plat as set forth in Chapter 177.081 (1) Florida Statute:
  - A. Approve the Final Plat for recording;
  - B. Approve the street names "Iroquois Court," "Brigade Trail," "Battalion Cove," and "Farragut Way";
  - C. Accept all public easements, pond, and drainage improvements within public easements as depicted upon the final plat for permanent County maintenance; the cost of maintenance is to be funded through the establishment of a storm water management Municipal Services Benefit Unit (MSBU);

(Continued on Page 15)

### **GROWTH MANAGEMENT REPORT – Continued**

- II. FOR ACTION Continued
  - 3. Continued...
    - D. Authorize the Chairman or Vice Chairman to execute a Two-Year Warranty Agreement without Surety for Streets and Drainage improvements; and
    - E. Authorize the Chairman or Vice Chairman to execute a Temporary Access Easement.

**Motion:** Move the item A, B, C, D, and E

Made by: Commissioner Underhill Seconded by: Commissioner Bender

**Disposition:** Carried unanimously

### III. CONSENT AGENDA

- 1. <u>Recommendation:</u> That the Board authorize the scheduling of the following Public Hearings for September 3, 2020:
  - A. 5:45 p.m. A Public Hearing An Ordinance amending the Land Development Code (LDC), Chapter 4, to expand the use of recreational vehicles as living quarters, establish related use standards, and modify related provisions

Summary: Although recreational vehicles are not dwelling units, they can provide useful temporary living quarters beyond their primary recreational, camping, and travel uses. However, any such use of recreational vehicles outside of duly licensed campgrounds, recreational vehicle parks, or mobile home parks requires land use standards to protect the public health, safety, and general welfare.

(Continued on Page 16)

### **GROWTH MANAGEMENT REPORT – Continued**

### III. CONSENT AGENDA - Continued

### 1. Continued...

B. 5:46 p.m. - A Public Hearing - An Ordinance to the Land Development Code (LDC) Chapter 3, Section 3-1.3 "Zoning and Future Land Use," Subsection (G) "Future Land Use Designations," and Subsection (I) "Zoning Implementation of FLU," to add the Future Land Use Category of Agriculture Residential; amending Sections 3-2.2 "Agricultural District (AGR)," and 3-2.3 "Rural Residential district (RR)" to provide for AGR and RR Zoning districts in the AR Future Land Use category

Summary: Escambia County Board of County Commissioners found that the current Comprehensive Plan Section FLU 3.1.5 restricted the ability of a person or entity to obtain approval of a comprehensive plan amendment to the Rural Community (RC) future land use category. The Board of County Commissioners determined that FLU 3.1.5 unduly limited the Board's ability to manage growth and development within the County; the Board found that an amendment to its Comprehensive Plan was necessary and appropriate based on the Goals and Policies of the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan.

C. 5:47 p.m. - A Public Hearing - An Ordinance amending the Comprehensive Plan: amending Chapter 3, Section 3.04, Definitions; amending OBJ FLU 1.3 Future Land Use Map designations; and amending OBJ FLU 3.1 Rural Development - CPA-2020-1 (first of two public hearings)

Summary: Escambia County Board of County Commissioners finds that the current Comprehensive Plan Section FLU 3.1.5 restricts the ability of a person or entity to obtain approval of a comprehensive plan amendment to the Rural Community (RC) future land use category; the Board has determined that FLU 3.1.5 unduly limits the Board's ability to manage growth and development within the County and should be amended.

Motion: Move the Consent Agenda as printed

Made by: Commissioner Underhill Seconded by: Commissioner Bender

Disposition: Carried 4-0 with Commissioner Bergosh temporarily out of Board

Chambers