AGENDA ESCAMBIA COUNTY BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT November 14, 2018–8:30 a.m. Escambia County Central Office Complex 3363 West Park Place, Room 104

1. Call to Order.

- 2. Swearing in of Staff and acceptance of staff as expert witness
- 3. Acceptance of the BOA Meeting Package with the Development Services Staff Findings-of-Fact, into evidence.
- 4. Proof of Publication and waive the reading of the legal advertisement.
- 5. Approval of Resume Minutes.
 - A. Approval of Resume Meeting Minutes from the October 17, 2018 Board of Adjustment Meeting.

6. Consideration of the following cases:

A. Case No.: CU-2018-18

Address:16400 Blk Perdido Key DriveRequest:Escambia County is seeking to construct a public beach access point on the subject parcelRequested by:Escambia County

B. Case No.: CU-2018-19

 Address:
 3130 Barrancas Avenue

 Request:
 The Applicant is seeking conditional use approval to operate a microwinery in a commercially zoned parcel

 Requested
 Derek Frazier, Agent for Willie Sam Nored, Owner

 by:
 Derek Frazier, Agent for Willie Sam Nored, Owner

C. CASE NO.: AP-2017-02

ADDRESS: 11400 Blk. Gulf Beach Hwy. REQUESTED APPEAL: An appeal of a compatibility decision by the Planning Official REQUESTED BY: David Theriaque, Agent for Teramore Development, LLC and Shu Shurett and Leo Huang, Owners

- 7. Discussion Items.
- 8. Old/New Business.

9. Announcement.

The next Board of Adjustment Meeting is scheduled for Wednesday, December 19, 2018, at 8:30 a.m., at the Escambia County Central Office Complex, Room 104, 3363 West Park Place.

10. Adjournment.

Meeting Date: 11/14/2018

Attachments Draft October 17, 2018 Board of Adjustment Meeting Minutes

DRAFT

RESUMÉ OF THE MEETING OF THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT HELD October 17, 2018

CENTRAL OFFICE COMPLEX 3363 WEST PARK PLACE, BOARD CHAMBERS PENSACOLA, FLORIDA (8:30 A.M. – 9:35 A.M.)

Present:	Auby Smith
	Bill Stromquist
	Jennifer Rigby
	Michael Godwin
	Walker Wilson
Absent:	Judy Gund
	VACANT
Staff Present:	Allyson Cain, Urban Planner, Planning & Zoning
	Andrew Holmer, Division Manager, Planning & Zoning
	Horace Jones, Director, Development Services
	Kayla Meador, Sr Office Assistant
	Kristin Hual, Assistant County Attorney

REGULAR BOA AGENDA

- 1. Call to Order.
- 2. Swearing in of Staff and acceptance of staff as expert witness
- 3. Acceptance of the BOA Meeting Package with the Development Services Staff Findings-of-Fact, into evidence.

Motion by Vice Chairman Bill Stromquist, Seconded by Walker Wilson

Motion was made to accept the October 17, 2018 BOA meeting packet. **Vote:** 5 - 0 Approved

4. Proof of Publication and waive the reading of the legal advertisement.

Motion by Vice Chairman Bill Stromquist, Seconded by Walker Wilson

The Clerk provided proof of publication and motion was made to accept. **Vote:** 5 - 0 Approved

- 5. Approval of Resume Minutes.
 - A. Approval of Resume Meeting Minutes from the August 15, 2018 Board of Adjustment Meeting.

Motion by Vice Chairman Bill Stromquist, Seconded by Walker Wilson

Motion was made to approve the August 15, 2018 BOA Resume Meeting Minutes. **Vote:** 5 - 0 Approved

6. Consideration of the following cases:

A. Case No.: CU-2018-17

 Address:
 3041 E Olive Road

 Request:
 To allow a brewpub with the distribution of on-premises produced alcoholic beverages for off-site sales

 Requested by:
 Susan Thibdeaux, Owner

No BOA member acknowledged any ex parte communication regarding this item.

No BOA member acknowledged visiting the site.

No BOA member refrained from voting on this matter due to any conflict of interest.

Motion by Vice Chairman Bill Stromquist, Seconded by Michael Godwin

Motion was made to concur with Staff's Findings and approve the Conditional Use provided that they pass DRC. **Vote:** 5 - 0 Approved

B. CASE NO.: AP-2017-02

ADDRESS: 11400 Blk. Gulf Beach Hwy. REQUESTED APPEAL: An appeal of a compatibility decision by the Planning Official REQUESTED BY: David Theriaque, Agent for Teramore Development, LLC and Shu Shurett and Leo Huang, Owners

Motion by Michael Godwin, Seconded by Vice Chairman Bill Stromquist

Motion was made to grant the request for continuance to the November BOA meeting.

Vote: 5 - 0 Approved

- 7. Discussion Items.
- 8. Old/New Business.
- 9. Announcement.

The next Board of Adjustment Meeting is scheduled for Wednesday, November 14, 2018, at 8:30 a.m., at the Escambia County Central Office Complex, Room 104, 3363 West Park Place.

10. Adjournment.

Board of Adjustment		6. A.
Meeting Date:	11/14/2018	
CASE:	CU-2018-18	
APPLICANT:	Escambia County	
ADDRESS:	16400 Blk Perdido Key Dr	
PROPERTY REFERENCE NO.:	06-4S-32-1000-000-030	
ZONING DISTRICT:	HDR-PK	
FUTURE LAND USE:	MU-PK	
OVERLAY DISTRICT:	N/A	

SUBMISSION DATA:

REQUESTED CONDITIONAL USE:

Escambia County is seeking to construct a public beach access point on the subject parcel.

RELEVANT AUTHORITY:

Land Development Code of Escambia County, Florida (Ordinance 96-3 as amended), Section:3-4.4(c)(3)b. (3) Recreation and entertainment.

b. Parks, public.

CRITERIA:

Land Development Code of Escambia County, Florida (Ordinance 96-3 as amended), Section 2-6.4 Sale of Alcohol, Section 4-7.5(e)

CRITERION (a)

General compatibility. The proposed use can be conducted and operated in a manner that is compatible with adjacent properties and other properties in the immediate area.

If this is for the sale of alcohol within a 1000 ft of a place of worship or child care facility; please explain 1- 5 below:

1. The existing times of use of the places of worship or child care facilities coincide with the hours of operation of the subject business.

2. The 1000-foot minimum distance is not achieved.

- 3. The conflicting uses are visible to each other.
- 4. Any on-premises consumption is outdoors.
- 5. Any conditions or circumstances mitigate any incompatibility.

FINDINGS-OF-FACT

The proposed use is compatible with the surrounding properties and that use is encouraged in the County's 2030 Comprehensive Plan. Policies within that plan call for the county to maintain County owned shoreline or open space access sites and provide adequate parking facilities for each site. In addition, the plan calls for the county to, "seek all available federal and state financial assistance to increase public access to the shoreline. Escambia County will continue to seek opportunities to enhance the public access to water or waterways."

This proposed access meets those policies.

CRITERION (b)

Facilities and services. Public facilities and services, especially those with adopted levels of service, will be available, will provide adequate capacity to serve the proposed use consistent with capacity requirements.

FINDINGS-OF-FACT

The county will provide and maintain any facilities and services required for this project through conditions imposed in the site plan review process. All access points will be constructed and maintained as ADA compliant.

CRITERION (c)

On-site circulation. Ingress to and egress from the site and its structures will be sufficient, particularly regarding vehicle and pedestrian safety and convenience, efficient traffic flow and control, on-site parking and loading, and emergency vehicle access.

FINDINGS-OF-FACT

Access to the parcel will be via a connection to Perdido Key Dr. Parking will be provided as proposed along with any modifications imposed through the site plan review. Environmental constraints will limit the number of available area for parking surface.

CRITERION (d)

Nuisances and hazards. The scale, intensity, and operation of the use will not generate unreasonable noise, glare, dust, smoke, odor, vibration, electrical interference, or other nuisances or hazards for adjoining properties and other properties in the immediate area.

FINDINGS-OF-FACT

Because this is proposed as a passive recreation site, the intensity of use and effects on surrounding properties will be limited.

CRITERION (e)

Solid waste. All on site solid waste containers will be appropriately located for functional access, limited off-site visibility and minimal odor and other nuisance impacts.

FINDINGS-OF-FACT

The county will provide and maintain solid waste service in the same manner as with the other public beach access sites on Perdido Key.

CRITERION (f)

Screening and buffering. Where not otherwise required by the LDC, screening and buffering will be provided if appropriate to the proposed use and site.

FINDINGS OF FACT

Screening and buffering for the proposed use will be limited by the environmental constraints on site. The passive recreation use and limited scope will alleviate the buffering needs.

CRITERION (g)

Signs and lighting. All exterior signs and lights, whether attached or freestanding, will be compatible with adjoining properties and other properties in the immediate area, especially regarding glare and traffic safety.

FINDINGS OF FACT

Informational and directional signage will be provided as necessary and no lighting is proposed.

CRITERION (h)

Site characteristics. The size, shape, location and topography of the site appear adequate to accommodate the proposed use, including setbacks, intensity, bulk, height, open space and aesthetic considerations.

FINDINGS OF FACT

The parcel size and topography are appropriate for the use as proposed. Site constraints will limit the proposed use to half of the previously developed footprint on the parcel.

CRITERION (i)

Use requirements. The proposed use complies with any additional conditional use requirements of the applicable zoning district, use, or other provisions of the LDC.

FINDINGS OF FACT

Additional requirements regarding access on site and environmental issues may be imposed during the site plan review process.

STAFF FINDINGS

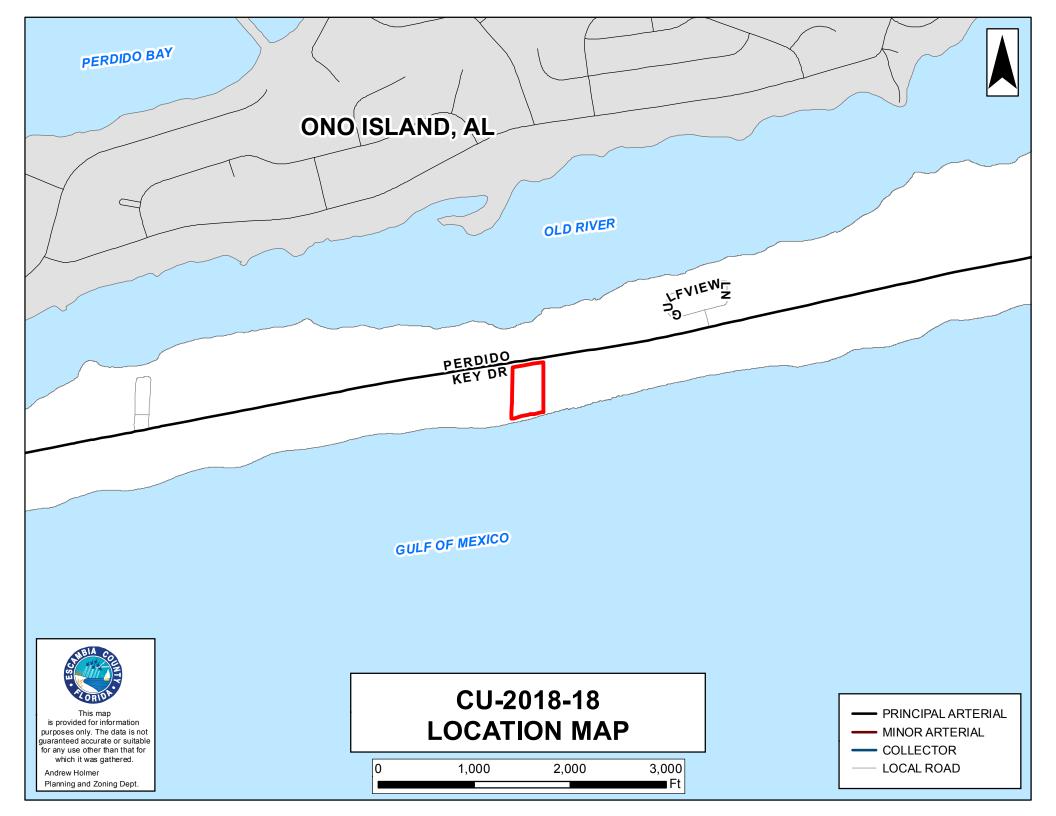
Staff finds that the proposed use does meet all of the required criteia and approval is recommended. If approved, the plan will be submitted to the Development Review Committee for site plan review.

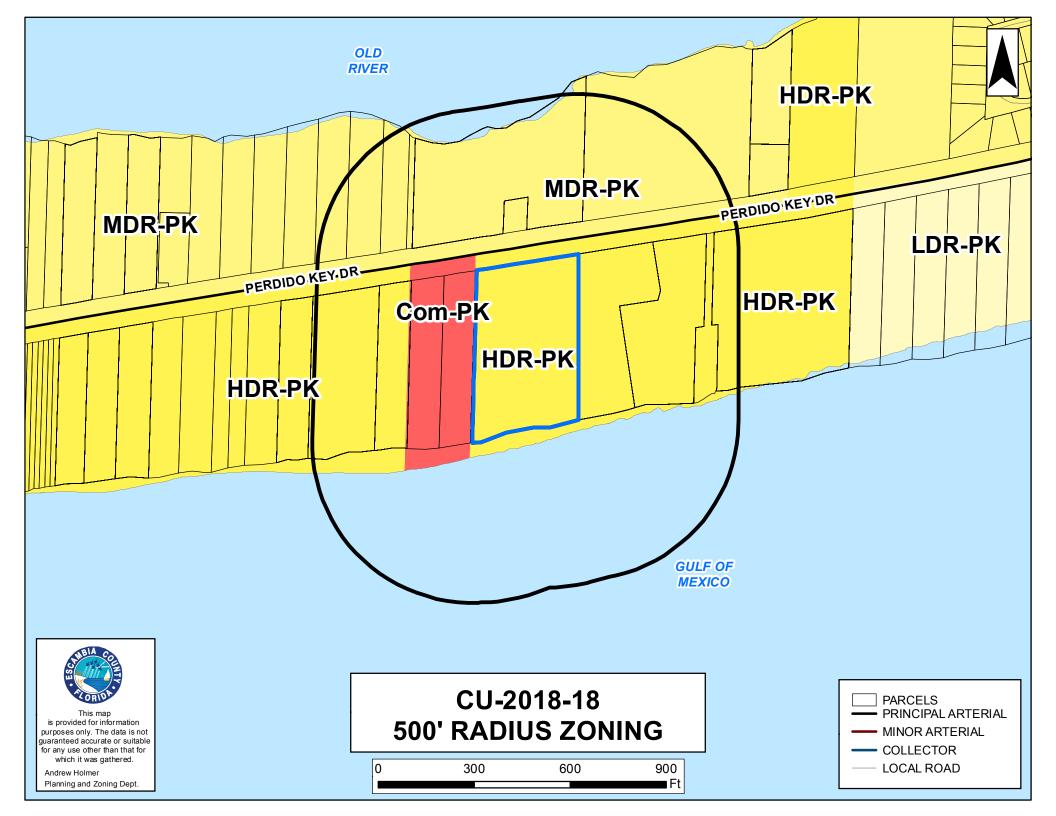
BOA DECISION BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT FINDINGS

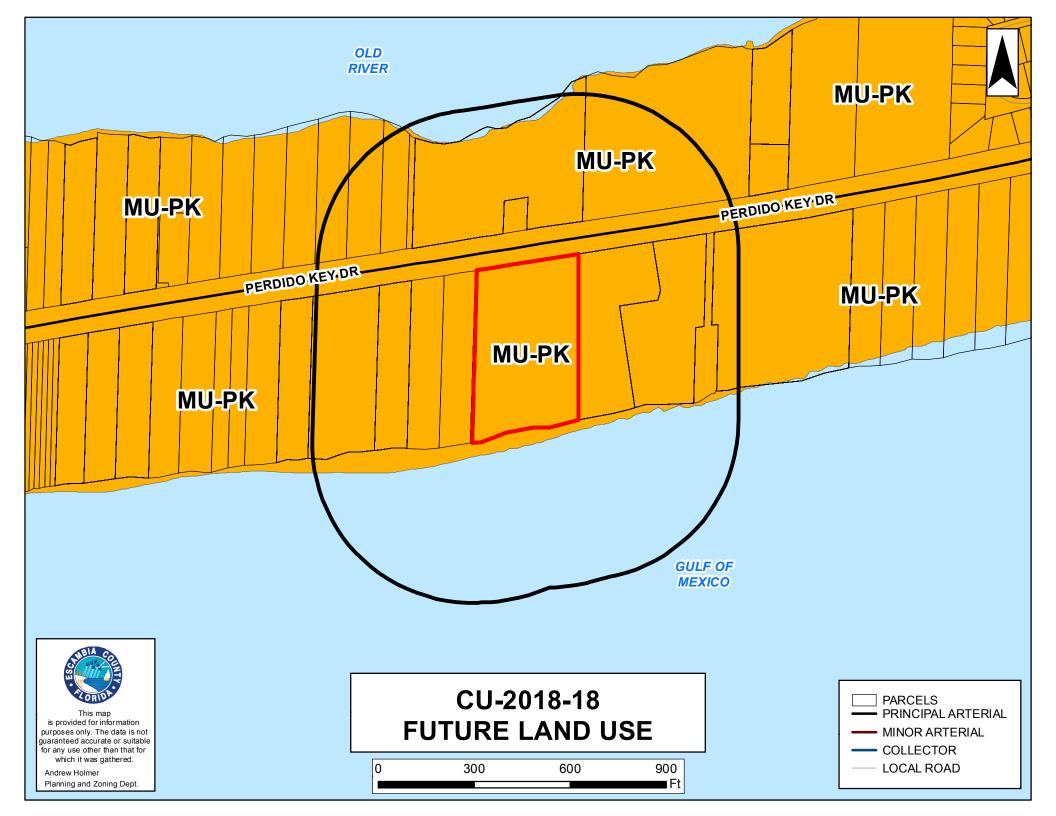
Attachments

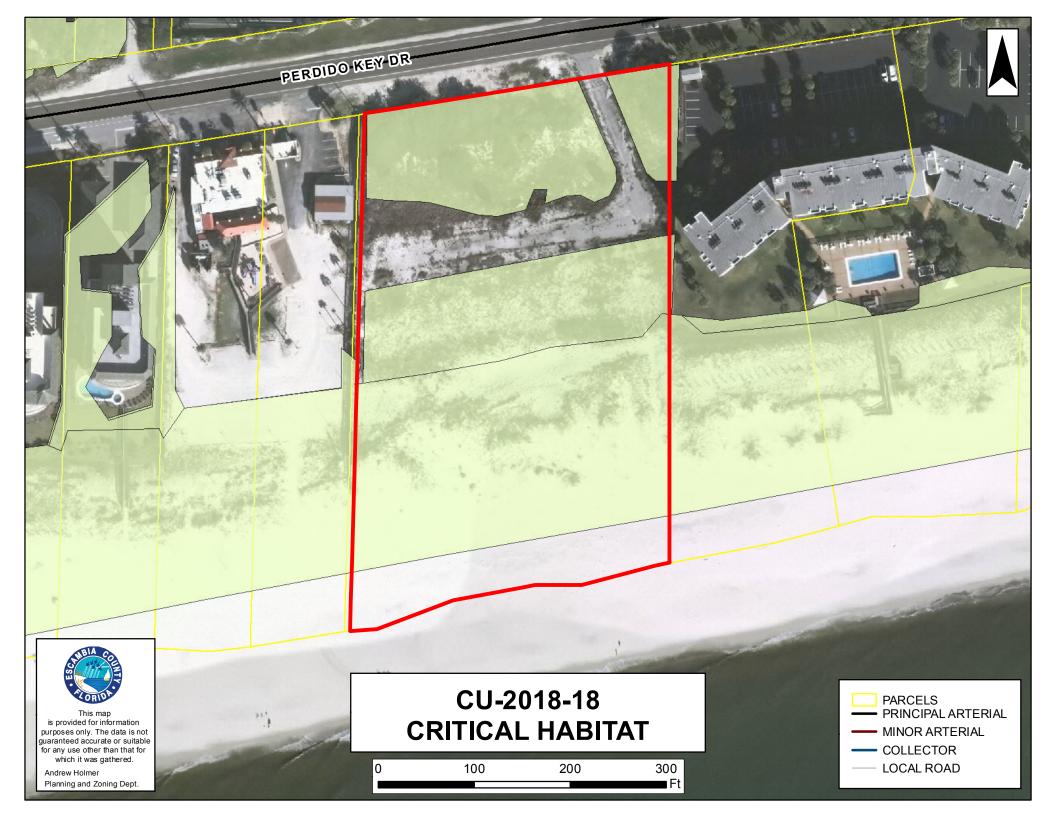
Working Case File

CU-2018-18











Escambia County Planning and Zoning			
Development Services Department			
3363 West Park Place			
Pensacola, FL 32505			
Phone: (850) 595-3475 • Fax: (850) 595-3481			
<u>http://myescambia.com/business/ds</u>			

Board of Adjustment Application

FOR OF	FICE	USE ONLY - Case Number:Accepted by:BOA Meeting:				
Condi	tion	al Use Request for: <u>Public Park in HDR-PK zoning</u>				
Variar	nce	Request for:				
1.	1. <u>Contact Information:</u>					
	Α.	Property Owner/Applicant: Escambia County				
		Mailing Address: 221 S Palafox Pl				
		Business Phone: 850-595-1144 Cell:				
		Email:				
	в.	Authorized Agent (if applicable):				
		Mailing Address:				
		Business Phone:Cell:				
		Email:				
		Note: Owner must complete the attached Agent Affidavit. If there is more than one owner, each owner must				
2	Due	complete an Agent Affidavit. Application will be voided if changes to this application are found.				
2.		operty Information:				
	А.	Existing Street Address: <u>16400 BLK Perdio Key Dr</u>				
		Parcel ID (s): <u>06-4S-32-1000-000-030</u>				
	В.	Total acreage of the subject property: 3.69				
		Existing Zoning: <u>HDR-PK</u>				
		FLU Category: <u>MU-PK</u>				
	D.	Is the subject property developed (if yes, explain): No				
	Ε.	Sanitary Sewer: Septic:				

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3. Amendment Request

A. Please provide a general description of the proposed request, explaining why it is necessary and/or appropriate.

Per LDC 3-4.4.c.3.b Public parks are a conditional use in HDR-PK zoning. Escambia County is seeking to construct and open a public beach access at this site.

- B. For <u>Variance Request</u> Please address *ALL* the following approval conditions for your Variance request. (use supplement sheets as needed)
- 1. Special conditions and circumstances exist which are peculiar to the land, structure or building and which are not applicable to other lands, structures or buildings in the same zoning district.

 The special conditions and circumstances do not result from the actions of the applicant.

3. Granting the variance requested will not confer on the applicant any special privilege that is denied by this land development code to other lands, buildings or structures in the same zoning district. 4. Strict application of the provisions of the land development code would deprive the applicant of rights commonly enjoyed by other properties in the same zoning district under the terms of the land development code and would create an unnecessary and undue hardship on the applicant. 5. The variance granted is the minimum variance that will make possible the reasonable use of the land, building or structure. 6. The granting of the variance will be consistent with the general intent and purpose of the land development code and that such variance will not be injurious to the area or otherwise detrimental to the public welfare.

4

- C. For <u>Conditional Use</u> Request Please address *ALL* the following approval conditions for your Conditional Use request. (use supplement sheets as needed)
- 1. General compatibility. The proposed use can be conducted and operated in a manner that is compatible with adjacent properties and other properties in the immediate area. If this is for the sale of alcohol within a 1000 ft of a place of worship or child care facility; please explain a-e below: a.) The existing times of use of the places of worship or child care facilities coincide with the hours of operation of the subject business b.) The 1000-foot minimum distance is not achieved. c.) The conflicting uses are visible to each other. d.) Any on-premises consumption is outdoors. e.) Any conditions or circumstances mitigate any incompatibility.

Escambia County's Comprehensive Plan 2030 policies address this issue as follows:

COA 2.2.6 **County-Owned Sites.** Escambia County will maintain County- owned shoreline or open space access sites and provide adequate parking facilities for each site.

COA 2.2.7 Federal and State Assistance. Escambia County will seek all available federal

and state financial assistance to increase public access to the shoreline. Escambia County

will continue to seek opportunities to enhance the public access to water or waterways.

2. Facilities and services. Public facilities and services, especially those with adopted levels of service, will be available, will provide adequate capacity to serve the proposed use consistent with capacity requirements.

Escambia County will provide facilities consistent with public beach ADA access as

required through the site plan review process (DRC).

3. On-site circulation. Ingress to and egress from the site and its structures will be sufficient, particularly regarding vehicle and pedestrian safety and convenience, efficient traffic flow and control, on-site parking and loading, and emergency vehicle access.

Parking onsite will be provided with 22 regular spaces and 2 ADA accessible spots.

4. Nuisances and hazards. The scale, intensity, and operation of the use will not generate unreasonable noise, glare, dust, smoke, odor, vibration, electrical interference, or other nuisances or hazards for adjoining properties and other properties in the immediate area.

Due to the physical limitations of the site, none of the nuisances listed above are

anticipated with the proposed use.

 Solid waste. All on-site solid waste containers will be appropriately located for functional access, limited off-site visibility and minimal odor and other nuisance impacts.

Escambia County will provide solid waste services.

6. Screening and buffering. Where not otherwise required by the LDC, screening and buffering will be provided if appropriate to the proposed use and site.

Screening and buffering will be limited due to environmental constraints.

7. Signs and lighting. All exterior signs and lights, whether attached or freestanding, will be compatible with adjoining properties and other properties in the immediate area, especially regarding glare and traffic safety.

Informational signage will be provided but no lighting is proposed.

8. Site characteristics. The size, shape, location and topography of the site appear adequate to accommodate the proposed use, including setbacks, intensity, bulk, height, open space and aesthetic considerations.

The proposed use will use approx. half of the parcel's prior developed footprint

and is adequate to provide the proposed access.

9. Use requirements. The proposed use complies with any additional conditional use requirements of the applicable zoning district, use, or other provisions of the LDC.

4. <u>Please complete the following form (if applicable): Affidavit of Owner/Limited Power of</u> <u>Attorney</u>

AFFIDAVIT OF OWNER AND LIMITED POWER OF ATTORNEY (if applicable)

As owner of the property locate	ed at	
	, Florida, property reference i	number(s)
designate	for the sole purpose of completing th	
application and making a prese	ntation to the Board of Adjustment on the above referenced pr	operty
	is granted on this day of the year of,	
has expired. The owner reserve	ustment has rendered a decision on this request and any appears the right to rescind this Limited Power of Attorney at any tim Development Services Department.	
Agent Name:	Email:	
	Phone:	
Signature of Property Owner	Printed Name of Property Owner Date	
STATE OF	COUNTY OF	
	cknowledged before me this day of	
Personally Known 🗌 OR Produc	ed Identification . Type of Identification Produced:	
Signature of Notary	Printed Name of Notary	

(Notary Seal)

5. <u>Submittal Requirements</u>

A. Completed application: All applicable areas of the application shall be filled in

and submitted to the Planning and Zoning Department, 3363 West Park Place, Pensacola, FL 32505.

B. _____ Application Fees: To view fees visit the website:

http://myescambia.com/business/board-adjustment or contact us at 595-3475.

Note: Fees include all notices and advertisements required for the public hearing and a \$5 technical fee. Payments must be submitted prior to 3 pm of the closing date of acceptance of application. Please make checks payable to Escambia County. MasterCard and Visa are also accepted.

C. _____ Legal Proof of Ownership (ex: copy of Tax Notice or Warranty Deed) AND a

Certified Boundary Survey (Include Corporation/LLC documentation if applicable.)

D. _____ Signed and Notarized Affidavit of Owner/Limited Power of Attorney AND

Concurrency Determination Acknowledgement (pages 4 and 5).

By my signature, I hereby certify that:

- 1) I am duly qualified as owner(s) or authorized agent to make such application, this application is of my own choosing, and staff has explained all procedures relating to this request; and
- 2) All information given is accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief, and I understand that deliberate misrepresentation of such information will be grounds for denial or reversal of this application and/or revocation of any approval based upon this application; and
- 3) I understand that there are no guarantees as to the outcome of this request, and that the application fee is non-refundable; and
- 4) I authorize County staff to place a public notice sign(s) on the property referenced herein.; and
- 5) I am aware that Public Hearing notices (legal ad and/or postcards) for the request shall be provided by the Development Services Department.

Signature of Owner/Agent		Printed Name of Owner/Agent	
STATE OF was acknowledged before i		of	_The foregoing instrument
20, by			
Personally Known \Box OR Provide the State of the State o	oduced Identification \Box . Typ	pe of Identification Produced:	

Printed Name of Notary

Recorded in Public Records 02/12/2014 at 12:02 PM OR Book 7134 Page 476, Instrument #2014009303, Pam Childers Clerk of the Circuit Court Escambia County, FL Recording \$27.00

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Prepared by and return to: Daniel D. Akel Attorney at Law Holbrook, Akel, Cold, Stiefel & Ray, P.A. 1 Independent Drive #2301 Jacksonville, FL 32202 904-356-6311 File Number: 9181.130058 Consideration: \$0.00

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]

Special Warranty Deed

This Special Warranty Deed made effective the LOW day of February, 2014 between The Trust for Public Land., a California non-profit corporation, whose post office address is 306 North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32301, grantor, and, Escambia County, a political subdivision of the State of Florida, whose post office address is 221 Palafox Place, Pensacola, Florida 32502 grantee.

(Whenever used herein the terms grantor and grantee include all the parties to this instrument and the heirs, legal representatives, and assigns of individuals, and the successors and assigns of corporations, trusts and trustees)

Witnesseth, that said grantor, for and in consideration of the sum TEN AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$10.00) and other good and valuable considerations to said grantor in hand paid by said grantee, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, has granted, bargained, and sold to the said grantee, and grantee's heirs and assigns forever, the following described land, situate, lying and being in Escambia County, Florida, to-wit:

As described in Exhibit "A" attached hereto and made a part hereof by this reference;

This conveyance is subject to easements, restrictions, limitations and conditions of record if any now exist, but any such interests that may have been terminated are not hereby re-imposed and taxes for the current and subsequent years.

Together with all the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

To Have and to Hold, the same in fee simple forever.

And the grantor hereby covenants with said grantee that the grantor is lawfully seized of said land in fee simple; that the grantor has good right and lawful authority to sell and convey said land; that the grantor hereby fully warrants the title to said land and will defend the same against the lawful claims of all persons claiming by, through or under grantors.

This land acquisition was acquired (in part) with funds provided by the U. S. Department of Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, pursuant to Endangered Species Section 6 Recovery Land Acquisition Program covered under grant award F12AP00155 (FL-E-44-HL-1), and will be managed in for the purpose of this Grant Award, in accordance with applicable federal and State law. The land acquisition may not be disposed in any manner, or used for purposes inconsistent with the program for which it was acquired, without the prior approval of the Regional Director – Southeast Region, U. S. Fish and Wildlife Services.

THIS INSTRUMENT IS EXEMPT FROM DOCUMENTARY STAMP TAXES PURSUANT TO CHAPTER 201.02(6), FLORIDA STATUTES

BK: 7134 PG: 477

In Witness Whereof, grantor has hereunto set grantor's hand and seal the day and year first above written.

Signed, sealed and delivered in our presence:

Witness Name ORRO Witness Name: GNID 123

THE TRUST FOR PUBLIC LAND a California non-profit corporation

(Seal) Peter Fodor, Division Legal Director

State of Florida County of Leon

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this _7_ day of February ,2014 by Peter Fodor, the Division Legal Director of The Trust for Public Land, a California non-profit corporation, who [y is personally known or [] has produced a driver's license as identification.

[Notary Seal]

STACY S. GAYHART MY COMMISSION # EE 005978 EXPIRES: October 31, 2014 inded Thru Notary Public Underwrite

Stocs.	Gayh	at .		
Notary Public	0			

Printed Name:

StAcy S. Caybort My Commission Expires: 10-31-2014

. . •

EXHIBIT "A"

THE LAND REFERRED TO HEREIN BELOW IS SITUATED IN THE COUNTY OF Escambia, STATE OF FL, AND IS DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

. . . .

DESCRIPTION: (OFFICIAL RECORDS BOOK 1413, PAGE 369)

PHASE II

COMMENCING AT THE INTERSECTION OF THE CENTERLINE OF S.R. #S-292 (100' R/W) AND THE WEST LINE OF SECTION 6, TOWNSHIP 4 SOUTH, RANGE 32 WEST, ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA;

THENCE GO NORTH 79 DEGREES 29 MINUTES 00 SECONDS EAST ALONG THE CENTERLINE OF SAID STATE ROAD FOR A DISTANCE OF 445.02 FEET TO A POINT OF CURVATURE; THENCE CONTINUE ALONG SAID CENTERLINE WHICH IS A CURVE TO THE RIGHT HAVING A RADIUS OF 11,459.20 FEET FOR AN ARC DISTANCE OF 400.00 FEET TO A POINT OF TANGENCY; THENCE NORTH 79 DEGREES 29 MINUTES 00 SECONDS EAST ALONG SAID STATE ROAD CENTERLINE 1390.88 FEET; THENCE SOUTH 00 DEGREES 02 MINUTES 00 SECONDS WEST FOR 50.86 FEET TO THE SOUTH R/W LINE OF SAID STATE ROAD FOR POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE SOUTH 79 DEGREES 29 MINUTES 00 SECONDS WEST ALONG SAID STATE ROAD FOR POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE SOUTH 79 DEGREES 29 MINUTES 00 SECONDS WEST ALONG SAID SOUTH R/W LINE FOR 134.75 FEET; THENCE SOUTH 00 DEGREES 02 MINUTES 00 SECONDS WEST FOR 485.00 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE SHORE LINE OF THE GULF OF MEXICO; THENCE MEANDER NORTHEASTERLY ALONG SAID SHORE LINE TO ITS INTERSECTION WITH A LINE PASSED THROUGH THE POINT OF BEGINNING HAVING A BEARING OF SOUTH 00 DEGREES 02 MINUTES 00 SECONDS WEST; THENCE NORTH 00 DEGREES 02 MINUTES 00 SECONDS EAST FOR 468.00 FEET MORE OR LESS TO POINT OF BEGINNING.

DESCRIPTION: (OFFICIAL RECORDS BOOK 1397, PAGE 815)

PHASE IV

COMMENCING AT THE INTERSECTION OF THE CENTERLINE OF S.R. #S-292 (100' R/W) AND THE WEST LINE OF SECTION 6, TOWNSHIP 4 SOUTH, RANGE 32 WEST, ESCAMBIA COUNTY FLORIDA; THENCE GO NORTH 79 DEGREES 29 MINUTES 00 SECONDS EAST ALONG THE CENTERLINE OF SAID STATE ROAD FOR A DISTANCE OF 445.02 FEET TO A POINT OF CURVATURE; THENCE CONTINUE ALONG SAID CENTERLINE WHICH IS A CURVE TO THE RIGHT HAVING A RADIUS OF 11,459.20 FEET FOR AN ARC DISTANCE OF 400.0 FEET TO A POINT OF TANGENCY; THENCE NORTH 79 DEGREES 29 MINUTES 00 SECONDS EAST ALONG SAID STATE ROAD CENTERLINE 1390.88 FEET; THENCE SOUTH 00 DEGREES 29 MINUTES 00 SECONDS WEST FOR 50.86 FEET TO THE SOUTH R/W LINE OF SAID STATE ROAD ; THENCE SOUTH 79 DEGREES 29 MINUTES 00 SECONDS WEST FOR 50.86 FEET TO THE SOUTH R/W LINE FOR 134.75 FEET FOR POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE CONTINUE ALONG SAID SOUTH R/W LINE FOR 134.75 FEET FOR POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE CONTINUE ALONG SAID SOUTH R/W LINE FOR 201.15 FEET; THENCE SOUTH 00 DEGREES 02 MINUTES 00 SECONDS WEST FOR 484.0 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE SHORE LINE OF THE GULF OF MEXICO; THENCE MEANDER NORTHEASTERLY ALONG SAID SOUTH R/W LINE FOR 114. PASSED THROUGH THE POINT OF BEGINNING HAVING A BEARING OF SOUTH 00 DEGREES 02 MINUTES 00 SECONDS WEST FOR 485.0 FEET MORE OR LESS TO POINT OF THE SOURD WEST FOR 484.0 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE SHORE LINE OF THE GULF OF MEXICO; THENCE MEANDER NORTHEASTERLY ALONG SAID SHORELINE TO ITS INTERSECTION WITH A LINE PASSED THROUGH THE POINT OF BEGINNING HAVING A BEARING OF SOUTH 00 DEGREES 02 MINUTES 00 SECONDS WEST; THENCE NORTH

LESS AND EXCEPT

6.00 FOOT BEACH ACCESS STRIP

COMMENCING AT THE INTERSECTION OF THE CENTERLINE OF S.R. #S-292 (100' R/W) AND THE WEST LINE OF SECTION 6, TOWNSHIP 4 SOUTH, RANGE 32 WEST, ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA; THENCE GO NORTH 79 DEGREES 29 MINUTES 00 SECONDS EAST ALONG THE CENTERLINE OF SAID STATE ROAD FOR A DISTANCE OF 445.02 FEET TO A POINT OF CURVATURE; THENCE CONTINUE ALONG SAID CENTERLINE WHICH IS A CURVE TO THE RIGHT HAVING A RADIUS OF 11,459.20 FEET FOR AN ARC DISTANCE OF 400.00 FEET TO A POINT OF TANGENCY: THENCE GO NORTH 79 DEGREES 29 MINUTES 00 SECONDS EAST ALONG SAID STATE ROAD CENTERLINE A DISTANCE OF 1390.88 FEET; THENCE GO SOUTH 00 DEGREES 02 MINUTES 00 SECONDS WEST FOR A DISTANCE OF 50.86 FEET TO THE SOUTH R/W LINE OF SAID STATE ROAD; THENCE GO SOUTH 79 DEGREES 29 MINUTES 00 SECONDS WEST ALONG SAID SOUTH RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE FOR A DISTANCE OF 329.80 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE DEPARTING SAID SOUTH RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE GO SOUTH 00 DEGREES 02 MINUTES 00 SECONDS WEST A DISTANCE OF 580.59 FEET TO A POINT ON THE MEAN HIGH WATER LINE OF THE GULF OF MEXICO; THENCE GO SOUTH 63 DEGREES 39 MINUTES 41 SECONDS WEST ALONG SAID MEAN HIGH WATER LINE A DISTANCE OF 6.70 FEET; THENCE DEPARTING SAID MEAN HIGH WATER LINE GO NORTH 00 DEGREES 02 MINUTES 00 SECONDS WEST A DISTANCE OF 580.59 FEET TO ON THE SOUTH RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE GULF OF MEXICO; THENCE GO SOUTH 63 DEGREES 39 MINUTES 41 SECONDS WEST ALONG SAID MEAN HIGH WATER LINE A DISTANCE OF 6.70 FEET; THENCE DEPARTING SAID MEAN HIGH WATER LINE GO NORTH 00 DEGREES 02 MINUTES 00 SECONDS EAST A DISTANCE OF 582.46 FEET TO A POINT ON THE SOUTH RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SAID S.R. # S-292; THENCE GO NORTH 79 DEGREES 29 MINUTES 00 SECONDS EAST ALONG SAID SOUTH RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 6.10 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.



Board of Adjustment		6. B.
Meeting Date:	11/14/2018	
CASE:	CU-2018-19	
APPLICANT:	Derek Frazier, Agent for Willie Sam Nored,	Owner
ADDRESS:	3130 Barrancas Ave.	
PROPERTY REFERENCE NO.:	59-2S-30-2300-003-006	
ZONING DISTRICT:	Com	
FUTURE LAND USE:	MU-U	
OVERLAY DISTRICT:	Barrancas	

SUBMISSION DATA:

REQUESTED CONDITIONAL USE:

The Applicant is seeking conditional use approval to operate a microwinery in a commercially zoned parcel.

RELEVANT AUTHORITY:

Land Development Code of Escambia County, Florida (Ordinance 96-3 as amended), Section:3-2.10(c)(6)b.

(6) Industrial and related.

(b) Microbreweries, microdistilleries, microwineries.

CRITERIA:

Land Development Code of Escambia County, Florida (Ordinance 96-3 as amended), Section 2-6.4 Sale of Alcohol, Section 4-7.5(e)

CRITERION (a)

General compatibility. The proposed use can be conducted and operated in a manner that is compatible with adjacent properties and other properties in the immediate area.

If this is for the sale of alcohol within a 1000 ft of a place of worship or child care facility; please explain 1- 5 below:

1. The existing times of use of the places of worship or child care facilities coincide with the hours of operation of the subject business.

- 2. The 1000-foot minimum distance is not achieved.
- 3. The conflicting uses are visible to each other.
- 4. Any on-premises consumption is outdoors.
- 5. Any conditions or circumstances mitigate any incompatibility.

FINDINGS-OF-FACT

This parcel is an existing commercial site, located along a minor arterial road. The proposed use can be operated in a way that is compatible with the surrounding properties and area.

CRITERION (b)

Facilities and services. Public facilities and services, especially those with adopted levels of service, will be available, will provide adequate capacity to serve the proposed use consistent with capacity requirements.

FINDINGS-OF-FACT

Utilities and services are available for the proposed use and will be reviewed through the site plan review process.

CRITERION (c)

On-site circulation. Ingress to and egress from the site and its structures will be sufficient, particularly regarding vehicle and pedestrian safety and convenience, efficient traffic flow and control, on-site parking and loading, and emergency vehicle access.

FINDINGS-OF-FACT

Access will be from Barrancas Ave with parking on site. Parking and access will be considered during site plan review.

CRITERION (d)

Nuisances and hazards. The scale, intensity, and operation of the use will not generate unreasonable noise, glare, dust, smoke, odor, vibration, electrical interference, or other nuisances or hazards for adjoining properties and other properties in the immediate area.

FINDINGS-OF-FACT

There are no new nuisances anticipated that would be out of character with the adjacent commercial properties.

CRITERION (e)

Solid waste. All on site solid waste containers will be appropriately located for functional access, limited off-site visibility and minimal odor and other nuisance impacts.

FINDINGS-OF-FACT

The Applicant will be resposible to provide any necessay solid waste services required by the proposed use.

CRITERION (f)

Screening and buffering. Where not otherwise required by the LDC, screening and buffering will be provided if appropriate to the proposed use and site.

FINDINGS OF FACT

The existing vegetative buffer at the rear and sides of the site may need to be suplemented once inspected by environmental staff during site plan review.

CRITERION (g)

Signs and lighting. All exterior signs and lights, whether attached or freestanding, will be compatible with adjoining properties and other properties in the immediate area, especially regarding glare and traffic safety.

FINDINGS OF FACT

Any proposed signs and lighting must be permitted and meet the minimum standards of the Land Development Code (LDC) and Community Redevelopment Area (CRA).

CRITERION (h)

Site characteristics. The size, shape, location and topography of the site appear adequate to accommodate the proposed use, including setbacks, intensity, bulk, height, open space and aesthetic considerations.

FINDINGS OF FACT

This existing commercial site does appear to be capable of hosting the proposed use. The original site design was commercial.

CRITERION (i)

Use requirements. The proposed use complies with any additional conditional use requirements of the applicable zoning district, use, or other provisions of the LDC.

FINDINGS OF FACT

The proposed use is located within a CRA and meets the design standards for that area. CRA staff will be a part of the site plan review process.

STAFF FINDINGS

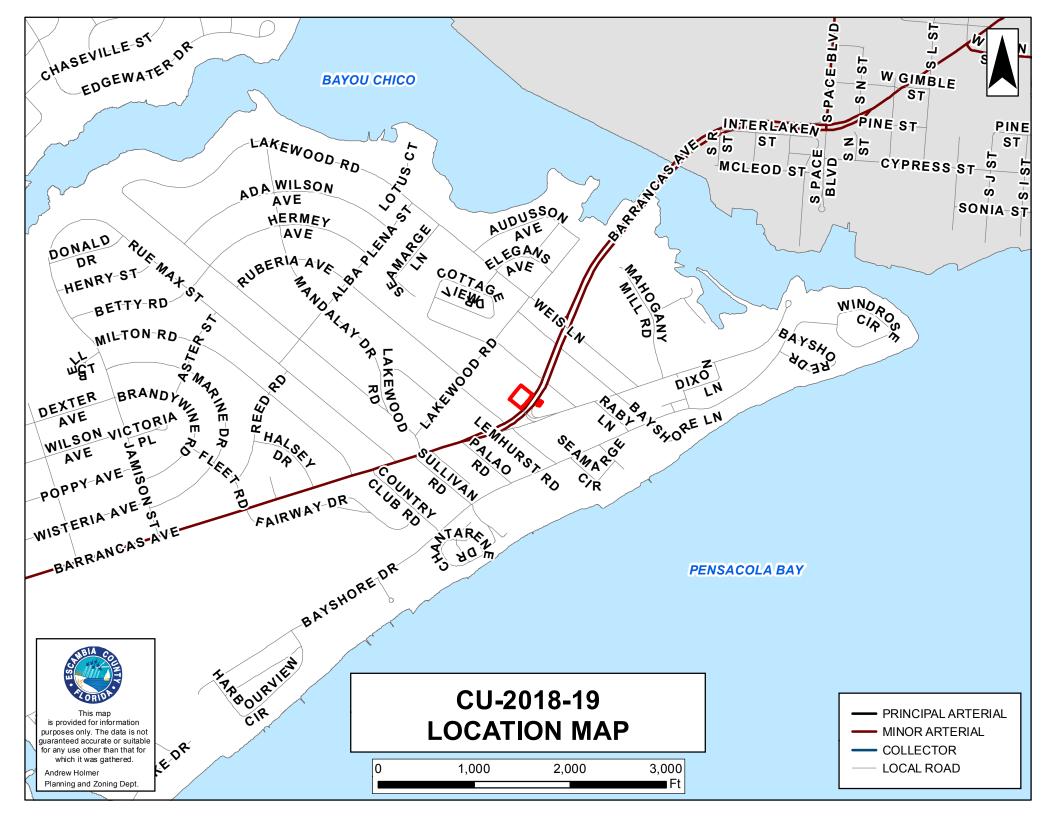
Staff finds that the proposed use meets all of the required criteria and recommends approval with the following condition:

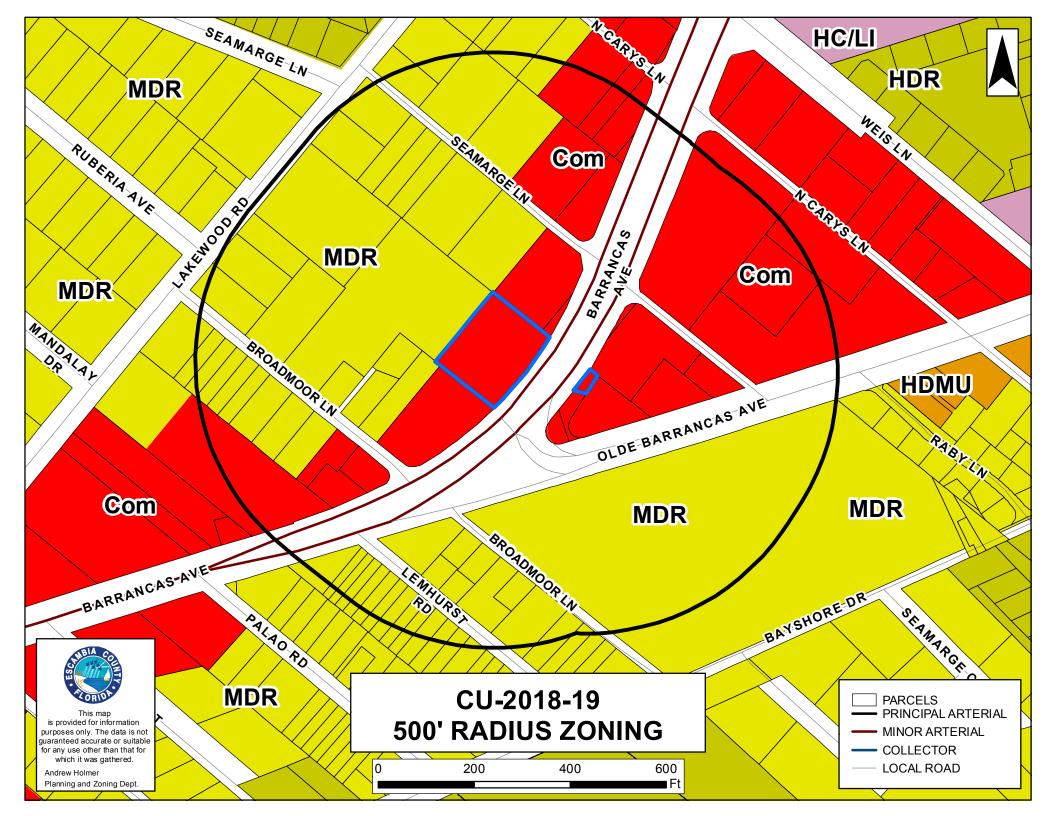
Approval through the county site plan review process and any associated permitting.

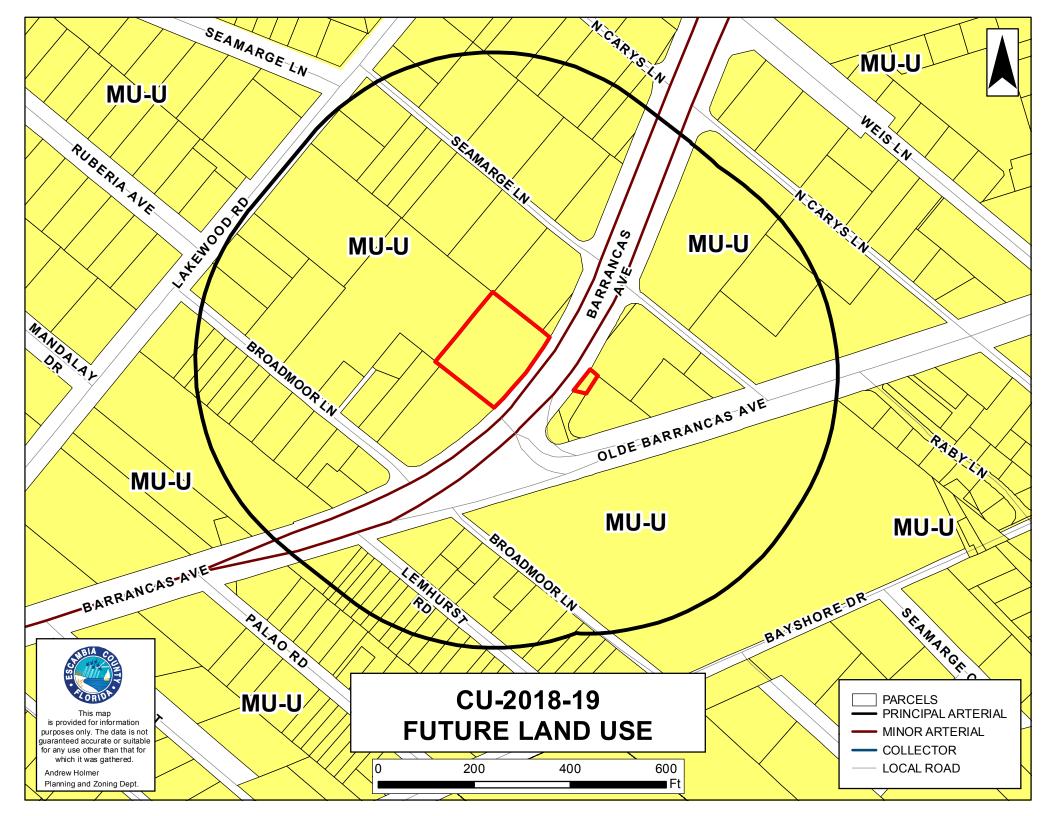
BOA DECISION

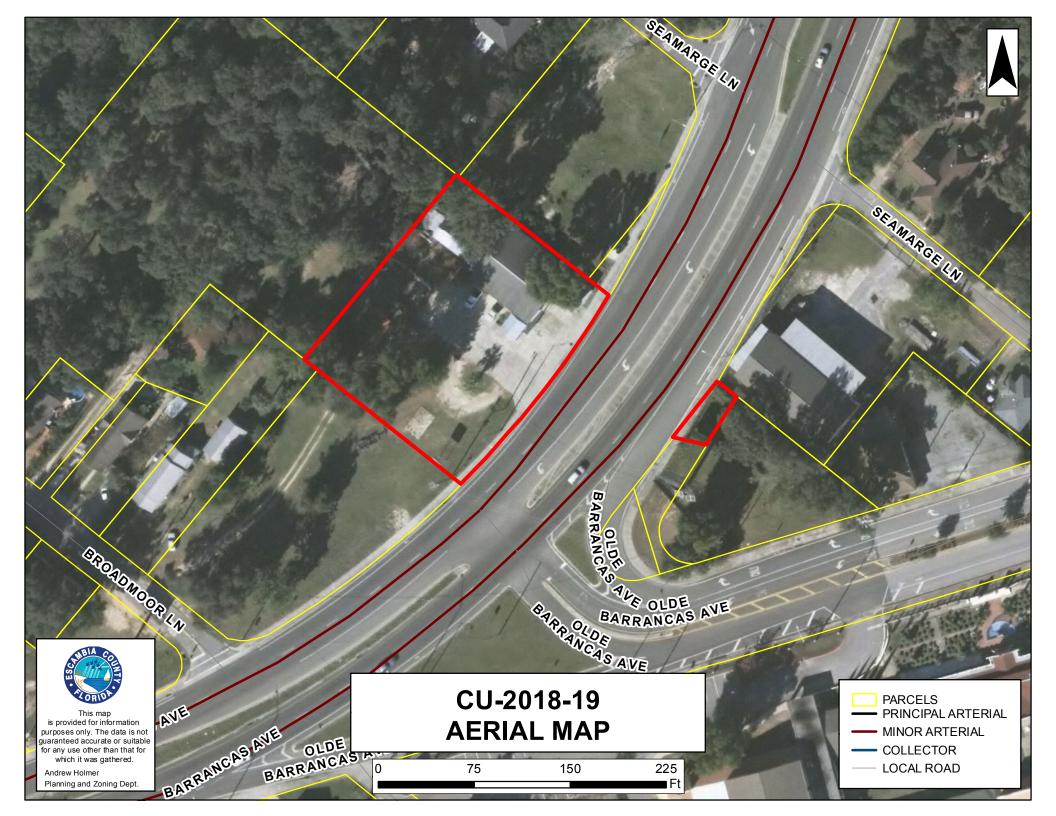
BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT FINDINGS

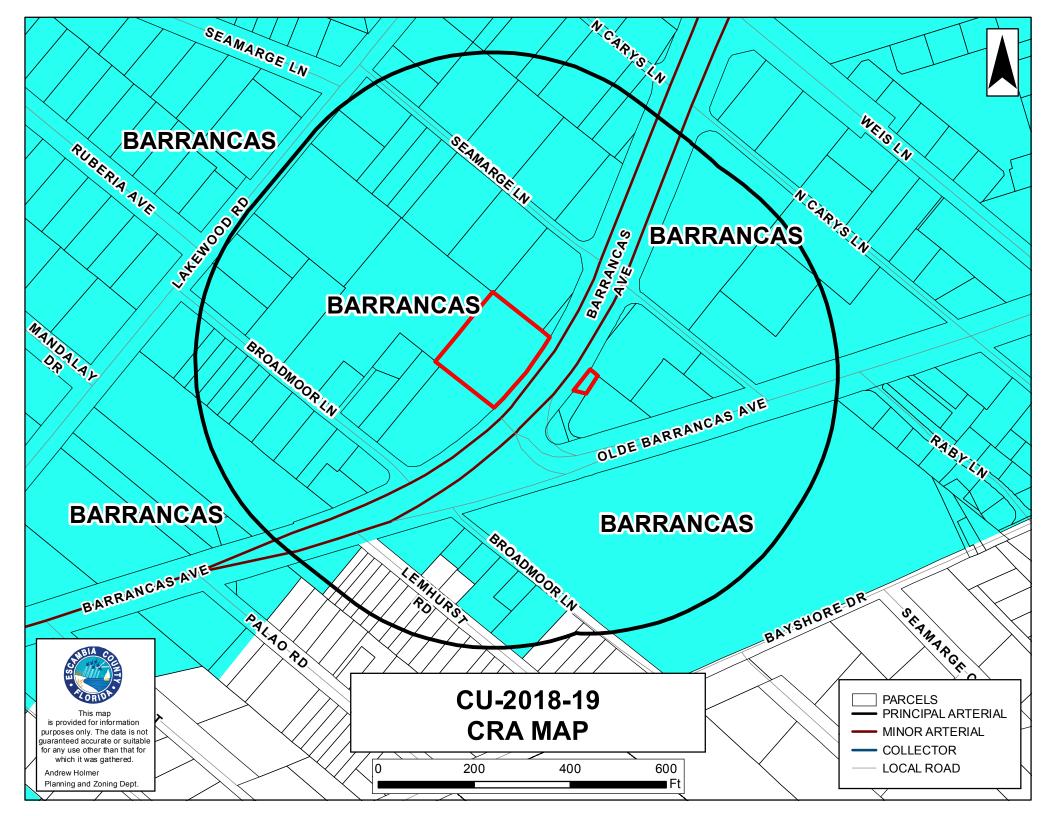
CU-2018-19











Escambia County Planning and Zoning Development Services Department 3363 West Park Place Pensacola, FL 32505 Phone: (850) 595-3475 • Fax: (850) 595-3481 <u>http://myescambia.com/business/ds</u>

Board of Adjustment Application

		ALL DOLLAR 1/11 1/11/2015
		USE ONLY - Case Number: <u>CU-2018-19</u> Accepted by: <u>CGM</u> BOA Meeting: <u>11/14/2018</u>
Condi	tior	nal Use Request for: Microwinery in Com 201ing
Variar	nce	Request for:
1.	Co	ntact Information: W.S. NOVED
	Α.	Property Owner/Applicant: Aelanie Collins June Ariole DY.
		Mailing Address: 3090 Newton Dr. Denbacda (132503
		Business Phone: Cell: <u>904-318-646</u> /308-4923
		Email: Melawiec 1967 @ Yahao, com
	в.	Authorized Agent (if applicable): Derek Frazier
		Mailing Address: 3090 Newton Dr. Peusacola PL 32503
		Business Phone: Cell: 256-624-8306
		Email:
		Note: Owner must complete the attached Agent Affidavit. If there is more than one owner, each owner must
		complete an Agent Affidavit. Application will be voided if changes to this application are found.
2.		operty Information:
	Α.	Existing Street Address: 3130 Barrankas Ave 32507
		Parcel ID (s): 5925302300003006
	в.	Total acreage of the subject property: 0.6734
	c.	Existing Zoning: Commercia
		FLU Category: MU-U
	D.	Is the subject property developed (if yes, explain): Yes. 4387 Joral SF
		Base area 3785
	Ε.	Sanitary Sewer: Septic: X

3. Amendment Request

A. Please provide a general description of the proposed request, explaining why it is

necessary and/or appropriate.

(n as a aduning

- B. For <u>Variance Request</u> Please address *ALL* the following approval conditions for your Variance request. (use supplement sheets as needed)
- 1. Special conditions and circumstances exist which are peculiar to the land, structure or building and which are not applicable to other lands, structures or buildings in the same zoning district.

2. The special conditions and circumstances do not result from the actions of the applicant.

- C. For <u>Conditional Use</u> Request Please address *ALL* the following approval conditions for your Conditional Use request. (use supplement sheets as needed)
- 1. General compatibility. The proposed use can be conducted and operated in a manner that is compatible with adjacent properties and other properties in the immediate area. If this is for the sale of alcohol within a 1000 ft of a place of worship or child care facility; please explain a-e below: a.) The existing times of use of the places of worship or child care facilities coincide with the hours of operation of the subject business b.) The 1000-foot minimum distance is not achieved. c.) The conflicting uses are visible to each other. d.) Any on-premises consumption is outdoors. e.) Any conditions or circumstances

mitigate any incompatibility.

LOCH QUEEN OF MAITVIS -10am Mon-Frida 5pm

MOSP +10pm MON-FO; G:40 AM

Cavers LANIA

2. Facilities and services. Public facilities and services, especially those with adopted levels of service, will be available, will provide adequate capacity to serve the proposed use

consistent with capacity requirements.

person Max GOOM Less DRIGON Draildes water

3. On-site circulation. Ingress to and egress from the site and its structures will be sufficient, particularly regarding vehicle and pedestrian safety and convenience, efficient

traffic flow and control, on-site parking and loading, and emergency vehicle access.

1~ 16-0 Garage 0065 Dodistian ACCESS ear 1200 36 TAKEN Darle Handican 10 Commerica

4. Nuisances and hazards. The scale, intensity, and operation of the use will not generate unreasonable noise, glare, dust, smoke, odor, vibration, electrical interference, or other nuisances or hazards for adjoining properties and other properties in the immediate

area. will be limited nou ple will KALCES

5. Solid waste. All on-site solid waste containers will be appropriately located for functional access, limited off-site visibility and minimal odor and other nuisance

impacts. Concrete pool to the West of the building

6. Screening and buffering. Where not otherwise required by the LDC, screening and

buffering will be provided if appropriate to the proposed use and site. 0 rude tix RECOL Se

7. Signs and lighting. All exterior signs and lights, whether attached or freestanding, will be compatible with adjoining properties and other properties in the immediate area,

especially regarding glare and traffic safety. ion Kaisp hta 91

8. Site characteristics. The size, shape, location and topography of the site appear adequate to accommodate the proposed use, including setbacks, intensity, bulk, height, open space and aesthetic considerations.

TINCI 4 hp

9. Use requirements. The proposed use complies with any additional conditional use

requirements of the applicable zoning district, use, or other provisions of the LDC. CAXX 0 D CIVI

4. <u>Please complete the following form (if applicable): Affidavit of Owner/Limited Power of</u> Attorney

AFFIDAVIT OF OWNER AND LIMITED POWER OF ATTORNEY (if applicable)

+ Agent Name: Willie Sam Nored Email: pj. Murphey @ yahas, com Email: <u>DJ. Mulprey & your</u> Address: <u>3031060riole Pr</u> Phone: <u>350-368-4923</u> <u>Mullie Sam Nored</u> <u>Printed Name of Property Owner</u> Date

STATE OF Florida COUNTY OF Escampia The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 244 day of Oct 2018, by Willie Sam Wored

Personally Known D OR Produced Identification . Type of Identification Produced: _____

Sunipol

Signature of Notary

avol

Printed Name of Notary

(Notary Seal)

CAROL SWINFORD Notary Public - State of Florida Commission # GG 241676 My Comm. Expires Jul 25, 2022 Bonded through National Notary Assn.

- 5. Submittal Requirements
 - Completed application: All applicable areas of the application shall be filled in Α. and submitted to the Planning and Zoning Department, 3363 West Park Place, Pensacola, FL 32505.
 - Application Fees: To view fees visit the website: Β. http://myescambia.com/business/board-adjustment or contact us at 595-3475.

Note: Fees include all notices and advertisements required for the public hearing and a \$5 technical fee. Payments must be submitted prior to 3 pm of the closing date of acceptance of application. Please make checks payable to Escambia County. MasterCard and Visa are also accepted.

- Legal Proof of Ownership (ex: copy of Tax Notice or Warranty Deed) AND C.
- A Certified Boundary Survey (Include Corporation/LLC documentation If D. applicable.)
- Signed and Notarized Affidavit of Owner/Limited Power of Attorney AND Ε. Concurrency Determination Acknowledgement (pages 4 and 5).

By my signature, I hereby certify that:

- 1) I am duly qualified as owner(s) or authorized agent to make such application, this application is of my own choosing, and staff has explained all procedures relating to this request; and
- 2) All information given is accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief, and I understand that deliberate misrepresentation of such information will be grounds for denial or reversal of this application and/or revocation of any approval based upon this application; and
- 3) I understand that there are no guarantees as to the outcome of this request, and that the application fee is non-refundable; and
- 4) I authorize County staff to place a public notice sign(s) on the property referenced herein.; and
- 5) I am aware that Public Hearing notices (legal ad and/or postcards) for the request shall be provided by the **Development Services Department.**

Signature of Owner/Agent

Frinted Name of Owner/Agent

STATE OF Florid	count fore me this 24	day Oct	imbia of	The foregoing instrument
20 14, by	Willie	Sam	Nored	·

Personally Known 🗆 OR Produced Identification 🕼 Type of Identification Produced: 🚬 🏹 🖵 🖵

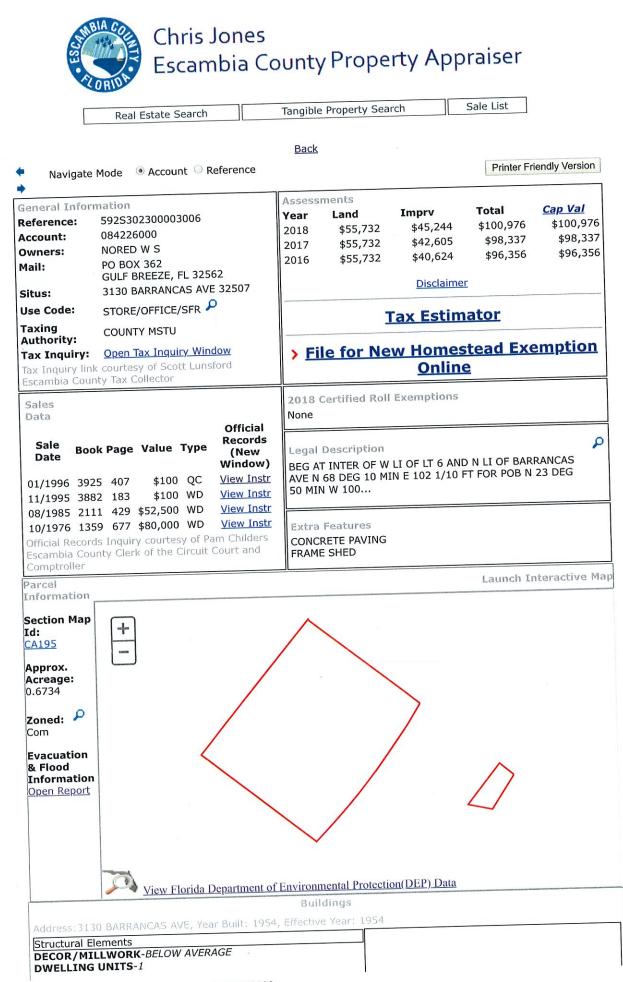
dain as

Signature of Notary

(Notary Seal)

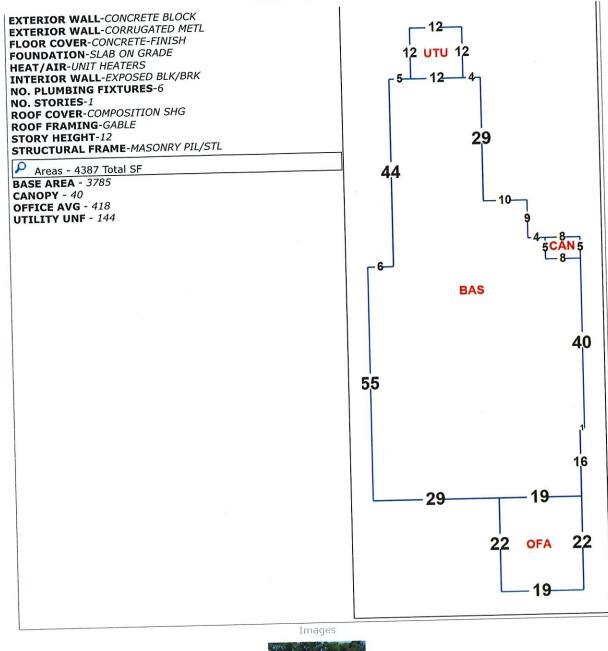


CAROL SWINFORD Notary Public - State of Florida Commission # GG 241676 My Comm. Expires Jul 25, 2022 Bonded through National Notary Assn.



https://www.escpa.org/CAMA/Detail_a.aspx?s=592S302300003006

10/26/2018





The primary use of the assessment data is for the preparation of the current year tax roll. No responsibility or liability is assumed for inaccuracies or errors.

Last Updated:10/26/2018 (tc.902)

10/26/2018

Landmark Web Official Records Search

OR BK3925 Pg0407 INSTRUMENT 00275841

Prepared under the supervision of:

BOB DEAL ,Legal Counsel Florida Department of Transportation Post Office Box 607 Chipley, Florida 32428

> COUNTY: SECTION: STATE ROAD: PARCEL NO.:

ESCAMBIA 48050-2536 292 105 Pt. & 106 Pt.

QUIT CLAIM DEED

THIS INDENTURE, made this <u>23</u>, day of <u>January</u>, 1996, by and between the STATE OF FLORIDA, by and through the STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION as the Party of the First Part and W. S. NORED, whose address is P. O. Box 362, Gulf Breeze, Florida 32562, party of the second part.

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, said land hereinafter described was heretofore acquired for state

highway purposes; and

WHEREAS, said land is no longer required for such purposes, and the Party of the First Part, by action of the District Secretary of Transportation pursuant to the provisions of Section 337.25, Florida Statutes has agreed to quitclaim the land hereinafter described to the Parties of the Second Part;

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS INDENTURE WITNESSETH: That the Party of the First Part, for and in consideration of the premises and the sum of One Dollar and other valuable considerations to it paid by the Parties of the Second Part, assigns, forever, all the

1996

¥ . *

OR BK3925 Pg0408

COUNTY:	ESCAMBIA
SECTION:	48050-2536
STATE ROAD:	292
PARCEL NO .:	105 Pt. & 106 Pt.

right, title and interest of the State of Florida and/or the State of Florida Department of Transportation to the property described on Exhibit "A" attached hereto and made a part hereof.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said premises and the appurtenances thereof unto the Parties of the Second Part.

Reserving unto the Grantor and its successors an undivided three-fourths interest in, and title in and to, and undivided three-fourths interest in all the phosphate, minerals and metals that are or may be in, on or under the said land and undivided one-half interest in all petroleum that is or may be in, on, or under said land with the privilege to enter in and develop the same on all lands wherein the Grantor holds the requisite interest.

THIS CONVEYANCE IS made subject to any unpaid taxes, assessments liens, or encumbrances.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the State of Florida Department of Transportation has caused these presents to be signed in the name of the State of Florida and in the name of the State of Florida Department of Transportation by its District Secretary, District 3 and its seal to be hereunto affixed, attested by its Executive Secretary, on the date first above written. 10/26/2018

Landmark Web Official Records Search

3 ×

OR BK3925 Pg0409

 COUNTY:
 ESCAMBIA

 SECTION:
 48050-2536e

 STATE ROAD:
 292

 PARCEL NO.:
 105 Pt. & 106 Pt.

Signed, sealed and delivered in our presence

as witnesses: Jerry Oben;

STATE OF FLORIDA) COUNTY OF WASHINGTON)

	STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF
	TRANSPORTATION
	BY: NE Presion
	H. E. Prescott
	District Secretary
	District Three
1	ATTEST Lana S. Dillient
	Executive Secretary
	Lana S. Gilbert
	VALUE COSPANIE
)	

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, this day personally appeared, H. E. Prescott District Secretary, District Three and Lana S. Gilbert. Executive Secretary of the State of Florida Department of Transportation, respectively, to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they severally acknowledged the execution thereof to be their free act and deed as such officers for the uses and purposes therein mentioned, and that they affixed thereto the official seal of said State of Florida Department of Transportation, and the said instrument is the act and deed of said Department.

WITNESS my hand and official seal this _23ed day of

JANHARY, 1996.

Particle & Carlor & Carlos & Carlos & Bonding Co.

801 My Commission Expires 11/03/99

Kuunnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn

Jerry Obert Notary Public, State of Florida Commission No. CC 505029

(NOTARIAL SEAL)

Notary Public in and for the

Notary Public in and for the County and State last aforesaid My commission expires ______. Serial No., if any _____. Jeany Obserf

http://dory.escambiaclerk.com/LandmarkWeb1.4.6.134/Search/DocumentAndInfoByBookPage?Key=Assessor&booktype=OR&booknumber=3925&pa... 3/5

10/26/2018

J 1 ^{*} , '

EXHIBIT "A"

OR BK3925 Pg0410 INSTRUMENT 00275841

This description prepared by,

George W. Cathey Department of Transportation P.O. Box 607 Chipley, FL 32428

Section 48050-2536 S.R. No. 292 County: Escambia

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY TO BE QUITCLAIMED TO W.S. NORED (BEING A PORTION OF PARCEL 105.1 AND 106.1, SECTION 48050-2536)

A parcel of land situate, lying and being in Section 59, Α. Township 2 South, Range 30 West, Escambia County, Florida, being described as follows: Commence at a 5/8 inch iron rod and cap (L.S. 1226) marking the intersection of the existing north right of way line of Barrancas Avenue (80 foot right of way) with the northeasterly line of Lot 6 of Fisher's Subdivision of 96 Acres as recorded in Deed Book 11, Page 349 of the Public Records of Escambia County, Florida; thence South 72°34'56" West 223.16 feet along said existing north right of way line to the southwesterly line of said Lot 6; thence departing said existing northerly right of way line, run North 50°31'07" West 145.61 feet along the southwesterly line of said Lot 6 to the POINT OF BEGINNING; thence continue North 50°31'07" West 151.61 feet along said southwesterly line of said Lot 6; thence North 39°32'00" East 124.90 feet; thence South 50°31'07" East 151.43 feet to the beginning of a non-tangent curve, concave northwesterly, having a radius of 1,184.50 feet; thence from a tangent bearing of South 34°24'37" West, run southwesterly 74.40 feet along said curve, through a central angle of 03°35'55" to end of curve and beginning of a non-tangent curve, concave northwesterly, having a radius of 904.99 feet; thence from a tangent bearing of South 42°36'01" West, run southwesterly 50.82 feet along said curve, through a central angle of 03°13'03" to end of said curve and the POINT OF BEGINNING;

Containing 19,228 square feet, more or less.

SUBJECT TO UTILITIES REMAINING IN PLACE AND IN USE.

ALSO:

B. A parcel of land situate, lying and being in Section 59, Township 2 South, Range 30 West, Escambia County, Florida, , ÷ . . .

EXHIBIT "A"

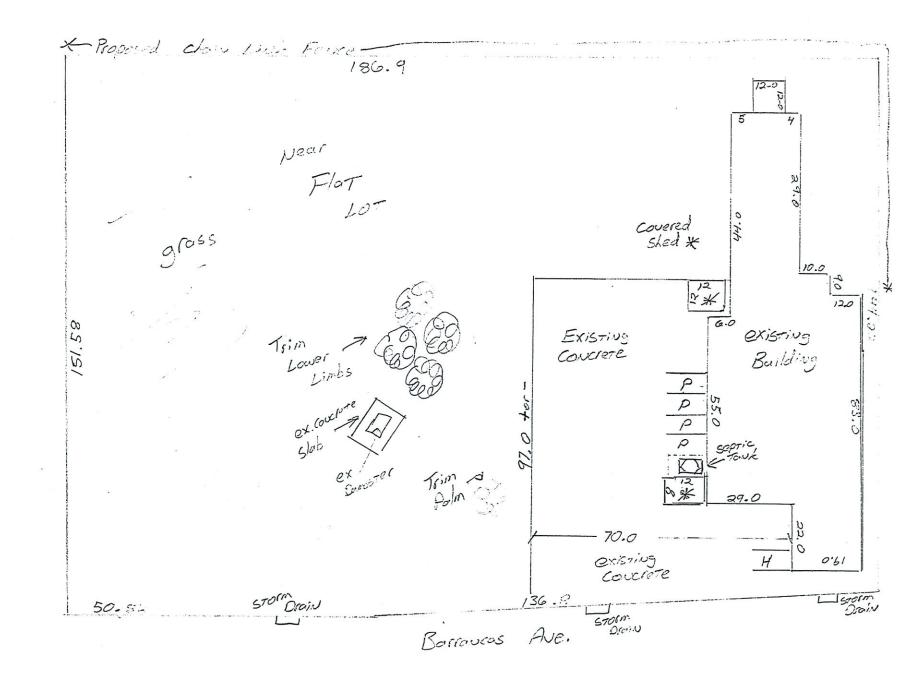
OR BK3925 Pg0411

being described as follows: Commence at a 5/8 inch iron rod and cap (L.S. 1226) marking the intersection of the existing northerly right of way line of Barrancas Avenue (80 foot right of way) with the northeasterly line of Lot 6 of Fisher's Subdivision of 96 Acres as recorded in Deed Book 11, Page 349 of the Public Records of Escambia County, Florida; thence South 72°34'56" West 118.30 feet along said existing northerly right of way line to POINT OF BEGINNING; thence continue South 72°34'56" West 38.78 feet along said existing northerly right of way line to the beginning of a non-tangent curve, concave southeasterly, having a radius of 32.00 feet; thence departing said existing northerly right of way line, from a tangent bearing of South 89°02'44" West, run westerly, northerly and northeasterly 68.71 feet along said curve, through a central angle of 123°01'55" to end of curve; thence North 31°44'40" East 61.80 feet; thence South 84°51'59" East 00.85 feet; thence South 19°12'07" East 95.15 feet to POINT OF BEGINNING;

Containing 4,080 square feet, more or less.

SUBJECT TO UTILITIES REMAINING IN PLACE AND IN USE.

Instrument 00275841 Filed and recorded in the Official Records FEBRUARY 27, 1996 at 08:21 A.M. ERNIE LEE MAGAHA, CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT Escambia County, Florida





DEVELOPMENT SERVICES ADMINISTRATIVE APPEAL WORKSHEET

Board of Adjustment Meeting Date: 11/14/2018

6. C.

I. SUBMISSION DATA:

APPLICANT: David Theriaque, Agent for Teramore Development, LLC and Shu Shurett and Leo Huang, Owners DATE OF ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION: July 24, 2017 DATE OF APPEAL APPLICATION: August 7, 2017 PROJECT ADDRESS: 11400 Blk. of Gulf Beach Hwy. PROPERTY REFERENCE NO.: 23-3S-31-2001-000-000 ZONING DISTRICT: Commercial FUTURE LAND USE: Mixed-Use Suburban

III. REQUESTED APPEAL::

On July 24, 2017, the Escambia County Planning Official issued a determination of land use compatibility in relation to a request from Teramore Development, LLC.

The determination was that a proposed Dollar General store would not be compatible based on location criteria found in Section 3-2.1 of the county Land Development Code.

The submitted administrative appeal seeks to overturn the decision of the planning official in this matter.

III. RELEVANT APPEAL AUTHORITY:

Land Development Code of Escambia County, Florida (Ordinance 96-3 as amended), Section: 2.04.00 & 2.04.01

Sections 2.04.00, Appeal of Administrative Decisions and 2.04.01, Procedures for the Appeal of Administrative Decisions of the Escambia County Land Development Code (Ordinance No. 96-3 as amended), provide the relevant authority for the BOA's review of administrative decisions.

A. The BOA is authorized to hear and to rule upon any appeal made by those persons aggrieved by administration of this Code. An administrative decision, or staff interpretation, shall not be reversed, altered, or modified by the BOA unless it finds that:

1. A written application for the appeal was submitted within 15 days of the administrative decision or action indicating the section of this Code under which said appeal applies together with a statement of the grounds on which the appeal is based; and

2. That the person filing said appeal has established that the decision or action of the administrative official was arbitrary and capricious; or

3. An aggrieved party who files an appeal of a decision of the DRC approving or approving with conditions a development plan application, must show, by competent substantial evidence that:

(i) The decision of the DRC is not in compliance with the Comprehensive Plan or the Land Development Code;

(ii) Their property will suffer an adverse impact as a result of the development approval decision;

(iii) The adverse impact must be to a specific interest protected or furthered by the Comprehensive Plan or the Land Development Code; and

(iv) It must be greater in degree than any adverse impact shared by the community at large.

4. In the event the owner, developer, or applicant is aggrieved or adversely affected by a denial of a development plan application or the imposition of conditions, the owner, developer or applicant filing the appeal must show, by competent substantial evidence, that the denial of the development plan or the imposition of conditions is neither required nor supported by the Comprehensive Plan or the Land Development Code or the application of technical design standards and specifications adopted by reference in the Code, or Concurrency Management Procedures and is, therefore, arbitrary and capricious.

IV. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The request by Teramore Development, LLC for land use compatibility was denied on July 24, 2017, by Escambia County Planning Official, Horace Jones.

The Administrative Appeal was filed with the Board of Adjustment on August 7, 2017, within the 15 day deadline provided in the LDC.

The case was added to the agenda for the scheduled October 18, 2017 BOA meeting.

At the October 18, 2017, BOA meeting, the Board voted 5-0 to deny the appeal of the Planning Officials Determination. The Board amended their findings to add that their decision was based on competent and substantial evidence presented by the expert witnesses.

At the October 17, 2018, BOA meeting, the Board granted a continuance to the Nov. 14, 2018 BOA meeting.

Attachments

<u>AP-2017-02</u>

Order Granting Petition for Writ of Certiorari Signed by Judge Duncan 8-3-18 Notice of Expert and Supplemental Authority Filed by Meredith Crawford Attachment to Notice of Expert and Supplemental Authority Letter from David Theriaque dated 11/9/18 Transcripts from 10/18/17 BOA Meeting Notice of Continuance

AP-2017-02











Public Hearing Sign







Escambia County Planning and Zoning

Development Services Department 3363 West Park Place Pensacola, FL 32505 Phone: (850) 595-3475 • Fax: (850) 595-3481 <u>http://myescambia.com/business/ds</u>

		Board of Adjustment Application
FOR O	FFICI	EUSE ONLY - Case Number: Accepted by: BOA Meeting:
	_ De	evelopment Order Extension
_x	_ Ac	dministrative Appeal
1.	<u>Co</u>	ntact information:
	A.	Property Owner/Applicant: Shu Cheng Shurett & Leo Huang
		Mailing Address: 3434 Pelham Pkwy, Pelham, AL 35124
		Business Phone: Cell:
		Email: dcsmarketing@aol.com
	8.	Authorized Agent (if applicable): Teramore Development, LLC
		Mailing Address: P.O. Box 6460, Thomasville, GA 31758
		Business Phone: 229-516-4289 Cell: 229-403-2436
		Email: thodges@teramore.net
		Note: Owner must complete the attached Agent Affidavit. If there is more than one owner, each owner must
		complete an Agent Affidavit. Application will be voided if changes to this application are found.
2.	<u>Pro</u>	pperty Information:
	Α.	Project Name & Development Order Number (if applicable): N/A
	в.	Existing Street Address: 11400 block of Gulf Beach Highway, Pensacola
		Parcel ID (s): Number 23-3S-31-2001-0000-000

C. Total acreage of the subject property: 3.4 acres

3. <u>Reason for Request</u>

A. Please explain why the extension or administrative appeal is necessary. Please see Exhibit "A" which is attached hereto.

B. Development Order Extension

The LDC requires good faith efforts in adhering to its established periods, but extension of an eligible LDC time limit may be requested according to the provisions of this section whereby a landowner asserts that the limit does not anticipate legitimate delays in compliance. However, no applicant is automatically entitled to any extension. Short-term (6 month) extensions are evaluated by the Planning Official, and longer extensions (one year) shall be evaluated through a quasi-judicial public hearing review by the BOA. These extension processes allow additional time for concluding the compliance review, developing an approved use, and continuing or reestablishing some uses.

1. Limits on extensions. Extensions to LDC periods are subject to the following limitations:

a. Availability. Extensions are available and may be granted only for LDC periods that specifically provide that option, only if a complete application for the extension was submitted prior to the expiration of the period for which the extension is requested, and only as otherwise allowed by the provisions of the LDC.

b. Approving authority. Extensions to any period not required by the LDC but imposed as a condition of approval by an approving authority cannot be granted by another approving authority.

c. Individual and multiple limits. An extension can only be granted based on a specific review of an individual period. If an extension of more than one period is requested, the extension criteria shall be evaluated for each limit.

C. Administrative Appeal

Application for appeal of an administrative decision shall be submitted for compliance review within 15 days after the date of the decision being appealed. A quasi-judicial public hearing for the appeal shall be scheduled to occur within 30 business days after receipt of a complete application. The application shall provide information as required by the adopted appeal procedures, including the following:

1. Decision appealed. A copy of the written administrative decision to be reviewed on appeal.

2. LDC reference. Identification of the specific LDC provisions for which noncompliance is alleged.

3. Alleged error. A description of how the decision of the administrative official

is considered arbitrary or capricious.

4. Conditions. Documentation satisfying the conditions established in the compliance review provisions of this section.

5. Remedy. A description of the proposed remedy.

6. Other information. Any other pertinent information the applicant wishes to have considered.

D. Medical Hardship

Temporary placement of a manufactured (mobile) home or park trailer may be requested according to the provisions of this section when a landowner asserts that existing medical conditions require in-home care and an accessory dwelling to reasonably provide it. The manufactured home may be placed within any mainland zoning district to remedy a medical hardship according to the temporary use provisions of Chapter 4, regardless of the density limits of the applicable zoning. The requirements to grant the temporary use of a manufactured home or park trailer as an accessory dwelling to provide in-home medical care is considered by the BOA in a quasi-judicial hearing whether conditions warrant such use.

The BOA shall conduct a quasi-judicial public hearing as noticed to consider the requested medical hardship temporary use of a manufactured home or park trailer according to the provisions of this article. The applicant has the burden of presenting competent substantial evidence to the board that establishes each of the following conditions:

1. Certified need. A Florida-licensed physician certifies in writing the medical need, specifying the extent of the need for in-home medical care and the approximate length of time for such in-home medical care.

2. Minimum necessary. Conditions and circumstances make it difficult or impossible for the recipient and provider of medical care to reside in the same dwelling and the temporary accessory dwelling is the minimum necessary to provide relief of that medical hardship.

 Adequate public services. The manufactured home or park trailer will have adequate water, sewer, solid waste removal, and electric services available.
 Compatibility. The temporary use will not produce adverse impacts on the uses of surrounding properties.

5. Standard conditions. The temporary use can comply with the applicable standards of Chapter 4.

4. <u>Please complete the following form (if applicable): Affidavit of Owner/Limited Power</u> of Attorney

AFFIDAVIT OF OWNER AND LIMITED POWER OF ATTORNEY (If applicable)

As owner of the property located at the 11400 block of Gulf Beach Highway, Pensacola

Agent Name: Tom Hodges of Teramore Development, LLC Email: thodges@teramore.net

Address: P.O. Box 6460, Thomaeville, GA 31758		Phone: 229-516-4289	
Shu Cheng Shut 1 of Property Owner	Shu Cheng Shurett	8 - <u>7 - 1 2</u> signature	
of Property Owner	Printed Name of Property Owner	Data	
Signature of Property Owner	Printed Name of Property Owner	Date	
STATE OF A/4/1000	COUNTY OF S	helbe	
The foregoing instrument was acknown by <u>Ghu On Phono Shive</u> tt	wedged before me thisd	ay of <u>HU 94C+</u> 20 17	
Personally Known OR Produced Ide	entification . Type of Identification Pr	roduced: Drivers Lichs	
	Samuel	F.C.Bhos	
(Notary Seal)	Printed Neme of Nota	**	

5. Submittel Requirements

4. <u>Please complete the following form (if applicable): Affidavit of Owner/Limited Power</u> of Attorney

AFFIDAVIT OF OWNER AND LIMITED POWER OF ATTORNEY (If oppikable)

As owner of the property located at the 11400 block of Gulf Beach Highway, Pensacola

Florida, property reference number(s) Number 23-38-31-2001-0000-000

for the sole purpose of completing this application and making a presentation to the Board of Adjustments on the above referenced property. This Limited Power of Attorney is granted on this <u>7th</u> day of $\beta v_{300} t$ the year of, $\frac{20}{3}$ and is effective until the Board of Adjustment has rendered a decision on this request and any appeal period has expired. The owner reserves the right to rescind this Limited Power of Attorney at any time with a written, notarized notice to the Development Services Department.

Agent Name: David A. Therlaque, Esquir	e Email: del@theriaquel	BW.COM
Address: 433 North Magnolia Drive, Talia	hessee, FL 32308	Phone: 850-224-7332
Sher cheng Sherrett	Shu Cheng Shurett	8-7-1) Signature
	Printed Name of Property Owner	Date
Sunature of Property Owner	<u>Shu Cheng Shure</u> H Printed Name of Property Owner	Date:
STATE OF A/GOMA	COUNTY OF SM	162
The foregoing instrument was acknow	ledged before me thisday of	AUDUST 20 12
by Shu C. hang Should	<u> </u>	
Personally Known D OR Froduced Iden	tification. Type of Identification Produ	iced: Dr. vpg/iCarsa
Dal O.	Sconcul F	Clamais
Signature of Notary	Printed Name of Notary	•
(Notary Seal)		

5. <u>Submittel Requirements</u>

4. Please complete the following form (if applicable): Affidavit of Owner/Limited Power of Attorney

AFFIDAVIT OF OWNER AND LIMITED POWER OF ATTORNEY (if applicable)

As owner of the property located at the 11400 block of Gulf Beach Highway, Pensacola

Adjustment has rendered a decision on this request and any appeal period has expired. The owner reserves the right to rescind this Limited Power of Attorney at any time with a written, notarized notice to the Development Services Department.

Agent Name: Tom Hodges of Teramore Development, LLC Email: thodges@teramore.net

Address: P.O. Box 6460, Thomasville, GA 31758 Leo Huang Printed Name of Property Owner rty Owne

Printed Name of Property Owner

D/ abound STATE OF

Signature of Property Owner

ture of Notary

COUNTY OF 5/20

Phone: 229-516-4289

Date

_day of _Hags 201Z

8-1-1 Signature



5. Submittal Requirements

4. Please complete the following form (if applicable): Affidavit of Owner/Limited Power of Attorney

AFFIDAVIT OF OWNER AND LIMITED POWER OF ATTORNEY (# applicable)

As owner of the property located at the 11400 block of Gulf Beech Highway, Pensacola

, Florid	a, property reference number(s) Number 23-3S-31-2001-0000-000
	I hereby designate David A. Theriaque Faculta

for the sole purpose of completing this application and making a presentation to the Board of Adjustments on the above referenced property. This Limited Power of Attorney is granted on this 7th day of A + y + z + t the year of $z^{2n/2}$ and is effective until the Board of Adjustment has rendered a decision on this request and any appeal period has expired. The owner reserves the right to rescind this Limited Power of Attorney at any time with a written, notarized notice to the Development Services Department.

1 12	, Tallahassee, FL 32308	Phone: 850-224-7332
in the	Leo Hueng	8-7-17Signature
Property Owner	Printed Name of Property Owner	Date
gnature of Property Owner	Printed Name of Property Owner	Date
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JUNE		
2020 ///		

5. Submittal Requirements

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- A. X _____ Completed application: All applicable areas of the application shall be filled in and submitted to the Planning and Zoning Department, 3363 West Park Place, Pensacola, FL 32505.
- B. X Application Fee: Application Fees: To view fees visit the website: http://mvescambia.com/business/board-adjustment or contact us at 595-3448

Note: Fees include all notices and advertisements required for the public hearing and a \$5 technical fee. Payments must be submitted prior to 3 pm of the closing date of acceptance of application. Please make checks payable to Escamble County. MasterCard and Visa are also accepted.

By my signature, I hereby certify that:

- 1) I am duly qualified as owner(s) or authorized agent to make such application, this application is of my own choosing, and staff has explained all procedures relating to this request; and
- 2) All information given is accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief, and I understand that deliberate misrepresentation of such information will be grounds for denial or reversal of this application and/or revocation of any approval based upon this application; and
- I understand that there are no guarantees as to the outcome of this request, and that the application fee is non-refundable; and
- 4) I authorize County staff to place a public notice sign(s) on the property referenced herein.

Ahr Cheng Shuset 7 8-7-1 5helley The foregoing instrument Shu Cheng Shurett 82-2-17 Signature of Or ______Signature of O 16hing STATE OF COUNTY OF day of PUALIST 20 17 by She Chang She was acknowledged before me this Personally Known = OR Produced Identification C. Type of Identification Produced: Dr SCMULLE COMINS ignature of Nota . (notary seei) AFCL. NTEATLA 110

6

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Leo Huang 8-1-17 Signature of Ch Signature of Or STATE OF COLUMBY OF The form oing instrument ,С 20 . by / was acknowledged b Personally Know C OR Produced Identification C. Type of Identification Produ Arg Honors ELF CL NIEATLA JUNE 09 2020 ABAM OUBLY



Escambia County Planning and Zoning

Development Services Department 3363 West Park Place Pensacola, FL 32505 Phone: (850) 595-3475 • Fax: (850) 595-3481 http://myescambia.com/business/ds

		Board of Adjustment Application
for o	FFIC	E USE ONLY - Case Number: Accepted by: BOA Meeting:
	_ D	evelopment Order Extension
X	_A	dministrative Appeal
1.	<u>Co</u>	ontact Information:
	A.	Property Owner/Applicant: Teramore Development, LLC
		Mailing Address: P.O. Box 6460, Thomasville, GA 31758
		Business Phone: 229-516-4289 Cell: 229-403-2436
		Email: thodges@teramore.net
	B.	Authorized Agent (if applicable): David A. Theriaque, Esquire
		Mailing Address: 433 North Magnolia Drive, Tallahassee, FL 32308
		Business Phone: 850-224-7332 Cell:
		Email: dat@theriaquelaw.com
		Note: Owner must complete the attached Agent Affidavit. If there is more thon one owner, each away
		complete an Agent Affidavit. Application will be voided if changes to this application are found.
2.	<u>Pro</u>	operty Information:
	Α.	Project Name & Development Order Number (if applicable): N/A
	B .	Existing Street Address: 11400 block of Gulf Beach Highway, Pensacola
		Parcel ID (s): Number 23-3S-31-2001-0000-000

C. Total acreage of the subject property: 3.4 acres

3. <u>Reason for Request</u>

A. Please explain why the extension or administrative appeal is necessary. Please see Exhibit "A" which is attached hereto.

B. Development Order Extension

The LDC requires good faith efforts in adhering to its established periods, but extension of an eligible LDC time limit may be requested according to the provisions of this section whereby a landowner asserts that the limit does not anticipate legitimate delays in compliance. However, no applicant is automatically entitled to any extension. Short-term (6 month) extensions are evaluated by the Planning Official, and longer extensions (one year) shall be evaluated through a quasi-judicial public hearing review by the BOA. These extension processes allow additional time for concluding the compliance review, developing an approved use, and continuing or reestablishing some uses.

1. Limits on extensions. Extensions to LDC periods are subject to the following limitations:

a. Availability. Extensions are available and may be granted only for LDC periods that specifically provide that option, only if a complete application for the extension was submitted prior to the expiration of the period for which the extension is requested, and only as otherwise allowed by the provisions of the LDC.

b. Approving authority. Extensions to any period not required by the LDC but imposed as a condition of approval by an approving authority cannot be granted by another approving authority.

c. Individual and multiple limits. An extension can only be granted based on a specific review of an individual period. If an extension of more than one period is requested, the extension criteria shall be evaluated for each limit.

C. Administrative Appeal

Application for appeal of an administrative decision shall be submitted for compliance review within 15 days after the date of the decision being appealed. A quasi-judicial public hearing for the appeal shall be scheduled to occur within 30 business days after receipt of a complete application. The application shall provide information as required by the adopted appeal procedures, including the following:

1. Decision appealed. A copy of the written administrative decision to be reviewed on appeal.

2. LDC reference. Identification of the specific LDC provisions for which noncompliance is alleged.

3. Alleged error. A description of how the decision of the administrative official

is considered arbitrary or capricious.

4. Conditions. Documentation satisfying the conditions established in the compliance review provisions of this section.

5. Remedy. A description of the proposed remedy.

6. Other information. Any other pertinent information the applicant wishes to have considered.

D. Medical Hardship

Temporary placement of a manufactured (mobile) home or park trailer may be requested according to the provisions of this section when a landowner asserts that existing medical conditions require in-home care and an accessory dwelling to reasonably provide it. The manufactured home may be placed within any mainland zoning district to remedy a medical hardship according to the temporary use provisions of Chapter 4, regardless of the density limits of the applicable zoning. The requirements to grant the temporary use of a manufactured home or park trailer as an accessory dwelling to provide in-home medical care is considered by the BOA in a quasi-judicial hearing whether conditions warrant such use.

The BOA shall conduct a quasi-judicial public hearing as noticed to consider the requested medical hardship temporary use of a manufactured home or park trailer according to the provisions of this article. The applicant has the burden of presenting competent substantial evidence to the board that establishes each of the following conditions:

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 Adequate public services. The manufactured home or park trailer will have adequate water, sewer, solid waste removal, and electric services available.
 Compatibility. The temporary use will not produce adverse impacts on the uses of surrounding properties.

5. Standard conditions. The temporary use can comply with the applicable standards of Chapter 4.

Last Updated: 6/21/17

4. <u>Please complete the following form (if applicable): Affidavit of Owner/Limited Power</u> of Attorney

AFFIDAVIT OF OWNER AND LIMITED POWER OF ATTORNEY (if applicable)

XX	Tam Hodges as Vice President of Texantore Development, LLC	817/19 Signatur
of Property Owner	Printed Name of Property Owner	Date
Signature of Property Owner	Printed Name of Property Owner	Date
STATE OFGEORGIA	COUNTY OF	THOMAS
	nowledged before me this ERAMORE DEVELOPMENT, LLC	_day of <u>AVGVST</u> 20 <u>17</u>

Signature of Notary

Printed Name of Notary

MARGARET C. SANDERS
Notary Public, Georgia Thomas County
My Commission Expires November 29, 2019

(Notary Seal)

5. Submittal Requirements

Last Updated: 6/21/17

- A. X Completed application: All applicable areas of the application shall be filled in and submitted to the Planning and Zoning Department, 3363 West Park Place, Pensacola, FL 32505.
- B. X Application Fee: Application Fees: To view fees visit the website: http://mvescambia.com/business/board-adjustment or contact us at 595-3448

Note: Fees include all notices and advertisements required for the public hearing and a \$5 technical fee. Payments must be submitted prior to 3 pm of the closing date of acceptance of application. Please make checks payable to Escambia County. MasterCard and Visa are also accepted.

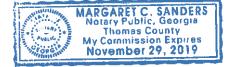
By my signature, I hereby certify that:

- 1) I am duly qualified as owner(s) or authorized agent to make such application, this application is of my own choosing, and staff has explained all procedures relating to this request; and
- 2) All information given is accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief, and I understand that deliberate misrepresentation of such information will be grounds for denial or reversal of this application and/or revocation of any approval based upon this application; and
- 3) I understand that there are no guarantees as to the outcome of this request, and that the application fee is non-refundable; and
- I authorize County staff to place a public notice sign(s) on the property referenced herein.

STATE OF	At Georgia		THOMAS	,		Signatur
					The foregoing instru	
was acknowle	dged before me this	day of	AUGUST	20 <u>21</u> bγ	TOM HODGES	OF.

Signature of Notary

MAKGARET	6.	SAN DERS	
Printed Name of Nota	iry		(notery seal)





REPLY TO: TALLAHASSEE

August 7, 2017

Kayla Meador, Administrative Assistant County Clerk to the Board of Adjustment Developmental Services Department 3363 West Park Place Pensacola, Florida 32505

Re: Teramore Development, LLC – Parcel Number 23-3S-31-2001-0000-000 Administrative Appeal of Horace Jones' Determination on July 24, 2017

Dear Ms. Meador:

Our law firm represents Teramore Development, LLC, in regard to its desire to construct a 9,100 square foot Dollar General retail store on Parcel Number 23-3S-31-2001-0000-000 in Escambia County, Florida ("Property"). Teramore Development, LLC, requested a confirmation of compatibility from the Planning Official. On July 24, 2017, Horace Jones issued a written determination in which he concluded that the proposed development is not compatible. (A copy of Mr. Jones' letter dated July 24, 2017, is attached hereto as Exhibit "1").

Teramore Development, LLC, hereby files this Administrative Appeal of Mr. Jones' July 24 determination. The specific provisions of the County's Land Development Code ("LDC") at issue in this Administrative Appeal include, but are not limited to, Sections 2-2.7 and 3-2.10(e). Teramore Development, LLC, respectfully submits that Mr. Jones incorrectly determined that the proposed development is not compatible. Rather, for the reasons set forth in the Land Use Compatibility Analysis prepared by The Planning Collaborative on June 25, 2017, the proposed development is compatible and, therefore, fulfills the locational criterion set forth in Section 3-2.10(e)(5) of the County's LDC. (A copy of the Land Use Compatibility Analysis is attached hereto as Exhibit "2").¹

TALLAHASSEE 433 North Magnolia Drive Tallahassee, Florida 32308 (850) 224-7332 Fax: (850) 224-7662



¹ Teramore Development, LLC, reserves the right to submit additional evidence, including expert witness testimony, during the quasi-judicial hearing before the Board of Adjustment.

Kayla Meador, Administrative Assistant August 7, 2017 Page 2

Teramore Development, LLC, requests that the Board of Adjustment determine that the proposed development is compatible and, therefore, fulfills the locational criterion set forth in Section 3-2.10(e)(5) of the County's LDC. Such a determination would allow Teramore Development, LLC, to submit an application for site plan approval for its proposed non-residential development.

I appreciate your attention to this matter. Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions or need further information.

Sincerely,

Devela Theregie

David A. Theriaque

Enclosures

cc: Teramore Development, LLC



Board of County Commissioners • Escambia County, Florida

Horace L. Jones, Director Development Services

Applicant information:

Name:	Teramore Developr	nent, LLC		Date: July 24, 2017
Address:	11400 Blk. Gulf Bea	ch Highway, Pensacola, FL	Parcel II	D #: 23-3S-31-2001-000-000
Phone:	(229) 516-4286	_Other:	Email: _	develop@teramore.net

Section of the LDC to be interpreted: Sec. 3-2.10(e)

Address of proposed development for Compatibility Analysis: 11400 Blk. Gulf Beach Highway

Response to Request for Interpretation and/or Confirmation of Compatibility:

The applicant has submitted a Land Use Compatibility Analysis for a proposed Dollar General located at 11400 block of Gulf Beach Highway. The property is zoned Commercial and has a FLU of Mixed-Use Suburban (MU-S). The applicant has requested a confirmation of compatibility from the Planning Official pursuant to Sec. 2-2.7 of the LDC.

The proposed development is NOT COMPATIBLE. The proposed development does not meet the Location Criteria prescribed by the LDC.

Pursuant to Sec. 3-2.10(e) of the Land Development Code, all new nonresidential uses proposed within the commercial district that are not part of a planned unit development or not identified as exempt by the district shall be on parcels that satisfy at least one of the following location criteria: (1) Proximity to intersection. Along an arterial or collector street and within one quarter mile of its intersection with an arterial street. (2) Proximity to traffic generator. Along an arterial or collector street and within a onequarter mile radius of an individual traffic generator of more than 600 daily trips, such as an apartment complex, military base, college campus, hospital, shopping mall or similar generator. (3) infill development. Along an arterial or collector street, in an area where already established non-residential uses are otherwise consistent with the Commercial district, and where the new use would constitute infill development of similar intensity as the conforming development on surrounding parcels.



escambia

3363 West Park Place • Pensacola, Florida 32505 850.595.3475 • www.myescambia.com Response to Request for Interpretation and/or Confirmation of Compatibility Teramore Development, LLC - 11400 Blk. Gulf Beach Highway

Page - 2

Additionally, the location would promote compact development and not contribute to or promote strip commercial development. (4) Site design. Along an arterial or collector street, no more than one-half mile from its intersection with an arterial or collector street, not abutting a single-family residential zoning district (RR, LDR or MDR), and all of the following site design conditions: a. Any Intrusion into a recorded subdivision is limited to a corner lot. b. A system of service roads or shared access is provided to the maximum extent made feasible by lot area, shape, ownership patterns, and site and street characteristics. c. Adverse impacts to any adjoining residential uses are minimized by placing the more intensive elements of the use, such as solid waste dumpsters and truck loading/unloading areas. furthest from the residential uses. (5) Documented compatibility. A compatibility analysis prepared by the applicant provides competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances regarding the potential uses of parcel that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria, and the proposed use, or rezoning as applicable, will be able to achieve long-term compatibility with existing and potential uses. Additionally, the following conditions exist: a. The parcel has not been rezoned by the landowner from the mixed-use. commercial, or industrial zoning assigned by the county. b. If the parcel is within a county redevelopment district, the use will be consistent with the district's adopted redevelopment plan, as reviewed and recommended by the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA).

Gulf Beach Highway is designated as a major urban collector street. However, the proposed development is not within one-quarter mile of an intersection with an arterial street. The proposed development is not within one quarter mile radius of an individual traffic generator of more than 600 daily trips. The proposed development is not in an area where already established nonresidential uses are otherwise consistent and where the new development would constitute infill development of similar intensity. The proposed development is not more than one-half mile from its intersection with an arterial or collector street, not abutting a single family residential zoning district. The compatibility analysis provided by the applicant does not show unique circumstances that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria. The proposed use will not serve to achieve long-term compatibility with existing and potential uses. The proposed development is surrounded by existing residential uses and established residential development.

This confirmation of compatibility is not final authorization or denial of any requested development and the applicant must complete the County development review process prior to proceeding.

Date July 24,2017 Signature: 11.000 Horace Jones, Director, Development Services

Additional pages attached: _____ yes _____ no

Land Use Compatibility Analysis

For a Dollar General Store to be located in the 11400 block of Gulf Beach Highway, Pensacola, Florida Also referenced as Parcel ID number 23-35-31-2001-000-000

Conducted for:

Teramore Development, LLC Ph: 229.516.4286 <u>develop@teramore.net</u>



Prepared for:

Escambia County Planning and Zoning Division Ph: 850.554.8210 3363 West Park Place Pensacola, FL 32505

Prepared by:

The Planning Collaborative Allara Mills Gutcher, AICP Ph: 850.319.9180 allara@theplanningcollaborative.com



the planning collaborative



June 25, 2017

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EXHIBIT 3 – Preliminary Site Plan prepared by Bell Engineering Services, LLC, as revised February 2, 2017.

EXHIBIT 4 - Escambia County Property Appraiser Subdivision Map, as printed April 16, 2017.

- EXHIBIT 5 Example of a Dollar General Store architectural design.
- EXHIBIT 6 Example of a Dollar General Store architectural design.
- EXHIBIT 7 Example of a Dollar General Store architectural design.
- EXHIBIT 8 Letter dated June 22, 2017, from Bonita Player, P.E.

PURPOSE AND INTRODUCTION

This report analyzes the compatibility of a Dollar General retail store proposed to be located in the 11400 block of Gulf Beach Highway, Pensacola, Florida. As set forth below, the proposed Dollar General retail store will not, over time, adversely or negatively impact the surrounding existing uses. The proposed store will provide daily necessities and other common household items for consumers. Dollar General is known for its neighborhood-scale stores in locations convienent to customers.

In the development of this report, the following definition of compatibility set forth in §163.3164(9), *Florida Statutes*, was utilized:

"Compatibility means a condition in which land uses or conditions can coexist in relative proximity to each other in a stable fashion over time such that no use or condition is unduly negatively impacted directly or indirectly by another use or condition."

The Escambia County Comprehensive Plan also provides a definition of "Incompatible/compatible development" in Chapter 3 Definitions. Section 3.04 Definitions states as follows:

"Incompatible development is new development proposed to be constructed next to existing development wherein the proximity of the two kinds of development would each diminish the usefulness of the other or would be detrimental to existing operations. The incompatibility can arise from either land use or structure size and design. Compatible development is new development proposed to be constructed next to existing development in which the proximity of the two kinds of development would each complement or enhance the usefulness of the other."

Finally, the County's Land Development Regulations Chapter 6, Definitions, Section 6-0.3 Terms Defined provides the following definition for "compatible:

"Compatible. A condition in which land uses, activities or conditions can coexist in relative proximity to each other in a stable fashion over time such that no use, activity, or condition is unduly negatively impacted directly or indirectly by another use, activity. or condition."

As a note, the definition of "compatible" in Section 6-0.3 of the County's Land Development Regulations is nearly identical to the definition of "compatibility" set forth in §163.3164(9), *Florida Statutes*.

This analysis has considered the type of development proposed in comparison to the existing built environment as directed by Florida Statutes and the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan. Such factors of study included the surrounding uses, lighting, building setbacks, building height, building orientation, open space ratios, and hours of operation.

The consultant, Allara Mills Gutcher, completed the following research in preparation of this report:

- A site visit conducted on Tuesday, April 4, 2017
- Review of the Escambia County Property Appraiser website data and maps
- Review of the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan, 2030
- Review of the Escambia County Land Development Regulations dated February 2017
- Review of the Escambia County Future Land Use Map and Zoning Map as shown on Escambia County's web mapping service web page.¹
- Consultation with Teramore Development, LLC

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The applicant proposes construction of a retail establishment known as Dollar General, with approximately 9,100 gross square feet of building space on +/-1.25 acres of a 3.4-acre parcel. Approximately 2.15 acres of the 3.4-acre site will remain highly vegetated with the existing flora. (See Exhibits 1 and 2). The building will be oriented towards the south, facing Gulf Beach Highway. The area surrounding the developed portion of the site will remain in its natural condition. Parking will be located to the front of the structure, with a driveway along the east side of the structure to accommodate the loading and dumpster area. Ingress and egress to the site will be from Gulf Beach Highway. (See Exhibit 3).

The scale of the project will be that of a typical prototype Dollar General retail store. It will be single story in height, with a maximum height of twenty-two (22) feet, which includes any roof-top apparatus. This will be approximate in height to many of the existing on-site trees.

Hours of operation will begin at either 7:00 a.m. or 8:00 a.m., and close by 9:00 p.m. These hours of operation are conducive to general business hours with time in the evenings for local residents to shop for convenience needs. There will be no noise, smoke, glare, emissions, dust, vibration, or odors emitted from this use. Lighting used to support safety for vehicles and pedestrians will be installed in a down-lit fashion and attached to the side of the structure.

GENERAL PROJECT LOCATION AND SETTING

The site is in the 11400 block and on the north side of Gulf Beach Highway (CR 292A) in unincorporated Escambia County, 32507. The parcel is located to the east of and borders Challenger Way and is west of Cobia Street. It is south of and borders Avia Lane. The parcel is located within Section 23, Township 3S, Range 31. The Escambia County Property Appraiser's Reference Number is 23-3S-31-2001-000-000.

¹ http://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=4388823ea5fb4feeb4ebb3beb6677129.

The undeveloped lot of 3.4 acres² is currently heavily vegetated with various types of trees. None of the trees are protected pursuant to the definition in Chapter 2, Environmental, Article 2 – Landscaping, Section 2-3.1(a) of the Escambia County Design Standards Manual. The site has a designation of "Upland Coniferous Forest" which includes a "canopy (of) at least 66 percent dominated by Coniferous species."³ There are no wetlands on the site.⁴ The existing use of the site is classified as "Vacant Commercial."⁵

Figure 1. Aerial Photograph



As part of this analysis, a review of the "*Escambia County Site Specific Survey for Environmentally Sensitive Lands or the Gulf Beach Highway Site*" was conducted. This document indicates that there are no wetlands, protected species, or protected trees that will be impacted or other environmentally sensitive land issues as a result of this development.⁶

² KJM Land Planning, LLC, Boundary and Topographic Survey dated January 16, 2017.

³ Florida Land Use, Cover and Forms Classification System, Florida Department of Transportation Surveying and Mapping Geographic Mapping Section.

⁴ Escambia County Site Specific Survey for Environmentally Sensitive Lands for the Gulf Beach Highway Site prepared by Biome Consulting Group, January 2017, pg. 2.

⁵ Escambia County Property Appraiser assigned Department of Revenue Tax Code.

⁶ Escambia County Site Specific Survey for Environmentally Sensitive Lands for the Gulf Beach Highway Site, prepared by Biome Consulting Group, January 2017, pg. 4.

Surrounding the parcel is established residential development. (See Exhibit 4). To the north and east of Avia Lane is a platted subdivision called Chevalier. This subdivision is within the Mixed-Use Suburban ("MU-S") Future Land Use category and the High Density Residential ("HDR") zoning district. The lots in close proximity to the subject site average three (3) to four (4) dwelling units per acre. To the south of Gulf Beach Highway is a platted subdivision called Seaglade. This subdivision is within the MU-S Future Land Use category and the Low Density Residential ("LDR") zoning district. The lots in Seaglade, that are within close proximity to the development site, range from one (1) to four (4) dwelling units to the acre, with the waterfront lots being the larger parcels. Within a quarter mile radius of the subject parcel, the average lot size is 0.45 acres, or approximately two (2) dwelling units to the acre.⁷ All of the lots contiguous to the subject parcel and not otherwise separated by a roadway are currently vacant.

Figure 2. Street View of Site



APPLICABLE POLICIES AND REGULATIONS

The site is currently designated with a Future Land Use category of MU-S and a zoning district of Commercial. All properties surrounding this site are also categorized with a Future Land Use category of MU-S. (See Figure 3). Consequently, no Future Land Use Map amendment or zoning change is required to allow the proposed development. Descriptions of the Future Land Use category and zoning district are provided below:

⁷ Escambia County Property Appraiser.

Future Land Use Category: Mixed-Use Suburban (MU-S)8

General Description of MU-S Future Land Use category: "Intended for a mix of residential and non-residential uses while promoting compatible infill development and the separation of urban and suburban land uses."

MU-S Allowable Uses: The Comprehensive Plan describes the allowable uses as a range. These include: "Residential, **retail sales** and services, professional office, recreational facilities, public and civic, limited agriculture." (Emphasis added). The maximum intensity for this category is a floor area ratio of 1.0.⁹

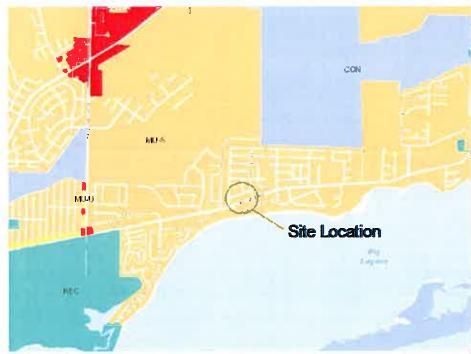


Figure 3. Escambia County Future Land Use Map

Esri, HERE, Garmin, INCREMENT P, USGS, METI/NASA, EPA, USDA | Escambia County Development Services Department

MU-S = Mixed-Use Suburban	C = Commercial
MU-U = Mixed-Use Urban	Con = Conservation
REC = Recreation	

The MU-S Future Land Use category was created to "encourage redevelopment in underutilized properties (and) to maximize development densities and intensities"¹⁰ located not only within this category, but also in the MU-U, Commercial, and Industrial

⁸ <u>www.myescambia.com/our-services/development-serives/gis</u> as of April 3, 2017.

⁹ Escambia County Comprehensive Plan, Future Land Use Element, Policy FLU 1.3.1.

¹⁰ Policy FLU 1.5.1 of the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan, 2030.

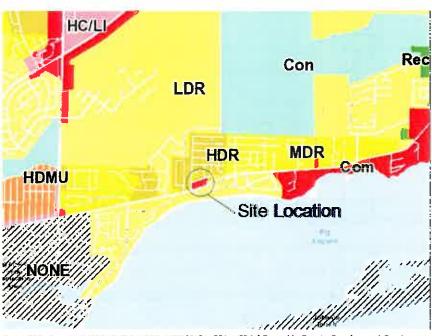
Future Land Use categories. In addition, the MU-S Future Land Use category provides for a minimum density to "ensure that developments are designed to be compact and to accommodate travel mode choices especially for short, local trips."¹¹

Zoning Designation: Commercial¹²

The Commercial zoning district is established to designate appropriate areas and land for commercial activities, especially those in the retail and service industries. This category supports intense commercial uses.

The allowable uses within the Commercial zoning district are listed as: Residential (with restrictions), **retail sales** and services, public and civic uses, recreation and entertainment, limited industrial, agriculture and limited other uses such as billboard structures, parking garages and lots and some self-storage facilities. (Emphasis added). Other conditional uses are allowed.¹³

Figure 4. Escambia County Zoning Map



Esri, HERE, Garmin, INCREMENT P, USGS, METI/NASA, EPA, USDA | Escambia County Development Services Department

Com = Commercial HDR = High Density Res MDR = Medium Density Res LDR = Low Density Res HDMU = High Density Mixed Use Con = Conservation REC = Recreation HC/LI = High Commercial and Light Industrial

¹¹ Policy FLU 1.5.2 of the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan, 2030.

- ¹² http://maps2.roktech.net/escambia_gomaps4/?mapName=General&mapType=zoning as of April 3, 2017.
- ¹³ Section 3-2.10 of the Escambia County Land Development Regulations dated February 2017.

The development standards for a parcel zoned "Commercial" are shown in Table 1, and are compared to the adjacent zoning district criteria.

Criteria	Zoning Designation				
Criteria	Commercial	HDR	LDR		
Location	Subject Parcel	North and West	South and East		
Max Density	Max 25 d/u per acre	Max 18 d/u per acre	Max 4 d/u per acre		
FAR	Not Specified*	Max 2.0	Max 1.0		
Max Height	150 feet	120 feet	45 feet		
Lot Area	No minimum	No minimum	No minimum		
Minimum Lot Width	None for commercial uses.	40 feet for single family; 80 feet for two-family; 80 feet for other	20 feet for cul-de-sac lots; 70 feet for all other lots		
Lot Coverage	15% minimum pervious; 85% max semi- impervious and impervious	20% minimum pervious; 80% max semi- impervious and impervious	30% minimum pervious; 70% max semi- impervious and impervious		
Setbacks Front	15 feet	20 feet	25 feet		
Setbacks Rear	15 feet	15 feet	25 feet		
Setbacks Side	10 feet for structures less than 35 feet high; then additional 2 feet per each additional 10 feet in height.	10 feet for structures less than 35 feet high; then additional 2 feet for each additional 10 feet in height but does not exceed 15 feet.	5 feet or 10% of the lot width, not required to exceed 15 feet.		

 Table 1. Zoning District Regulations Assigned to Subject Parcel and Parcels Contiguous

 to the Site

*Note: The floor area ratio is limited to 1.0 based on the Future Land Use category restriction of 1.0 (Policy FLU 1.3.1 for MU-S). Although the County's Land Development Regulation lists FARs for Commercial FLU and MU-U FLU categories, neither are assigned to this MU-S designated parcel.

Section 3-2.10(e) of the County's Land Development Regulations includes location criteria for new non-residential uses within the Commercial zoning district. At least one of the listed criteria for new non-residential uses proposed within the Commercial district which are not part of a PUD or otherwise exempt must be met. The proposed Dollar General retail store fulfills the location criteria pursuant to Section 3-2.10(e)(5), which is labelled as "Documented Compatibility."

This compatibility analysis constitutes competent substantial evidence that the use of the property was not anticipated by the alternative criteria listed in Section 3-2.10(e)(1)-(4) of the County's Land Development Regulations. Additionally, this compatibility analysis constitutes competent substantial evidence that the proposed use will achieve long-term compatibility with the existing residential uses without any detriment or conflict. Furthermore, the following criteria are met as listed in Section 3-2.10(e)(5)a. and b.:

- a. The parcel was not rezoned by the landowner from the mixed-use, commercial, or industrial zoning assigned by the County.
- b. The parcel is not within a County Redevelopment District.

Overlay District: Airfield Influence Planning District-214

The Airfield Influence Planning District-2 (AIPD-2) is established in Section 4-4.4 of the County's Land Development Regulations and with the AIPD-1 overlay is created to "enhance protection in support of the continued operation of military airfields for areas that are close enough to those airfields to influence or be influenced by their activities." This site is located in the AIPD-2 overlay district, as shown on the Escambia County Zoning map.

Section 4-4.4(b)(6) describes the development regulations for the AIPD-2 overlay district. This section only notates that "densities and minimum lots sizes of the underlying zoning district," which is commercial in this case, "are not modified by AIPD-2." Therefore, no additional development criteria apply to this site as a result of its location within the AIPD-2.

ANALYSIS

It is clear that the intent of Escambia County is to promote new infill development in already developed areas, and to be resourceful with existing transportation networks, utilities, and governmental services such as police and fire protection. Goals, Objectives, and Policies from the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan to support this include:

"Policy FLU 1.5.1: **New Development** and Redevelopment **in Built Areas**. To promote the efficient use of existing public roads, utilities, and service infrastructure, the County will encourage the redevelopment in underutilized properties to maximize development densities and intensities located in the **MU-S**, MU-U, Commercial, and Industrial Future Land Use categories (with the exception of residential development)." (Emphasis added).

"GOAL FLU 2 Development and Public Services. Escambia County will promote urban strategies for compact development, the efficient provision of infrastructure and urban services, and the protection of natural resources. Urban strategies will include infill development, mixed-use development, and coordinated land use and transportation planning." (Emphasis added).

¹⁴ http://maps2.roktech.net/escambia_gomaps4/?mapName=General&mapType=zoning as of April 3, 2017.

"Objective FLU 2.1 Urban Development. Direct growth toward those areas where infrastructure and services exist to support development at approved densities and intensities."

"Objective 2.3 Infill Development. Encourage infill development in appropriate urbanized areas where infrastructure is sufficient to meet demands, such as in MU-U and MU-S." (Emphasis added).

This project will accomplish these directives by creating a general store that will provide daily necessities to local residents within a short walk or drive time. The development plan is supported by FLU Policy 1.3.1 – FLUM Mixed-Used Suburban standards where Escambia County describes the intent of the MU-S category as a "mix of residential and non-residential uses while promoting compatible infill development."

As depicted in Table 2 below, the standards of the Commercial zoning district are far greater in intensity than the actual plan for development. The structure's floor area ratio ("FAR") is approximately 0.06 due to the developer leaving most of the site in its natural vegetative state. This is substantially less than the maximum amount allowed of 1.0 FAR in the neighboring LDR zoning district. The building height will be no more than twenty-two (22) feet, which is similar in height to some of the on-site trees.

Standard	LDR Requirement	Development Plan	
Density	Not applicable	None	
Floor Area Ratio (FAR)	Not mentioned (see note)	0.06 FAR	
Structure Height	Max 150 feet above grade	Max 22 feet above grade	
Lot Area	No minimum 3.4 acres		
Lot Width	No minimum for commercial	Approximately 650 feet at road frontage	
Lot Coverage	Minimum pervious 15%; 85% maximum semi-impervious and impervious cover.	Pervious surface will be approximately 77%, or 23% impervious surface.	
	Front and Rear: 15 feet	Front +/- 97 feet; Rear +/- 82 feet	
Structure Setbacks	Side: 10 feet minimum	West side +/- 231 feet at shortest distance; East side +/- 175 feet at shortest distance	

Table 2. Commercial D	Development Standards	Comparison to	Development Plan
	oronopinioni otaniaarao	oompanoon to	

Note: The floor area ratio is limited to 1.0 based on the Future Land Use category restriction of 1.0 (Policy FLU 1.3.1 for MU-S). Although the Land Development Regulation lists FARs for Commercial FLU and MU-U FLU categories, neither are assigned to this parcel.

The Escambia County Land Development Regulations offer some guidance when analyzing compatibility when a new use is introduced. Chapter 3, Zoning Regulations, Section 3-1.6 "Compatibility" contains criteria which describe new non-residential development in relation to existing residential uses. Section 3-1.6(b) states that such criteria are created to allow for residential and non-residential uses to be located in close proximity to each other, specifically "small-scale dispersed neighborhood commercial uses in proximity to residential areas," which is the case here. This site will be developed with a small-scale neighborhood use store to serve the residents with daily necessities.

Section 3-1.6(c) of the County's Land Development Regulations states that other compatibility measures may be required such as landscaping, buffering, and screening to protect lower intensity uses from commercial uses. This criterion is met with the retention of most of the existing on-site vegetation. The site will only remove the vegetation that is within the footprint of the development, in addition to that which is needed for the site triangle and open space for transportation safety. Of the 3.4-acre parcel, approximately 2.15 acres will remain undisturbed, or sixty-three (63) percent of the site. This percentage will provide more than adequate buffering and screening from the Chevalier subdivision. Therefore, because of the extensive setbacks and existing tree canopy, the residential neighborhood to the north, east, and west will not have a visual sight-line of the structure or parking area. The building will be visible from Gulf Beach Highway, an Escambia County designated collector street.¹⁵

The planned setbacks are outlined below in Table 3, and are shown against the requirement for the zoning district. These extensive setbacks are an additional measure to ensure compatibility with the surrounding uses. The distance from the side of the structure to the property line has been greatly increased to provide a large vegetative buffer to the surrounding residential uses. These distances are shown as a percentage increase over the requirement, and are in no case less than 400 percent of the adopted standard.

Setback Standard	Commercial Requirement	Development Plan	Percent Exceeded
Front	15 feet	97 feet	547%
Rear	15 feet	82 feet	447%
Side (West)	10 feet	231 feet at rear corner	2,210%
Side (East)	10 feet	175 feet at narrowest point	1,650%

Table 3. Setback Comparison

Section 2-2.3 of Chapter 2, Article 2 of the Design Standards Manual incorporated in the Land Development Regulations states "the buffer shall protect the lower intensity use from the higher intensity use and provide an aesthetically attractive barrier between the uses." Furthermore,

¹⁵ Escambia County Land Development Regulations, Chapter 6, Section 6-0.3 Terms Defined and Escambia County GIS interactive map.

through the preservation of the on-site vegetation, this buffer will provide a natural barrier between the uses.

Section 2-2.1 of Chapter 2, Article 2 of the Design Standards Manual requires no less than fifteen (15) percent of the parcel to be landscaped. This development, with sixty-three (63) percent of the parcel landscaped, exceeds the criterion by more than 300 percent.

Transportation Analysis:

Engineering & Planning Resources, PC, performed a traffic impact analysis of the proposed Dollar General retail store. The analysis focused on a comparison of the maximum allowable residential scenario to the planned commercial scenario for the referenced parcel.

The maximum development intensity for residential use of this site, using the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan and the County's Land Development Code as the guide, is an eighty-five (85) unit high-rise condominium. The planned commercial scenario under review is a proposed 9,100-square foot Dollar General discount store.

According to Engineering & Planning Resources, PC's analysis, none of the impacted roadway segments will exhibit adverse traffic conditions in the current year at either the planned commercial scenario or the maximum allowable residential scenario. (See Exhibit 8).

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

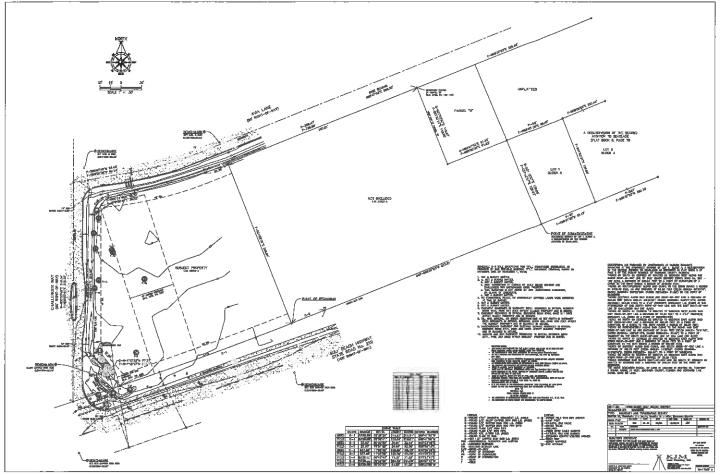
The proposed development of a 9,100-square foot retail store in the center of 3.4 acres (2.15 acres which will remain undisturbed) located on a collector roadway in unincorporated Escambia County will be compatible with the surrounding residential development. The proposed retail store will not result in any land use conflicts with the existing surrounding development. No adverse impacts will be generated such as noise, smoke, exhaust, emissions, dust, adverse lighting, vibrations, or odors that would be detrimental to the existing surrounding uses or would otherwise disturb the quiet enjoyment of adjacent residents. Additionally, the local residents will benefit from the location of this store with daily necessities and other common household items. This location will reduce vehicle trips and miles traveled on the roadways and reduce congestion by providing goods within a walkable or short driving distance to home.

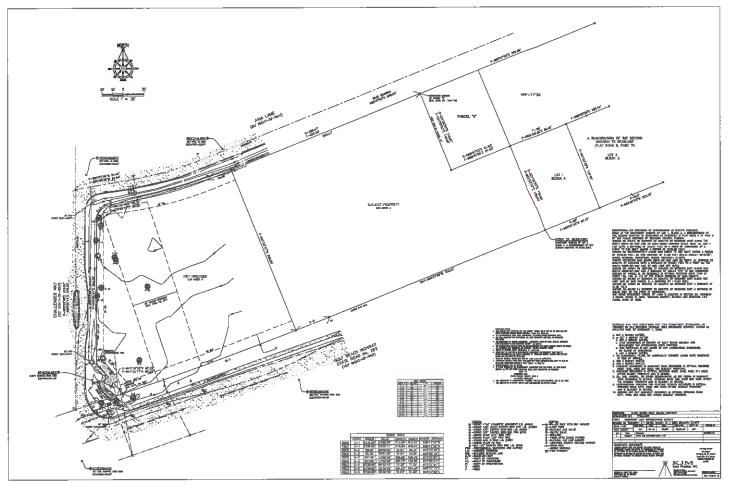
Extensive buffering surrounding the retail store will be retained in the existing natural vegetative state to create a visual barrier from the residential subdivision north of Gulf Beach Highway. Setbacks greatly exceeding the minimum requirements of the Commercial zoning district are incorporated into the plan for development. The proposed retail store is considerably below the intensity allowed for this parcel with a Commercial zoning designation.

At 3.4 acres, the allowable residential density is eighty-five (85) dwelling units. The height limitation for the commercial zoning district is 150 feet and the floor area ratio is 1.0. In comparison to a residential development alternatively allowed on this site, a 150-foot high-rise

multi-family condominium or apartment complex with eighty-five (85) dwelling units would be less compatible due to the bulk and height of the structure. The proposed Dollar General store will not be visually obtrusive to the surrounding neighborhoods, and the traffic generation is similar for both development scenarios. (See Exhibit 8).

The proposed Dollar General retail store is consistent with and furthers the Goals, Objectives, and Policies of the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan and complies with the adopted requirements of the County's Land Development Regulations. The development of this store will not create a condition that will negatively impact the residential uses over time.







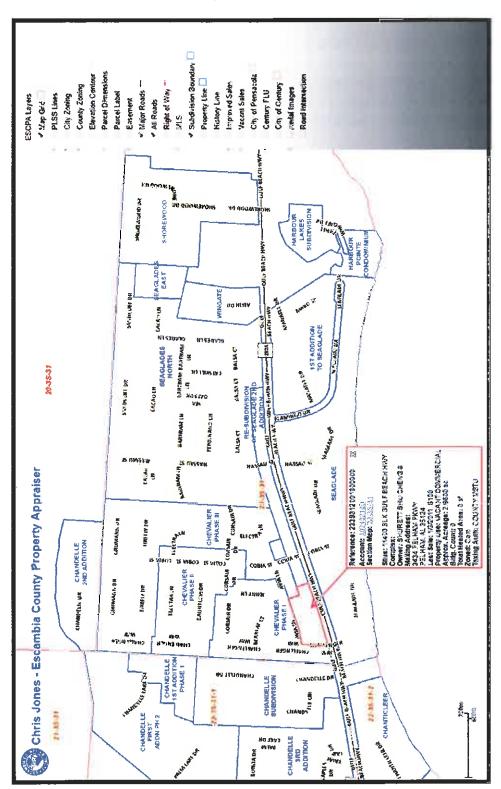


EXHIBIT 5 – Example of elevation rendering of a Dollar General Store



EXHIBIT 6 – Example of elevation rendering of a Dollar General Store



EXHIBIT 7 – Example of elevation rendering of a Dollar General Store





Exhibit 8 - Letter from Bonita Player, P.E.

June 22, 2017

Horace L. Jones Department Director/Supervisor **Escambia County Developmental Services** 3363 W Park Place Pensacola, FL 32501

Dear Mr. Jones:

I have performed a traffic impact analysis of a proposed development located at parcel reference number 23-3S-31-2001-0000-000 in Escambia County at the northeast corner of Gulf Beach Highway and Challenger Way. The analysis focused on a comparison of the maximum allowable residential scenario to the planned commercial scenario for the referenced parcel.

The maximum development intensity for residential use of this site, using the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan and the County's Land Development Code as the guide, is an eighty-five (85) unit high-rise condominium. The planned commercial scenario under review is a proposed 9,100-square foot Dollar General discount store.

According to my analysis, none of the impacted roadway segments will exhibit adverse traffic conditions in the current year at either the planned commercial scenario or the maximum allowable residential scenario.

Sincerely, Engineering & Planning Resources, PC

Conto Player

Bonita Player, PE

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

TERAMORE DEVELOPMENT, LLC, SHU CHENG SHURETT, and LEO HUANG,

Petitioners,

vs.

Case No. 17-CA-1778

ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA,

Respondent.

ORDER GRANTING PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

1

This case is before the Court on the Amended Petition for Writ of Certiorari ("Amended Petition") that the Petitioners filed on January 5, 2018. Respondent Escambia County, Florida ("County"), filed its Response on February 1, 2018. The Petitioners filed their Reply on March 5, 2018. The Court conducted oral argument on May 7, 2018.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

The subject property is a 3.4-acre vacant parcel that is zoned Commercial (C) with a future land use designation of Mixed-Use Suburban (MU-S). The surrounding areas are zoned Low Density Residential (LDR) and High Density Residential (HDR), and the surrounding land uses are single family residential. The Petitioners proposed to build a 9,100-square foot retail store on the site to, in turn, lease to the Dollar General Corporation.

In mid-2017, the Petitioners requested confirmation of compatibility from the County's Planning Official with regard to the proposed retail store pursuant to Section 3-2.10(e)(5) of the County's Land Development Code (LDC), which provides:

All new non-residential uses proposed within the commercial district that are not part of a planned unit development or not identified as exempt by the district shall be on parcels that satisfy at least one of the following location criteria:

* * * *

(5) Documented compatibility. A compatibility analysis prepared by the applicant provides competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances regarding the potential uses of parcel that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria, and the proposed use . . . will be able to achieve long-term compatibility with existing and potential uses. . . .

The Petitioners submitted a compatibility analysis prepared by a certified land use planner in support of the request. In the compatibility analysis, the Petitioners' land use planner analyzed the proposed retail store and factors such as the surrounding uses, building setbacks, building height, building orientation, building mass, open space ratios, buffers, lighting, noise, and hours of operation in evaluating whether the proposed retail store would be "compatible" with the surrounding area. On July 24, 2017, the Planning Official issued a written decision concluding the proposed development, which is surrounded by existing residential uses, did not satisfy the alternative location criteria (1-4), and the Petitioners' written analysis did not provide evidence of "unique circumstances" that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria so as to otherwise conclude that the proposed use would achieve long-term compatibility with the surrounding existing residential uses. The Petitioners timely appealed the Planning Official's compatibility determination to the Board of Adjustment (BOA) pursuant to the County's LDC ("Administrative Appeal"). On October 18, 2017, the BOA conducted a quasi-judicial hearing on the Petitioners' Administrative Appeal. The BOA heard testimony from the Petitioner's expert land use planner, Allara Gutcher, whom they recognized as an expert witness. The BOA also heard testimony from Teramore's corporate representative, the County's Planning Official,

the County's Planning Manager, and several citizens from the surrounding area of the proposed development. At the conclusion of the October 18 hearing, the BOA unanimously voted to deny the Petitioners' Administrative Appeal and to uphold the Planning Official's determination that Teramore's proposed retail store is not "compatible." Thereafter, the Petitioners timely sought certiorari review of the BOA's October 18, 2017 decision in this Court.

LEGAL ANALYSIS

Upon first tier review of a quasi-judicial proceeding, a court must determine whether the Petitioners were accorded procedural due process, whether the essential requirements of the law have been observed, and whether the administrative findings and judgment are supported by competent substantial evidence. Florida Power & Light Co. v. City of Dania, 761 So. 2d 1089, 1092 (Fla. 2000) (citing City of Deerfield Beach v. Vaillant, 419 So. 2d 624, 626 (Fla. 1982)). Such review is not *de novo*. Rather, a circuit court is limited to reviewing the record that was created before the lower tribunal. Florida Power & Light Co. v. City of Dania, 761 So. 2d at 1092.

Petitioners did not contest whether they were accorded procedural due process. However, Petitioners do contest whether the essential requirements of the law have been observed and whether the BOA's decision was supported by competent substantial evidence. They argue that because the essential requirements of law were not observed and competent substantial evidence did not exist to support the BOA's decision, the Court should quash the denial of Petitioners' administrative appeal.

Frankly, the code provision at issue in this case is difficult to comprehend and lacks clarity in how it should be applied in many respects.¹ It never defines what a "compatibility analysis" should contain or who is qualified to prepare such analysis, but yet explicitly states that

¹ The Petitioner has not asserted that the code provision is ambiguous.

such "compatibility analysis" is competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances regarding the potential uses of parcel that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria. It can be argued also that the code provision does not communicate to property owners sufficient notice of what the County expects in a compatibility analysis, other than if you have one, it constitutes competent substantial evidence to support your application, until, like in this case, the County says it does not. Better said in <u>Park of Commerce Associates v. City of Delray Beach</u>, 606 So.2d 633, 635 (Fla. 4th DCA 1992), "(P)roperty owners are entitled to notice of the conditions they must meet in order to improve their property in accord with the existing zoning and other development regulations of the government. Those conditions should be set out in clearly stated regulations. Compliance with those regulations should be capable of objective determination in an administrative proceeding."

The record presented to this Court reveals that the BOA's denial of the Petitioner's Administrative Appeal was not supported by competent substantial evidence. Competent substantial evidence is that which is "sufficiently relevant and material that a reasonable mind would accept it as adequate to support the conclusion reached." <u>De Groot v. Sheffield</u>, 95 So. 2d 912, 916 (Fla. 1957). "For the action to be sustained, it must be reasonably based in the evidence presented." <u>Town of Indialantic v. Nance</u>, 400 So. 2d 37, 40 (Fla. 5th DCA 1981). "Surmise, conjecture or speculation have been held not to be substantial evidence." <u>Fla. Rate Conference v. Fla. R.R. and Pub. Utils. Comm'n</u>, 108 So. 2d 601, 607 (Fla. 1959).

The Court finds the BOA's decision to find that Petitioners' proposed retail store is not compatible with existing and potential uses is not supported by competent substantial evidence. The evidence presented at the hearing in support of the County's request that the proposed use be denied can only be characterized as speculative and conclusory. The record reveals that the Planning Official's determination that the proposed development did not meet the criteria set forth in (e)(5) was not supported by any facts or evidence. The Planning Official did render an opinion that the development was not compatible, but never set forth any specific evidence to support such opinion. The record indicates that the County simply disagreed with the Petitioners' expert without presenting facts that contradicted the opinions set forth in her compatibility analysis. Additionally, the County's witnesses and the BOA itself never considered or applied the code's decree that a compatibility analysis was competent substantial evidence which supported the Petitioner's request. Further, other than its disagreement with the Petitioner's expert that the proposed use would be able to achieve long-term compatibility with existing and potential uses, the County never presented objective facts to support its disagreement. The County's opinion that the proposed development was not compatible and would not achieve long term compatibility was simply a bald conclusion and without more has no evidentiary value. Arkin Const. Co. v. Simpkins, 99 So. 3d 557, 561 (Fla. 1957).

In contrast, the Petitioner brought forth specific evidence in support of its application. The Petitioner's expert, who had put together hundreds of compatibility analyses in her career, prepared a compatibility analysis as contemplated by the code and gave testimony in support of such analysis at the hearing. In such analysis, and in her testimony, she also opined that the Petitioner's proposed use of the property would be able to achieve long-term compatibility with existing and potential uses; such opinion meeting the criteria set forth in (e)(5). As will also be addressed in another portion of this Order, the code language itself demands the BOA to find that the compatibility analysis is competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances regarding the potential uses of parcels that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria (i.e. (e)(1)-(4)). The County never introduced any specific evidence why the Petitioners' compatibility should be

rejected. Rather, the County's evidence was that it simply did not agree with the Petitioners' compatibility analysis. In fact, the County's witness never directly answered the question posed by Petitioners' counsel as to whether the proposed use (a commercial venture in a commercial zone) could coexist with the surrounding residential uses in a stable fashion over time such that no use, activity or condition is unduly negatively impacted. (See App. 076-080).

While the BOA affirmatively stated it based its decision on the expert testimony, and not the citizen testimony, the County argues that part of the competent substantial evidence supporting the BOA's decision did indeed come from the citizen testimony. The Court certainly understands the complaints and fears of these witnesses. However, the testimony of the citizens who spoke against the proposed use cannot constitute competent substantial evidence based upon existing case law.² The First District Court of Appeal has held that lay witnesses' speculation about potential traffic problems, light and noise pollution, and general unfavorable impacts of a proposed land use are not considered competent substantial evidence. Katherine's Bay, LLC v. Fagan, 52 So.3d 19, 30 (Fla. 1st DCA 2010). Similarly any lay witnesses' opinions that a proposed land use will devalue homes in the area are insufficient to support a finding that such devaluation will occur. Further, while there were speakers who identified themselves as real estate agents, their testimony cannot be considered as expert opinions as to whether the proposed use would cause devaluation of property. Such witnesses did not identify themselves as appraisers of real property and did not base their testimony on specific real estate sales and listings, opinions of brokers and other real estate agents, and information as to the general status of the local economy. See Trustees of Central States Southeast and Southwest Areas, Pension Fund v. Indico Corp., 401 So.2d 904, 906 (Fla. 1st DCA 1981). Based on the evidence the BOA

 $^{^{2}}$ The Florida Supreme Court has stated that the decisions of the district courts of appeal represent the law of Florida unless and until they are overruled by the Florida Supreme Court. <u>Stanfill v. State</u>, 384 So.2d 141, 143 (Fla. 1980).

could consider, the Court finds there was no competent substantial evidence justifying the BOA's decision to deny the Petitioners' administrative appeal.

The Court also finds that the BOA departed from the essential requirements of law by ignoring the code's language that a petitioner's compatibility analysis provides competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances regarding the potential uses of a parcel that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria. It is not for this Court to add or subtract words or requirements from a code provision. Anderson Columbia v. Brewer, 994 So.2d 419, 421 (Fla. 1st DCA 2008). Nothing in the plain language of Section 3-2.10(e)(5) of the County's LDC authorizes the County Staff or the BOA to simply disregard the Petitioner's compatibility analysis. The Code sets forth the established principle that a compatibility analysis must be viewed as competent substantial evidence. The County never considered that proposition when rendering its opinion, and neither did the BOA when it rejected the Petitioners' appeal. This is not a mere simple legal error, but rather a failure to apply the plain language of the Code. To be clear, this Court is not ruling at this time that a compatibility analysis automatically entitles the Petitioner the relief it seeks. However, the Court believes the Code mandated the BOA to apply the standards set forth in the Code when it rendered its decision, and by failing to do so the BOA departed from the essential requirements of the law that applied to this case.

For the reasons set forth above, the Court finds that the BOA's decision denying the Petitioners' Administrative Appeal was not supported by competent substantial evidence, and that the BOA departed from the essential requirements of the law. Accordingly, it is hereby ORDERED and ADJUDGED that:

1. The Petitioners' Amended Petition for Writ of Certiorari is GRANTED;

2. The BOA's decision denying the Petitioners' Administrative Appeal is QUASHED; and

3. The Court reserves jurisdiction to award costs, if appropriate, upon proper motion by the Petitioners as the prevailing party in this appellate proceeding.

DONE AND ORDERED in Chambers in Escambia County, Florida, this _____ day of

_____2018.

- Minnen eSigned by CIRCUIT COURT JUDG on 08/03/2018 18:47:49 yw76gVXG

SCOTT DUNCAN CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE

Conformed copies via e-mail to:

David A. Theriaque, Esquire (Counsel for Petitioners) S. Brent Spain, Esquire (Counsel for Petitioners) Kristin D. Hual, Esquire (Counsel for Respondent)

BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

Teramore Development, LLC, Petitioner

v.

Parcel No.:23-3S-31-2001-000-000Address:11400 block of Gulf Beach HighwayDate of County Administrative Decision: July 24, 2017Date of BOA Appeal: October 18, 2017Date of Circuit Court Decision: October 6, 2018Date of BOA Rehearing: November 14, 2018

ESCAMBIA COUNTY, a political subdivision of the State of Florida, Respondent.

ESCAMBIA COUNTY'S NOTICE OF EXPERT WITNESS AND SUPPLEMENTAL AUTHORITY

Respondent, Escambia County Board of County Commissioners, (hereinafter, the "County") by and through undersigned counsel provides this Notice of Expert Witness and Supplemental Authority for consideration at the hearing on this matter. The County states as follows:

I. <u>Background</u>:

1. The subject parcel is located at 11400 block Gulf Beach Highway. The property is zoned Commercial (C) and is located within the Mixed-Use Suburban (MU-S) future land use (FLU) category.

2. Section 3-2.10(e) of the Escambia County Land Development Code (LDC) requires all new non-residential uses proposed within the Commercial (C) zoning district to satisfy at least one of the listed locational criteria.

3. Within this zoning district, the LDC provides five possible ways to satisfy the locational criteria. These are 1) proximity to an intersection, 2) proximity to a traffic generator, 3)

infill development, 4) site design, and 5) documented compatibility.

4. The applicant conceded that the parcel could not satisfy the first four criteria and submitted a Compatibility Analysis to satisfy the remaining criterion. Thus, the "Documented Compatibility" criterion was the only criterion addressed. To this end, the applicant submitted a Compatibility Analysis.

5. Documented Compatibility requires:

Documented compatibility. A compatibility analysis prepared by the applicant provides competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances regarding the potential uses of parcel that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria, and the proposed use, or rezoning as applicable, will be able to achieve long-term compatibility with existing and potential uses. Additionally, the following conditions exist:

a. The parcel has not been rezoned by the landowner from the mixed-use, commercial, or industrial zoning assigned by the county.

b. If the parcel is within a county redevelopment district, the use will be consistent with the district's adopted redevelopment plan, as reviewed and recommended by the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA).

See Sec. 3-2.10(e)(5), Escambia County Land Development Code (2018).

6. On July 24, 2017, the Planning Official issued a determination that the applicant's

Compatibility Analysis was insufficient and, therefore, it did not satisfy the locational criteria requirement.

7. The applicant appealed the Planning Official's determination, and on October 18,

2017, the matter came before the Board of Adjustment. The BOA voted 6-0 to deny the appeal and upheld the determination of the County Planning Official. Next, the applicant appealed the BOA's decision by filing a Writ of Certiorari in Circuit Court.

8. On August 6, 2018, the Circuit Court granted the applicant's Petition for Writ of Certiorari and quashed the prior decision of the BOA.

9. With the BOA's order quashed, the matter is once again before the Board of

Adjustment for hearing on November 14, 2018.

II. <u>Law</u>:

10. It is well-established that the circuit court has no power in exercising its jurisdiction in certiorari to enter a judgement on the merits of the controversy under consideration nor to direct the respondent to enter any particular order or judgment. <u>Snyder v. Douglas</u>, 647 So.2d 275, 279 (Fla. 2d DCA 1994).

11. To this point, the Florida Supreme Court has held that when an Order is quashed on review of a Petition for Writ of Certiorari, the parties should be allowed to proceed "... in the same manner and to the same extent which they might have proceeded had the order reviewed not been entered." <u>Broward v. G.B.V. International, Ltd.</u>, 787 So.2d at 838, 844 (Fla. 2001).

12. The Florida Supreme Court explained in Broward v. G.B.V. International, Ltd., that

"When the order is quashed, as it was in this case, it leaves the subject matter, that is, the controversy pending before the tribunal, commission, or administrative authority, as if no order or judgment had been entered and the parties stand upon the pleadings and proof as it existed when the order was made with the rights of all parties to proceed further as they may be advised to protect or obtain the enjoyment of their rights under the law in the same manner and to the same extent which they might have proceeded had the order reviewed not been entered.

The appellate court has no power in exercising its jurisdiction in certiorari to enter a judgment on the merits of the controversy under consideration nor to direct the respondent to enter any particular order or judgment.

Id. quoting <u>Tamiami Trail Tours v. Railroad Commission</u>, 174 So. 451, 454 (1937) (on rehearing). (Emphasis added.)

13. Because the Circuit Court does not have the inherent authority to direct any particular action by the BOA, to reweigh the evidence, or to substitute its judgment for that of the BOA's, the law requires the case to be returned to the BOA for consideration "as if no order or judgment had been entered." Id.

14. While the County recognizes that the "law of the case" doctrine requires that

questions of law which have been decided on appeal must govern the case in the appellate court and in the lower tribunal in all subsequent stages of the proceeding, it is important to note that the law of the case doctrine <u>does not</u> require a contrary result upon rehearing.

15. In a similar case, <u>Dorian v. Davis</u>, 874 So.2d 661 (Fla. 5th DCA 2004), the Orange County Board of County Commissioners disapproved a Development Plan to construct multi-family residential units on the grounds that it would create a public safety emergency. This action was appealed. The appellate court held that the County did not present competent and substantial evidence to support the denial and quashed the County's action. Following the appellate Court's ruling, Orange County held a second full public hearing in which additional evidence and testimony was presented. Once again, Orange County denied the Development Plan, and once again, the County's decision was appealed.

16. On the second appeal in <u>Dorian</u>, the Fifth District Court upheld the County's denial and noted that "in the second proceeding, the County considered additional new evidence and based its decision to disapprove the Development Plan on different grounds." <u>Dorian v. Davis</u>, 874 So.2d at 664.

17. The <u>Dorian</u> Court explained that the law of the case doctrine is narrower than the doctrine of *res judicata* in that it bars consideration only of those legal issues actually considered and decided in the former appeal. <u>Id</u>. *See also* <u>Fla. Dept. of Transp. v. Juliano</u>, 801 So.2d 101 (Fla. 2001).

18. Another example of this principle is outlined in <u>Wood v. Dep't of Prof. Reg., Bd. of</u> <u>Dentistry</u>, 490 So.2d 1079, 1081-82 (Fla. 1st DCA 1986). Here, the First District Court noted that any attempt by an appellate court "to prophesy as to the permissible limits of [a board's] discretion to determine the manner in which it will discharge its duty" under the law is premature if the question is not specifically before the board. As stated by the Second District Court, a reviewing court is

4

not empowered to review issues which the lower tribunal has not previously decided or to issue an advisory opinion. <u>State v. Vogel</u>, 415 So.2d 821 (Fla. 2d DCA 1982).

19. The law of the case doctrine has no application when a subsequent hearing or trial develops different facts and different issues. <u>Parker Family Trust I v. City of Jacksonville</u>, 804 So.2d 493 (Fla. 1st DCA 2001) (citing <u>Steele v. Pendarvis Chevrolet, Inc.</u>, 220 So.2d 372, 376 (Fla. 1969)).

20. The determination that locational criteria have been met is more than a ministerial one.

21. The intent of the Documented Compatibility locational critierion is to allow the County to determine whether unique circumstances exist such that an applicant is entitled to relief through authorization to develop a new non-residential use.

22. The scope of the hearing on remand should include all issues relevant to what alternatives the Planning Official and the County had at the point of the decision.

III. Additional Evidence:

23. In addition to previous submittals, the Count intends to proffer the following:

- Expert testimony and written opinion of Ms. Shawna E. Martin, AICP, 2510
 Goldenrod Way, Tallahassee, Florida 32311.
- ii. Records of certain recent rezonings along Gulf Beach Highway.
- iii. Records of other compatibility determinations by the Planning Official.
- iv. Testimony of County staff.

24. All additional records have been provided to opposing counsel and are attached hereto.

IV. <u>Relief</u>:

25. WHEREFORE, Escambia County requests that you re-open the hearing, rescind your prior action such that no order has been entered, accept additional information for consideration in

deliberation of the matter, and reconsider your prior motion. Any other action denies the County due process.

Respectfully submitted,

Alison P. Rogers, County Attorney Escambia County Attorney's Office By:

Meredith D. Crawford, Assistant County Attorney 221 Palafox Place, Suite 430 Pensacola, Florida 32502 (850) 595-4970 phone (850) 595-4979 fax Florida Board No.: 0048086 Attorney for Escambia County, FL mdcrawford@myescambia.com aespinosa@myescambia.com

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Notice of Expert Witness and Supplemental Authority for consideration by the Board of Adjustment was filed on November 9, 2018, via electronic mail to David A. Theriaque, Attorney for Teramore Development, LLC, at <u>dat@theriaquelaw.com</u> and to Kayla Meador, Clerk for the Escambia County Board of Adjustment, at <u>krmeador@myescambia.com</u>,

Meredith Crawford, Assistant County Attorney Attorney for Escambia County, FL

	2510 Goldenrod Way, Tallahassee, FL 32311 * (850) 766-1242 * Shawna.Martin@hotmail.com
Sun	amary of Qualifications
	Mature multi-disciplinary management professional with considerable experience coordinating with numerous city, county and state departments, as well and civic and community groups, to effectively complete key projects.
Edu	cation
	Masters of Science in Planning, 2007 FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY - Tallahassee, FL Major Studies: Environmental Planning and Natural Resource Management
	Bachelor of Science in Biological Sciences, 1996 FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY - Tallahassee, FL
Cert	ifications and Honors
	AICP Certification, American Institute of Certified Planners, May 2016
	The Adaptive Leader Certification, Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies, 2012
	The Edward E. McClure Award for Academic Achievement, FSU, Department of Urban & Regional Planning, 2008
Pro	fessional Experience
	LEON COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT AND ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT (DSEM) - Tallabassee, FL Principal Planner, November 2016 – Present; Senior Planner, October 2014 – November 2016; Planner II, July 2012 – October 2014
	My responsibilities include aiding citizens, developers and elected officials in navigating the County's land development process and shaping future development by recommending and developing amendments to the Comprehensive Plan and Land Development Regulations (LDRs).
	FLORIDA FISH AND WILDLIFE CONSERVATION COMMISSION - Tallahassee, FL OPS Government Operations Consultant/Stakeholder Coordinator, September 2011 – June 2012
	I served as the Stakeholder Coordination Specialist for statewide stakeholder engagement efforts to develop imperiled species management plans for 60 state-listed wildlife species. The project that involved 80 biologists statewide and required coordination across agency divisions as well as with outside interest groups for its development and implementation.
	PANAMA CITY COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (CRA) – Panama City, FL St. Andrews Community Redevelopment Agency Program Manager & St. Andrews Waterfronts Florida Partnership (non-profit) Program Manager, August 2009 to August 2011
	As Community Redevelopment Area (CRA) Program Manager, I was solely responsible for the direct implementation of the St. Andrews CRA Plan. St. Andrews CRA I soon found was quite unique amongst

Shawna E. Martin

redevelopment plan and since their redevelopment boundaries overlapped, also served as the Waterfronts Florida Partnership board for the Waterfronts Florida Program with DCA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS – Tallahassee, FL Senior Planner/Waterfronts Florida Program Coordinator, January 2008 to July 2009; Planner II/Waterfronts Florida Program, January 2007 to January 2008

In this role I provided technical coordination and support for the Waterfronts Florida Program, assisting Florida's coastal communities with waterfront revitalization focused on hazard mitigation, public access, environmental and cultural resource protection and economic retention and redevelopment. Part of meeting the program's goals requires close linkage with goals, objectives and policies within a county's comprehensive plan.

SELECTED PUBLICATIONS & PRESENTATIONS

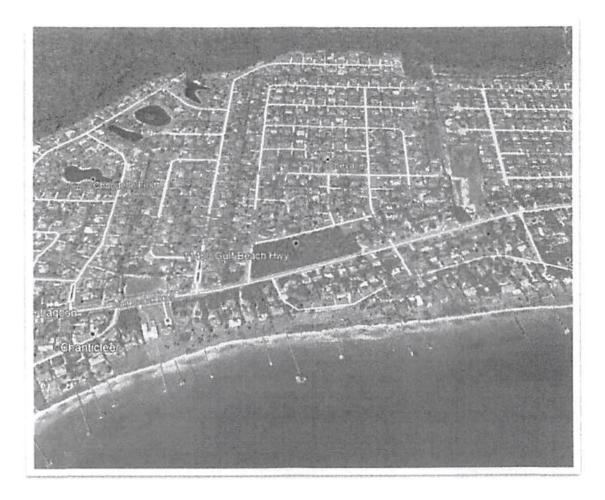
Guiding the Way to Waterfront Revitalization: A Best Management Practices Series, prepared by the Department of Community Affairs (June 2007), Contributor

The Waterfronts Florida Program: Revitalizing and Preserving Florida's Working Waterfronts, Strategic Plan 2008-2018, prepared by the Department of Community Affairs (2008), Contributor & Editor

Coastal Cities Summit 2008 Annual Conference, St. Petersburg, FL, Presenter on Joint Panel: Coastal & Waterfront Smart Growth

Waterfronts Florida Partnership Program: Community Case Studies, prepared by the Department of Community Affairs (May 2009), Contributor & Editor

Smart Growth for Coastal and Waterfront Communities, joint publication prepared by NOAA, EPA, ICMA and SeaGrant (September 2009), Contributor



Land Use Suitability and Compatibility Analysis PREPARED FOR THE:

ESCAMBIA COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Site Location: 11400 Block of Gulf Beach Highway Parcel ID#: 23-3S-31-2001-000-000

Prepared By: Shawna E. Martin, AICP | October 26, 2018

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Purpose

This report was commissioned by Escambia County in response to an Administrative Appeal filed with the Board of Adjustment (BOA) on August 7, 2017 by Teramore Development, LLC and subsequently petitioned in the Circuit Court of the First Judicial Court in Escambia County, Florida on January 5, 2018. The Circuit Court remanded the case back to the BOA for rehearing.

The case surrounds the development of a 9,100 square foot (SF) Dollar General store on a 3.4 acre parcel located in the County's Commercial zoning district. In mid-2017, Teramore requested confirmation of compatibility from the County's Planning Official regarding the proposed development pursuant to Section 3-2.10(e)(5) of the County's LDC. Teramore submitted a Compatibility Analysis prepared by a certified land use planner, Allara Mills Gutcher, AICP, in support of the request (*Land Use Compatibility Analysis – Gulf Beach Highway:* The Planning Collaborative, June 25, 2017). On July 24, 2017, the Planning Official issued a written decision concluding the proposed development, which is surrounded by residential uses, did not satisfy the alternative location criteria and did not provide evidence of "unique circumstances" as required by the LDC. Upon appeal, the BOA upheld the Planning Official's decision and denied the appeal. Teramore, et al. then appealed to the Circuit Court which granted a Writ of Cert quashing the BOA's decision on August 6, 2018.

This report evaluates, according to plain language, whether the proposed retail sales store is permissible and compatible based on the goals, strategies and policies of the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan 2030 (Comp Plan) and the criteria and development standards outlined in the Escambia County Land Development Code (LDC). An analysis will also be provided regarding the information contained within the Compatibility Analysis submitted by Teramore in support of the proposed development.

Overview of Proposed Development

The applicant, Teramore, proposes the construction of a Dollar General retail store of approximately 9,100 square feet on a 3.4 acre parcel (parcel identification number 23-3S-31-2001-000-000) located in the northern 11400 block of Gulf Beach Highway in unincorporated Escambia County, Florida. The applicant purports that the retail sales store will have normal hours of operation between 7:00 (or 8:00 a.m.) to 9:00 p.m. No formal site plan has been submitted; however, the applicant proposes to orient the building towards the south, facing Gulf Beach Highway, with parking in the front and retaining approximately 2.15 acres of the site in a natural state. Additionally, ingress/egress to the site will be limited to Gulf Beach Highway. The Compatibility Analysis states there "will be no noise, smoke, glare, emissions, dust, vibration, or odors emitted from this use" and that "lighting...will be installed in a down-lit fashion" (*Land Use Compatibility Analysis – Gulf Beach Highway*; The Planning Collaborative, June 25, 2017, pg. 4).

As previously noted, the subject parcel is surrounded by single-family detached residential neighborhoods: Chevalier (184 Lots; all phases), Seaglade (357 Lots; all phases with some estate waterfront lots) and Chandelle (270 Lots; all phases); see Figure 1. These subdivisions are very

low-density residential subdivisions with an average density of 2.27 dwelling units/acre (1/4 to 1/2 lot sizes on average), are contained within the County's Mixed-Use Suburban Future Land Use Category and are within either the Low-Density Residential (LDR; south of Gulf Beach Highway) or High-Density Residential (HDR; north of Gulf Beach Highway) zoning districts. The subdivisions to the south of Gulf Beach Highway are the oldest, most having been established in the mid to late 1950s. The subdivisions north of Gulf Beach Highway were established in the mid-to late 1990s. There is one contiguous parcel to the east of the subject site which is also zoned Commercial; however, this small, vacant parcel is owned by the Chevalier Homeowner's Association (HOA). Other than these two parcels, the nearest commercially-zoned area or parcel is approximately 1/2 mile to the southeast.

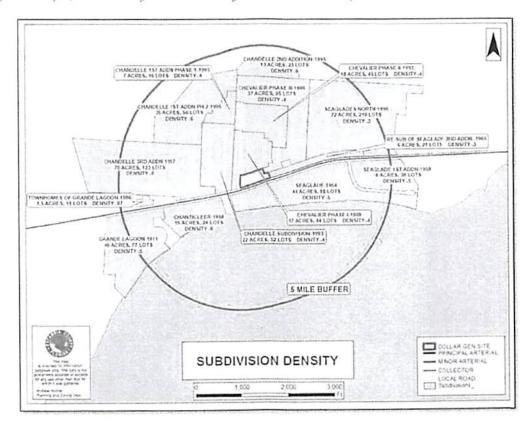


Figure 1: Map of Surrounding Residential Neighborhoods & Density

Comprehensive Plan Goals, Growth Strategies & Policies

A comprehensive plan is a document designed to guide the current and future needs and aspirations of a community. Future development is guided through long-range goals, strategies and policies for all activities that affect the local government. In reviewing the Escambia County Comp Plan, it becomes evident through overarching goals, strategies and policies, that the

PAGE 3

County's aspiration is to provide orderly growth management by providing a "clear separation between urban, suburban and rural areas" (Chapter 7, FLU, *Purpose and Intent*).

The policies adopted are "<u>not</u> intended to terminate growth but rather to <u>provide mechanisms for</u> <u>growth management</u> in order to serve the citizens, visitors and property owners" (Chapter 1, Section 1.03, *Intent*). The Comp Plan outlines specific policies intended to implement future development patterns, with the most notable for the purposes of this report being the "correction of nonconforming uses" and ensuring the "compatibility of adjacent uses" (Chapter 7, FLU, Policy 1.1.2).

Throughout the Future Land Use Element (FLU), it is continually referenced that the County's intent is to achieve a mix of land uses while promoting compatible infill and a clear separation of urban and suburban land uses. A suburban area is defined in the Comp Plan as:

"a predominately low-density residential area located immediately outside of an urban area or a city and associated with it physically and socioeconomically."

The subject parcel under evaluation is contained within the Mixed-Use <u>Suburban</u> (MU-S) FLU category, which states its intent to focus a mix of development within a ¹/₄ mile of arterial roadways and transit corridors. MU-S allows for a range of uses including but not limited to residential, retail sales and services, office, recreation, public and civic, and even limited agriculture. The growth anticipation is that the FLU will achieve a good mix of uses within these corridor areas. The FLU goes even further with its growth goals by outlining the percentages of specific uses that are intended to be achieved through implementation of policies. Non-residential uses within the MU-S FLU are anticipated to comprise 30-50% of new development at these corridor intersections. Beyond the ¹/₄ mile radius, residential development is anticipated to make up 70-80% of the land use, with non-residential only comprising 5-10%.

The FLU does not provide for a minimum intensity for non-residential uses but does provide a maximum intensity of 1.0 Floor Area Ratio (FAR). The maximum density for residential development is 25 dwelling units per acre (du/ac) with a minimum requirement of at least 2 du/ac. The minimum density is consistent with residential development on septic tank systems that require a minimum of a $\frac{1}{2}$ acre by the Florida Department of Health.

Each local government's Comprehensive Plan must be found consistent with Florida Statutes. Escambia County's Comp Plan has been found consistent by the Department of Economic Opportunity and therefore meets the requirements of being consistent with the State's definition of compatibility, which is as follows:

"Compatibility means a condition in which land uses or conditions can coexist in relative proximity to each other in a stable fashion over time such that no use or condition is unduly negatively impacted directly or indirectly by another use or condition."

Compatibility can be a subjective term and is often further refined by a local jurisdiction to help guide the type of development that is desired in an area. Jurisdictions are afforded the ability to

adopt policies that are more stringent, so long as they are consistent with and do not conflict with Florida Statutes. Escambia County adopted definitions that sought to further define what compatible development means in their jurisdiction and have defined compatible and incompatible development as follows:

"Incompatible development is new development proposed to be constructed next to existing development wherein the proximity of the two kinds of development would each <u>diminish the usefulness</u> of the other or would be detrimental to existing operations. The incompatibility can arise from either <u>land use or structure size and design</u>.

Compatible development is new development proposed to be constructed next to existing development in which the proximity of the two kinds of development would each <u>complement</u> or <u>enhance the usefulness of</u> the other."

These definitions apply to all FLU categories and the path for development throughout the County. As not one size fits all, the definitions for compatible development are further defined in the zoning districts of the LDC by the stated allowable uses, conditional uses, location standards and development densities and intensities. To determine if a use is compatible with another, you must consider the intent of the Comp Plan, the intent of the FLU category, the intent of the zoning district and the intent of the development standards that are outlined. It should be a comprehensive analysis of all these components in harmony with one another, not in isolation.

Commercial Development Patterns

In many jurisdictions throughout the nation, planners are developing innovative policies to eliminate spot zoning and reinvent areas that demonstrate bad commercial development patterns, both of which can have devastating effects on a community and the creation of a sense of place. Both patterns will be discussed in more detail below in relation to the zoning of the subject parcel.

CONDITIONS OF SPOT ZONING

The subject site has historically had some form of commercial zoning since the adoption of the Comp Plan and LDC. Even as the area developed with predominately single-family residential neighborhoods, no downzoning of the property occurred. Downzoning reduces densities and intensities: however, communities rarely downzone as it can raise issues regarding the loss of property owners' investment-back expectations of development potential.

While no rezoning has occurred on the property, by perception the small lot size and isolation of the commercial zoning designation has the look and appearance of a parcel that has been "spot zoned." Spot zoning describes the application of a specific zoning district classification to a small area, which is surrounded by a larger different (usually less intense) zoning district leading to a disharmony with the surrounding area [See *Dade County v. Inversiones Rafamar*, S.A., 360 So. 2d 1130, 1133 (Fla. 3d DCA 1978)].

Good planning practices prevent the appearance and effects of spot zoning by ensuring Comp Plan policies and LDC standards provide smooth transitions between commercial and residential development. Under Section 2-7.2 of the LDC, the applicant for a rezoning has the burden of presenting competent substantial evidence to the reviewing board establishing that the requested zoning district would contribute to or result in a <u>logical</u> and <u>orderly</u> development pattern. A logical and orderly pattern shall require demonstration of five different conditions. One of these conditions refers to spot zoning and states:

"Where the proposed zoning would establish or reinforce a condition of spot zoning as defined in Chapter 6, the isolated district would nevertheless be <u>transitional in</u> <u>character</u> between the adjoining districts, <u>or</u> the <u>differences</u> with those districts would be <u>minor</u> or sufficiently limited."

I bring attention to this to show that while the parcel has historically been commercial, the small parcel set in isolation among a swath of low-density residential development has the same effect as a spot zoned parcel. It is out of harmony with the community and provides no transition in character between uses. If this isolated parcel applied for a rezoning from a lower intensity land use to a commercial zoning under the current Comp Plan and LDC, then it would most surely be considered spot zoning and the application denied due to disharmony with surrounding development patterns.

STRIP COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT

Strip commercial development patterns are contrary to the basic tenants of good planning practice as it ruins any sense of place that a community is trying to build due to conflicting urban forms. Strip development consumes natural areas and open space, impedes traffic flow and inevitably expands and grows outward from its limits. Very few communities are immune from the strip or scattered development patterns of the past, when growth went unchecked.

Gulf Beach Highway shows signs of past strip development patterns and zoning (see Figure 2 below), which the County is aspiring to correct through good planning strategies. The Escambia County Comp Plan outlines several policies in its Mobility Element that further demonstrate its intent to combat strip commercial development patterns and coordinate land use decisions with future traffic circulation system improvements. Policy 1.1.7 of the Mobility Element (Access Management) states:

"Escambia County will promote access management by limiting the number of conflict points that a motorist experiences during travel, separating conflict points as much as possible when they cannot be eliminated, and controlling the turning movements to facilitate traffic flow on affected roadways."

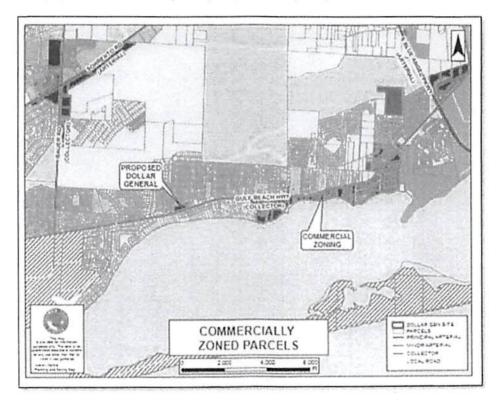


Figure 2: Map of Commercial Zoning Along Gulf Beach Highway

Strip development introduces additional access points that disrupt through traffic and diminish the overall carrying capacity of roadways as cars pull in and out. The above-referenced policy, along with numerous other transportation and land use policies in the Comp Plan, clearly demonstrate the County's goal of eliminating the issues surrounding strip commercial development.

To make up for the mistakes of the past, many communities are developing plans that limit development to centric nodes in suburban areas. A node is the concentration of commercial and/or office development near the intersection of major arterial and collector roadways. Concentrated nodes prevent the negative impacts associated with strip development along major corridors which are often the gateways into a community.

Nodes accomplish two goals: they help maintain traffic flow along roadways and can better maintain or improve community character. The node concept can be established in several different ways, but the most common techniques are through overlay districts or specific location criteria. The latter being the technique that Escambia County has adopted, which is discussed in more detail below.

Compatibility Standards & Location Criteria (LDC)

The Escambia County LDCs have an entire section devoted to compatibility (Section 3-1.6, LDC) which outlines specific location criteria that are designed to create smooth transitions of uses and protect natural resources from intrusive activities and negative impacts. This section specifically states in its intent that "although zoning separates generally incompatible development, inclusion as a permitted use within a district <u>does not alone ensure compatibility</u> with other district uses."

This section clearly outlines, in plain language, that location criteria are established in some zoning districts to promote compatibility among uses, especially new non-residential uses in relation to existing residential uses. It also notes that the location criteria are meant to "prevent the adverse impacts of continuous <u>strip development</u> along major streets and avoid blighting influences of some commercial uses on adjacent residential neighborhoods [Section 3-1.6(b), LDC].

As this section generally applies to all zoning districts, it is clear the intent of the LDC is to prevent strip development, and as such, has created specific location criteria to concentrate non-residential development in areas which can better accommodate commercial intensities and the impacts that can result.

Commercial Development Standards (LDC)

The Commercial zoning district (Section 3-2.10, LDC) clearly states that the district intent is to "establish appropriate areas and land use regulations for general commercial activities, especially the retailing of commodities and services." The district allows for a range of uses including residential, retail sales and services, public and civic, recreation and entertainment, limited industrial and agricultural activities.

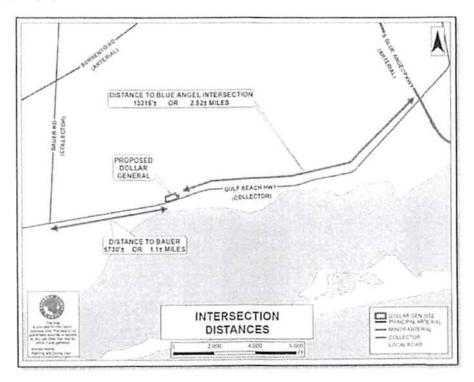
Pursuant to Section 3-2.10(e) of the LDC (location criteria), all new non-residential uses in the district, which are not part of a Planned Unit Development or exempt, shall be on parcels that satisfy <u>at least one</u> of the location criteria. It should also be noted that the applicant's expert witness and certified land use planner, Mrs. Allara Mills Gutcher, AICP, admitted during her testimony at the proceeding of the Escambia County BOA on October 18, 2017, that the subject site did not meet location criteria #1-4 (Escambia County BOA Transcripts, page 42, lines 6 and 7). Additionally, none of criteria #1-4 were discussed in the Compatibility Analysis submitted by the applicant.

While only criterion #5 is of consideration in this case, this report will document why the subject parcel does not meet criteria #1-4 as it is important to show the intent of the location criteria, how they each build upon one another and why the proposed site is not suitable or ripe for commercial development. Therefore, each of the five criteria will be discussed in detail below and the subject parcel will be analyzed based on each criterion.

LOCATION CRITERIA #1 - PROXIMITY TO AN INTERSECTION

This criterion limits non-residential uses to (1) being located along either an arterial or collector street, and (2) being within ¼ mile of its intersection with an arterial street. The subject site is located along Gulf Beach Highway, which is a collector street; however, it is not located within a ¼ mile of its intersection with an arterial street, as illustrated in Figure 3 below. The nearest arterial street intersection is actually a distance of 2.52 +/- miles away. Therefore, the subject site does not meet this criterion and in fact, is not even relatively close to meeting this criterion, as the nearest arterial street intersection is more than to times further away from the subject site than required.

Figure 3: Map of Nearest Intersections



LOCATION CRITERIA #2 - PROXIMITY TO A TRAFFIC GENERATOR

This criterion limits non-residential uses to (1) being located along either an arterial or collector street, and (2) being within a ¼ mile radius of an individual traffic generator of more than 600 daily trips, such as an apartment complex, military base, college campus, hospital, shopping mall, or similar generator.

The subject site <u>does not meet</u> this criterion, as there are no traffic generators within a $\frac{1}{4}$ mile radius of the site (See Figure 4). In fact, the nearest traffic generators are Naval Air Station Pensacola which is 2.8 +/- miles to the east, which is a 255% increase in the proximity

PAGE 9

requirement, and Park Plaza Shopping Center which is 1.9 +/- miles to the west and a 165% increase.

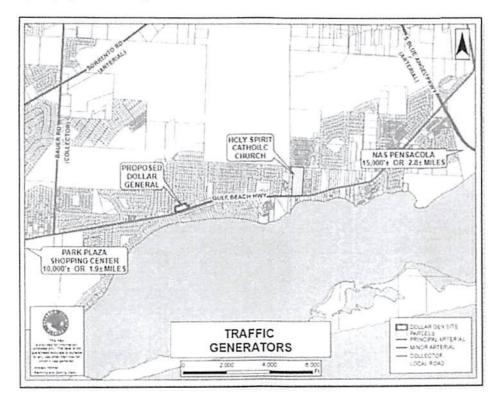


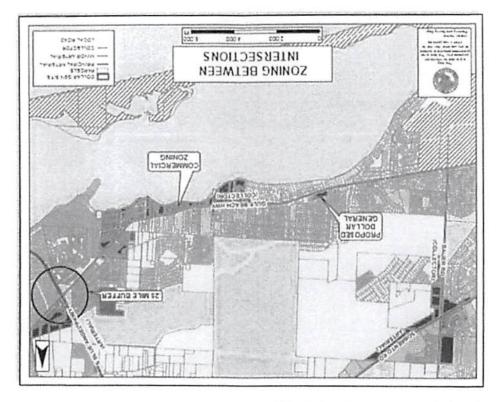
Figure 4: Map of Nearest Traffic Generators

LOCATION CRITERIA #3 - INFILL DEVELOPMENT

This criterion limits non-residential uses to being located (1) along either an arterial or collector street, (2) in an area where already established non-residential uses are otherwise consistent with the Commercial zoning district, (3) where the new use would constitute infill development of similar intensity as the conforming development on surrounding parcels, (4) in an area that would promote compact development and (5) in an area that would not contribute to or promote strip commercial development.

The subject site also did not meet the five prongs of this location criterion. While the site is located along a collector street, it is not in an area where already established non-residential uses are consistent with the Commercial zoning district (see

Figure 5 below), does not constitute infill development of a similar intensity (see traffic generation rates in Table 3 below), and does not promote compact development as it is a standalone use and could promote strip commercial development.



painoz Samarest Commercial Zoning

LOCATION CRITERIA #4 - SITE DESIGN

This criterion limits non-residential development to being located (1) along either an arterial or collector street, (2) no more than a V_{c} mile from its intersection with an arterial or collector street. (3) not abutting a single-family residential soning district (RR, LDR, MDR), and (4) meeting all the following site conditions:

- 1. Any intrusion into a recorded subdivision is limited to a corner lot:
- A system of service roads or shared access is provided to the maximum extent made feasible by lot area, shape, ownership patterns, and site and street characteristics; and
- 3. Adverse impacts to any adjoining residential uses are minimized by placing more intensive elements of the use, such as solid waste dumpsters and truck loading/unloading areas, furthest from the residential use.

The subject site also does not meet the four prongs of this location criterion. Again, while it is located on a collector street, it is t.i.+/- miles away from the nearest collector street intersection which is more than double the ¹/₂ mile requirement. The next prong of this test requires that the parcel not be next to a single-family residential zoning district. The site is directly adjacent to both the High-Density Residential (HDR) zoning district and the Low-Density Residential (LDR) and the Row-Density Residential (LDR) and the High-Density Residential (LDR) zoning District and the Low-Density Residential (LDR) and the Row-Density Residential (LDR) and the Row Point R

meet specific site conditions which all relate to minimizing intrusions and impacts upon existing residential uses nearby.

LOCATION CRITERIA #5 - DOCUMENTED COMPATIBILITY

This criterion requires the applicant provides competent substantial evidence of compatibility through a two-pronged test: (1) that "unique circumstances" exist regarding the parcel or potential uses of the parcels that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria (above), and (2) it is demonstrated that the proposed use will be able to achieve long-term compatibility with existing and potential uses.

Additionally, the following conditions must exist: (1) the parcel has not been rezoned by the landowner from the mixed-use, commercial, or industrial zoning assigned by the county, (2) if the parcel is within a county redevelopment district, the use will be consistent with the district's adopted redevelopment plan, as reviewed and recommended by the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA). Neither of these conditions exist and thus are inapplicable to this proposed development.

The applicant submitted a Request for Interpretation and/or Confirmation of Compatibility to the County's Planning Official along with a Land Use Compatibility Analysis (Land Use Compatibility Analysis – Gulf Beach Highway; The Planning Collaborative, June 25, 2017) prepared by a certified land use planner for the proposed retail sales use of the property. The Director of the Development Services Division, Mr. Horace Jones, reviewed the application and compatibility analysis and determined that the applicant did not provide competent substantial evidence to support compatibility based on the two-pronged test outlined in the LDC. It will be demonstrated below, based on the plain language of the code and documented past precedence regarding the evaluation of this location criterion (#5), that the proposed use does not meet the criterion of "documented compatibility."

The first prong of the compatibility test states that "unique circumstances" must be proven that were not "anticipated by the alternative criteria," which is referring to location criteria #1 – 4 of this section. It has already been affirmed that the project site did not meet criteria #1-4, and in fact, did not even come close to meeting any one of these location criteria. However, the code provides the applicant the opportunity to bring forth an alternative (locational) criteria that may not have been anticipated by the County but is consistent with the intent of the location criteria and the intent of the district.

The dictionary definition of unique is "being the only one of its kind: unlike anything else: particularly remarkable, special or unusual" and circumstance is "a fact or condition connected with or relevant to an event or action"." So, in summation, a unique circumstance is a parcel

https://en.oxforddictionaries.com/definition/unique. Accessed 29 September 2018.

¹ "Circumstance, Def 1." OED Online, Oxford University Press, 2018.

https://en.oxforddictionaries.com/definition/circumstance. Accessed 29 September 2018.

[&]quot;"Unique, Def. 1.1 and 1.2." OED Online, Oxford University Press, 2018.

condition that is remarkable, unlike anything else and is not predictable by the other location criteria.

Compatibility Analysis for Gulf Beach Highway Site

The applicant's Compatibility Analysis proposes that the unique circumstances of the parcel and/or use is that (1) it supports redevelopment, and (2) is infill development. As the criterion specifically states, the unique circumstance needs to be something that was not predicted or already expected in another criterion. Redevelopment is just as it states in plain language which is to develop again. In fact, Chapter 6 of the LDC clearly defines redevelopment as:

"The removal and replacement, rehabilitation, or adaptive reuse of an existing structure or structures, or the rehabilitation or adaptive reuse of land from which previous improvements have been removed."

According to the Compatibility Analysis, this site is vacant, has never been developed and is highly vegetated. Therefore, this parcel does not meet the qualifications to be deemed a redevelopment site and one can reasonable determine that this cannot be discerned to be a unique circumstance regarding the potential use of the property.

The second unique circumstance noted in the compatibility analysis is that the proposed use encourages and supports Comp Plan objectives regarding infill development. Infill development is defined in Chapter 6 of the LDC as:

"The development of new housing or other land uses on vacant or underutilized land in existing developed areas, <u>focusing on</u> the <u>reuse</u> and <u>renovation</u> of obsolete or underutilized buildings and sites."

If only focusing on the first part of this definition, "development...on vacant...land in existing developed areas," then you may assume the subject parcel qualifies as infill development. However, the second part narrows intent to "focus on the reuse and renovation...of sites." The words reuse and renovation do not apply to this site as it has historically been vacant and never developed. Additionally, the "unique circumstances" criterion specifically states that to qualify as a unique circumstance, it cannot have been anticipated by the alternative criteria. Location criteria #3 speaks specifically to infill development and establishes five separate criteria that must be met to qualify as infill development in the Commercial zoning district. As has already been determined, the site does not meet this locational criterion and therefore, infill development cannot be cited here as a "unique circumstance" of the parcel or use.

No other "unique circumstances" were identified as plausible in the compatibility report and since the two stated above have been determined invalid, then the first prong of the compatibility test has not been met. Understandably, the Planning Official determined the proposed development does not meet criterion #5 and therefore issued a determination that the request was not compatible.

Table 1 below provides a summary of the Commercial Zoning District Location Criteria for easy reference.

	Gulf Beach Highway Site (Location Criteria And		
Location Criteria	Requirement	Actual	Criteria Met/Not Met
#1 - Proximity to Intersection with Arterial Roadway	0.25 miles	2.52 miles (1,008 % increase over requirement)	Not Met
#2 - Proximity to Traffic Generator	0.25 miles	1.9 miles (760% increase in requirement)	Not Met
#3 - Infill Development	 Existing area of commercial development 	 Surrounded by SFR development 	Not Met
	2. New infill of similar intensity	2. No commercial in the area; green site	Not Met
	3. Promote compact development	3. Single use proposed	Not Met
	.4. Doesn't promote strip development	 Could promote strip development 	Not Met
#4 - Site Design	1. 0.5 miles from collector road intersection	1. Lt miles away (110 % increase over requirement)	Not Met
	2. Not abutting SFR zoning	2. Abuts LDR and HDR zoning	Not Met
	 Meets all site conditions and minimizes impacts on SFR 	3. Does not minimize intrusions or impacts of SFR	Not Met
#5 Documented	1. Unique Circumstances	1. None Identified	Not Met
Compatibility	2. Compatibility Measures	2. Not Achieved	Not Met

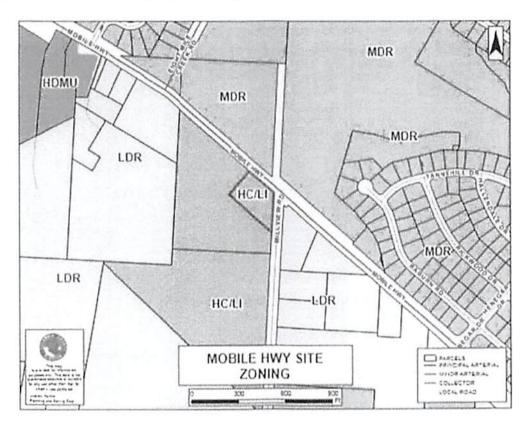
Table 1: Summary of Commercial Zoning District Location Criteria Analysis

Compatibility Analysis for Mobile Highway Site

Notably, the applicant also submitted a Compatibility Analysis (*Land Use Compatibility Analysis – Mobile Highway*; The Planning Collaborative, March 28, 2018) for a separate site located at 7065 Mobile Highway for the same proposed retail sales use (Dollar General). This property has a different zoning classification and criteria as it is located within the Heavy Commercial and Light Industrial (HC/LI) zoning district (Section 3-2.11 of the LDC; see Figure 6 below). The intent of the HC/LI zoning district is to allow light manufacturing, large-scale wholesale and retail uses, major services and other more intensive uses than allowed in the Commercial district. The variety and

intensity of uses is governed by the FLU and the compatibility of the proposed use with surrounding uses.

Figure 6: Map of Mobile Highway Site Zoning



Retail uses in this district must also meet location criteria. While slightly different than those location criteria outlined in the Commercial district, it was determined that this Mobile Highway site also did not meet "standard" location requirements. This development was required to meet the "documented compatibility" criteria, which again calls for a site to (i) have unique circumstances and (2) documented compatibility.

The Mobile Highway Compatibility Analysis documented the following as the unique circumstances of the site: (1) part of the site is currently developed with a vehicular storage lot or junk yard; (2) the parcel is relatively large at 9 +/- acres; (3) immediately surrounding the site are large vacant parcels (6, 8 and 97 +/- acre parcels); (4) the nearest subdivision is 1/3 mile of the subject site; and (5) there are several non-residential uses within $\frac{1}{2}$ mile.

Figure 7: Map of Mobile Highway Site



The parcel is located along an arterial roadway, Mobile Highway, and is located within approximately ½ mile from the intersection of another major arterial roadways, Blue Angel Parkway. In fact, Millville Road directly connects to Blue Angel Parkway to the south and Mobile Highway connects to Blue Angel Parkway to the east. Additionally, the nearest arterial and collector road intersection is approximately 0.03 miles to the west and lastly, the site is approximately 5+/- miles from an Interstate Highway (1-10) interchange. This area is intended for high traffic generation and accommodation. While the Compatibility Analysis did not reference redevelopment or infill development as a reason why this Mobile Highway site is unique, it seems more plausible an argument on this site than the Gulf Beach Highway site in question.

Ultimately, the Planning Official agreed with the Mobile Highway Compatibility Analysis as it documented numerous unique circumstances of the site that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria and redevelopment of the site furthers the goals, strategies and policies of the Comprehensive Plan. Potentially impacted single-family neighborhoods were a great distance away, the redevelopment of the site will enhance aesthetic value and property values, redevelopment would go toward improving the environmental impacts of the current use on the site, and the zoning allows for more intensive uses in this area in anticipation of businesses receiving bulk deliveries by truck that can have undesirable effects on nearby property and

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residential uses. Furthermore, the applicant worked with the County during the site plan review process to design the layout of the site to further achieve compatibility with surrounding uses.

As apparent in Figure 8 below, the surrounding land use patterns of the Mobile Highway site are in stark contrast to the Gulf Beach Highway site. The Gulf Beach Highway site is a completely isolated, commercially zoned parcel that is entirely surrounded by residential development. The site greatly exceeds the distance requirements set forth in the location criteria and the traffic impact comparisons in Table 4 show that the planned retail sales use will greatly impact adjacent roadways with daily trips, pass-by capture and will slow traffic through the construction of additional access points.

Figure 8: Map Comparison of Two Dollar General Sites



The Mobile Highway site, in contrast, is proximate to a major interstate highway (1-10), major arterial and collector roadways, is surrounded by vacant industrially-zoned land and is some distance away from any existing residential development. The Compatibility Analysis for the Mobile Highway site also presented competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances of the site that were not anticipated through the other location criteria. It is therefore easy to see the differences in the two sites and the reasons why the Planning Official determined the Mobile Highway site to meet the "documented compatibility" criteria and not the Gulf Beach Highway site.

Traffic Impacts

Trip generation is the estimated peak hour and daily site traffic volumes for a particular land use that evaluates the relationship between vehicle trips and land use characteristics. Trip generations can help local jurisdictions determine the impact a particular land use will have on its roadways. That information can then inform whether the roadway can support the increase in traffic, if roadway improvements would need to occur to support the traffic and help determine any impact fees that should be assessed to mitigate these impacts.

A Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) Trip Generation Recommendations report completed by Kimely-Horn in 2014¹ noted that actual trip generation rates in Florida have historically been higher than the national averages reported in the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) trip generation reports. This report also noted that Florida has seen an overall increase in the number of small box stores since the economic downturn in 2008. Until recently, the ITE did not have a suitable category for small box stores, such as Dollar General, and as such, other traffic generation rates including ITE Land Use – Specialty Retail Center (826), ITE Land Use – Shopping Center (820) and ITE Land Use – Free-Standing Discount Superstore (815) were utilized to determine traffic impacts.⁴ This report concluded that rates for small box stores were significantly higher, roughly 30% to 60% higher, than the traffic generation rates (mentioned above) typically used to analyze traffic impacts from these retailers. Since then, ITE has added a new category, ITE Land Use – Variety Store (814), which captures the traffic impacts of these small box stores. The number of vehicle trips generated on roadways for the proposed 9.100 SF Dollar General retail store are outlined in Table 2 below.

ITE Trip Generation for the F Land Use Trip Genera	roposed Dollar Gen : Variety Store (814) ⁵ tion Manual, 10 th Editio,	
Vehicle Trip Ends vs	Rate	Number of Vehicle Trips Generated
1,000 SF of Gross Floor Area (GFA)		
Weekday Average Rate	63.47	578
Weekday Peak A.M. Rate	3.18	29
Weekday Peak P.M. Rate	6.8.4	62
Employees (Avg. 6 employees)		
Weekday Average Rate	95.59	870
Weekday Peak A.M. Rate	3.04	28
Weekday Peak P.M. Rate	7.42	68

Table 2: ITE Trip Generation for the Proposed Dollar General Store

¹ Kimley-Horn (2014). FDOT Trip Generation Recommendations, page 1.

⁴ Kimley-Horn (2014). FDOT Trip Generation Recommendations, page 7.

³ Institute of Transportation Engineers (2017). *Trip Generation Manual*, 10th Edition, Volume 2: Data, Part 3.

It is unclear from the applicant's Compatibility Analysis what trip generation rates were used to make the assumption that "none of the impacted roadway segments will exhibit adverse traffic conditions," as a complete traffic analysis was not provided, but only a letter stating the above from Engineering & Planning Resources (*Compatibility Analysis – Gulf Beach Highway*, The Planning Collaborative, pg. 13 and Exhibit 8).

The analysis compared the proposed retail commercial use to the maximum allowable residential scenario of an 85 unit high-rise condominium of 150 feet in height. The average height per story of a residential building is estimated to be 10 feet, so the 150 foot maximum allowance would equate to a 15-story condominium building. Market conditions have clearly not generated a demand for a high-rise condominium of 150 feet in height on this site or within the immediate vicinity. In fact, the tallest building even remotely close to this site is Lost Key Marina Condominiums which is 117 feet tall and is located approximately 1.7 miles away on waterfront property. Furthermore, rarely is a maximum allowed density or intensity achievable in consideration of the other site layout standards that are required, including but not limited to, stormwater management, buffers, parking, drive aisles, refuse collection, delivery of goods and services and open space/natural area.

ITE calculates residential land uses to generate significantly less daily traffic trips as commercial retail uses as show in Table 3 below. The best assumption for development on this site in the foreseeable future is likely equivalent to the type of single-family detached residential development surrounding the site, or low-rise multifamily housing (townhomes or duplexes). These uses, as shown below, generate anywhere from <u>149-180% less daily traffic volume</u> than small box stores, such as a Dollar General.

	ITE Common Trip Gene	eration Rates (PN	1 Peak Hou	r) ⁶
Code	Description	Unit of Measure	Trips Per Unit	Percent Difference with Variety Stores
210	Single-Family Detached	Dwelling Units	0.99	- 149%
220	Multifamily Housing (Low-Rise)	Dwelling Units	0.56	-170%
222	Multifamily Housing (High-Rise)	Dwelling Units	0.36	-180%
814	Variety Store	1,000 SF GFA	6.84	N/A

Table 3: ITE Common Trip Generation Rates

To compare traffic impacts, we have the make a few assumptions about the development potential of the land for residential uses. According to the National Association of Home Builders², the smallest average lot size in the U.S., based on census data, has continued to decrease from the early 1990s to what it is today which is around 1/5 of an acre (0.2 ac) in South Atlantic states. Townhomes, in comparison, can be built on smaller lot sizes with the average lot

[&]quot; Institute of Transportation Engineers (2017). *Trip Generation Manual*, 10th Edition, Volume 2: Data, Parts 1 and 3.

⁷ Siniavskaia, N. (2018, August 31). Lot Size Remains Record Low [Web log post]. Retrieved from http://www.eyeonhousing.org.

size of about 0.1 ac of land. For a high-rise condominium, we will assume the highest maximum achievable density for the site even thought it has not been evaluated as feasible to achieve this density with the topography of the land, infrastructure needs, height restrictions, development standards and market demand. Below are the traffic volumes which would be generated from these development types for the p.m. peak hours of 4:00 – 6:00 p.m. based on the ITE data noted above.

P-2. 25 - 1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2	reak nour)	Maximum Residential Development Scenarios Trip Generation Rates (PM Peak Hour)				
Development Unit	Trips Per Unit	Daily PM Peak Trips				
17 dwelling units	0.99	17				
34 dwelling units	0.56	19				
85 dwelling units	0.36	31				
9,100 SF GFA	6.8.4	62				
	Development Unit 17 dwelling units 34 dwelling units 85 dwelling units	Development UnitTrips Per Unit17 dwelling units0.9934 dwelling units0.5685 dwelling units0.36				

Table 4: Maximum Residential Development Scenarios Trip Generation Rates

Table 4 clearly shows that the difference in traffic generation, and thereby the intensity of development, greatly differs from a residential use to a small box store use. The highest residential traffic generator is the high-rise multifamily housing at approximately 31 p.m. peak trips. The trips generated by the Dollar General are approximately two times higher than the most intense residential land use scenario and almost four times higher than the single-family detached residential neighborhoods. Furthermore, these trip generation rates are only reflective of the p.m. peak hours, which are generally used by local jurisdictions to determine traffic impacts to a roadway. The overall traffic impacts from the Dollar General site would be much greater, as estimated in Table 2 above, at between 578 to 870 trips per day whereas single-family residential units from the site would only generate approximately 160 trips with maximum allowed build-out of the site which is not a likely scenario.

Findings and Conclusions

The Escambia County Comprehensive Plan outlines the community's vision to foster responsible, compatible and sustainable growth and development patterns. The Land Development Code translates this vision into specific development standards to ensure the vision is achieved. The Comp Plan and LDC clearly outline the County's intent to (1) separate urban and suburban land uses, (2) ensure compatible development, (3) limit commercial development in the suburban environment through good planning practices (e.g., location criteria), (4) limit adverse impacts on the natural environment, and (5) ensure adequate public facilities, including roadway capacity.

As summarized in Table 1 above, the proposed Gulf Beach Highway Dollar General site did not meet the location criteria set forth in the Commercial zoning district. These location criteria clearly outline the areas where commercial development is desired and sets forth standards to adequately time development, provide a smooth transition between uses and achieve compatibility.

The point of disagreement in this case surrounds the evaluation of whether the site meets the prescribed 5th location criteria. It is apparent the 5th location criteria, "Documented Compatibility," was created to provide for fairness and flexibility by allowing the development community to identify unique site circumstances that may not have been anticipated by the strict standards of code, while also ensuring the compatibility of a proposed use.

Pursuant to Section 1-1.11(c), the provisions of the LDC must first be evaluated based on plain language and if any provision is unclear, then the meaning shall be determined in consideration of other provisions of the LDC so that the interpretation is consistent and not disconnected to the rest of the LDC. This section further states that "every part of a provision is presumed to have some effect and must not be treated as having no effect unless absolutely necessary." Section 1-1.11(c) also defines how definitions, tense, permissive language and conjunctions shall be interpreted. Pursuant to Section 1-1.11(e)(6), the conjunction "and" indicates that <u>all</u> the connected terms, conditions, provisions, or events apply.

A retail use must demonstrate that it has met one of the five location criteria to be permissible on a parcel of land within the Commercial zoning district. Criterion #5, "Documented Compatibility" stipulates a site must meet a two-prong test of compatibility. This two-prong test is validated by the use of the conjunction "and," which indicates that all the connected terms, conditions and provisions must be met in order to "have the effect" of documented compatibility:

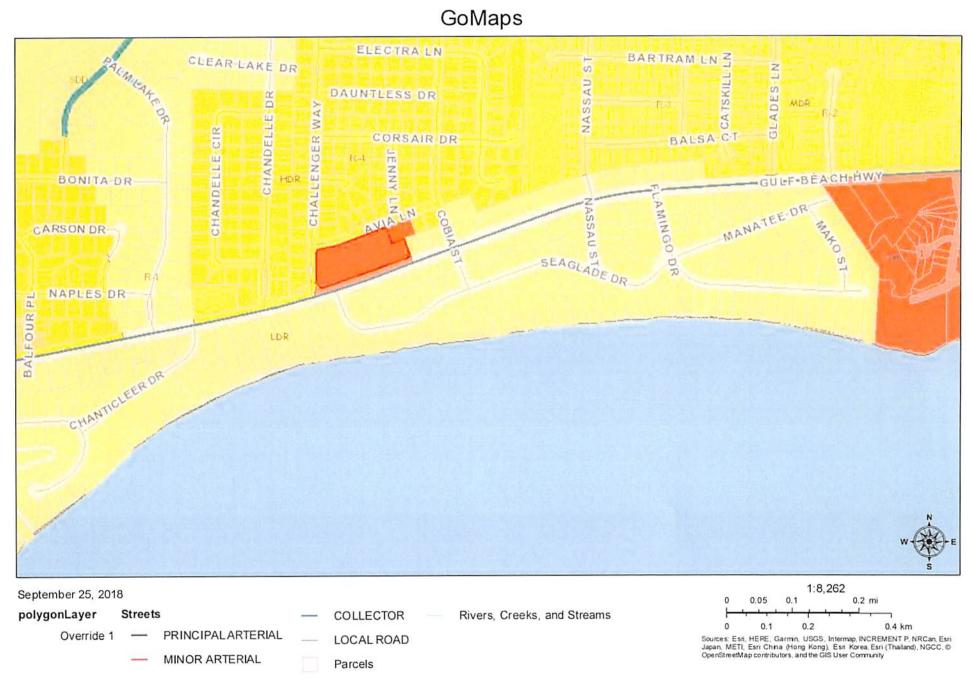
"a compatibility analysis prepared by the applicant provides competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances..., and the proposed use, or rezoning as applicable, will be able to <u>achieve long-term compatibility</u> with existing and potential uses."

The Gulf Beach Highway Compatibility Analysis does not provide competent substantial evidence of <u>any</u> unique circumstances of the site, and thereby fails the two-prong test required for determining the site to be suitable for a commercial retail sales use and compatible with surrounding residential uses. The applicant instead presents several enhanced performance standards and in return, seeks a favorable determination from the County that the proposed use will be compatible with adjacent residential neighborhoods. Performance standards are already written into the LDC to ensure compatibility between permissible uses within a zoning district. The proposed retail sales use is <u>not permissible</u> until it demonstrates through competent substantial evidence that specific location criteria are met. It has not met any of the location criteria and therefore, cannot be found compatible through the provision of enhanced performance standards. To do so would be in direct conflict with the goals, strategies and policies of the Escambia County Comp Plan and Land Development Code.

Pursuant to Sec. 1-3.3 of the LDC, the Planning Official has the authority to "make determinations concerning uses of land and structures, especially as to whether a particular use or activity, or class of uses or activities, or characteristic of a use or activity is of the same general character as those uses or activities identified in the LDC as permitted, conditionally permitted or prohibited."

The Planning Official, in his official capacity and under the authority of the LDC, provided a determination that that the proposed Dollar General, on the parcel identified as 23-3S-31-2001-000-000, was not suitable for a commercial retail sales use nor compatible with surrounding residential uses.

The Planning Official's determination was not arbitrary or capricious as a separate Dollar General site on Mobile Highway was determined to meet the "Documented Compatibility" two-prong test and allowed to pursue development of the site, as outlined on page 14 of this report. Furthermore, the decision by the Planning Official <u>does not</u> find the Gulf Beach Highway site undevelopable, as residential uses are a by-right use in the Commercial Zoning District.



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ORDINANCE NUMBER 2018-_12

AN ORDINANCE OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA, AMENDING PART II OF THE ESCAMBIA COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES, THE ESCAMBIA COUNTY COMPREHENSIVE PLAN: 2030, AS AMENDED; AMENDING CHAPTER 7, "THE FUTURE LAND USE ELEMENT," POLICY FLU 1.1.1, TO PROVIDE FOR AN AMENDMENT TO THE 2030 FUTURE LAND USE MAP, CHANGING THE FUTURE LAND USE CATEGORY OF A PARCEL WITHIN SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 3S, RANGE 31W, PARCEL NUMBERS 5001-002-001, TOTALING 1.33 (+/-) ACRES, LOCATED ON GULF BEACH HIGHWAY AND BAUER ROAD, FROM COMMERCIAL (C) TO PUBLIC (P) PROVIDING FOR A TITLE; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR INCLUSION IN THE CODE; AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, pursuant to Chapter 163, Part II, Florida Statutes, Escambia County adopted its Comprehensive Plan on April 29, 2014; and

WHEREAS, Chapter 125, Florida Statutes, empowers the Board of County Commissioners of Escambia County, Florida to prepare, amend and enforce comprehensive plans for the development of the County; and

WHEREAS, the Navy Air Station (NAS) Pensacola is an active naval air base that provides flight training within the County such that Escambia County Airfield Overlay density restrictions apply; and

WHEREAS, the Escambia County Planning Board conducted a public hearing and forwarded a recommendation to the Board of County Commissioners to approve changes (amendments) to the Comprehensive Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Board of County Commissioners of Escambia County, Florida finds that the adoption of this amendment is in the best interest of the County and its citizens;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Board of County Commissioners of Escambia County, Florida, as follows:

Section 1. Purpose and Intent

This Ordinance is enacted to carry out the purpose and intent of, and to exercise the authority set out in, the Community Planning Act, Sections 163.3161 through 163.3215, Florida Statutes.

Section 2. Title of Comprehensive Plan Amendment

This Comprehensive Plan amendment shall be entitled – "Small Scale Amendment 2018-01."

Section 3. Changes to the 2030 Future Land Use Map

The 2030 Future Land Use Map, as adopted by reference and codified in Part II of the Escambia County Code of Ordinances, the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan: 2030, as amended; Chapter 7, "Future Land Use Element," Policy FLU 1.1.1; and all notations, references and information shown thereon, is further amended to include the following future land use changes:

A parcel within Section 22, Township 3S, Range 31W, parcel number 5001-002-001, totaling 1.33 (+/-) acres, located on Gulf Beach Highway, as more particularly described in the Boundary Survey description produced by Pittman, Glaze and Associates, INC., registered land surveyor David D. Glazo dated 11/23/2002, attached as Exhibit A, from Commercial (C) to Public (P).

Section 4. Severability

If any section, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by any Court of competent jurisdiction, the holding shall in no way affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance.

Section 5. Inclusion in the Code

It is the intention of the Board of County Commissioners that the provisions of this Ordinance shall be codified as required by Section 125.68, Florida Statutes, and that the sections, subsections and other provisions of this Ordinance may be renumbered or relettered and the word "ordinance" may be changed to "section," "article," or such other appropriate word or phrase in order to accomplish such intentions.

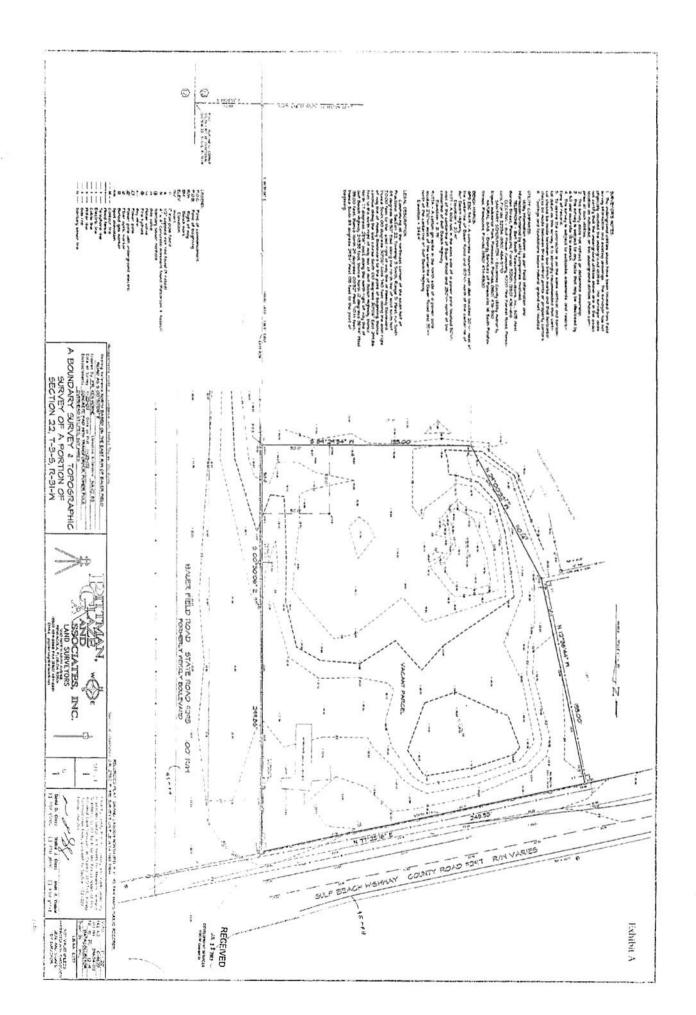
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Section 6. Effective Date

Pursuant to Section 163.3184(3)(c)(4), Florida Statutes, this Ordinance shall not become effective until 31 days after the Department of Economic Opportunity notifies Escambia County that the plan amendment package is complete. If timely challenged, this Ordinance shall not become effective until the Department of Economic Opportunity or the Administration Commission enters a final order determining the Ordinance to be in compliance.

DONE AND ENACTED this 5th day of April , 2018. BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF ESCANBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA By: Jeff Bergosh/Chairman ATTEST: PAM CHILDERS Date Executed CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT 11212018 A COUNTY This document approved as to four-B١ and legal sufficiency Deputy Clerk By 5010 Title Date ANBIACO April 5, 2018 ENACTED:

FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE: April 12, 2018 EFFECTIVE DATE: See Section 6



Escambla County Clerk's Original

41512018 GAID 5:47p.m.PH

ORDINANCE NUMBER 2018-14

AN ORDINANCE OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA, AMENDING PART II OF THE ESCAMBIA COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES, THE ESCAMBIA COUNTY COMPREHENSIVE PLAN: 2030, AS AMENDED; AMENDING CHAPTER 7, "THE FUTURE LAND USE ELEMENT," POLICY FLU 1.1.1, TO PROVIDE FOR AN AMENDMENT TO THE 2030 FUTURE LAND USE MAP, CHANGING THE FUTURE LAND USE CATEGORY OF A PARCEL WITHIN SECTION 18, TOWNSHIP 3S, RANGE 31W, PARCEL NUMBERS 1101-000-000, TOTALING 8.955 (+/-) ACRES, LOCATED ON SOUTH BLUE ANGEL PARKWAY AND GULF BEACH HIGHWAY, FROM COMMERCIAL (C) TO CONSERVATION (CON) PROVIDING FOR A TITLE; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR INCLUSION IN THE CODE; AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

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WHEREAS, the Board of County Commissioners of Escambia County, Florida finds that the adoption of this amendment is in the best interest of the County and its citizens;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Board of County Commissioners of Escambia County, Florida, as follows:

Section 1. Purpose and Intent

This Ordinance is enacted to carry out the purpose and intent of, and to exercise the authority set out in, the Community Planning Act, Sections 163.3161 through 163.3215, Florida Statutes.

Section 2. Title of Comprehensive Plan Amendment

This Comprehensive Plan amendment shall be entitled – "Small Scale Amendment 2018-02."

Section 3. Changes to the 2030 Future Land Use Map

The 2030 Future Land Use Map, as adopted by reference and codified in Part II of the Escambia County Code of Ordinances, the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan: 2030, as amended; Chapter 7, "Future Land Use Element," Policy FLU 1.1.1; and all notations, references and information shown thereon, is further amended to include the following future land use changes:

A parcel within Section 18, Township 3S, Range 31W, parcel number 1101-000-000, totaling 8.955 (+/-) acres, located on South Blue Angel Parkway, as more particularly described in the Boundary Survey description produced by Rebol-Battle & Associates, INC., registered land surveyor Mark A Norris dated 11/21/2016, attached as Exhibit A, from Commercial (C) to Conservation (Con).

Section 4. Severability

If any section, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by any Court of competent jurisdiction, the holding shall in no way affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance.

Section 5. Inclusion in the Code

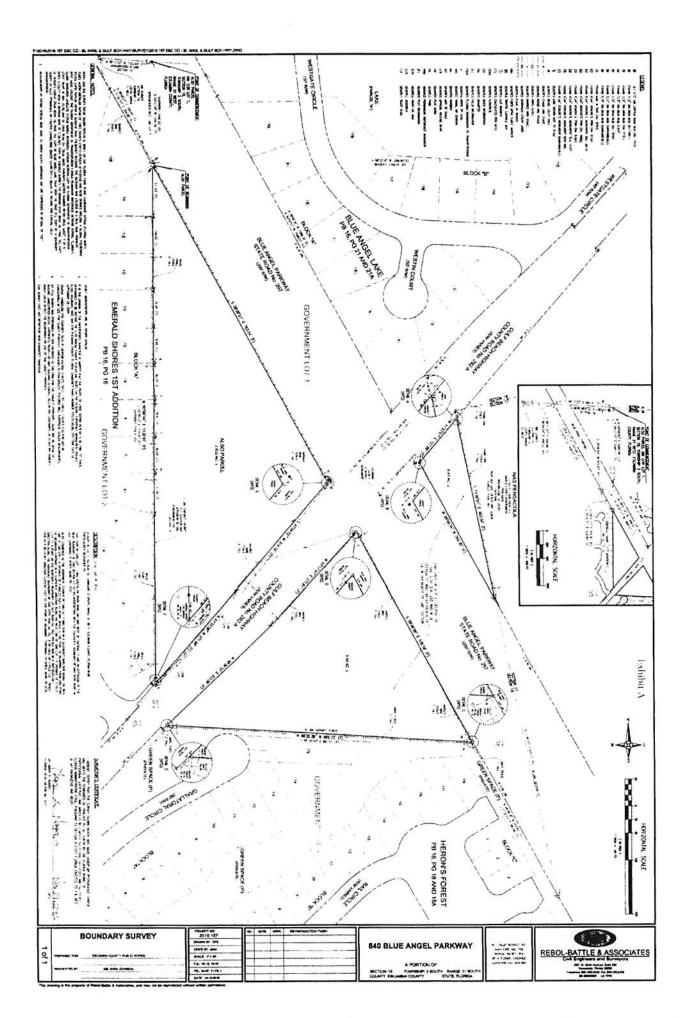
It is the intention of the Board of County Commissioners that the provisions of this Ordinance shall be codified as required by Section 125.68, Florida Statutes, and that the sections, subsections and other provisions of this Ordinance may be renumbered or relettered and the word "ordinance" may be changed to "section," "article," or such other appropriate word or phrase in order to accomplish such intentions.

INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Section 6. Effective Date

Pursuant to Section 163.3184(3)(c)(4), Florida Statutes, this Ordinance shall not become effective until 31 days after the Department of Economic Opportunity notifies Escambia County that the plan amendment package is complete. If timely challenged, this Ordinance shall not become effective until the Department of Economic Opportunity or the Administration Commission enters a final order determining the Ordinance to be in compliance.

DONE AND ENACTED this 5th day of April , 2018. BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY FLORIDA By: eff Bergosh, Chairman ATTEST: PAM CHILDERS CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT Date Executed 4/12/2018 By Deputy Deputy SEAL BACO ENACTED: April 5, 2018 THE DEPART This document approved as to form Deputy Clerk and legal, sufficiency By Title Date FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE: April 12, 2018 EFFECTIVE DATE: See Section 6



Not Agenda Backup

4/12/BCK

4/5/2018GMAエース_ESCAMBIA COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

ORDER OF THE ESCAMBIA COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

The requested rezoning for:

Case No.:	Z-2018-01
Address:	12248 Gulf Beach Highway
Property Reference No .:	22-3S-31-5001-002-001
Property Size:	1.33 (+/-) acres
From:	Com, Commercial district (25 du/acre)
То:	Pub, Public district (du density limited to vested residential development)
FLU Category:	P, Public

is hereby APPROVED this 5th day of April, 2018.

ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA by and through its duly authorized Board of County Commi ers Jeff Bergøsh, Chairman **Date Executed**

4/12/2018

ATTEST:

CAMBIA CO

Pam Childers Clerk of the Circuit Court

A SET Deputy Clerk

This document approved as to form and legal sufficient By Title Date

Escambia County Clerk's Original

4/5/2018 GARI-5

ESCAMBIA COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

ORDER OF THE ESCAMBIA COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

The requested rezoning for:

Case No.:	Z-2018-02
Address:	4100 Block South Blue Angel Parkway
Property Reference No .:	18-3S-31-1101-000-000
Property Size:	8.955 (+/-) acres
From:	Com, Commercial district (25 du/acre)
To:	Con, Conservation district (du density limited to vested development)
FLU Category:	Con, Conservation

is hereby APPROVED this 5th day of April, 2018.

ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA by and through its duly authorized Board of County Commission

Jeff Berggsh, Chairman Date Executed

4/12/2018

This document approved as to form and legal sufficiency

Dra By MM Title Date

COUNTY COUNTY CO

MBIA CO

11.11111

ATTEST:

Deputy Clerk

Pam Childers

Clerk of the Circuit Court

Not Agenda Backup



REPLY TO: TALLAHASSEE

March 30, 2018

VIA OVERNIGHT DELIVERY

Horace L. Jones Department Director/Supervisor Escambia County Developmental Services 3363 W Park Place Pensacola, FL 32501

Re: Teramore Development, LLC -- Parcel Number 23-1S-31-3401-000-001

Dear Mr. Jones:

Our law firm represents Teramore Development, LLC, in regard to its desire to construct an approximately 9,100 square foot Dollar General retail store on Parcel Number 23-1S-31-3401-000-001 in Escambia County, Florida ("Property"). The Property is designated as "Industrial" on the County's Future Land Use Map ("FLUM") and is zoned "Heavy Commercial and Light Industrial" ("HC/LI").

Pursuant to Section 3-2.11(e)(3) of the County's Land Development Regulations, enclosed is a report entitled "Land Use Compatibility Analysis" that was prepared by Allara Mills Gutcher, AICP. We respectfully submit that Ms. Gutcher's "Land Use Compatibility Analysis" demonstrates that use of the Property as an approximately 9,100 square foot Dollar General retail store would be compatible with adjacent and surrounding properties.

Section 3-2.11(e)(3) of the County's Land Development Regulations states as follows:

Documented compatibility. A compatibility analysis prepared by the applicant provides competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances regarding the parcel or use that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria, and the proposed use will be able to achieve long-term compatibility with existing and potential uses. Additionally, the following conditions exist:

a. The parcel has not been rezoned by the landowner [sic] from the mixed-use, commercial, or industrial zoning assigned by the county.

TALLAHASSEE 433 NORTH MAGNOLIA DRIVE TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA 32308 (850) 224-7332 FAX: (850) 224-7662 WINTER GARDEN 12200 WEST COLONIAL DRIVE, SUITE 300C WINTER GARDEN, FLORIDA 34787 (407) 347-5388 FAX: (407) 264-6132 COUNTY ATTORNEYS OFFICE 02 APR2018 eValue com AH10:23

www.therlaquelaw.com

Horace L. Jones March 30, 2018 Page 2

> b. If the parcel is within a county redevelopment district, the use will be consistent with the district's adopted redevelopment plan, as reviewed and recommended by the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA).

We respectfully submit that there are unique circumstances regarding the Property which fulfill the criteria of Section 3-2.11(e)(3). Consequently, it would be appropriate for the County to approve the proposed approximately 9,100 square foot Dollar General retail store on the Property.

First, as stated above, the Property has an Industrial FLUM designation. Residential uses are not allowed on properties with an Industrial FLUM designation. Thus, if the County were to determine that none of the location criteria apply to the Property, the Property would be limited to residential uses, which are prohibited on the Property.

Additionally, the approximately 9,100 square foot Dollar General retail store proposed for the Property would not be the first non-residential use in that portion of Escambia County. Rather, there are eight (8) non-residential uses located within one-half mile of the Property. (See Land Use Compatibility Analysis at p. 5). Moreover, the Property is currently being used as a non-residential use -- a vehicular storage lot or junk yard.

Lastly, the Property meets the criteria set forth in Section 3-2.11(e)(3)a. & b. of the County's Land Development Regulations. The Property has not been rezoned by the land owner from the mixed-use, commercial, or industrial zoning assigned by the County and the Property is not located within a county redevelopment district.

In conclusion, we respectfully submit that the Property fulfills the criteria of Section 3-2.11(e)(3), and is eligible for the proposed approximately 9,100 square foot Dollar General retail store. I will try to reach you on Wednesday, April 4, 2018, to discuss this matter. In the meantime, please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions or need further information.

Sincerely,

David & Theragen

David A. Theriaque

Enclosure

cc: Teramore Development, LLC Meredith Crawford, Assistant County Attorney . .

Land Use Compatibility Analysis

For a Dollar General Retail Store to be located on a portion of the site located at 7065 Mobile HWY, Pensacola, Florida

Also referenced as Parcel ID number 23-15-31-3401-000-001

Conducted for:

Teramore Development, LLC Ph: 229.516.4286 <u>develop@teramore.net</u>



Prepared for:

Escambia County Planning and Zoning Division Ph: 850.554.8210 3363 West Park Place Pensacola, FL 32505

Prepared by:

The Planning Collaborative Allara Mills Gutcher, AICP Ph: 850.319.9180 allara@theplanningcollaborative.com



the planning collaborative

March 28, 2018

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EXHIBIT 4 – Escambia County Future Land Use Map.				
XHIBIT 5 – Escambia County Zoning Map.				

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PURPOSE AND INTRODUCTION

This report analyzes the compatibility of a Dollar General retail store proposed to be located on a portion of a site located at 7065 Mobile Highway (U.S. HWY 90/SR 10A), Pensacola, Florida. As set forth below, the proposed Dollar General retail store will not, over time, adversely or negatively impact the surrounding existing uses. The proposed store will provide daily necessities and other common household items for consumers. Dollar General is known for its neighborhood-scale stores in locations convienent to customers.

In the development of this report, the following definition of compatibility set forth in §163.3164(9), *Florida Statutes*, was utilized:

"Compatibility means a condition in which land uses or conditions can coexist in relative proximity to each other in a stable fashion over time such that no use or condition is unduly negatively impacted directly or indirectly by another use or condition."

The Escambia County Comprehensive Plan also provides a definition of "Incompatible/compatible development" in Chapter 3 Definitions. Section 3.04 Definitions states as follows:

"Incompatible development is new development proposed to be constructed next to existing development wherein the proximity of the two kinds of development would each diminish the usefulness of the other or would be detrimental to existing operations. The incompatibility can arise from either land use or structure size and design. Compatible development is new development proposed to be constructed next to existing development in which the proximity of the two kinds of development or enhance the usefulness of the other."

Finally, the County's Land Development Regulations Chapter 6, Definitions, Section 6-0.3 Terms Defined provides the following definition for "compatible:

"Compatible. A condition in which land uses, activities or conditions can coexist in relative proximity to each other in a stable fashion over time such that no use, activity, or condition is unduly negatively impacted directly or indirectly by another use, activity, or condition."

As a note, the definition of "compatible" in Section 6-0.3 of the County's Land Development Regulations is nearly identical to the definition of "compatibility" set forth in §163.3164(9), *Florida Statutes*.

This analysis has considered the type of development proposed in comparison to the existing built environment as directed by Florida Statutes and the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan. Such factors of study included the surrounding uses, building setbacks, building height, building orientation, and open space ratios.

The consultant, Allara Mills Gutcher, completed the following research in preparation of this report:

- · Review of the Escambia County Property Appraiser website data and maps.
- Review of the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan, 2030 (dated 8/2017).
- Review of the Escambia County Land Development Regulations dated February 14, 2018.
- Review of the Florida-Alabama Transportation Planning Organization Congestion Management Process Plan, June 2017.
- Review of the Escambia County Future Land Use Map and Zoning Map as shown on Escambia County's web mapping service web page.¹
- Consultation with Teramore Development, LLC.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The applicant proposes construction of a retail establishment known as Dollar General, with approximately 9,100 gross square feet of building space on +/-1.5 acres of a 9.16-acre parcel. The remaining +/- 7.66 acres are not part of the request for development. (See Exhibit 1). The building will be oriented towards Mobile Highway, an urbanized principal arterial roadway,² and ingress/egress to the site is proposed from Millview Road. Parking will be located to the front of the structure, with an area along the east side of the structure to accommodate the loading and dumpster area. (See Exhibit 2).

The scale of the project will be that of a typical prototype Dollar General retail store. It will be single story in height, with a maximum height of twenty-two (22) feet, which includes any roof-top apparatus.

There will be no noise, smoke, glare, emissions, dust, vibration, or odors emitted from this use. Lighting used to support safety for vehicles and pedestrians will be installed.

GENERAL PROJECT LOCATION AND SETTING

The site will be a portion of the parent parcel addressed as 7065 Mobile Highway and is on the south side of Mobile Highway (SR 10-A) and west of Millview Road in unincorporated Escambia County, 32526. The parent parcel is approximately 9.16 acres. The proposed section for this project is approximately 1.5 acres. The parcel is located within Section 23, Township 1S, Range 31. The Escambia County Property Appraiser's Reference Number is 23-1S-31-3401-000-001.

¹ http://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=4388823ea5fb4feeb4ebb3beb6677129.

² Florida-Alabama Transportation Planning Organization Congestion Management Process Plan, June 2017, Appendix A Level of Service Tables, pg. 8.

³ Land Use Compatibility Analysis - Dollar General

The parent parcel of 9.16 acres³ is currently developed in part as vehicular storage lot or junk yard. The 1.5 acre portion of the parcel to be used for the retail store is currently vacant. A site-specific survey indicates that there are some wetlands on the subject parcel (See Exhibit 2) which will be protected from development.⁴ The existing use of the site is classified as "Open Storage."⁵



Figure 1. Aerial Photograph

The Escambia County geographic systems website does not locate this site within any AICUZ zone, an Airfield Installation Planning District, the Pensacola Regional Airport Overlay, or any Community Redevelopment Area or Scenic Highway Overlay.⁶

Immediately surrounding the parcel are a variety of uses. Adjacent to the subject parcel, vacant lands are located to the north (two parcels, one +/- 8 acres and the other +/- 6 acres) and northeast (+/- 97.5 acres) across Mobile Highway. To the west are two larger lot residential uses, and to the south is continued high intensity commercial/industrial uses (car storage).

Further to the east of the subject parcel at about 1/3 of a mile to the entrance is the Crystal Creek platted subdivision (See Exhibit 3). This subdivision is within the Mixed-Use Urban (MU-U) Future

³ Escambia County Property Appraiser website, March 22, 2018.

⁴ Site Layout & Dimension Plan, Bell Engineering Services, March 13, 2018.

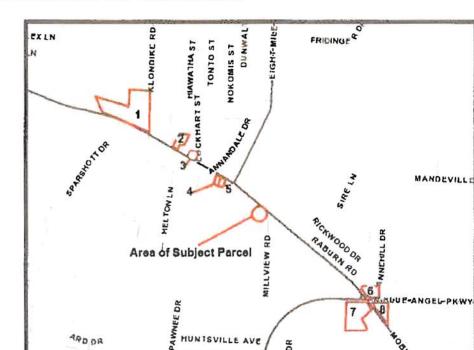
⁵ Escambia County Property Appraiser assigned Department of Revenue Tax Code, referenced March 22, 2018.
⁶ <u>http://www.arcgis.com/home/webmap/viewer.html?webmap=4388823ea5fb4feeb4ebb3beb6677129</u>

⁴ Land Use Compatibility Analysis - Dollar General

Land Use category and the Medium Density Residential (MDR) zoning district. The lots in this subdivision range from 0.20 to 0.25 of an acre in size.

To the west along Mobile Highway is a platted subdivision called Heritage Woods. This subdivision is also within the MU-U Future Land Use category and the MDR zoning district. The lots in Heritage Woods range from 0.25 to 0.33 of an acre in size.⁷

There are several non-residential uses located within approximately one-half mile of the subject parcel. Figure 2 graphically represents these uses in relation to the subject parcel.



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Figure 2. Location of Non-residential Uses.

- 1. 7201 Mobile Highway: Klondike Baptist Church
- 2. 7150 Mobile Highway: vacant commercial and adjacent store/office

KHEAD DR

- 3. 7144 Mobile Highway: U-Save Foods
- 4. 7115 Mobile Highway: Celebrities Salon and Day Spa
- 5. 7103 Mobile Highway: Puppy Paradise
- 6. 6960 Mobile Highway: Tom Thumb gas station with convenience store
- 7. 6949 Mobile Highway: Deep South Crane Rentals
- 8. 6920 Mobile Highway: Shell/Circle K gas station with convenience store

O RD

⁷ Escambia County Property Appraiser.

⁵ Land Use Compatibility Analysis - Dollar General

Figure 3 is a photograph of the site from Millview Road looking west. The existing use shows stored and derelict vehicles.

Figure 3. Street View of Site from Millview Road.



APPLICABLE POLICIES AND REGULATIONS

The site is currently designated with a Future Land Use category of Industrial and a zoning district of Heavy Commercial and Light Industrial (HC/LI) (See Exhibits 4 and 5). Consequently, no Future Land Use Map amendment or zoning change is required to allow the proposed development. Descriptions of the Future Land Use category and zoning district are provided here:

Future Land Use Category: Industrial8

General Description of the Industrial Future Land Use category: "Intended for a mix of industrial development and ancillary office and commercial uses that are deemed to be compatible with adjacent or nearby properties. Industrial areas shall facilitate continued industrial operations within the County and provide jobs and employment security for present and future residents."

Industrial Range of Allowable Uses: The Comprehensive Plan describes the allowable uses as a range. These include: "Light to intensive industrial, ancillary retail and office. No new

6 Land Use Compatibility Analysis - Dollar General

⁸ Escambia County Comprehensive Plan 2030 dated August 2017, Policy FLU 1.3.1.

residential development is allowed." The maximum intensity for this category is a floor area ratio of 1.0. No residential development is allowed within this category.

Zoning Designation: Heavy Commercial and Light Industrial District (HC/LI)9

The HC/LI zoning district is established to designate "appropriate areas and land use regulations for a complementary mix of industrial uses with a broad range of commercial activities." One of the primary intents of this district is to allow retail uses. This category supports commercial uses such as a retail general store.

The allowable uses within the HC/LI zoning district are conditioned as a result of the Future Land Use category and previous zoning district assigned. This parcel has a limitation of those uses described in Section 3.2.11(b) which include retail sales, retail services, public and civic, recreation and entertainment, agriculture and related and other conditional uses. Residential uses are prohibited at this location because the Future Land Use category assigned to the subject property is Industrial, which precludes such uses.¹⁰

The development standards for a parcel zoned "HC/LI" are shown in Table 1, and are compared to the adjacent zoning district criteria.

Criteria	Zoning Designation			
	HC/LI	MDR	LDR	
Location	Subject Parcel, West and South	North	East	
Max Density	Max 25 d/u per acre	Max 10 d/u per acre	Max 4 d/u per acre	
FAR	Max 1.0	Max 2.01	Max 1.0	
Max Height	150 feet	45 feet	45 feet	
Lot Area	No minimum	No minimum	No minimum	
Minimum Lot Width	No minimum	50 feet for single family; 80 feet for two-family; 80 feet for other	20 feet for cul-de-sac lots; 60 feet for all other lots	

Table 1. Zoning District Regulations Assigned to Subject Parcel and Parcels Contiguous to the Site

7 Land Use Compatibility Analysis - Dollar General

⁹ Escambia County Land Development Code

¹⁰ Section 3-2.11 of the Escambia County Land Development Regulations dated February 2018.

Criteria	Zoning Designation			
Cinteria	HC/LI	MDR	LDR	
Lot Coverage	Minimum pervious 15%; 85% maximum semi-impervious and impervious cover. A maximum of 75% for area occupied by principal and accessory buildings	30% minimum pervious; 70% max semi- impervious and impervious	30% minimum pervious; 70% max semi- impervious and impervious	
Setbacks Front	15 feet	20 feet	25 feet	
Setbacks Rear	15 feet	20 feet	25 feet	
Setbacks Side	10 feet for structures less than 35 feet high; then additional 2 feet per each additional 10 feet in height	10 feet for a group of townhouses; 5 feet or 10% of the lot width, whichever is greater, not required to exceed 15 feet	5 feet or 10% of the lot width, not required to exceed 15 feet	

¹Maximum is 2.0 since the parcel is designated as MU-U on the Future Land Use Map.

Section 3-2.11(e) of the County's Land Development Regulations includes location criteria for new non-residential uses within the HC/LI zoning district that are not part of a planned unit development or otherwise exempt. At least one of the listed criteria for new non-residential uses proposed within the HC/LI district must be met. The proposed Dollar General retail store fulfills the location criteria pursuant to Section 3-2.11(e)(3), which is labelled as "Documented Compatibility."

This compatibility analysis constitutes competent substantial evidence that the proposed use will achieve long-term compatibility with the existing surrounding uses without any detriment or conflict. Furthermore, the following criteria are met as listed in Section 3-2.11(e)(3)a. and b:

- a. The parcel was not rezoned by the landowner from the mixed-use, commercial, or industrial zoning assigned by the County.
- b. The parcel is not within a County Redevelopment District.

ANALYSIS

As depicted in Table 2 below, the standards of the HC/LI zoning district are far greater in intensity than the actual plan for development. The structure's floor area ratio ("FAR") is approximately 0.14. This is substantially less than the maximum amount allowed of 1.0 FAR in the neighboring LDR zoning district (See Table 1). The building height will be no more than twenty-two (22) feet,

which is similar in height to a two-story residential structure, and well below the maximum allowance for this zoning district.

Standard	LDR Requirement	Development Plan
Density	Not applicable	None
Floor Area Ratio (FAR)	Max 1.0	0.14 FAR
Structure Height	Max 150 feet above grade	Max 22 feet above grade
Lot Area	No minimum	1.5 acres (65,681 sq. ft.)
Lot Width	Minimum of 100 feet	Approximately 280 feet at Mobile Highway; 251.5 feet at Millview Road
Lot Coverage	Minimum pervious 15%; 85% maximum semi-impervious and impervious cover. A maximum of 75% for area occupied by principal and accessory buildings	Pervious surface will be approximately 52%, or 48% impervious surface
Structure Setbacks	Front and Rear: 25 feet min.	Front +/- 115 feet; Rear +/- 36 feet
	Side: 15 feet minimum	West side +/- 61.7 feet at shortest distance; East side +/- 83 feet at shortest distance

Table 2. HC/LI Development Standards Comparison to Development Plan

The County's Land Development Regulations offer some guidance when analyzing compatibility when a new use is introduced. Chapter 3, Zoning Regulations, Section 3-1.6 "Compatibility," contains criteria which describe new non-residential development in relation to existing residential uses. Section 3-1.6(b) states that such criteria are created to allow for residential and non-residential uses to be located in close proximity to each other, specifically "small-scale dispersed neighborhood commercial uses in proximity to residential areas," which is the case here. This site will be developed with a small-scale neighborhood use store to serve the near-by residents with daily necessities.

Section 3-1.6(c) of the County's Land Development Regulations states that other compatibility measures may be required such as landscaping, buffering, and screening to protect lower intensity uses from commercial uses. This criterion will be met. All requirements of the County's Comprehensive Plan and the County's Land Development Regulations pertaining to the development of this site with a retail use will be met by this development.

The planned setbacks are outlined below in Table 3, and are shown against the requirement for the zoning district. These extensive setbacks are an additional measure to ensure compatibility

with the surrounding uses. The distance from the side of the structure to the property line has been greatly increased to provide a large vegetative buffer to the surrounding uses.

Setback Standard	Commercial Requirement	Development Plan	
Front	25 feet	+/- 115 feet	
Rear	25 feet	+/- 36 feet	
Side (West)	15 feet	+/- 61.7 feet at rear corner	
Side (East)	15 feet	+/- 83 feet at narrowest point	

Table 3. Setback Comparison

Section 2-2.3 of Chapter 2, Article 2 of the Design Standards Manual incorporated in the County's Land Development Regulations states "the buffer shall protect the lower intensity use from the higher intensity use and provide an aesthetically attractive barrier between the uses." Established and newly installed buffers will provide a natural barrier between the uses and will be installed as required by the County's adopted regulations.

Finally, Section 2-2.1 of Chapter 2, Article 2 of the Design Standards Manual requires no less than fifteen (15) percent of the parcel to be landscaped. This requirement will be met by the developer.

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

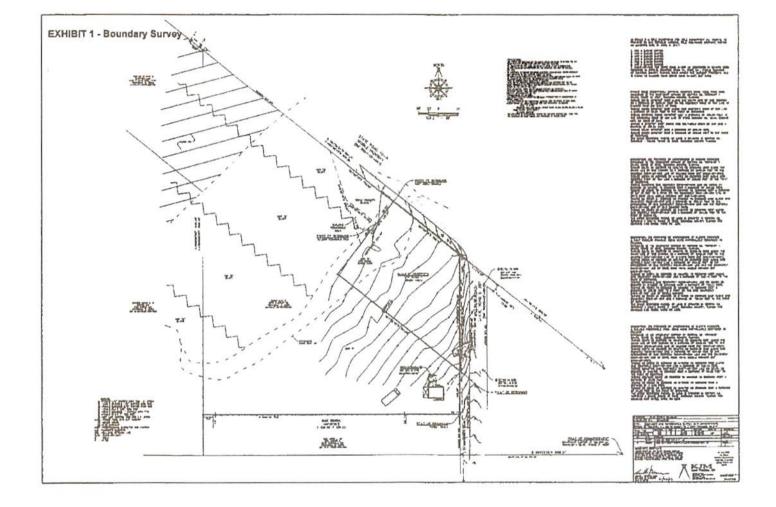
The proposed development of a 9,100-square foot retail store on approximately 1.5 acres located on an urban arterial roadway in unincorporated Escambia County will be compatible with the existing surrounding development. In addition, the proposed retail store will not result in any land use conflicts with the adjacent uses, but rather will complement them. No adverse impacts will be generated such as noise, smoke, exhaust, emissions, dust, adverse lighting, vibrations, or odors that would be detrimental to the existing surrounding uses or would otherwise disturb the quiet enjoyment of residents in the vicinity. Additionally, the residents in this area will benefit from the location of this store with daily necessities and other common household items.

The proposed setbacks exceed the minimum requirements of the HC/LI zoning district and are incorporated into the plan for development. The proposed retail store is considerably below the intensity allowed for this parcel with a HC/LI zoning designation. The height of the structure will not be greater than most two-story residential structures. All requirements will be met and no variance will be sought.

The proposed Dollar General retail store is consistent with and furthers the Goals, Objectives, and Policies of the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan and complies with the adopted

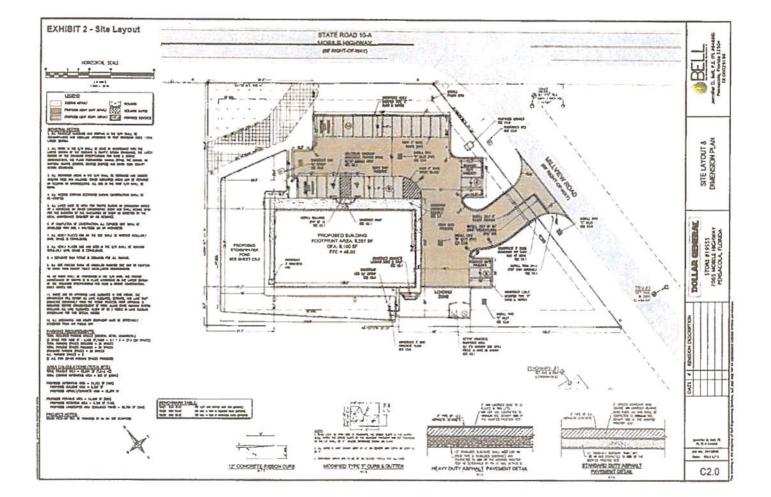
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requirements of the County's Land Development Regulations. The development of this store will not create a condition that will negatively or adversely impact the surrounding uses over time.



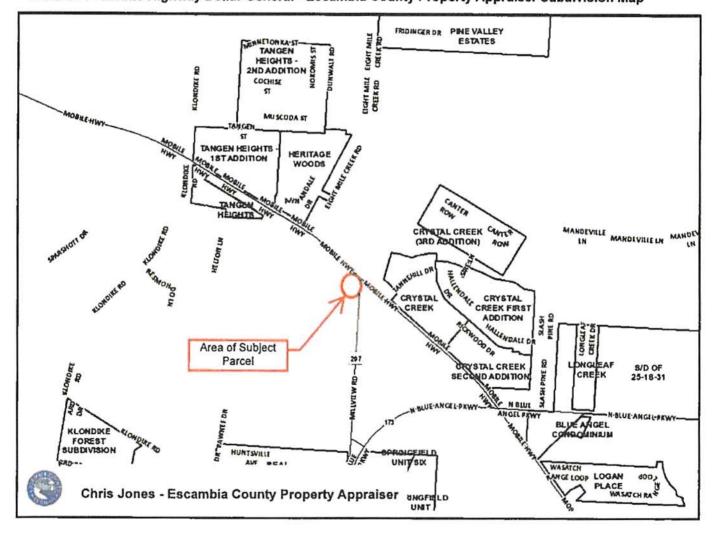
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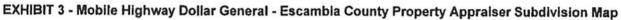
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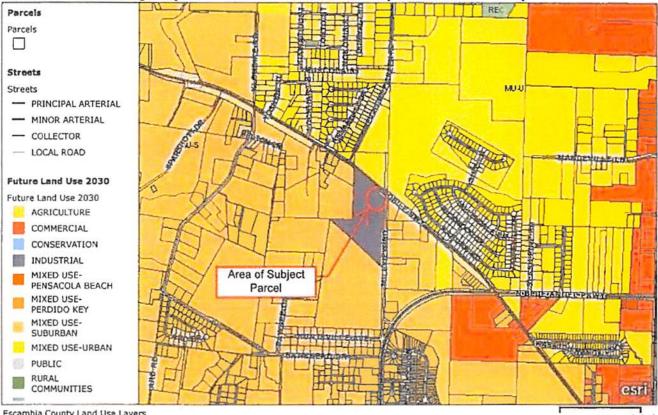


EXHIBIT 4 - Mobile Highway Dollar General - Escambia County Future Land Use Map

Escambia County Land Use Layers

0.6mi

Escambia County Development Services Department | U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service | Escambia County GIS | Escambia County Community Redevelopment Agency | Escambia County Property Appraiser | State of Florida, USDA FSA, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, CNES/Airbus DS | Esrl, HERE, Garmin, INCREMENT P, NGA, USGS

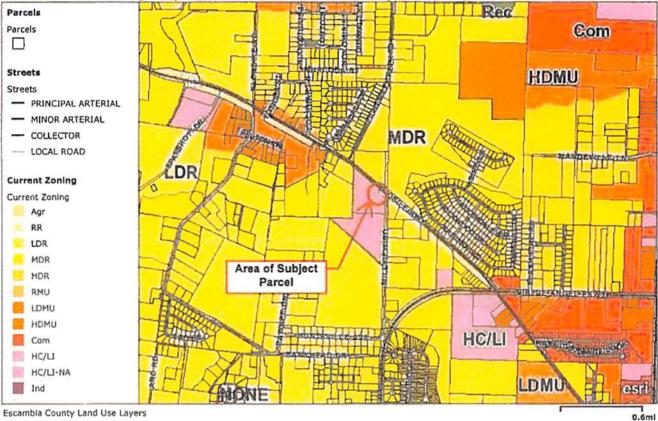


EXHIBIT 5 - Mobile Highway Dollar General - Escambia County Zoning Map

10.15

Escambia County Development Services Department | U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service | Escambia County GIS | Escambia County Community Redevelopment Agency | Escambla County Property Appraiser | State of Florida, USDA FSA, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, CNES/Airbus DS | Esri, HERE, Garmin, INCREMENT P, NGA, USGS

GoMaps



GoMaps INDA-AVE RD Ree ElghThullECREEKIRD FRANCISCAN KLONDIKE MUSCODA ST HOMU CIR OCKHART NATURE LN A.F. MAN of states 111 TILLMAN LN CC. _ TH COPE-LN-11. MDR ER2ROW MANDEVILLE-LN Z SIRE HEL-TON LN-HCALI-NA HALLENDALE DR BILEMWY RICKWOOD DR TA NNEHILL-DR RABURN RD PACKER PKWY SLASH PINE RD MILLVIEW RD PUb AWNEEDR N-BLUE-ANGEL-PKWY LONGLEAF DR--RD-HCAI ARDDR HUNTSVILLE AVE i L WASAICHIRANGELLOOP LCREST AVE 12 0 B LINTLOCK-DR ARD-RD-BANKHEAD DR LL. EMPL LOMU MIDLAND NONE 1:16,523 September 25, 2018 0.125 0.25 0.5 mi 0 polygonLayer Streets COLLECTOR Rivers, Creeks, and Streams 0.225 0.45 0 0.9 km PRINCIPALARTERIAL Override 1 Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, \circledcirc OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community LOCAL ROAD MINOR ARTERIAL Parcels



Escambia County, Florida

3363 West Park Place Pensacola, FL 32505 (850) 595-1820 www.MyEscambia.com

Date: Thursday, April 12, 2018

Jennifer Bell Bell Engineering 2650 Tambridge Circle Pensacola FL 32503

Project Number 18041066PSP Job Address: 7071 MOBILE HWY, PENSACOLA, FL 32526

Dear Jennifer Bell,

Staff has completed its review of plans for the Dollar General 19555 that is to be located at 7071 MOBILE HWY, PENSACOLA, FL 32526. Comments from this review follow:

Floodplain Management Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Juan Lemos**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Juan Lemos** at **(850) 595-3467** or by email at **jclemos@myescambia.com**.

- 1. Clearly delineate and label the existing flood zones in the plans.
- 2. Insert the following statement in the plans:

"The subject property as shown hereon is located in **flood zone AE**, **Base Flood Elevation 37-39.5**, (Areas subject to inundation by the 1-percent-annual-chance flood event determined by detailed methods. BFEs are shown within these zones), **and flood zones shaded X and x**, as determined from the Federal Emergency Management Agency Flood Insurance Rate Map of Escambia County, Florida, Community 120080, FIRM map panel number **12033C0355G**, map revision dated September 29, 2006."

3. Escambia County has a 3-foot freeboard in addition to FEMA's minimum requirements.

At the time of construction the proposed project must meet all of the construction standards from the Florida Building Code, for structures within a FEMA Special Flood Hazard Area. Contact Escambia County Floodplain Manager/Building Inspections: **Harry T. Gibson, (850)-554-2826**

FYI, FEMA has just released the preliminary flood maps for Escambia County. You can review the current and proposed flood zone changes for any parcel in Escambia County here: http://portal.nwfwmdfloodmaps.com/map.aspx?cty=escambia

Addressing Review Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Shannon Pugh**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Shannon Pugh** at or by email at **sdpugh@myescambia.com**.

The address is incorrect. The address will be **7071 Mobile Highway**. Use this address on all future forms and applications and correct the address on the site plan.

Fire and Life Safety Review Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Joseph Quinn**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Joseph Quinn** at **(850) 595-1810** or by email at **jequinn@myescambia.com**.

- 18.3.1* An approved water supply capable of supplying the required fire flow for fire protection shall be provided to all premises upon which facilities, buildings, or portions of buildings are hereafter constructed or moved into the jurisdiction. Provide current flow test data on the indicated fire hydrant.
- 2. **18.4.5.2 Buildings Other Than One- and Two-Family Dwellings.** The minimum fire flow and flow duration for buildings other than one- and two-family dwellings shall be as specified in Table 18.4.5.1.2.

ECUA (Water and Sewer Utility) Review Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Andre Calaminus**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Andre Calaminus** at **(850) 969-5822** or by email at **andre.calaminus@ecua.fl.gov**.

Project will need to submit to ECUA Engineering for review and permitting of water and/or sewer.

Access Management Review Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Jason Walters**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Jason Walters** at **(850) 595-3422** or by email at **jjwalter@myescambia.com**.

1) No comment, ready for final comparison.

Stormwater Review Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Roza Sestnov**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Roza Sestnov** at **(850) 595-3411** or by email at **risestnov@myescambia.com**.

- 1. Please provide slope (minimum of 0.3%) on the 18" culvert pipe proposed in Millview Road Right of Way. Currently both inverts are indicated as 44.00.
- Ensure that proposed drainage ditch in the Right of Way (Millview Road) is no deeper than 3 feet, and a minimum of 6' from the edge of the travel lane with slope no steeper that 6:1 is provided. Please note that drainage ditch side slopes shall be no steeper than 3:1.
- 3. Suggest at least 2' wide flat top of the pond at the berm location.
- 4. Sheet C2.0: revise note 2, change the County name, should be Escambia.
- 5. Please indicate that MES proposed in the County Right of Way shall be from the approved FDOT index.
- 6. Include a cross section of proposed diversion swale including side slopes, and the proper stabilization notes.
- 7. Provide a rip-rap at the filter system discharge point.
- 8. It appears this project may require permitting through ERP, FDOT and NPDES. It is Engineer/Developer's responsibility to obtain all state required permits.
- 9. Drainage fees shall be paid at the time of the final comparison submittal. Drainage fees will be determined at the time of route sheet sign off.

ADA Review Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Charles Wiley**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Charles Wiley** at **(850) 554-0265** or by email at **ckwiley@myescambia.com**.

please provide signage with sign reading penalty fine \$250 max

Planning and Zoning Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Barbara Winns**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Barbara Winns** at **(850) 595-3584** or by email at **bawinns@myescambia.com**.

- 1. The compatibility analysis is still under review.
- 2. For thepurpose of reviewing for consideration of approval for the locational criteria, we request the following:
 - All existing vegetation around the perimeter of the property remain.

- A different building facade rather than the typical style.
- A monument sign instead of a freestanding sign.
- 3. Exterior Lighting (Sec. 5-9.3)
- Exterior lighting in and around buildings and in parking lots is permitted in all districts. Lighting is to be located for safety and visual effect. With the exception of street, it shall be installed so as not to shine directly on adjacent property. Lighting shall avoid annoyance from brightness and glare.
- 4. On the front cover sheet of the plan, please show the total wall/freestanding signage calculation.
- 5. Are there any protected trees on the parcel? If so, other provisions of the Land Development Code (LDC) may be required.
- 6. Provide other supporting information on the site plan per Escambia County LDC, as applicable (2-4.2).

Environmental Review Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Bradley Bane**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Bradley Bane** at **(850) 595-4572** or by email at **bdbane@myescambia.com**.

- Please move, or copy, the- "There are no Protected Trees located onsite" note on sheet C1.0 to sheet 10 (C5.0) with rest of tree/ Landscaping notes.
- 2. If not already on site plans, please add note stating "Wetlands and wetland buffers shall remain unimpaired and in their natural state. Sufficient erosion & sediment controls shall be adequately installed and maintained in good working order (at least) along the upland edge of the buffer until site becomes stabilized."
- Add a "Wetlands Tabel to the wetland area shown on plans. Add date of Wetland delineation, acreage, date of & firm who performed the delineation to wetland the JD line and noted on all sheets showing such (for ease of reviewers & contractor awareness).
- 4. Please contact me with any further questions. Note as project is at the Initial review and commenting phase, be aware additional comments & standards may apply. Please respond to all comments via edits to site plans and written response to comments for review efficiency. Thank you!

Please revise project documents to address each plan review comment, by "clouding" all revisions made in the project documents and submit a written response to comments stating how each of the plan review comments was addressed. Following the revisions, please contact each reviewer to obtain their sign off on the disposition sheet. This can be done in person or via e-mail. **If you are obtaining sign-offs in person it is recommended you call each reviewer prior to make sure they are available to discuss the project.** Please note that subdivision follow a different sign-off process. Contact the DRC coordinator for details.

Once you have obtained all signoffs you will submit for final comparison. Please note that all final submittals must be in by 11:30 am on Friday.

Should you have questions regarding specific comments, please contact the staff member referenced under the section in which the comment occurs.

Thank you,

Christina Smith Development Services Attachment CC:



SITE PLAN DEVELOPMENT ORDER with Concurrency Certification

Project: Dollar General Location: 7071 Mobile Highway Development Review #: 18041066PSP Property Reference #: 23-1S-31-3401-000-001

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Zoning District: HC/LI Future Land Use: I Flood Zone: X

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Development on a 1.51-acre parcel to construct a 9,287 sq ft retail business. This is the first split of a lot of record as of February 8, 1996. Therefore, a minor subdivision is not required. Existing vegetation shall remain to the extent possible and buffering for adjoining uses and other required vegetation will be provided. Access will be utilized from Millview Road.

Total Parking Spaces: 30 Potable Water: ECUA Protected Trees to be removed: None Handicap Parking Spaces: 2 Sanitary Sewer/Septic: Sewer Mitigation Trees: None

STANDARD PROJECT CONDITIONS

- 1. This Development Order with concurrency certification shall be effective for a period of 18 months from the date of approval. Site plan approval and concurrency shall expire and become null and void if a permit for the approved development has not been obtained from the Building Inspections Department (BID) within the effective period and no extension has been applied for. After issuance of such permit, site plan approval and concurrency shall only terminate upon permit expiration or revocation by the BID. The Board of Adjustment may grant one extension for a maximum of 12 months to the original effective period of the Development Order, but application for such extension must be submitted before termination of the initial 18-month period. If the Development Order expires or is revoked, allocated capacity will be withdrawn and made available to other applicants. If the applicant chooses to proceed with development of the project site, a new site plan application must be submitted for review, approval, and capacity allocations subject to Code provisions and Level of Service conditions at the time of the new application.
- 2. This Development Order alone does not authorize site development to commence. A valid Escambia County Building Permit must be obtained prior to any building construction. Site development as described on the approved site plan, including protected tree removal and grading, may occur under the authorization of the Building Permit. However, commencement of such activity prior to issuance of a Building Permit will require a separate Pre-construction Site Work Permit, or if no Building Permit is applicable will require a separate Parking Lot Permit, obtained from the Building Inspections Department, with erosion control, tree protection, and all other provisions of the approved site plan fully applicable and enforced.

- All specifications and requirements, expressed or implied by note or drawing, in the site development plans approved with this Development Order must be fulfilled.
- 4. No development activities may commence in areas regulated by state or federal agencies unless all required state and federal permits, or proof of exemption, have been obtained and a copy provided to the County.
- Proof of application from the Emerald Coast Utilities Authority (ECUA) for connection to the sewage system, or from the Escambia County Health Department for an Onsite Sewage Treatment and Disposal System (OSTD), must be obtained prior to issuance of an Escambia County Building Permit.
- 6. After issuance of this Development Order, it shall be unlawful to modify, amend, or otherwise deviate from the terms and conditions without first obtaining written authorization through the Development Review Committee (DRC) departments. Approval of such modifications shall be requested in writing and obtained prior to initiating construction of any requested change. The applicable review process for the proposed modifications. Escambia County may require submittal of a new or revised plan and impose additional requirements and/or conditions depending upon the extent of any proposed modifications. The applicant has a continuing obligation to abide by the approved plan. Initiating construction of plan modifications without written County approval shall automatically terminate and render null and void this Development Order, and shall be subject to penalties and/or increased fees specified by the BCC.
- 7. A copy of this Development Order and the approved site development plans must be maintained and readily available on site once any construction activity has begun, including clearing and grading. The approved building construction plans must also be on site once any building construction has begun.

SPECIAL PROJECT CONDITIONS

- 1. The proposed 8'-0 ½" X 8'-0" monument sign on Mobile Highway/Millview Road shall meet all criteria and be constructed in detail as provided on the site plan which includes all the supplemental site enhancement sheets accordingly.
- Lighting is to be located for safety and visual effect. With the exception of street, it shall be installed so as not to shine directly on adjacent property. Lighting shall avoid annoyance from brightness and glare.
- 3. The site contractor shall protect existing vegetation, to the greatest extent possible, outside of the proposed improvements shown within this plan set. It should be noted that there are no protected trees within the subject property limits. See Sheet C5.0 for proposed site landscaping. Offsite vegetation may not be altered.

Development Review Committee (DRC) Final Determination

Having completed development review of the **Dollar General**, site plan application referenced herein, in accordance with requirements of applicable Escambia County regulations and ordinances, the DRC makes the following final determination:

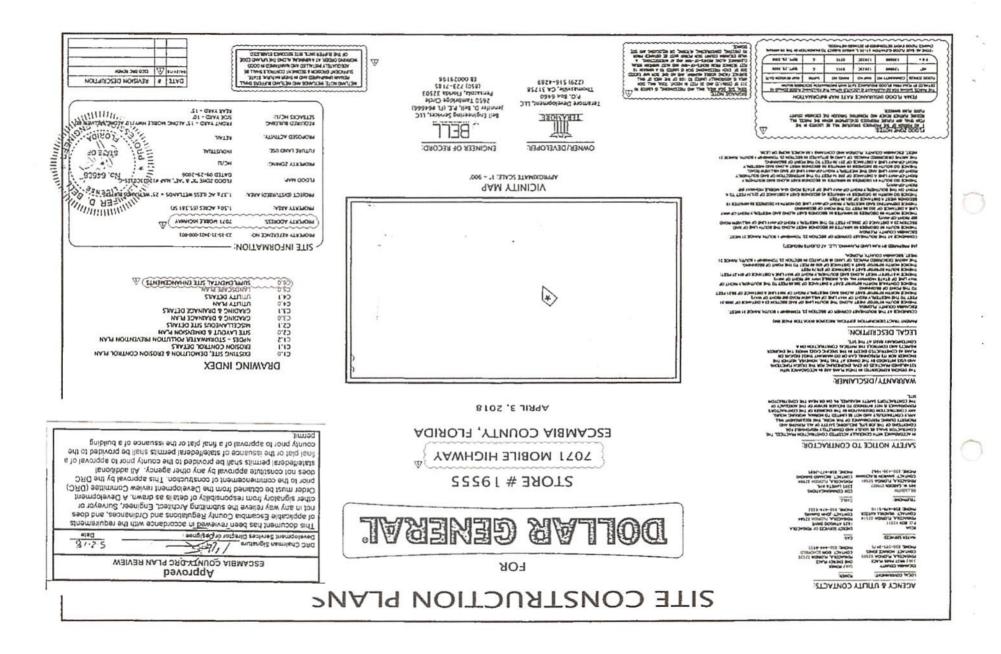
Approve

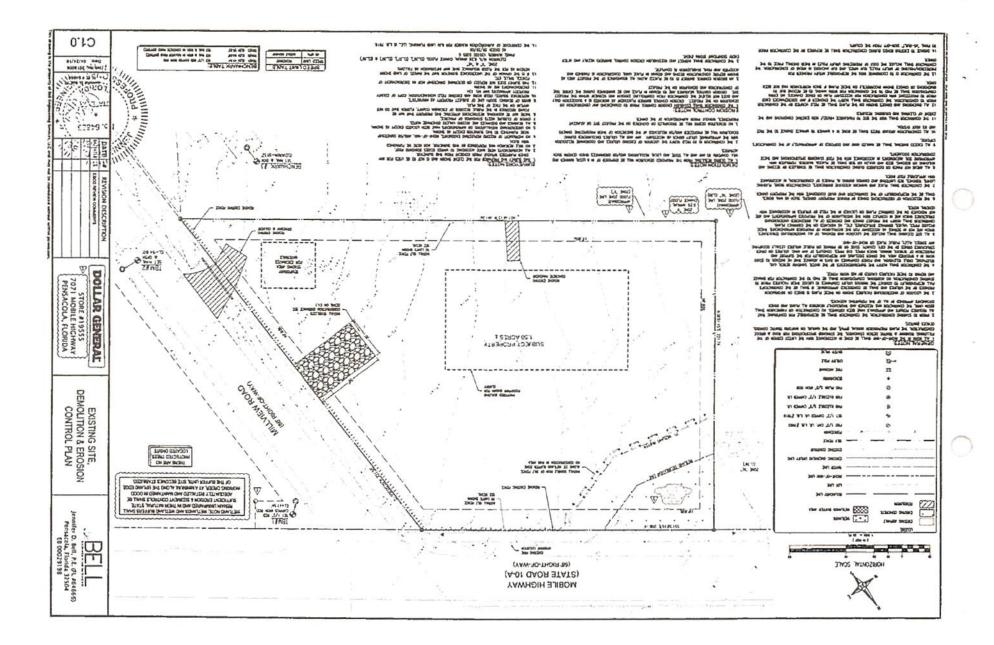
The development plan is approved. The applicant may proceed with the development subject to the project description and project conditions noted herein. Use other than that described, or conditions not satisfied, constitute a violation of this Development Order and render it void. Further, this approval does not constitute approval by any other agency.

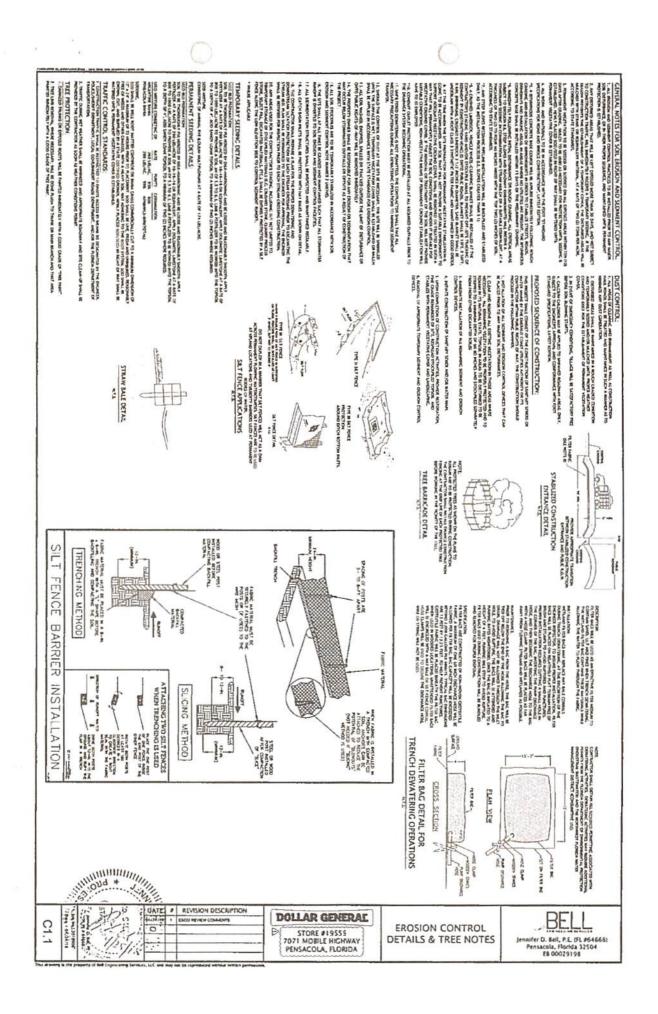
Deny

The development plan is denied for the reasons noted below. The applicant may appeal the decision within 15 days from the date below to the Board of Adjustment (BOA) under the provisions of Section 2-1.4 of the Escambia County Land Development Code, and/or submit a new or revised site plan application for review.

S.Z.18 Date Director t Services Department







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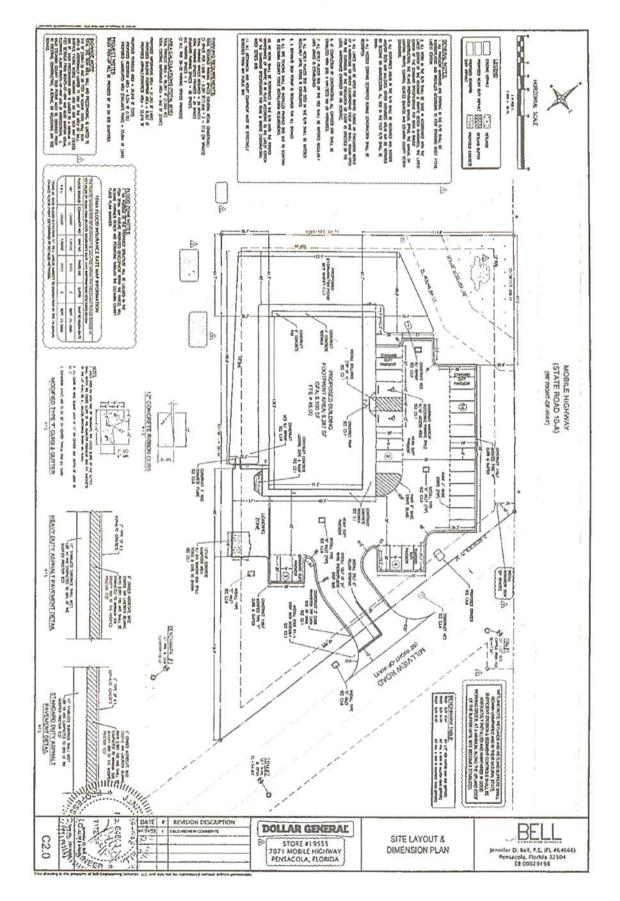
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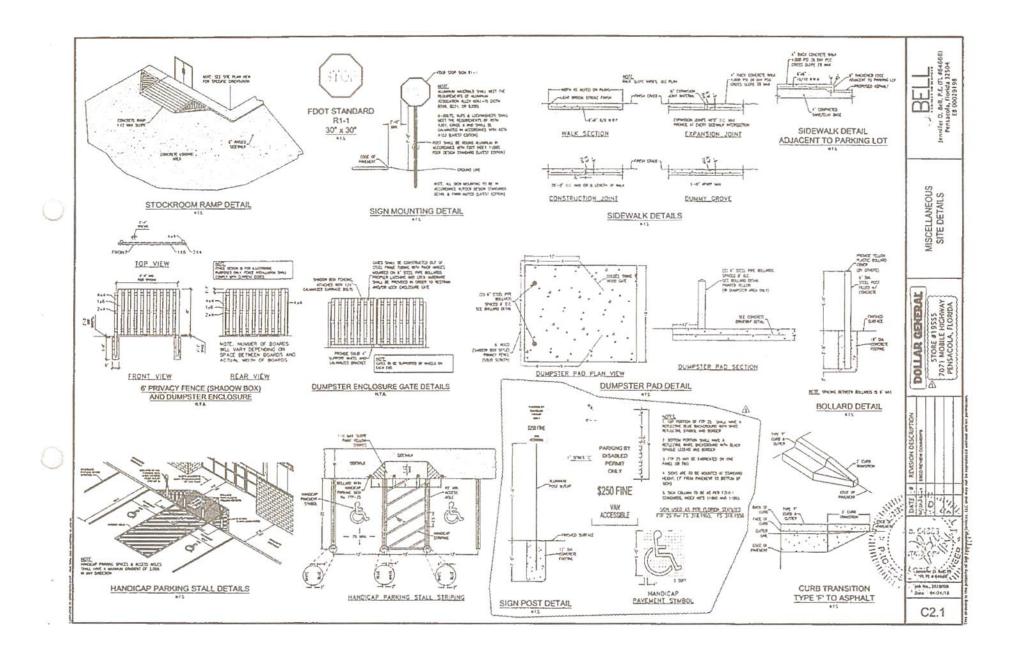
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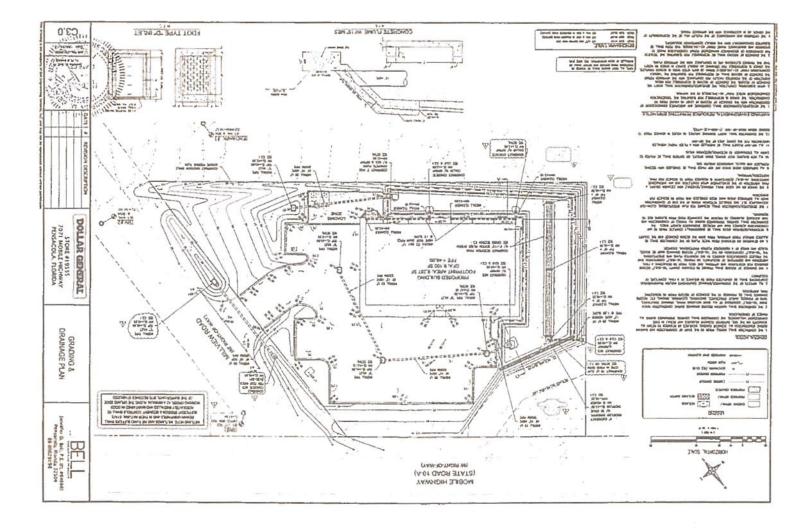
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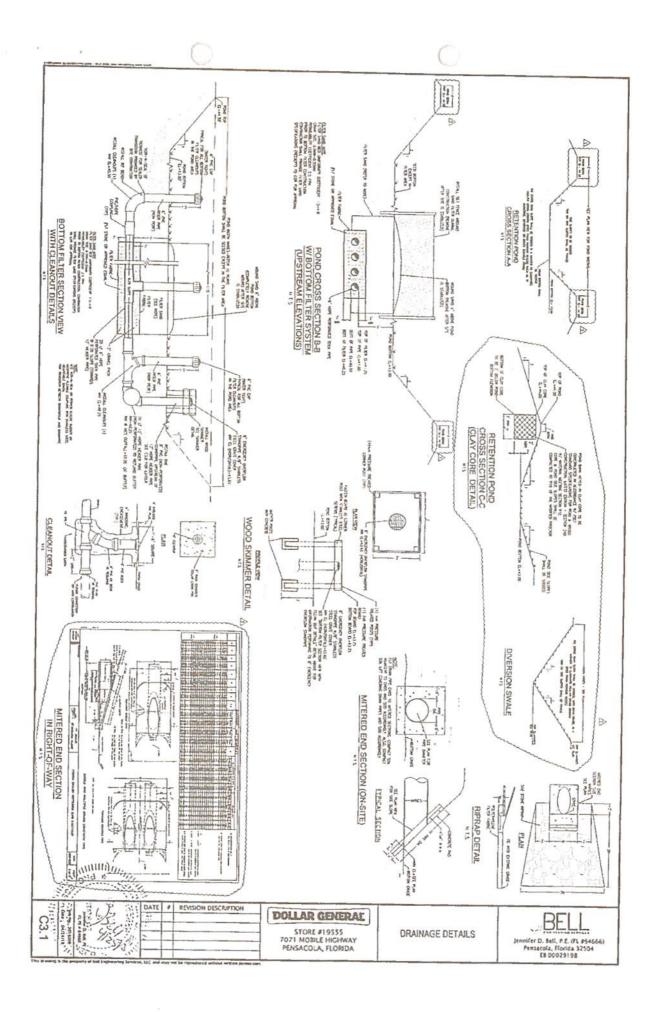
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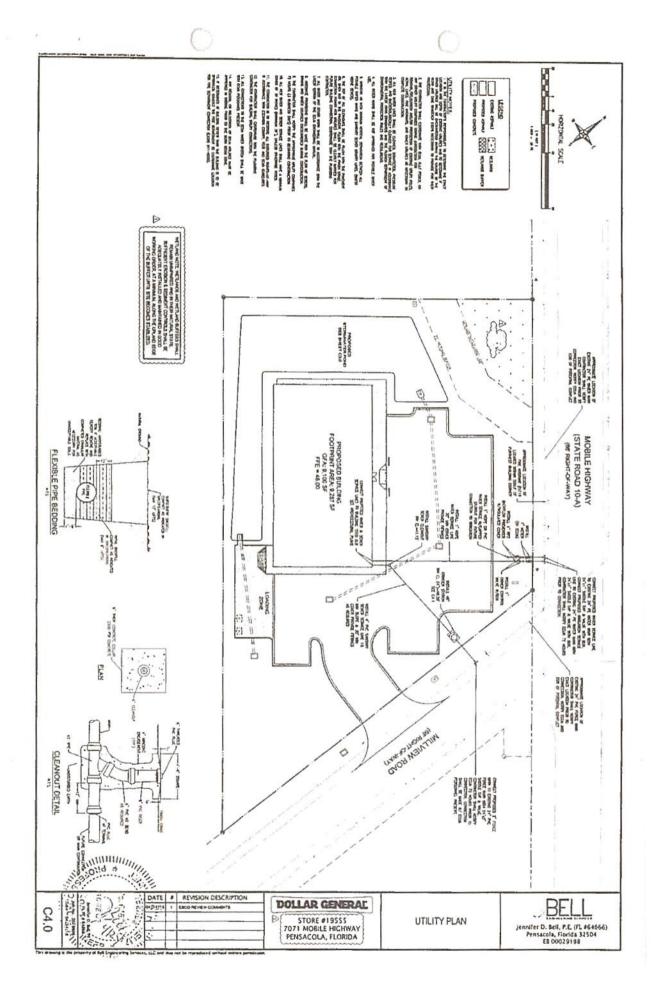


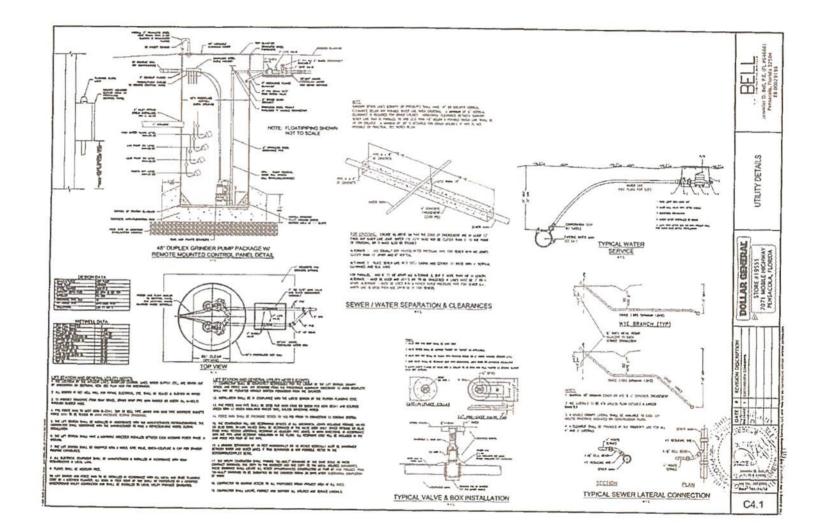


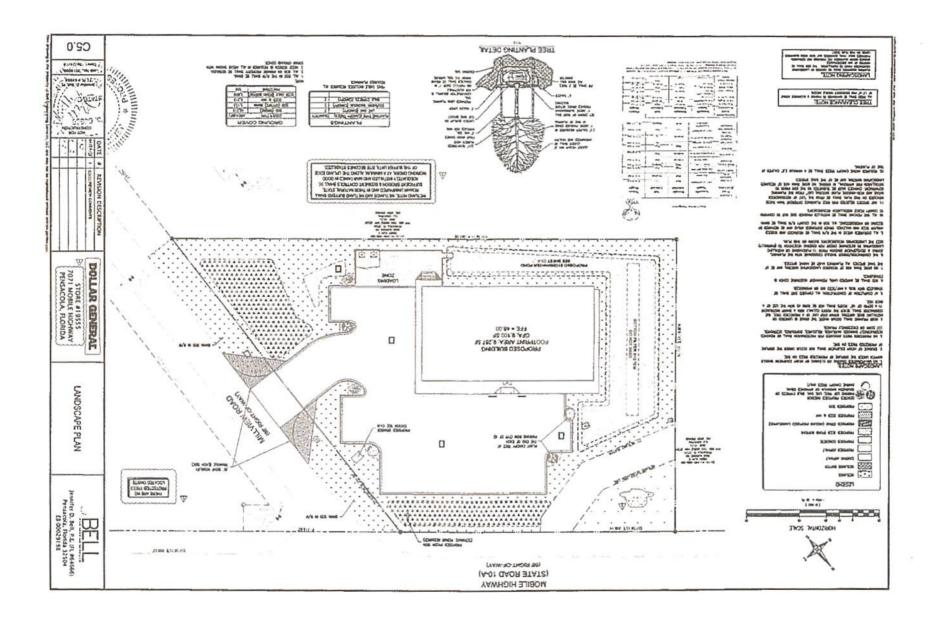


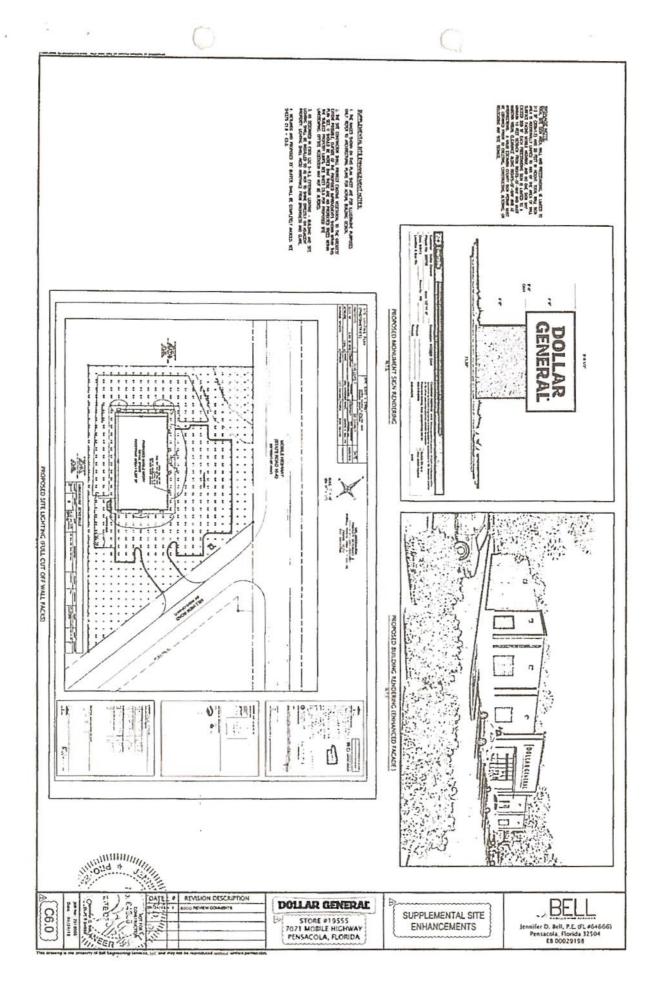
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Google Maps 7071 Mobile Hwy





7071 Mobile Hwy Pensacola, FL 32526



Imagery ©2018 Google, Map data ©2018 Google 200 ft

Google Maps 7085 Mobile Hwy



Imagery ©2018 Google, Map data ©2018 Google 200 ft



7085 Mobile Hwy Pensacola, FL 32526



GoMaps



Escambia County Property Appraiser 231S313401000001





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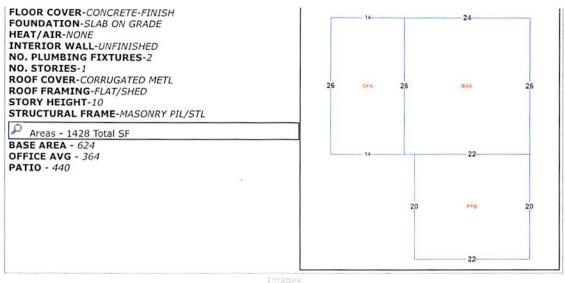
Sale List

Back

Navigate Mode 💿 Account 🔍 Reference Printer Friendly Version General Information Assessments **Reference:** 231S313401000001 Year Land Imprv Total Cap Val Account: 091080100 2018 \$87,020 \$25,465 \$112,485 \$112,485 **Owners:** RODDY ALAN G 2017 \$87,020 \$24,720 \$111,740 \$111,740 8900 KLONDIKE RD \$87,020 \$24,387 \$111,407 \$111,407 2016 PENSACOLA, FL 32526 7085 MOBILE HWY 32526 Disclaimer Use Code: OPEN STORAGE **Tax Estimator** Taxing COUNTY MSTU Authority: **Tax Inquiry:** Open Tax Inquiry Window > File for New Homestead Exemption Online MLS Listing 2018 Certified Roll Exemptions Sales Data #519769 None Official Records Sale Date Book Page Value Type P (New Legal Description Window) BEG AT SE COR OF SEC S 90 DEG 00 MIN 00 SEC W ALG S 08/18/2015 7392 1037 LI 2685 31/100 FT TO WLY R/W LI OF MILLVIEW RD (66 FT \$100 OT View Instr R/W) N 00 ... 04/15/2015 7330 597 \$100 WD View Instr 08/1992 3227 658 \$99,900 WD View Instr Extra Features None



DECOR/MILLWORK-MINIMUM **DWELLING UNITS-**0 **EXTERIOR WALL-CONCRETE BLOCK**





The primary use of the assessment data is for the preparation of the current year tax roll. No responsibility or liability is assumed for inaccuracies or errors.

Last Updated 09/29/2018 (1...2466)



Board of County Commissioners . Escambia County, Florida

Horace L. Jones, Director Development Services

ESCAMBIA COUNTY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT RESPONSE TO COMPATIBILITY ANALYSIS SUBMITTED BY SHORTLEAF, LLC Prepared by: Horace Jones, Director

I. Introduction:

Escambia County Development Services Department reviewed the Application for Variance(s), Supporting Documentation, and Compatibility Analysis submitted by Shortleaf, LLC. Based on County staff's review of Shortleaf's submittals, it is the determination of the Development Services Department that the requested variances for the proposed use as a Construction and Demolition Debris (C&DD) facility will result in the maintenance or creation of a nuisance and will give rise to a use that is incompatible with existing allowable and adjacent uses.

II. County Review:

A. County Staff's Response to Section 1.0 of the Shortleaf Analysis, Introduction.

The County agrees with the historical timeline provided in Section 1.0 of Shortleaf's Compatibility Analysis and that the applicant has accurately cited Section 82-236(b) of the Code of Ordinances which allows for the Board of County Commissioners to consider variances to the standards governing operation of Construction and Demolition Debris (C&DD) Facilities within the County. However, the County rejects Shortleaf's contention that their operation will not result in the maintenance or creation of a nuisance and further rejects Shortleaf's contention that the proposed use is compatible with existing allowable and adjacent uses.

The subject property consists of two parcels. The first parcel is Property Reference No. #41-1S-30-1000-000, approximately 29.63 (+/-) acres located at 2022 Longleaf Drive. The second parcel is Property Reference No. #24-1S-30-1600-000-001 approximately 9.38 (+/-) acres located 6841 Kemp Road (See County Staff Map Exhibit A-1).

The current zoning for both parcels is Heavy Commercial and Light Industrial district (HC/LI). However, the parcels have differing Future Land Use (FLU) designations. The larger parcel has a FLU designation of Mixed Use-Urban (29.63 acres). The smaller parcel has a FLU designation of Industrial (9.38 acres). (See County Staff Map, Exhibit B.)

The creation of the "new development" (Shortleaf C&DD Landfill) will result in the creation of a nuisance condition and give rise to the creation of a condition incompatible with the existing or allowable adjacent uses.

From the existing land use, zoning, and aerial maps to be presented, it is evident that the proposed parcels in question, are adjacent to, near, and surrounded by residential zoning categories (High Density Mixed-use district [HDMU] and Medium Density Residential district [MDR] -- few parcels along Longleaf Road), and residential uses; i.e., single-family homes and mobile homes.

In addition to maps and other documentation to be presented by staff, the report prepared by Shortleaf, LLC, concedes that residential uses are adjacent to, near, and surround the subject property.

B. County Staff's Response to Section 2.0 of the Shortleaf Analysis, Applicable Definitions.

The County agrees that the definitions included in Section 2.0 of Shortleaf's Analysis are accurate reflections of *excerpts* of the language included within those definitions. However, the County notes that Shortleaf's analysis failed to include complete definitions nor did it include all relevant definitions. The County would further note that Shortleaf's analysis fails to accurately include and apply all existing regulations.

The following definitions and regulations should also be considered in the Board of County Commissioner's analysis of Shortleaf's request for variances and proposed use:

- 1. Regulations of Escambia County Code of Ordinances
 - a. Chapter 42, Article VIII, Borrow Pits and Reclamations, Section 42-322 through 42-325 of the Escambia County Code of Ordinances (Ordinance # 2015-5).
 - b. Chapter 82, Article V, Landfills and Other Disposal Facilities, Division 3, Section 82-224 through 82-240 of the Escambia County Code of Ordinances (Ordinance #2015-31)
- 2. Definitions and Regulations within the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan
 - a. Incompatible development/compatible development as defined by the Comprehensive Plan as new development proposed to be constructed next to existing development wherein the proximity of two kinds of development would each diminish the usefulness of the other or would be detrimental to existing operations. The incompatibility can arise from either land use or structure size and design. Compatible development is new development proposed to be constructed next to existing development in which the proximity of the two kinds of the development would each complement or enhance the usefulness of the other.
 - b. FLU 1.1.1 Development Consistency. New development and redevelopment in unincorporated Escambia County will be consistent with the Plan and the FLUM.
 - c. FLU 1.1.6 Administrative Appeal Procedure. Consolidation of future land use categories and zoning districts on the 2030 FLUM and associated Zoning Map is intended to simplify administration while respecting private property rights. Any property owner contending that a parcel of land had greater development rights under the future land use and zoning in place prior to the adoption of the 2030 FLUM and

associated Zoning Map may submit a written request to the County for a determination under the vested rights provisions of the LDC.

d. Chapter 12 Conservation Element Escambia County Comp. Plan 2030 OBJ 1.5 Soil and Mineral Resources

Regulate the extraction of soil and mineral resources and other land disturbance activities to ensure that uses and activities are compatible with site conditions and to prevent adverse impacts to the quality of other resources, land uses, or activities.

- e. CON 1.5.2 Extraction and Reclamation Limitations. Resource extraction and reclamation activities are considered unique non-residential uses due to their transient nature and the eventual restoration of affected lands to post mining land uses. Escambia County will prohibit resource extraction activities within environmentally sensitive areas that cannot be completely restored; within wellhead protection areas; within the CHHA; within one-half mile of aquatic preserves, Class II waters, Shoreline Protection Zone 1, or Outstanding Florida Waters; and within all FLU categories, except Agriculture, Rural Community, Industrial, and Public. Additionally, resource extraction in the form of borrow pits will be prohibited abutting state and federal parks, within floodplains, or near existing residential uses, residential zoning districts, or subdivisions intended primarily for residential use. Reclamation activities to restore previously mined lands to an intended post-mining land use may be allowed in any future land use category.
- f. CON 1.5.3 Extraction and Reclamation Compatibility. Escambia County will permit extraction of soils and mineral resources and site reclamation only where compatible with adjacent land uses and where minimal resource degradation will occur. The determination of minimal degradation, if necessary, will be made in cooperation with the appropriate state or federal agencies regulating resource extraction and reclamation activities. The locations where these activities may be allowed, if not otherwise prohibited, will be determined based on geological constraints and will be regulated by the applicable zoning district and performance standards established for such activities within the LDC.
- g. CON 1.5.4 Extraction and Reclamation Review. Escambia County will subject all new or expanded resource extraction and reclamation activities to a mandatory development review process to assess technical standards for public safety, environmental protection, and engineering design.
- 3. Definitions and Regulations within the Escambia County Land Development Code.
 - a. Compatible is defined in the Land Development Code as a condition in which land uses, activities or conditions can coexist in relative proximity to each other in a stable fashion over time such that no use, activity, or condition is unduly negatively impacted directly or indirectly by another use, activity, or condition.
 - b. Reclamation is defined in the Land Development Code as the restoration or rehabilitation to useful purposes and safe and healthful conditions of lands adversely affected by mining, excavation, erosion, land clearing, or other processes. Reclamation may include filling, reshaping, revegetation and other

activities to achieve the long-term stability of the affected lands and protection of surrounding uses and natural resources.

c. Chapter 2, Section 2-1.3 General Compliance Provisions

(a). Prior county approval required. No land use or development activity regulated by the LDC is allowed prior to obtaining all applicable county approvals according to the provisions of the LDC. No county administrative authority may approve uses, activities, or other actions that do not comply fully with the requirements of the LDC. Additionally, any time the LDC or other regulations require authorizations by the Planning Board, Board of Adjustment (BOA), Board of County Commissioners (BCC), or other local authorities prior to final county approval of an application, those authorizations shall be evidenced in advance of final approval and not deferred in a condition of that approval.

d. Chapter 2, Sec. 2-2.7 (a) - (b) Compatibility.

(a) General. To confirm that proposed land uses and development activities are compatible with adjacent uses or conditions, a review for compatibility is required for rezoning and may be necessary for certain types developments specified herein.

(b) Confirmation for compatibility. Application for land use compatibility confirmation shall be submitted for review to the Planning Official.

The subject parcel (29 +/- acre tract) has a FLU designation of Mixed-Use Urban (MU-U), while the 99+/-0 acre tract has a FLU designation of Industrial (I). Any new or any expansion of the existing borrow pit on the subject property is not in compliance with provisions of Chapter 12 of the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan, Con 1.5.2 Extraction and Reclamation Limitations. A FLU category of MU-U does not allow for extraction activities. The only FLU Categories that allow extraction activities are AG, RC, Industrial, and Public.

C. County Staff's Response to Section 3.0 of the Shortleaf Analysis, Entitlement History.

A historical overview of the parcels in question shows that a small-scale map amendment [Ordinance 2014-17], from Mixed-Use Urban (MU-U) to Industrial (I), was approved in 2014 to allow for extraction and reclamation on the 9 (+/-) acre tract. The 9 (+/-) acre tract received development approval for borrow pit operations. The 29 (+/-) acre tract retained its existing FLU Category of MU-U and continued existing borrow pit operations.

All permits for mineral extraction/borrow pit operations, given and issued to Shortleaf, LLC, clearly state that reclamation activities will require future permits and approvals from the governing authorities. It is clear that issuance of a development order or borrow pit permit does not guarantee any subsequent approval for reclamation as a C&DD facility, or otherwise. No reclamation permits for C&DD or County approvals have been issued or granted.

The applicant has neither made a claim of any vested right nor has the applicant requested a determination or hearing related to the potential for a vested rights claim, if any.

D. County Staff's Response to Section 4.0 of Shortleaf's Analysis, Compatibility Findings

The proposed reclamation use as a C&DD facility is not compatible with existing or allowable uses. The proposed C&DD will create a nuisance condition and will result in maintenance of an existing nuisance.

The location of Shortleaf's proposed C&DD facility is adjacent to existing residential zoning and residential developments.

These existing neighborhoods have long suffered adverse impacts from surrounding industrial encroachment. The creation of a C&DD facility in an area already inundated with facilities of a similar nature will exacerbate existing nuisance conditions within the surrounding neighborhoods. While Shortleaf may argue that their operation will be better managed than existing disposal facilities in the area, there is no sound basis for any argument that no noise, dust, H2S, odor, traffic or other nuisance conditions will ever leave Shortleaf's property. In fact, the alternative is true. Shortleaf's proposed use is certain to emit some level of noise, dust, odor, H2S, traffic, and other nuisance conditions in the area. The approval of the proposed C&DD reclamation plan will serve to maintain and increase the existing nuisance conditions of truck traffic, noise, dust, H2S emissions, and odor within the existing neighborhoods. Approval of Shortleaf's requested variances will create a condition incompatible with both the FLU of the parcel and the existing surrounding uses.

Section 82-225, Definitions applicable to Construction and Demolition Debris facilities define "nuisance" as follows: Nuisance generally means anything which annoys or disturbs one in the free use, possession or enjoyment of his or her property, or which renders its ordinary use or occupation uncomfortable, or anything which is detrimental to health or threatens danger to persons or property, facilities, equipment, processes, products or compounds, or the commission of any acts that cause or materially contribute to:

(1). The emission into the outdoor air or dust, fume, gas, mist, odor, smoke, or vapor, or any combination thereof, of a character and in a quantity as to be detectable by the public, at any point beyond the property limits of the premises occupied or used by the person responsible for the source thereof, to interfere with their health, repose, or safety, or cause severe annoyance or discomfort, or tends to lessen normal food and water intake or produces irrigation of the upper respiratory tract, or produces symptoms of nausea or is offensive or objectionable to normal to persons because of the inherent chemical or physical properties, or causes injury or damage to real property, personal property or human, animal or plant life of any kind or which interferes with normal conduct of business, or detrimental or harmful to the health, comfort living conditions, welfare and safety of the inhabitants of this county.

(2). Any violation of provisions of this division which becomes detrimental to health or threatens danger to the safety of persons or property, or gives offense to, is injurious to, endangers the public health and welfare, or prevents the reasonable and comfortable uses and enjoyment of property by the public.

Chapter 82 of the Code of Ordinances is written to protect surrounding existing uses from adverse impacts created by Construction and Demolition Debris facilities. The Board of County Commissioners, to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the community, increased the minimum size of the real property site for C&DD facilities to 100 acres and increased the setback from the property boundaries to 500 feet. These amendments were adopted to prohibit noxious uses from residential abutting properties and other incompatible existing uses.

On December 7, 2017, County staff visited the subject property. The existing vegetative buffer on the site is minimal. The site may be clearly seen from adjoining properties. Photographs of the existing site conditions reflect a failure to fully buffer the site.

In addition to serving to maintain and exacerbate existing nuisance conditions within the proposed area, Shortleaf itself, or any C&DD facility in this location, will result in the creation of the same nuisance conditions enumerated above.

Further, even Shortleaf's own report acknowledges that C&DD facilities may contain hazardous materials which are combustible. The risk of fire and smoke, along with aforementioned nuisance conditions, is incompatible with the surrounding residential uses. Shortleaf's analysis further recognizes that nuisance conditions to be alleviated by requirements such as the County's setback and acreage regulations include views/visual impacts, lighting/glare, noise, vibrations, dust, odors, and any other factors unique to the uses in question.

The proposed use will increase the existing negative conditions plaguing the residents in close proximity to the site. C&DD operations, such as the one proposed by Shortleaf, are visually unpleasant, require lighting, create noise, increase truck traffic, and may emit noise, dust, vibrations, odors and otherwise harm the citizens of the County.

A use is not compatible if the use will negatively impact the surrounding area.

The variances requested by Shortleaf would allow the C&DD operation to be located on a parcel that is smaller than 40 acres located within 100 ft. of existing homes and which parcel is surrounded on two sides by existing residential development. The proposed variances are incompatible with the Escambia County Land Development Code, the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan, and the intent of the Board of County Commissioners to protect the citizens near the proposed use.

E. County Staff's Response to Section 5.0 of Shortleaf's Analysis, Non-nuisance determination.

Based upon the findings above, the granting of the variance will create an unsafe condition and will create a menace to the health, safety, and general welfare of the residents. Granting the requested variances will further create new nuisance conditions and serve to both maintain and increase existing nuisance conditions. Granting the variances will result in an incompatible use.

The proximity of the two kinds of development, a C&DD facility and established residential neighborhoods, diminishes the usefulness of the neighborhood and is detrimental to the citizens within the existing residential uses.

F. County Staff's Response to Section 6.0 of Shortleaf's Analysis, Compatibility Findings, Conclusion.

Granting the requested variances will create incompatible conditions and will serve to maintain and create nuisance conditions. Further, granting the variance will diminish the usefulness of the existing neighborhoods. Reducing the acreage and setback requirements will allow a heavy industrial use within feet of existing homes. The acreage and setback requirements exist specifically to protect the citizens of the County from noxious uses in close proximity to their homes.

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III. Conclusion:

The requested variances should be denied.

Alain Espinosa

Srom:	ryan@selanddesign.com
ent:	Wednesday, October 12, 2016 12:30 PM
To:	Terry D Williams
Cc:	Andrew D. Holmer; John C. Fisher; 'Eli Miller'; tom@selanddesign.com
Subject:	FW: J Miller Construction Maintenance Building
Attachments:	LocationCriteria_CompatibilityAnalysis.pdf; Reviewer Comments.pdf; Disposition Sheet.pdf; 101216_REV_JMillerMB_PermitReviewPlans.pdf

Terry,

Thanks for meeting with me this morning. We offer the following responses to the comments generated for the J Miller Construction Maintenance Building:

- The existing J Miller Construction office was once a residential dwelling; however, it has been utilized as a
 construction office prior to J Miller occupying the structure. It has come to our attention that the previous
 owners neglected to permit the change of use from a residential structure to a commercial business as required
 by Escambia County. It is our understanding that this DRC approval will not only permit the construction of the
 proposed 2,400 sf shop, but it will also permit the required change of use that has never been permitted
 through the DRC process.
- 2. It is our understanding that following DRC approval of the plans and supporting documentation, the proposed crushing operation must be approved through the BCC prior to being undertaken.
- 3. We have attached a location criteria compatibility analysis in accordance with 3-2.11(e)(3) of the Escambia County LDC. The development parcel meets the intent of location criteria and will not promote ribbon commercial development and is compatible with the surrounding area. Furthermore, it should be noted that this parcel has been utilized for commercial uses for a period in excess of 10 years.
- 4. The provided site plans have been designed to meet the requirements of Section 2-4.2(c) of the LDC.
- 5. The provided site plan and operation plan include practices to protect adjacent land and resources (limiting crushing operations to a maximum of 20 working days per calendar year and only at specific times of day. Operations to take place in one area of the site away from existing structures), minimize erosion (stabilization practices currently utilized throughout the project parcel will continue...use of a temporary, mobile crushing unit that remains in place for only days at a time and will not cause erosion of the existing soils...limiting use of the crushing machinery to one area of the site where materials are currently stored and permanent vegetative ground cover does not exist), treat stormwater (currently, no stormwater management system exists on the project parcel and untreated runoff enters the county conveyance system...a new stormwater treatment and attenuation pond is to be constructed as part of this project and will release treated stormwater to the county's underground conveyance system at a rate lower than the existing rate), landscaping and buffering of adjacent uses (preservation of existing mature vegetation found throughout the development parcel...planting of 14 canopy trees along the south property boundary where existing residential structures are located and preservation of the existing timber privacy fence located along the southern boundary), hours of operation (No trespassing signs that include hours of operation are to be installed on the existing perimeter fencing every 200 feet), methods to comply with maximum permissible noise levels (The crushing operation shall take place in an area previously zoned ID-1 prior to adoption of the HC/LI zoning designation. The maximum permissible sound levels as per Sec. 5-9.2(2) of the LDC in the previously zoned ID-1 designation are 95dB between 6 am and 10 pm and 85 dB between 10 pm and 6 am. The hours of operation are limited to 8 am to 4 pm and the noise level shall remain below 95 dB), means of access control to prevent illegal dumping (the entire property is fenced and two access gates that are located on the west and south boundary are locked after business hours), plans for material storage (materials will be stored the same way they are currently stored onsite, in designated areas that lack erosion and avoid impacts to adjacent properties).
- 6. A note has been added to the plans stating the following: "The facility shall conform to all performance standards governing the containment, collection, and treatment of leachate pursuant to Chapter 403, Florida Statutes and any other applicable regulations promulgated by the FDEP. The violation of any such statute or rule

governing leachate under Chapter 403, Florida Statutes, shall also constitute a violation of the Escambia County land development code enforceable by the Escambia County Office of Environmental Code Enforcement (LDC 4-7.11)"

- The site plan illustrates the existing perimeter fencing, gates and screening. Additionally, we have called for the installation of no trespassing signs that include hours of operation and planting of a canopy tree buffer along the southern property boundary.
- The operational footprint setback of 100 feet from the property boundary is not applicable to the proposed operations.
- 9. We have illustrated the required parking for both the office building and the proposed 2,400 sf shop/warehouse on the revised site plans. The existing parking areas meet the requirements of the LDC.
- 10. A type C landscape buffer is required along the southern property boundary of the project parcel; however, a county drainage easement measuring 20' in width and containing a 60" RCP drainage pipe exists along the southern boundary. As discussed with county staff, the planting of trees and shrubs within the county easement is discouraged. Additionally, a 6' timber privacy fence exists along this boundary and is to remain in place. In order to provide additional buffering from the neighboring properties, it is the owners intent to plant the 14 canopy trees required by the buffering provisions of the code at the top of the proposed 6:1 side slope pond and outside of the easement. This has been illustrated on the revised plans.
- 11. No new site signage (other than no trespassing signs) is proposed as part of this project. The applicable signage note has been included on the Cover sheet of the revised plans.
- 12. No exterior lighting is proposed as part of this project. A note stating the same has been included on the cover sheet of the revised plans.

I have attached a copy of the revised plans, the location criteria compatibility analysis, the reviewer comments and the disposition sheet for your review. The operation plan is currently being prepared by the owner and will be forwarded upon receipt.

Please let me know if you have any questions or if you need additional information.

Ryan L. Sieg Hammond Engineering, Inc. 3802 North S Street Pensacola, FL 32505 Ph 850-434-2603 Fax 850-434-2650 Cell 850-698-0203 HammondEngineeringInc.com

From: ryan@selanddesign.com [mailto:ryan@selanddesign.com]
Sent: Friday, October 07, 2016 1:10 PM
To: terry_williams@co.escambia.fl.us; Andrew D. Holmer (ADHOLMER@co.escambia.fl.us)
Subject: FW: J Miller Construction Maintenance Building

Terry/Drew,

I see John is out of the office for the next week +. This is a complicated site plan that you may be aware of but I would like to acquire a sign off if possible. I understand the complexities involved with the proposed crushing operations but want to make sure that the only thing stopping Planning from signing off is the required conditional use approval. My original email to John can be found below, please just let me know when one of you are available.

Thanks,

Ryan L. Sieg Hammond Engineering, Inc. 3802 North S Street Pensacola, FL 32505 Ph 850-434-2603 Fax 850-434-2650 ?ell 850-698-0203 HammondEngineeringInc.com

From: ryan@selanddesign.com [mailto:ryan@selanddesign.com] Sent: Friday, October 07, 2016 1:03 PM To: jcfisher@co.escambia.fl.us Subject: J Miller Construction Maintenance Building

John,

Given the abundance of comments and unique circumstances surrounding this project, I feel it is best that we meet to discuss each of your comments. However, in an effort to expedite things, I have attached a copy of our compatibility analysis for your review as well as a copy of the latest plans that have been revised to illustrate revisions requested by yourself and other members of the DRC staff.

Please let me know if you are available this afternoon to discuss or just give me a call after you have had a chance to review.

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Ryan L. Sieg Hammond Engineering, Inc. 3802 North S Street Pensacola, FL 32505 Ph 850-434-2603 ~ax 850-434-2650 Cell 850-698-0203 HammondEngineeringInc.com

Alain Espinosa

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 nyan@selanddesign.com

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 Friday, October 07, 2016 1:10 PM

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 Subject:
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 Attachments:
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 Comments.pdf
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Ryan L. Sieg Hammond Engineering, Inc. 3802 North S Street Pensacola, FL 32505 Ph 850-434-2603 Fax 850-434-2650 Cell 850-698-0203 <u>HammondEngineeringInc.com</u>

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Ryan L. Sieg Hammond Engineering, Inc. 3802 North S Street Pensacola, FL 32505 Ph 850-434-2603 Fax 850-434-2650 Cell 850-698-0203 HammondEngineeringInc.com



HAMMOND ENGINEERING, INC. FLORIDA CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NO. 9130 ALABAMA CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NO. 3277

October 7, 2016

Mr. John Fisher Escambia County Planning & Zoning 3363 West Park Place Pensacola, Florida 32505

Reference: J Miller Construction Maintenance Building Locational Criteria Compatibility Analysis

Mr. Fisher:

As per Section 3-2.11(e) of the Escambia County Land Development Code, "All new non-residential uses proposed within the HC/LI district that are not part of a planned unit development of not identified as exempt by district regulations shall be on parcels that satisfy...location criteria." The proposed J Miller Construction project is not located along an arterial street and therefore must demonstrate compatibility of the proposed use with the surrounding area. Additionally, the development parcel must not have been rezoned from the mixeduse, commercial or industrial zoning assigned by the county and must be consistent with any county redevelopment district plans should the parcel be located within a designated redevelopment district. The project parcel has not been re-zoned and is not located within a county redevelopment district; therefore, evidence shall be provided that the proposed/existing use will be able to achieve long-term compatibility with existing and potential uses.

The project site is located in the northeast quadrant of the Waring Road/Bush Street intersection. The parcel is zoned HC/LI and has not undergone a rezoning. The adjacent properties to the north of the subject parcel as well as the majority of the parcels directly west of the project parcel also have an HC/LI zoning designation. Waring Road can be considered a commercial corridor as it is located off of a major arterial roadway, Nine Mile Road, and provides access to many commercial and industrial businesses. Additionally, Waring Road provides the lone access to Blackbird Lane, another roadway utilized by only commercial businesses. Commercial and light industrial uses that can be found the length of Waring Road and on Blackbird Lane include Mobile Lumber and Millwork (which abuts the subject property on the north side), Town & Country Industries, Selectricty, LLC (electrical contractor), Southern Drill Supply, and Gator Equipment.

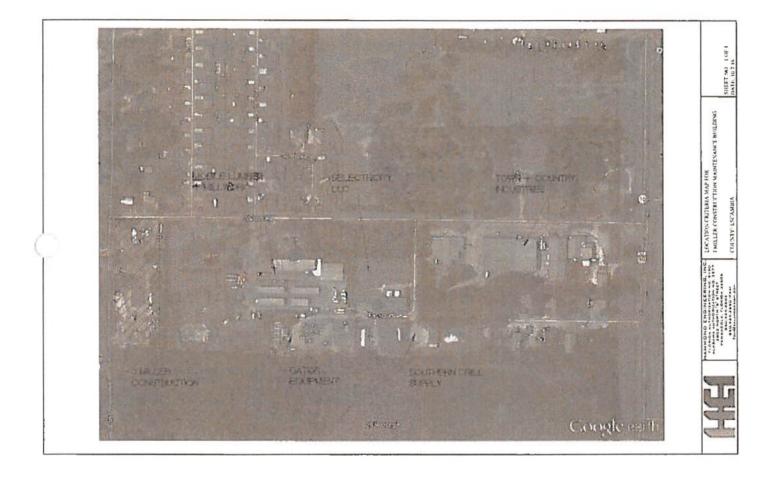
Furthermore, it should be noted that this parcel has been utilized for commercial uses, including multiple construction outfits, for a period in excess of ten (10) years prior to this request for Development Order. Also, the parcel is less than 0.50 miles south of a major arterial roadway, Nine Mile Road.

A map of the project site and its location in relation to the aforementioned commercial developments has been attached to this document. In accordance with the purpose of location criteria, the proposed development does not promote ribbon commercial development and is compatible with the surrounding area. It appears that the project parcel will achieve long-term compatibility with the existing and potential uses in the immediate area.

Sincerely, HAMMOND ENGINEERING, INC.

Ryan L. Sieg Project Manager

3802 NORTH "S" STREET PENSACOLA, FL 32505 850 434-2603 PH 850 434-2650 FAX TOM@SELANDDESIGN.COM



Site Plan Reviewer	Comments	
DRC Meeting Date: September 14, 2016 Project #: PSP160900136 Project Name: J Miller Construction Maintenance Bldg Project Address: 8900 Waring Rd	Christina Smith	Digitally signed by Christina Sm DN: cn=Christina Smith, o, cu=D email=Christina, Smith@myesca ka.com, c=US Date: 2016.09.15.09.47.01-05.00
Diesse Address the Folio	wing Comments	

Please Address the Following Comments

Addressing

Reviewer: Shanon Pugh @ 850-595-3034 Shannon Pugh@co.escambia.fl.us

1. Address approved - 8900 Waring Road Access Management

Reviewer: Jason Walters @ 850-595-3422 Jason Walters@co.escambia.fl.us

1) Construct a 5' concrete sidewalk along the Waring Road frontage of the site [LDC 5-5.6 - DSM 2-2.2]. Applicant has the option to contribute funds in lieu of construction at the County's discretion (at the applicant's request). Contributed funds shall be based on the County's latest pricing agreement.

Stormwater

Reviewer: Roza I. Sestnov @ 850-595-3411 Roza Sestnov@co.escambia.fl.us

- 1. Please clarify if new concrete crushing operation is going to take place on the currently semi-impervious area(s). If not, this area will have to be considered as new semi-impervious for stormwater calculations.
- 2. Please note that this concrete crushing operation will require additional permitting through BCC. Coordinate this requirement with Planning and Zoning.
- 3. Please indicate sizes of the existing drainage pipes located in the R/W-s. Demonstrate that these pipes are adequate for post development condition.
- 4. Coordinate with Jason Walters a size of the proposed culvert portion.
- 5. Provide additional sediment control measures at the existing inlets in the R/W.
- 6. Extend proposed siltation fence along the east property line for the pond width.
- 7. FYI: It is Engineer/Developer's responsibility to obtain all state required permits (if any).
- 8. Drainage fees shall be paid at the time of the final comparison submittal. Drainage fees will be determined at the time of route sheet sign off.

Planning

Reviewer: John Fisher 850-595-4651 jcfisher@myescambia.com

The residential structure to a existing office was never permitted through the DRC process. A Change of Use through the DRC, will need to be administer as well.

Sec. 3-2.11 Heavy Commercial and Light Industrial district (HC/LI).

(c) Conditional uses. Through the conditional use process prescribed in Chapter 2, the BOA, or the BCC as noted, may conditionally allow the following uses within the HC/LI district:

(e) Location criteria. All new non-residential uses proposed within the HC/LI district that are not part of a planned unit development or not identified as exempt by district regulations shall be on parcels that satisfy at least one of the following location criteria: (1) Proximity to intersection. Along an arterial street and within one-quarter mile of its intersection with an arterial street.

(2) Site design. Along an arterial street, no more than one-half mile from its intersection with an arterial street, and all of the following site design conditions:

a. Not abutting a RR, LDR or MDR zoning district

b. Any intrusion into a recorded residential subdivision is limited to a corner lot

c. A system of service roads or shared access is provided to the maximum extent feasible given the lot area, lot shape, ownership patterns, and site and street characteristics.

d. Adverse impacts to any adjoining residential uses are minimized by placing the more intensive elements of the use, such as solid waste dumpsters and truck loading/unloading areas, furthest from the residential uses.

e. Location in an area where already established non-residential uses are otherwise consistent with the HC/LI, and where the new use would constitute infill development of similar intensity as the conforming development on surrounding

parcels. Additionally, the location would promote compact development and not contribute to or promote strip commercial development.

(3) Documented compatibility. A compatibility analysis prepared by the applicant provides competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances regarding the parcel or use that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria, and the proposed use will be able to achieve long-term compatibility with existing and potential uses. Additionally, the following conditions exist:

a. The parcel has not been rezoned by the landowner from the mixed-use, commercial, or industrial zoning assigned by the county.

b. If the parcel is within a county redevelopment district, the use will be consistent with the district's adopted redevelopment plan, as reviewed and recommended by the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA). Chapter 2-4.2

(c) Documentation by site plan. Site development compliance review requires the submission of a site plan to provide standardized documentation of compliance with county land development regulations. The form and content of a site plan shall be appropriate to the documentation necessary for the proposed site changes. Once approved, the site plan also documents how completed site changes comply with approved changes. The wide range of site plan content identified in this section is an indication of the types of documentation that may be required for compliance review. In general, as much information as is reasonably necessary to document LDC compliance shall be required on a site development plan, increasing with the complexity of site uses and improvements to be evaluated. The minimum information required for any specific compliance review process shall be according to the adopted procedures.

The plan will include appropriate practices to protect adjacent land and resources, minimize erosion and treat stormwater; landscaping and buffering for adjacent uses; hours of operation; methods to comply with maximum permissible noise levels; means of access control to prevent illegal dumping; and plans for materials storage.

Recovered materials processing facilities, recycling facilities and operations, resource recovery facilities and operations, and volume reduction plants shall conform to all performance standards governing the containment, collection, and treatment of leachate pursuant to Chapter 403, Florida Statutes, and any other applicable regulations promulgated by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection. The violation of any such statute or rule governing leachate under

Chapter 403, Florida Statutes, shall also constitute a violation of this land development code enforceable by the Escambia County Office of Environmental Code Enforcement (LCD 4-7.11).

The site plan shall include but not limited to the following:

Provide detailed illustrations and information on site plan per LDC in reference to: Hours of Operation, Fencing and Gates, Screening, Buffers, and Signs.

Provide on site plan the Operational footprint setback at minimum 100 feet from the property boundary limit per Esc County Code of Ord 82-226.5.b.7. On the plan designate the proposed

Please show the parking for the existing office Building and its calculations.

4. DSM Article 3 - Parking

3-1 Parking and Loading

3-1.1 Stall and aisle design (a) Stall Dimensions Standard parking stalls shall be 9 feet wide by 18 feet long for all but parallel parking. Parallel stalls shall be 9 feet wide by 23 feet long.

3-1.2 Parking Demand

FOR Calculations please see DSM 3-1.2(d) for table.

(c) Space dimensions The minimum dimensions of an individual loading/unloading space shall be 12 feet by 55 feet with an overhead clearance of 14 feet above grade.

2-2.2 Vehicular use areas. No area of vehicular use may be considered landscape area, but parking lots, travel lanes, access ways, loading/unloading areas and other vehicular use areas outside of rights-of-way shall include landscape area according to the following standards:

(a) General design. Interior portions of vehicular use areas not specifically designed for vehicle parking or maneuvering shall not be paved, but maintained as landscape area.

(b) Boundary separation. Vehicular use areas shall be separated from the parcel boundary by a landscape strips no less than five feet wide. Driveways or sidewalks may cross such strips to provide approved site access

(c) Parking row terminations. Except as allowed for large-scale parking, rows of parking stalls shall be terminated at each end with a landscape area having the full length of the adjoining parking stall and containing at least one planted or preserved canopy tree. The remaining dimensions of the landscape area shall be sized to provide no less than the minimum canopy tree planting area for a new tree or minimum root zone for a preserved tree required by this article, whichever is applicable. Where a double row of interior parking stalls ends, the terminating landscape areas shall be combined as one continuous area to maximize rooting space except when a dividing pedestrian and/or handicap accessibility route may be appropriate and approved by the county.

(d) Continuous parking stalls. Each row of parking shall contain no more than 15 continuous stalls without interruption by a landscape area, and each landscape area shall have the same minimum dimensions and plantings prescribed above for parking row termination landscape areas. However, if any of the following conditions exist, no more than 12 continuous stalls may be provided:

1. The total number of on-site parking spaces exceeds 50.

2. The total number of on-site parking spaces exceeds the number required by the applicable parking ratios established in DSM Chapter 1 by more than 10 percent.

The dimensions of drive aisles and/or parking stalls exceed the standards established in DSM Chapter 2. DSM

Article 2 - LANDSCAPING

2-1 Exemptions

2-1.1 Tree protection and preservation. The following specific trees and activities are exempt from the tree protection and preservation provisions of this article:

(a) Invasive trees. Any tree species on the most recent Florida Exotic Pest Plant Council list of invasive species.
 (b) Selected trees. Any species of pine (*Pinus sp*), Cherry laurel (*Prunus laurocerasus and P. caroliniana*), or Turkey oak (*Quercus laevis*) tree. This exemption does not apply to trees planted or preserved to meet requirements of the LDC. DSM 2-2 Landscape areas and quantities.

2-2.1 Parcel total. No parcel shall provide less than 15 percent landscape area, regardless of the minimum pervious lot coverage required by the applicable zoning district. On-site permeable retention/detention ponds and permeable swales qualify as landscape area if their maximum depths are no more than three feet and their side slopes are no steeper than 2:1 (horizontal to vertical).

2-2.3 Buffers. Based on broad land use categories, where a proposed new use or expanding existing use is likely to adversely impact an adjoining use, a landscape buffer is required to minimize or eliminate those impacts. The buffer shall protect the lower intensity use from the higher intensity use and provide an aesthetically attractive barrier between the uses. It shall function to reduce or eliminate incompatibility between uses such that the long-term continuation of either use is not threatened by impacts from the other. Buffers shall be provided according to the following standards:

(a) Required by use. The character of adjoining land uses primarily determines the type of buffering required. 1. Residential and non-residential. All residential uses shall be buffered from all non-residential uses, other than passive recreation, conservation, or agricultural uses, according to the buffer types established in this section and following non-residential categories:

a. **Heavy commercial and industrial.** Heavy commercial and industrial uses consistent with the Heavy Commercial and Light Industrial (HC/LI) and Industrial (Ind) zoning districts shall provide a Type-C buffer supplemented with an opaque fence or wall.

b. **General commercial.** General commercial uses consistent with the Commercial (Com) zoning district shall provide a Type-B buffer supplemented with an opaque fence or wall.

 Residential. All multi-family uses exceeding 10 dwelling units per acre (MDR district max. density) shall provide a Type-A buffer supplemented with an opaque fence or wall for all adjoining single-family and two-family residential uses.
 Non-residential. Heavy commercial and industrial uses shall provide a Type-B buffer for all adjoining general commercial, neighborhood commercial and other non-residential uses less intensive than heavy commercial or industrial.
 Condition of approval. All uses whose conditions of approval include buffering shall provide the buffering according to those conditions.

5. No existing use. For the purposes of buffering, where no use exists on adjoining land and none is proposed by a valid development application to the county, the use of the adjoining land will be assumed to be the most intensive use allowed by the existing zoning.

(b) Location. Where a use is required to provide buffering for adjoining uses, the buffering shall be along all side and rear lot lines where the use abuts the other uses. No buffers are required along front property lines unless buffering is included in screening requirements for outdoor storage and other conditions as prescribed in Chapter 4.

(c) Composition. 1. Types. Where buffering is required, the following buffer types define the minimum width and plants required per 100 linear feet of buffer:

Buffer	Buffer	Canopy	Understory	Shrubs
Туре	width	trees	trees	
A	12 feet	2.0	1.0	10
В	16 feet	2.5	2.0	20
С	20 feet	3.0	3.0	30

2. **Plants.** The prescribed buffer plants may be existing natural vegetation, existing vegetation supplemented with additional plantings, or entirely new plantings. The suitability of existing vegetation to provide adequate buffering will be

evaluated based on the minimum plants required. For effective buffering year-round, at least 50 percent of buffer trees shall be evergreen species. The selection and installation of buffer plants, and buffer maintenance, shall be according to the provisions of this article.

Sec. 5.8-3 Sign permits.

(a) Permit required. Except as provided for in this article, it shall be unlawful for any person to erect, construct, alter or relocate within the unincorporated area of Escambia County, Florida, any sign without having first obtained a land use certificate and/or a building permit issued by department of growth management (department).

(b) Application for permit. Each application for a permit, with the required fees, shall be filed with the department on a form furnished for that purpose. Application for such permit, describing the work to be done, shall be made in writing to the department by the person, firm, or corporation installing the work, and the permit when issued shall be to such applicant. Only authorized employees or officers of a company or corporation that is qualified as a sign erection contractor can sign for permits by that holder. The holder of the sign erection contractor's certificate shall provide a letter of authorization for such employees or officers. The application shall indicate the location, sign dimensions, and contain such other information as may be required by the department.

State law requires construction to be done by licensed contractors; however, the owner of the particular property in question may sign an owner builder disclosure statement. This allows the owner of the property to act as his/her own contractor in accordance with Florida Statue. Upon receipt of a completed application, the department shall approve or deny the application within 15 days. An applicant who does not receive either a permit or denial within 20 days of submission of a completed application may file an administrative appeal as set forth in this Code. An applicant who is denied a permit may seek prompt judicial determination of such denial.

(c) Review criteria for multitenant centers. For all new construction of multitenant centers, a master sign plan must be submitted as part of the development review process. This plan must include in it the building elevations of the proposed project, the square footage of signs (both freestanding and wall signs). The location and size of each sign allotted to the individual occupants must be determined. Once the criteria have been established for a multitenant center or complex, the criteria shall apply to the entire center, as well as each individual occupant, and shall remain as long as the center exists, regardless of change of ownership or management. The criteria may only be changed if:

(1) All signs in the center are changed to conform to the new approved criteria; and

(2) Written consent to the plans and criteria are provided by the owner of the building, structure or land to which or on which the sign structure is to be erected, relocated, maintained or altered.

(d) Permit fees. A permit fee shall be charged and collected in accordance with a schedule of development permit fees established by resolution of the board of county commissioners. A permit shall not be valid until the prescribed fees have been paid. An amendment to a permit will not be approved until the additional fees, if any, have been paid. Sec. 5-9.3 Exterior lighting.

General. Exterior lighting in and around buildings and in parking lots is permitted in all districts. Lighting is to be located for safety and visual effect. With the exception of street lights, it shall be installed so as not to shine directly on adjacent property. Lighting shall avoid annoyance from brightness and glare. Artificial beachfront lighting should be designed as per the LDC Chapter 4, Article 5, Barrier Island Lighting.

Health Dept	David Pearce 850-595-6700			
	David Pearce@doh.state.			
ECUA	Andre Calaminus 850-969-33 andre.calaminus@ecua.fl.c			
No Comments				
ECAT	Ted Woolcock 850-595-3228 ext 225			
	ted_woolcock@co.escambia.fl.us			
1. No comments.				
Environmental Permitting	Reviewer: Brad Bane @ 850-595-4572			
	Bradley_Bane@co.escambia.fl.us			
1.) Thank you for providing protected tree details & note	es. Please just add notes staing, No protected trees will be			
removed (if such is the case), & No parking of vehicle	les or equipment under the driplines of protected trees.			
2.) As standard, please respond to all comments in writi	ng & note as project is at the beginning, Pre-Application review			

ct is at the beginning, Pre-App stage, additional comments & standards may apply upon reapplication.

Floodplain Management

Juan Lemos@co.escambia.fl.us

Rea	ady for final.
	e Safety Reviewer: Joe Quinn @ 850-595-1814
	Joe Quinn@co.escambia.fl.us
1.	18.2.3.2.1 A fire department access road shall extend to within 50 ft (15 m) of at least one exterior door that can be opened from the outside and that provides access to the interior of the building.
2.	18.2.3.4.1.1 Fire department access roads shall have an unobstructed width of not less than 20 ft (6.1 m).
3.	이 같은 것이 같이 많이 많이 잘 잘 잘 잘 잘 잘 했다. 같이 같이 잘 잘 잘 잘 잘 못 했는지 않는지 않는지 않는지 않는지 않는지 않는지 않는지 않는지 않는지 않
4.	18.2.3.4.2 Surface. Fire department access roads shall be designed and maintained to support the imposed loads of fireapparatus and shall be provided with an all-weather driving surface. Minimum of 40 tons.
5.	18.2.4.1.1 The required width of a fire department access road shall not be obstructed in any manner, including by the parking of vehicles.
6.	18.3.1* An approved water supply capable of supplying the required fire flow for fire protection shall be provided to all premises upon which facilities, buildings, or portions of buildings are hereafter constructed or moved into the jurisdiction. Provide location of nearest fire hydrant. Provide current flow test data. A fire hydrant must be located within 500ft of the furthest point of the building as the hose lies.
7.	18.4.5.2 Buildings Other Than One- and Two-Family Dwellings. The minimum fire flow and flow duration for buildings other than one- and two-family dwellings shall be as specified in Table 18.4.5.1.2.
8.	30.2.1 Application. The construction and protection of, as well as the control of hazards in, garages used for major repair and maintenance of motorized vehicles and any sales and servicing facilities associated therewith shall comply with Sections 30.2 and 30.3 and NFPA 30A.
9.	30.2.3 General Construction Requirements. In major repair garages, where CNG-fueled vehicles, hydrogen- fueled vehicles, LNG-fueled vehicles, or LP-Gas-fueled vehicles are repaired, all applicable requirements of NFPA 52 or NFPA 58, whichever is applicable, shall be met. [30A:7.4.2]
Ha	ndicap Access Reviewer: Charles Wiley @ 850-595-3573 Charles_Wiley@co.escambia.fl.us
No	Comments
	Please contact each reviewer to schedule an appointment.

 \bigcirc

19.1.6.2 The AHJ shall be responsible for designating the areas that require hazardous location electrical classifications and shall classify the areas in accordance with the classification system set forth in NFPA 70. 19.1.7 No Smoking. 19.1.7.1 No smoking or open flame shall be permitted in any area where combustible fibers are handled or stored or within 50 ft (15 m) of any uncovered pile of such fibers.

19.1.7.2 "No Smoking" signs shall be posted.

	Fire Flow Area ft ¹ (× 0.0929 for m ¹)					
I(443), I(332), II(222)*	II(111), III(211)*	1V(2HH), V(111)*	II(000), III(200)*	V(000)*	Fire Flow gpm [†] (× 3.785 for L/mln)	Flow Duration (hours)
0-22,700	0-12,700	0-8200	0-5900	0-3600	1500	2
22,701-30,200	12,701-17,000	8201-10,900	59017900	3601-4800	1750	
30,201-38,700	17,001-21,800	10,901-12,900	7901-9800	4801-6200	2000	
38,701-48,300	21,801-24,200	12,901-17,400	9801-12,600	6201-7700	2250	
48,301 59,000	24,201-33,200	17,401-21,300	12,601-15,400	7701-9400	2500	
59,001-70,900	33,201 - 39,700	21,301-25,500	15,401-18,400	9401-11,300	2750	
70,901-83,700	39,701-47,100	25,501-30,100	18,401-21,800	11,301-13,400	3000	
83,701-97,700	47,101-54,900	30,101-35,200	21,801-25,900	13,401-15,600	3250	3
97,701-112,700	54,901-63,400	35,201-40,600	25,901-29,300	15,601-18,000	3500	
112,701-128,700	63,401-72,400	40,601-46,400	29,301-33,500	18,001-20,600	3750	
128,701-145,900	72,401-82,100	46,401-52,500	33,501 37,900	20,601-23,300	4000	
145,901-164,200	82,101-92,400	\$2,501-59,100	37,901-42,700	23,301-26,300	4250	
164,201-183,400	92,401-103,100	59,101-66,000	42,701-47,700	26,301-29,300	4500	
183,401-203,700	103,101-114,600	66,001-73,300	47,701-53,000	29,301 -32,600	4750	
203,701-225,200	114,601 126,700	73,301 81,100	53,001-58,600	32,601 36,000	5000	
225,201-247,700	126,701-139,400	81,101-89,200	58,601-65,400	36,001-39,600	5250	
247,701-271,200	139,401-152,600	89,201-97,700	65,401-70,600	39,601-43,400	5500	
271,201-295,900	152,601-166,500	97,701-106,500	70,601-77,000	43,401-47,400	5750	
Greater than 295,900	Greater than 166,500	106,501-115,800	77,001-83,700	47,401-51,500	6000	4
		115,801-125,500	83,701-90,600	51,501 55,700	6250	
		125,501-135,500	90,601-97,900	55,701-60,200	6500	
		135,501-145,800	97,901-106,800	60,201-64,800	6750	l i
		145,801-156,700	106,801-113,200	64,801-69,600	7000	
		156,701-167,900	113,201-121,300	69,601-74,600	7250	
		167,901-179,400	121,301-129,600	74,601 79,800	7500	
		179,401-191,400	129,601-138,300	79,801-85,100	7750	
		Greater than 191,400	Greater than 138,300	Greater than 85,100	8000	

*Types of construction are based on NFPA 220. *Measured at 20 psi (139.9 kPa).

19.1.8 Vehicles or Conveyances Used to Transport Combustible Waste or Refuse.

19.1.8.1 Vehicles or conveyances used to transport combustible waste or refuse over public thoroughfares shall have all cargo space covered and maintained tight enough to ensure against ignition from external fire sources and the scattering of burning and combustible debris that can come in contact with ignition sources.

19.1.8.2 Transporting burning waste or refuse shall be prohibited.

19.1.8.3 Trucks or automobiles, other than mechanical handling equipment and approved industrial trucks as listed in NFPA 505, Five Safety Standard for Powered Industrial Trucks Including Type Designations, Areas of Use, Conversions, Maintenance, and Operations, shall not enter any fiber storage room or building but shall be permitted to be used at loading platforms.

19.2 Combustible Waste and Refuse.

19.2.1 Rubbbb Containers.

19.2.1.1 General. Rubbish containers kept outside of rooms or vaults shall not exceed 40.5 ft³ (1.15 m³) capacity.

19.2.1.1.1 Containers exceeding a capacity of 5¹/₃ [l³ [40 gal (0.15 m³)] shall be provided with lids.

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Alain Espinosa

From:	Karen E. Bohon <imceaexo=escambia_ou=exchange+20administrative+ 20GROUP+20+28FYDIBOHF23SPDLT+29</imceaexo=escambia_ou=exchange+20administrative+
	_CN=RECIPIENTS_CN=KEBOHON@DM2PR09MB0461.namprd09.prod.outlook.com>
Sent:	Monday, October 19, 2015 9:55 AM
To:	Horace L Jones; Kayla R. Meador
Cc:	Andrew D. Holmer; Allyson Cain
Subject:	RE: Rezoning case on Westside pen air
Attachments:	Z-2015-15 & Z-2015-17 Staff Findings (138 KB)

Horace,

I sent the staff findings to Tommy Brown on 9/18/15, see attached email.

Thanks, Karen Bohon Sr. Office Support Assistant Development Services Department 3363 West Park Place Pensacola, FL 32505 kebohon@myescambia.com T 850.595.2421

D2Please consider the environment before printing this e-mail. Think Green.

Florida has a very broad public records law. Under Florida law, both the content of emails and email addresses are public records. If you do not want the content of your email or your email address released in response to a public records request, do not send electronic mail to this entity. Instead, contact this office by phone or in person.

-----Original Message-----From: Horace L Jones Sent: Monday, October 19, 2015 9:49 AM To: Kayla R. Meador Cc: Karen E. Bohon; Andrew D. Holmer; Allyson Cain Subject: Re: Rezoning case on Westside pen air

Regardless of who is responsible, I need an answer. I made it perfectly clear that this shroud be done. We can discuss accountability later.

Sent from my iPhone

> On Oct 19, 2015, at 9:39 AM, Kayla R. Meador <krmeador@co.escambia.fl.us> wrote:

>

> Karen,

> Please see email below from Horace.

> ----- Original Message-----

> From: Horace L Jones

> Sent: Monday, October 19, 2015 9:00 AM > To: Kayla R. Meador > Cc: Andrew D. Holmer; Karen E. Bohon; Allyson Cain Subject: Re: Rezoning case on Westside pen air > > Tom from traffic. We discussed this before. This should be part of the procedures already in place > > Sent from my iPhone > >> On Oct 19, 2015, at 8:51 AM, Kayla R. Meador <krmeador@co.escambia.fl.us> wrote: >> >> Who is Tom?! >> >> ----- Original Message----->> From: Horace L Jones >> Sent: Monday, October 19, 2015 8:49 AM >> To: Kayla R. Meador; Andrew D. Holmer; Allyson Cain >> Subject: Rezoning case on Westside pen air >> >> Kayla, >> Did we send the Rezoning case to Tom? He was not present at the PB case. >> >> Sent from my iPhone

2

Alain Espinosa

Trom:	Karen E. Bohon <imceaex-k@dm2pr09mb0461.namprd09.prod.outlook.com> on behalf of</imceaex-k@dm2pr09mb0461.namprd09.prod.outlook.com>
	Karen E. Bohon <imceae-kebohon@dm2pr09mb0461.namprd09.prod.outlook.com></imceae-kebohon@dm2pr09mb0461.namprd09.prod.outlook.com>
Sent:	Friday, September 18, 2015 12:47 PM
To:	Thomas R Brown
Subject:	Z-2015-15 & Z-2015-17 Staff Findings
Attachments:	Z-2015-15 Staff Findings.pdf; Z-2015-17 Staff Findings.pdf

Please see attached staff findings for 10-6-15 rezoning cases Z-2015-15 & Z-2015-17. These are the last two.

Thanks, Karen Bohon Sr. Office Support Assistant Development Services Department 3363 West Park Place Pensacola, FL 32505 <u>kebohon@myescambia.com</u> T 850.595.2421

Please consider the environment before printing this e-mail. Think Green.

Florida has a very broad public records law. Under Florida law, both the content of emails and email addresses are public records. If you do not want the content of your email or your email address released are response to a public records request, do not send electronic mail to this entity. Instead, contact this office by phone or in person.

Planning Board-Rezoning		5. A.
Meeting Date:	10/06/2015	
CASE :	Z-2015-15	
APPLICANT:	Wiley C. "Buddy" Page, Agent for Steve Tat	e, Owner
ADDRESS:	329 & 333 Massachusetts Avenue	
PROPERTY REF. NO .:	09-25-30-1300-020-009; 09-25-30-1300-04	0-009
FUTURE LAND USE:	MU-U, Mixed-Use Urban	
DISTRICT:	3	
OVERLAY DISTRICT:	Palafox Redevelopment	
BCC MEETING DATE:	11/05/2015	

SUBMISSION DATA: REQUESTED REZONING:

FROM: HDMU, High Density Mixed-use district (25 du/acre)

TO: HC/LI-NA, Heavy Commercial and Light Industrial district, designation prohibiting the subsequent establishment of any bars, nightclubs, or adult entertainment uses on the rezoned property. (Dwelling unit density limited to vested residential development.)

RELEVANT AUTHORITY:

- (1) Escambia County Comprehensive Plan
- (2) Escambia County Land Development Code

(3) Board of County Commissioners of Brevard County v. Snyder, 627 So. 2d 469 (Fla. 1993)

(4) Resolution 96-34 (Quasi-judicial Proceedings)

(5) Resolution 96-13 (Ex-parte Communications)

APPROVAL CONDITIONS

Criterion a., LDC Sec. 2-7.2(b)(4)

Consistent with Comprehensive Plan,

Whether the proposed rezoning is consistent with the goals, objectives, and policies of the Comprehensive Plan and not in conflict with any of the plan's provisions.

Comprehensive Plan (CPP) FLU 1.1.1 Development Consistency. New

development and redevelopment in unincorporated Escambia County shall be consistent with the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan and the Future Land Use Map (FLUM).

CPP FLU 1.3.1 Future Land Use Categories. The Mixed-Use Urban (MU-U) Future Land Use (FLU) category is intended for an intense mix of residential and nonresidential uses while promoting compatible infill development and the separation of urban and suburban land uses within the category as a whole. Range of allowable uses include: Residential, Retail and Services, Professional Office, Light Industrial, Recreational Facilities, Public and Civic. The minimum residential density is 3.5 dwelling units per acre and the maximum residential density is 25 dwelling units per acre.

CPP FLU 1.5.3 New Development and Redevelopment in Built Areas. To

promote the efficient use of existing public roads, utilities and service infrastructure, the County will encourage redevelopment in underutilized properties to maximize development densities and intensities located in the Mixed-Use Suburban, Mixed-Use Urban, Commercial and Industrial Future Land Use districts categories (with the exception of residential development).

FINDINGS

The proposed amendment to HC/LI-NA is consistent with the intent and purpose of Future Land Use category MU-U as stated in CPP FLU 1.3.1 because Mixed-Use Urban allows for retail commercial while providing a separation between existing residential uses. As stated in CPP FLU 1.5.3, the parcel will utilize existing roads and infrastructures while maximizing the use of vacant land.

Criterion b., LDC Sec. 2-7.2(b)(4)

Consistent with The Land Development Code

Whether the proposed amendment is in conflict with any portion of this Code, and is consistent with the stated purpose and intent of this Code.

FINDINGS

The proposed amendment is **not consistent** with the intent and purpose of the Land Development Code. Although there are parcels in the surrounding area that have commercial uses, the subject parcel is on a collector roadway, which does not meet the locational criteria in Chapter 3, Section 3-2.11(e), The applicant has submitted a compatibility analysis providing substantial evidence of unique circumstances regarding the parcel or use. The subject parcel is within the Palafox redevelopment area CRA has provided comments.

Criterion c., LDC Sec. 2-7.2(b)(4)

Compatible with surrounding uses

Whether all land uses, development activities, and conditions allowed by the proposed zoning are compatible with the surrounding conforming uses, activities and conditions and able to coexist in relative proximity to them in a stable fashion over time such that no use, activity, or condition negatively impacts another. The appropriateness of the rezoning is not limited to any specific use that may be proposed but is evident for all permitted uses of the requested zoning.

FINDINGS

The proposed amendment **is compatible** with surrounding existing uses in the area. Within the 500' radius impact area, staff observed properties with zoning districts HDMU and Com. Along Massachusetts Avenue there are several existing commercial businesses. Rezoning the subject parcel will allow for activities and development that will be able to coexist and avoid undesirable effects on the neighboring properties and residential uses. Any development on the parcel will go through the Development Review process to ensure all buffering standards and other county land development regulations are followed.

Criterion d., LDC Sec. 2-7.2(b)(4)

Changed conditions

Whether the area to which the proposed rezoning would apply has changed, or is changing, to such a degree that it is in the public interest to encourage new uses, density, or intensity in the area through rezoning.

FINDINGS

Staff found a rezoning from R-6 to C-1 that was approved, 2001-44, and a conditional use, CU-2011-12, was granted on a parcel across Massachusetts Avenue. There was a Development Order issued for the westerly portion of the subject parcel in conjunction with the property to the west of "S" Street in 2008.

Criterion e., LDC Sec. 2-7.2(b)(4)

Development patterns

Whether the proposed rezoning would contribute to or result in a logical and orderly development pattern.

FINDINGS

The proposed amendment **would** result in a logical and orderly development pattern. The parcels along Massachusetts are primarily used as commercial and the parcel is in close proximity to "W" Street which is a major commercial corridor. The location is in an area where already established non-residential uses are consistent with HC/LI, and the requested rezoning would constitute infill development of similar intensity as the conforming development on surrounding parcels.

Criterion f., LDC Sec. 2-7.2(b)(4) Effect on natural environment

Whether the proposed rezoning would increase the probability of any significant adverse impacts on the natural environment.

FINDINGS

According to the National Wetland Inventory, wetlands and hydric soils were not indicated on the subject property. When applicable, further review during the Site Plan Review process will be necessary to determine if there would be any significant adverse impact on the natural environment.

Attachments

No file(s) attached.

Alain Espinosa

 Trom:
 Terry D Williams <TDWILLIA@myescambia.com>

 Jent:
 Thursday, July 16, 2015 1:51 PM

 To:
 Lucie Ghioto

 Subject:
 RE: Compatibility Analysis for site within HC/LI district

 Attachments:
 Compatibility_Analysis.pdf; Compatibility_Study-Request_for_Exemption.pdf

Here are a couple of examples.

Terry

From: Lucie Ghioto [mailto:lucie@hciplanning.com] Sent: Wednesday, July 15, 2015 11:33 AM To: Terry D Williams Subject: Compatibility Analysis for site within HC/LI district

Good afternoon Terry,

Thanks for talking with me today. I would appreciate any examples or guidance you can provide for what would be required within a compatibility analysis. The project is Empire Truck Center at 2255 West Detroit Blvd. I understand there is also a requirement that the property has not been rezoned from mixed use, commercial or industrial by the owner. Are you able to confirm that the property has not been rezoned by the landowner? Thank you again for all of your help!



Lucie Ghioto, AICP Director of Planning 100 E Sybelia Avenue, Suite 375 Maitland, FL 32751 407.622.7500 O • 407.739.8472 C

www.hciplanning.com

Compatibility Analysis

for Country Inn & Suites HMM# 227777 2607 Wilde Lake Blvd. Pensacola, FL

Project Summary

The Country Inn & Suites project proposes development of a 63-unit four-story hotel building with amenities on a 3.05 acre parcel of land located on Wilde Lake Blvd approximately 900 feet west of Pine Forest Rd.

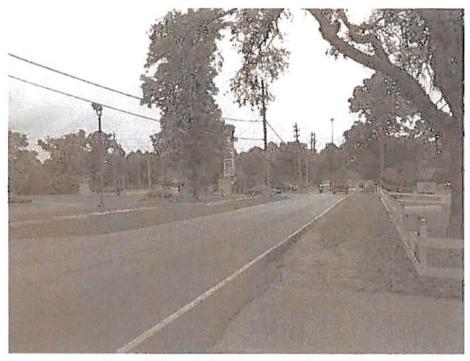
The designated zoning of the referenced parcel is C-1(Retail Commercial District). The property is surrounded by C-1 zoning to the East and West and C-2 (General Commercial and Light Manufacturing District) to the North. The property to the South of the project is zoned R-1 (Single-Family District, Low Density) and is currently Single-Family Residential in use. Please see Appendix A – Location Map attached. The property directly west of the project is a private driveway that provides access to the Single Family Residence South of the project as well as several Single Family Residences to the West of the Subject Property.

The project is designed according to the Escambia County Land Development Code (LDC) Section 6.05.14, which governs development in C-1 zoning. The project is also designed to meet all criteria set forth by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) and the Emerald Coast Utilities Authority (ECUA) and will be permitted by both agencies.

Surrounding Conditions

The development pattern in the area is primarily Commercial to the North and East of the Project Site and Residential to the South and West. The proximity of the interchange between Interstate 10 and Pine Forest Road (See Location Map attached) makes the area a logical place for Commercial Development. There are three Hotels, two Gas Stations and five restaurants in the general vicinity of the Project Site. Two Existing Hotels (Microtel Inn & Suites and Sleep Inn) are less than 500 feet from the Project Site.

The development at the intersection of Wilde Lake Blvd. and Pine Forest Road is almost completely Commercial in nature. The Project Site is a natural extension of this development. The following Images illustrate the nature of development in the project area.



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Figure 1 - Looking East on Wilde Lake Blvd. from proposed site of Country Inn & Suites



Figure 2 - Looking West on Wilde Lake Blvd. towards proposed project from BP/McDonald's

Project Compatibility

The project is designed to comply with the Escambia County Buffering Standards as described in LDC Section 7.01.06 and the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan Policy 7.A.3.8. In addition to the required Buffer Plantings, the project will add a security fence with a height of 6' and will exceed A-2 planting requirements by locating mitigation trees in the Landscape Buffer area.

The project will also achieve long-term compatibility by reducing stormwater flow from the project to the residential property south of the site. The runoff resulting from the 25-year 24-hour storm event will be reduced from 4.11 cubic feet per second to 2.38 cubic feet per second from the south portion of the site. Please see the Stormwater Management Plan submitted for Country Inn & Suites for calculations.

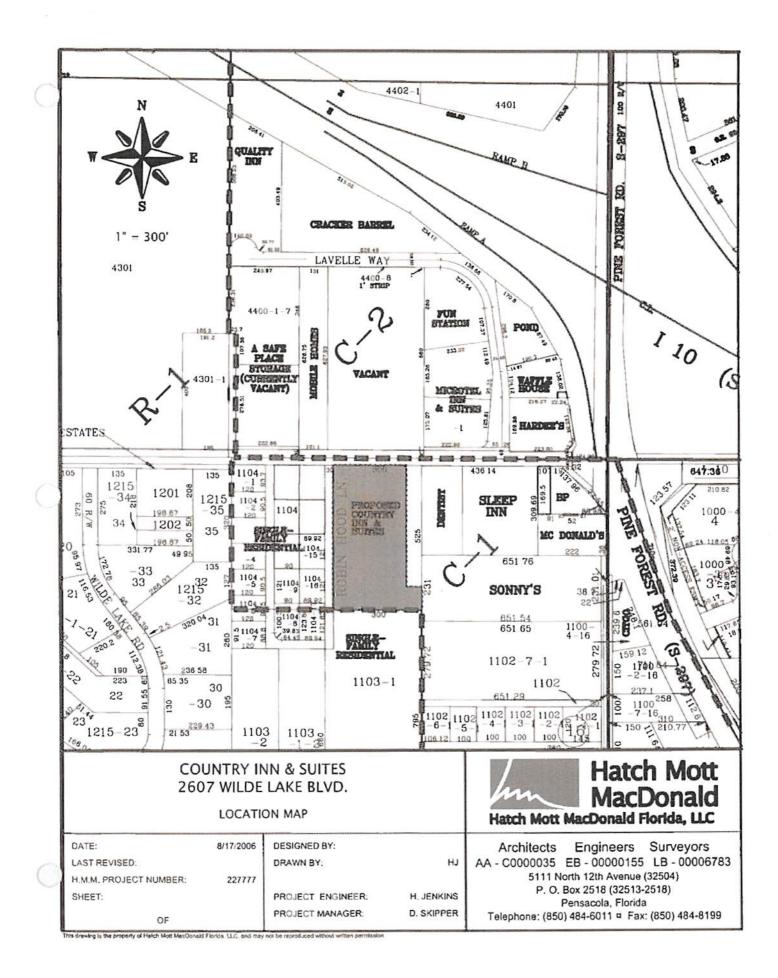
The location of other hotels in the area and the proximity to Interstate 10 indicate that the proposed location of the Country Inn & Suites project is logical and compatible with the surrounding area.

The subject property has the original commercial zoning assigned by Escambia County (LDC 7.20.02.A.1) and is compatible with the surrounding area as described above. Therefore, we respectfully request that the County grant a Waiver to the Roadway Requirement of the Locational Criteria as specified in LDC 7.20.02.

Mitigation

To improve the compatibility of the project in relation to the residential properties to the west of the project site, the site was redesigned to center the building on the site. The site design revision increased the distance from the western property line of the proposed project to the proposed building from 15.33 feet to 70 feet.

This distance will greatly reduce the negative impacts of a four-story building neighboring single-family residential properties. In addition to the 70 feet setback, the 30 feet access driveway for the residential properties further separates the building from the neighboring single-family residences. As a result, the redesigned site plan allows for 100 feet of separation from the proposed building (approximately 52 feet in height) to the property line of the neighboring residential properties.





Compatibility Study Request for Exemption

Dollar General Nine Mile Road - Beulah Escambia County, Florida

OWNER/DEVELOPER Teramore Development, LLC P.O. Box 6460 Thomasville, GA 31757

ENGINEER Bell Engineering Services, LLC Jennifer D. Bell, P.E. 4212 Rosebud Court Pensacola, FL 32504 (850) 723-7185

> DATE May 18, 2011

Project Description:

This proposed development is a 1.41 acre parcel, located on the south side of Nine Mile Road (Highway 90/SR 10), approximately 0.20 miles west of the intersection of Beulah Road in Escambia County, Florida. The proposed improvements will consist of the construction of a 9,026 sf freestanding Dollar General store with 36 paved parking stalls, asphalt drive aisles, landscaping and a stormwater management facility. The subject property is approximately 1.41 acres in size, zoned ID-CP with a future land use category of MU-S.

Surrounding Properties:

This project appears to qualify for exemption to the roadway requirements criteria set forth in Section 7.20.03 B (Infill Development) of the Escambia County Land Development Code. This section states that "In areas where over 50% of a block is either zoned or used for commercial development, new commercial development or zoning may be considered without being consistent with the roadway requirements. The intensity of the proposed development or new zoning district must be of a comparable intensity of the zoning and development on the surrounding parcels. Typically, a block is defined as the road frontage on one side of a street between two public rights-of-way." The proposed project is located on the south side of West Nine Mile Road, between Beulah Road and Rebel Road. The total block length between these two intersecting blocks is approximately 2,650 feet and consists of seven parcels, as described below:

Parcel I.D. 07-1S-31	Zoning	Use Description	Parcel Area (ac)	% of block based on parcel Area	Frontage Length (ft)	% of block based on parcel frontage
-1220-000-003	R-R	SFR	3.96	9.1%	324	12.2%
-1220-001-001	R-R	SFR	3.86	8.9%	320	12.1%
-1210-000-000	C-1	Airport/Marina/Term.	24.49	56%	655	24.7%
-1101-000-001	C-1	Warehouse/Distrib.	2.00	4.6%	209	7.9%
-1101-000-002	ID-CP	Vacant Commercial	1.00	2.3%	125	4.7%
-1101-000-000*	ID-CP	Proposed Development	1.41	3.2%	175	6.6%
-1101-000-000*	ID-CP	Vacant Commercial	5.31	12.2%	591	22.3%
-1101-000-003	ID-CP	Store	1.43	3.3%	250	9.4%

* The subject site is currently seeking subdivision approval from parent parcel 07-1S-31-1101-000-000. The overall parent parcel is zoned ID-CP and R-1, however for purposes of this compatibility study, only the portion of the property that has frontage along West Nine Mile Road was utilized. The rear portion of the property is zoned R-1 and was excluded from the study since the limits of the residential zoning district were beyond the limits of the proposed development.

The table above indicates that with the proposed development 81.6% of the block area (and 75.6% of the block based on frontage) will consist of commercial use which complies with the exemption criteria set forth in the above referenced Article of the LDC. In summary, the proposed development is located in an area of comparable intensity of the zoning and development of the surrounding parcels and therefore will not promote ribbon commercial development.

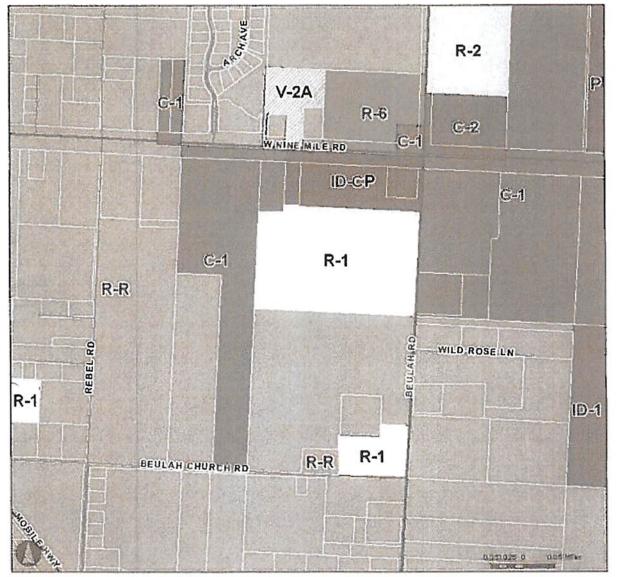
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Current Zoning

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Disclaimer

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This map is provided for information purposes only. The data is not guaranteed accurate or suitable for any use other than that for which it was gathered.

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Development Services Department, 3363 West Park Place, Pensacola, FI 32505 (Phone) 850-595-3475 (Fax) 850-595-3703				
Allow 2 working days for the return of this form				
SECTION 1-A: MANDATORY THIS SECTION TO BE COMPLETED BY APPLICANT (950) Applicant/Company Name: Dill F (GNNGM) Phone 255-1557 Fax: N/A-				
Mailing Address: 400 Micy berry Street State: FL Zip Code: 32533				
Project Name: Interstate R.V. PArk Proposed Use: R.V. Park Property Reference Number(s): 13-15-31-1100-001-011				
Project Address: 2400 BIK, Interstate Circle 32526 Estimated Parcel Acreage: 5,5 GC.				
Is Site currently developed? NO YES_ If YES, describe existing development				
Is a Conditional Use, Variance, Rezoning or Future Land Use Amendment required for the Proposed development? NO YES				
*If you would like to apply for a Variance (as required by the Land Development Code) prior to the issuance of a Development Order, please contact (850) 595-3475.				
Select Type of Submittal:				
Site Plan: Site Plan Minor: Minor Subdivision:				
Master Plan: Preliminary Plat: Construction Plans: Final Plat:				
Would you like a Project Champion (Optional Customer Service Program)? Yes No				
Site Plan Project Submittals Subdivision Project Submittals				
Estimated SQ. FT. of Building Footprint: Total # of Phases: Total # of Lots:				
Estimated SQ. FT. of Impervious Surface # of Lots in Phase 1: # of Lots in Phase 2:				
(Including Bldg Footprint): BCCK_ Ur With 4 of Lots in Phase 3: # of Lots in Phase 4:				
SECTION 2: This section to be completed by County Staff.				
Parcel Future Land Use(s):Surrounding Future Land Use(s):				
Parcel Zoning District(s):				
Airport Environment(s): NO Overlay District(s): NO Commissioner District:				
Drainage Basin: 13 Hurricane Evacuation Zone: NO Flood Zone: NO				
Notes:				
the interview of the second se				
Checked by: Date: Date:				
Planner/Project Champion Verified: Date:				

:

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Interstate RV Park

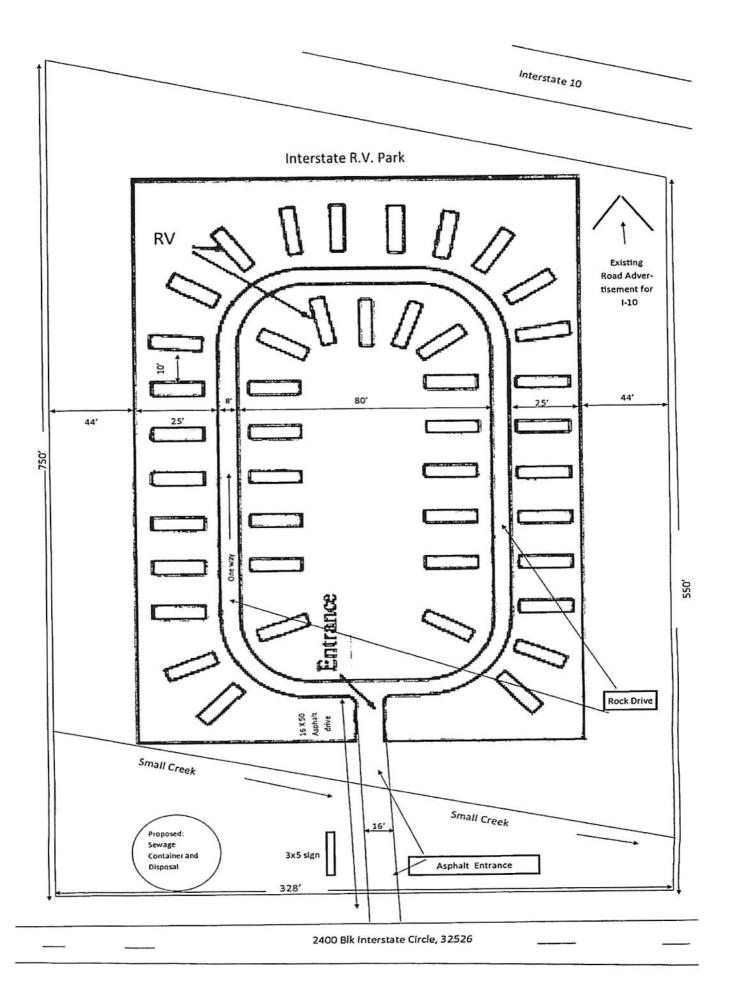
The proposal is located on a wooded and vacant 5.5 acres (328X730) commercial zoned land at the location of 2400 Blk Interstate Circle, Pensacola, FL 32526. The parcel is a commercial lot with future land use being Commercial (2030) with approximately 328' of frontage on Interstate Circle. There is an existing Advertising sign on the North-East corner of the property. There is a small creek that divides the property toward the front of property at Interstate Circle.

The propose sight will have 43 RV sites signed to the above location. Each lot will be the size of 25 square feet (5X25). There will be a rock driveway to each lot that will be parking for one individual vehicle. This park will only be for Recreational vehicles with self-contained or non-self-contained sanitary fixtures. A maximum one toilet, shower and sink in bathroom. A sink in the kitchen. No one living in a tent will be permitted on sight. Each lot will have a 50 amp breaker service. There is an ECUA water and sewage available (approx. 150 yards from sewage containment and disposal tank at front of property.

There are no wetlands recorded by the Escambia County web site on the 5.5 acres. Dorovan and Muckalee soils, Trout-Poarch complex, 5 to 8 percent slopes. The drainage basin is Eight Mile Creek.

Parking will have a total of 43 spaces that will be covered with gravel. The actual RV (43 spaces) will be parked on grass/ground. The asphalt area will cover approximately (16X50) 800 sq. ft.

The gravel drive will be 10 feet wide on a one direction going left to right throughout the park.





Escambia County, Florida

3363 West Park Place Pensacola, FL 32505 (850) 595-1820 www.MyEscambia.com

Date: Wednesday, April 18, 2018

ENTERPRISES LLC WOS

PO BOX 422 MILTON FL 32572

Project Number 1802460PSP-PA Job Address: 2460 INTERSTATE CIR, PENSACOLA, FL 32526

Dear ENTERPRISES LLC WOS,

Staff has completed its review of plans for the Interstate R. V. Park that is to be located at 2460 INTERSTATE CIR, PENSACOLA, FL 32526. Comments from this review follow:

Floodplain Management Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Juan Lemos**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Juan Lemos** at **(850) 595-3467** or by email at **jclemos@myescambia.com**.

i. Please insert the following statement in your plans:

"The subject property as shown hereon is located in **flood zone X (shaded)**, moderate flood hazard **and flood zone X**, (Minimal risk areas outside the 1-percent and .2-percent-annual-chance floodplains. No BFEs or base flood depths are shown within these zones), as determined from the Federal Emergency Management Agency Flood Insurance Rate Map of Escambia County, Florida, Community 120080, FIRM map panel numbers **12033C00295G**, map revision dated September 29, 2006."

FYI, FEMA released the preliminary flood maps for Escambia County. You can review the current and proposed flood zone changes for any parcel in Escambia County here: <u>http://portal.nwfwmdfloodmaps.com/map.aspx?</u> <u>cty=escambia</u>

Based on FEMA's preliminary maps, the following information is available for planning purposes:

Flood Zone Information Geographic Entity Effective Flood Zone (adopted) Preliminary Flood Zone (new) Location of Interest X X Parcel X:94% 0.2PCT:6% A:24%X:74% 0.2PCT:2%

Addressing Review Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Shannon Pugh**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Shannon Pugh** at or by email at **sdpugh@myescambia.com**.

The address is incorrect. The address will be **2460 Interstate Circle**. Use this address on all future forms and applications and show the address on the site plan.

Fire and Life Safety Review Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Joseph Quinn**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Joseph Quinn** at **(850) 595-1810** or by email at **jequinn@myescambia.com**.

1. 18.1.1.1 Fire Apparatus Access. Plans for fire apparatus access

roads shall be submitted to the fire department for review and

approval prior to construction.

2. 18.1.1.2 Fire Hydrant Systems. Plans and specifications for

fire hydrant systems shall be submitted to the fire department

for review and approval prior to construction.

3. 18.2.3.4.1.2 Fire department access roads shall have an unobstructed

vertical clearance of not less than 13 ft 6 in. (4.1 m).

4. 18.2.3.4.2 Surface. Fire department access roads shall be designed and maintained to support the imposed loads of fire apparatus and shall be provided with an all-weather driving surface capable of supporting 40 tons.

 18.2.3.4.3.2 Turns in fire department access roads shall maintain the minimum road width.

 18.2.3.4.6.3 Fire department access roads connecting to roadways shall be provided with curb cuts extending at least 2 ft

(0.61 m) beyond each edge of the fire lane.

7. 18.2.4.1.1 The required width of a fire department access

road shall not be obstructed in any manner, including by the

parking of vehicles.

8. **18.3.1*** An approved water supply capable of supplying the

required fire flow for fire protection shall be provided to all

premises upon which facilities, buildings, or portions of buildings

are hereafter constructed or moved into the jurisdiction. Hydrants and spacing per the LDC. The system must be capable of supplying a minimum of 1000 gpm. (See Below) Provide the location of the nearest hydrant. Provide current fire hydrant flow test data.

9. 18.4.5.1.1 The minimum fire flow and flow duration requirements

for one- and two-family dwellings having a fire flow area

that does not exceed 5000 ft2 (334.5 m2) shall be 1000 gpm

(3785 L/min) for 1 hour.

10. The site shall meet the requirements of NFPA 1194, The Standard for Recreational Vehicle Parks and Campgrounds. Please see the attached link below.

11. The site shall meet the requirements of Florida State Administrative Code 69A-42 Please see the fire safety attachment.

12. **18.3.1*** An approved water supply capable of supplying the

required fire flow for fire protection shall be provided to all

premises upon which facilities, buildings, or portions of buildings

are hereafter constructed or moved into the jurisdiction. Provide location of nearest fire hydrant. Provide current flow test data. A fire hydrant must be located within 500ft of the furthest point of all sites as the hose lies.

Simply follow the information for access. You will need to sign-in and create a profile. Please contact me if you have any questions.

http://www.nfpa.org/codes-and-standards/free-access

Access Management Review Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Jason Walters**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Jason Walters** at **(850) 595-3422** or by email at **jjwalter@myescambia.com**.

1) Standard width for one way drive aisle is 16 feet when accessing 60 degree stalls. However, maneuvering the RV into the proposed site(s) without leaving the gravel aisle will be virtually impossible with the minimum width. Applicant should consider angling all sites to allow the anticipated RV's to safely and conveniently back into the site(s) without leaving the gravel drive.

2) Minimum two-way driveway width is 20'. The driveway shall be paved within the right-of-way.

3) All vehicular use areas shall be finished with an all-weather surface (i.e., gravel).

4) Is a sewer pump station proposed? If so, show its intended location and describe how the RV's will access such.

5) Is an office proposed? If so, show the intended location.

6) Additional comments may be forthcoming after your next submittal.

ECUA (Water and Sewer Utility) Review Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Andre Calaminus**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Andre Calaminus** at **(850) 969-5822** or by email at **andre.calaminus@ecua.fl.gov**.

Project will need to submit to ECUA Engineering for review and permitting of water and/or sewer.

Planning and Zoning Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Caleb MacCartee**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Caleb MacCartee** at **(850) 595-3473** or by email at **cgmaccartee@myescambia.com**.

Location criteria. All new non-residential uses proposed within the Commercial district that are not part of a planned unit development or not identified as exempt by the district shall be on parcels that satisfy at least one of the following location criteria:

- a. **Proximityto intersection.** Along an arterial or collector street and within one- quarter mile of its intersection with an arterial street.
- b. Proximityto trafficgenerator. Along an arterial or collector street and within a one-quarter mile radius

of an individual traffic generator of more than 600 daily trips, such as an apartment complex, military base, college campus, hospital, shopping mall or similar generator.

- c. Infill development. Along an arterial or collector street, in an area where already established non-residential uses are otherwise consistent with the Commercial district, and where the new use would constitute infill development of similar intensity as the conforming development on surrounding parcels. Additionally, the location would promote compact development and not contribute to or promote strip commercial development.
- d. Sitedesign. Along an arterial or collector street, no more than one-half mile from its intersection with an arterial or collector street, not abutting a single-family residential zoning district (RR, LDR or MDR), and all of the following site design conditions:
 - 1. Any Intrusion into a recorded subdivision is limited to a corner lot.
 - 2. A system of service roads or shared access is provided to the maximum extent made feasible by lot area, shape, ownership patterns, and site and street characteristics.
 - Adverse impacts to any adjoining residential uses are minimized by placing the more intensive elements of the use, such as solid waste dumpsters and truck loading/unloading areas, furthest from the residential uses.
- e. **Documented compatibility.** A compatibility analysis prepared by the applicant provides competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances regarding the potential uses of parcel that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria, and the proposed use, or rezoning as applicable, will be able to achieve long-term compatibility with existing and potential uses. Additionally, the following conditions exist:
 - 1. The parcel has not been rezoned by the landowner from the mixed-use, commercial, or industrial zoning assigned by the county.
 - If the parcel is within a county redevelopment district, the use will be consistent with the district's adopted redevelopment plan, as reviewed and recommended by the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA).
- i. General commercial. General commercial uses consistent with the Commercial (Com) zoning district shall provide a Type-B buffer supplemented with an opaque fence or wall.

Buffer Type	
Buffer width	
Canopy trees	
Understory trees	
Shrubs	
	В
16 feet	
	2.5
	2.0
	20

i. Please provide the list below:

- a. On the plan provide the property reference numbers of the development site and adjoining parcels. Show any intersection of adjoining parcel boundaries with the development site parcel.
- b. On the plan provide the zoning district(s), future land use category (FLU), and existing uses of the development site and adjoining parcel(s)
- c. Show setbacks and size dimensions of parking spaces, buildings, lot width, dock out from water, and other spaces as needed please be detailed as possible.
- d. Provide a scaled drawing of exterior building elevations and a generalized floor plan identifying uses and areas (sq.ft.) within the proposed buildings.
- ii. Draw or sketch the property boundaries to scale or, in as much as possible, proportionally to its dimensions. Include the actual dimensions (length) or each side of the property. Using a dotted line, show the required building setback distance.
- iii. Draw and label all structures that are located on the property, both existing and proposed
- iv. List the current and proposed use of the structures.
- v. Show the total square footage (length x width) of existing or proposed structures.
- vi. Show the total square footage (length x width) of existing or proposed impervious areas (area that cannot absorb water: e.g., concrete, asphalt, buildings, other structures). Show these dimensions on the site plan (distances of length and width). Include distances of impervious areas to the property line.
- vii. Show the driveways and parking area dimensions, label an existing or proposed, and indicate the type of material that they are constructed or will be constructed of (concrete, asphalt, dirt, gravel, grass, etc.).
- viii. Include the number of parking spaces existing and proposed.
- ix. Show distances of all structures to the property line.
- x. Show, with arrows, the direction that water flows across the property. If the site is flat, state this on the plan.
- xi. Show all existing drainage systems on the site (retention ponds, swales, culverts, pipes). Include any existing drainage systems in the right-of-way (roadside ditches, curbs, drainage inlets). If there are no drainage systems adjacent to the site, indicate, as best as possible, where the stormwater from the property flows.
- xii. Show all outside waste facilities. This would include dumpsters, storage areas, proposed or existing septic.
- xiii. Show all proposed sign locations and sign calculations on the site plan.
- xiv. Sec. 5-9.3 Exterior lighting. General. Exterior lighting in and around buildings and in parking lots is permitted in all districts. Lighting is to be located for safety and visual effect. With the exception of street lights, it shall be installed so as not to shine directly on adjacent property. Lighting shall avoid annoyance from brightness and glare. Artificial beachfront lighting should be designed as per the LDC Chapter 4, Article 5, Barrier Island Lighting.

ADA Review Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Charles Wiley**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Charles Wiley** at **(850) 554-0265** or by email at **ckwiley@myescambia.com**.

no comment

Health Department Review Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Christina Smith**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Christina Smith** at **(850) 595-3472** or by email at **clsmith1@myescambia.com**.

Please contact reviewer for comments.

Stephen C. Metzler, REHS / Environmental Supervisor II, SES

Florida Department of Health in Escambia County

1300 West Gregory Street, Pensacola, FL 32502

• Main: 850.595.6700 x2020| 7 850.595.6774 | 🖀 Cellular: 850.554.4317 | stephen.metzler@flhealth.gov

Mobile Home and RV park permitting is accomplished through the Florida Department of Health in Escambia county. You will need to contact Mr. David Pearce by phone at (850) 595-6700 X2050 or by email at david.pearce@flhealth.gov

Environmental Review Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Bradley Bane**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Bradley Bane** at **(850) 595-4572** or by email at **bdbane@myescambia.com**.

- Please be aware that Escambia County's Website, GIS maps, aerial maps, or other online resources, do not accurately depict the presence or location of Wetlands or any other "Environmentally Sensitive Lands" on properties within the County. Therefore, and per Escambia County's Land Development Code (LDC)code:
- ii. Environmentally Sensitive Lands" (ESLs): According to these maps however, it does indeed appear the site contains, or has the potentiato contain "Environmentally sensitive lands" (ESLs). Such as Wetlands, Hydric Soils (a Wetland indicator), Threatened & Endangered Species &/or their Habitats, surface water features, etc. Therefore, per Escambia County Land Development Code (LDC/ "code"),a complete and current "Site Specific Survey' for the parcel(s) proposed for development will be required.*Note if found, any other ESLs or surface waters shall be mapped and properly identified *along with*any standard "Wetland" areas. Therefore, it is best that all such land features be reviewed for in the field by a localEnvironmental Consultant/ professional at the time of the Site Specific Survey(comprehensive survey). The "Survey" should identify and delineate all ESLs onsite as defined in the LDC then transposed to scale from such to all revised Escambia County DRC development site &/or permitting plans. Per code, the Survey(s) will be used to determine the buildable or developable area of the parcel(s) or lot(s). Please be aware, depending on the results of the survey, additional comments & standards may apply in the future. If any similar surveys or reports already exist, please provide copies for review but be advised the County's Site Specific Surveymay be required in addition to those, if needed, to clarify/verify the ESL code requirements. (LDC, Chap. 4, Art. 5 Natural Resources, Sec. 4-5.2 (2) (d)Resource Identification (and all other applicable sections);LDC,DSM, Chapter 2 Environmental, 1-1.1. Protection Measures, Avoidance and Minimization); others.
- iii. If found onsite: All ESL features identified in the Survey, or otherwise, will then need to be delineated to scale on revised plat/ plans & in relation to all existing & proposed parcels/ layouts, stormwater ponds, or related features, structures, any proposed protected tree removal, land disturbing activities, etc.
- iv. Please detail the Wetlands/ESLs areas & delineation lines (labels), noting: all jurisdictional agencies

(Escambia County, ACOE, DEP, etc.); the date of delineation; the firm who delineated these areas/ performed the survey; the acreages(s) of each ESL; etc. (as derived from survey or otherwise).

- v. Label the appropriate wetland buffers & provide width measurement(s). Clarify any proposed stormwater ponds, outfalls, or other features and/ or adverse impacts proposed in relation to buffers and MER Setbacks as well, if proposed.
- vi. MERS:As they are similar but separate buffer/ setback requirements, label on plans to scale the 15' Riverine Setback from Pensacola Bay and 30' for any surface waters onsite such as creeks, streams (flowing or intermittent), etc. as well, if found in survey/ report.ldentification of any such surface water features would be best accomplished at time of, and included within the written, the "Site Specific Survey" to avoid additional site visits, surveys, etc.lf these exist and are *not*considered man-made ditch(s), conveyance system(s), etc. such should be clearly noted withing the SS Survey per MERS code requiremet.Please review LDC, Chap. 4, Art. 5, Sec. 4-5.5 MERS, subsection (c) *Riverine shorelines*carefully as, "provisions of this section apply to all shorelines of surface waters habitats that periodically or continuously contain flowing water and their associated wetlands."
- vii. Once all ESLs, wetlands, surface waters, etc. are delineated, add all to proposed plans/ plats to scale and provide wetland buffers per code; MER setbacks; proposed lot development and boundaries; roadways; stormwater ponds, outfalls and related features; driveways, etc. Such should be designed outside of any environmentally sensitive lands, setbacks, buffers, etc. as much as practicable to avoid adverse impacts, additional permitting, mitigation, etc.
- viii. Please note that per County code & other JD agency requirements, any proposed adverse impacts to Wetlands/ESLs, if allowed/ permitted, will require mitigation through the agencies excerpting jurisdiction. This will likely include the permits obtained from jurisdictional agencies for proposed impacts to ESLs. Please clarify all proposed Wetland/ ESL impacts on plans and all avoidance & avoidance measures (per code). Provide copies of permits, permit applications, correspondence, etc. related to the wetland (or other ESL) impacts as stated in project narrative for County review and DRC files.Conservation Easement(s) or other protective measures maybe required over unimpacted Wetlands, Wetland Buffers, ESLs, creeks/tributaries, MERS, etc. to offset potential negative impacts from development. If so, each easement may need to be recorded as separate parcels & labeled as such on revised plats; please check with Esc. Co. Engineering, Survey Dept. For CEs, label the ESL feature (Wetlands, creek, stream, other surface waters, lakes, etc.). If required, label easement(s) as "*Private Conservation Easement*"; provide OR Book & Pg. number(s); acreages; etc. Eventually the same detailed on the Final Plat (FP) itself and within the FP's dedication block (if consistent with Es. Co. Engineering/ Survey/ Platting requirements).
- ix. A table quantifying acreages of all ESLs onsite (wetlands, T& E Habitat, etc.) pre- and- post development, approved impacts or mitigation areas (if proposed or required by the agencies), etc. included on site plan would be very helpful as Escambia County is required to track such information per Planning Board & County Permitting Systems (Accela).
- x. "Protected Trees":Please be aware certain "Protected tree" standards of the County's Land Development Code (LDC) will apply to this proposed development project. Therefore, please provide a "tree inventory and assessment" per code identifying the protected trees onsite. Protected trees are most species 12' DBH (Diameter at Breast Height) or larger. If found to be "protected" or of Heritage tree status (60" DBH or greater), and deemed viable by County staff, per code, "reasonable measures to design and locate proposed improvements so that protected tree removal is minimized" will be required to be demonstrated per code. LDC, DSM, Chap. 2 Environmental, Art. 2 Landscaping, Sec. 2-5/ 2-5.1 Removal criteria... "conditions" (a)-(f), etc; LDC, Chap. 5, Art. 7 Landscaping, etc. Furthermore, per code, all viable, protected trees shall remain onsite until such time as appropriate permit(s) are issued for the proposed development, or otherwise.
- Please label all protected trees on the revised plans/ platsaccordingly (T-1, T-2, etc.) and provide their information in a corresponding tree table (tree number, species, DBH, proposed protection, proposed removal, etc).
- xii. Note location of all proposed grading activities & any other "Land Disturbing Activities" in reference to all

protected/Heritage tree(s) & potential impacts to their critical root zones, structural root plates, etc. once a design is agreed upon by County staff and EOR.

- xiii. Add note to plans for the trees to be retained stating, "All adequate tree protection measures and barricades shall be installed prior to site disturbance and maintained in good working order until project is complete and site becomes stabilized. Show adequate tree barricades diagrams, etc. as well per code (see DSM, etc).
- xiv. Please contact me with any further questions.Note as project is at the beginning, Pre-Application review and commenting phase, please be aware additional comments & standards may apply. Please respond to all comments via edits to site plans and written response to comments for review efficiency. Thank you.

Stormwater Review Comments

The following comments have been provided by **Roza Sestnov**. Should you have any questions or require additional information regarding any of these comments, please contact **Roza Sestnov** at **(850) 595-3411** or by email at **risestnov@myescambia.com**.

- i. The increase in impervious surface resulting from modifications to existing development with a net increase of less than 1000sf would result in a stormwater exemption. Any additional gravel area or other semiimpervious area, subject to traffic, proposed to the site will be considered as semi-impervious and will have to be included in impervious area with a coefficient of 0.6. In this case less than 1666sf of semi-impervious would result in a stormwater exemption. It appears that this project will not qualify for this exemption.
- Provide a Stormwater Management Plan signed and sealed by a professional engineer registered in the State of Florida. Provide drainage calculations for retention/detention facilities, at minimum, must satisfy one of the following:
 - a. For a positive drainage outfall system, Qpost < Qpre for a 100-year frequency of critical duration, up to and including a 24-hour duration storm event, with metered positive discharge into an approved functioning drainage system. Positive outfall has to be demonstrated for this site. The entire pond has to be recovered in no more than 7 days.</p>
 - b. For retention facilities designed with no positive outfall, the retention volume must be adequate to collect and percolate runoff from up to and including a 24-hour, 100-year design storm frequency including upland acreage runoff. The entire pond has to be recovered in no more than 10 days.
- iii. Please note that the "small creek" indicated in the narrative has been naturally created as overflow discharge from the existing pond(s) and wetlands located to the west and northwest. The engineer will have to analyzed the actual flow and accommodate it into design. Adjacent properties shall be protected from negative impact.
- iv. Please coordinate driveway width and RV parking dimensions with Access Management and Planning and Zoning.
- v. Please coordinate wetland existence with Bradley Bane, environmental specialist.
- vi. When applicable please provide the following notes on the plans:
- vii. "The project engineer (engineer of record) shall provide to Escambia County "As-Built" record drawings for verification and approval by Escambia County one week prior to requesting a final inspection and certificate of occupancy, or provide "As-Built" certification that the project construction adheres to the permitted plans and specifications. The "As-Built" certification or the "As-Built" record drawings must be signed, sealed and dated by a registered Florida Professional Engineer"
- viii. "All aspects of the stormwater/drainage components and/or transportation components shall be completed prior to issuance of a final certificate of occupancy."
- ix. "No deviations or revisions from these plans by the contractor shall be allowed without prior approval from both the design engineer and the Escambia County. Any deviations may result in delays in obtaining a certificate of occupancy."
- x. "The contractor shall install prior to the start of construction and maintain during construction all sediment control measures as required to retain all sediments on the site. Improper sediment control measures may result in Code Enforcement Violation."
- xi. "Retention/detention areas shall be substantially completed prior to any construction activities that may increase stormwater runoff rates. The contractor shall control stormwater during all phases of construction and take adequate measures to prevent the excavated pond from blinding due to sediments."

- xii. "All disturbed areas which are not paved shall be stabilized with seeding, fertilizer and mulch, hydroseed and/or sod."
- xiii. "All new building roof drains, down spouts, or gutters shall be routed to carry all stormwater to retention/detention areas."
- xiv. "Developer/Contractor shall reshape per plan specifications, clean out accumulated silt, and stabilize retention/detention pond(s) at the end of construction when all disturbed areas have been stabilized and prior to request for inspection."
- xv. "Contractor shall maintain record drawings during construction which show "as-built" conditions of all work including piping, drainage structures, topo of pond(s), outlet structures, dimensions, elevations, grading etc. Record drawings shall be provided to the Engineer of Record prior to requesting final inspection."
- xvi. "The owner or his agent shall arrange/schedule with the County a final inspection of the development upon completion and any intermediate inspections at (850) 595-3472. As-built certification is required prior to request for final inspection/approval."
- xvii. "Prior to construction a separate Building Inspection Department permit(s) shall be obtained for all Retaining wall(s) higher than 2 feet."
- xviii. "Notify Sunshine utilities 48 hours in advance prior to digging within R/W; 1-800-432-4770."
- xix. "Any damage to existing roads during construction will be repaired by the developer prior to final "as-built" sign off from the county."
- xx. "The contractor shall notify FDOT 48 hours in advance prior to initiating any work in the state rights-of-way."
- xxi. Show applicable locations of erosion/sediment control measures and label on plans.
- If applicable, include on plans energy dissipaters at discharge points of all pipes and flumes based upon applicable design velocities. Rip-rap dissipater detail(s) should include minimum stone weight (suggest 50 #), spread and depth dimensions. Splash pad dissipater detail(s) should include construction specifications, dimensions, material etc.
- xxiii. Include cross-section detail(s) of proposed pond(s) including side slopes, the top and bottom elevations, pond embankment stabilization notes, associated inflow/outflow structures, etc.
- xxiv. Detention and retention basins (ponds), designed to impound more than two feet of water, must contain side slopes that are no steeper than 4:1 (horizontal to vertical) out to a depth of two feet below control elevation. Alternatively, the basin can be fenced with a perimeter fence to restrict public access.
- xxv. If applicable, include a cross section of all proposed swales/open ditches including side slopes, and the proper stabilization notes if applicable. Plan view should include % slope, elevations, contours, and grading requirements as necessary for construction purposes.
- xxvi. Provide a complete grading/drainage plan by tying existing contours to proposed contours.
- xxvii. A geotechnical soil analysis report is required for projects > 9,000 total sq ft of impervious area.
- xxviii. Demonstrate on plans how stormwater runoff is conveyed to receiving drainage system.
- xxix. Provide a copy of a Maintenance Plan to both the County and the entity/owner responsible for maintenance which includes a listing setting forth scheduled maintenance needs and operation/maintenance instructions for the stormwater facilities and erosion repairs.
- xxx. Provide a general description of drainage for on site, abutting property and adjacent roadway, the project objectives and conclusions, pertinent information critical to the project, etc.
- xxxi. Include a brief summary of impacts to adjacent properties, receiving drainage system, and area-wide drainage systems for post development conditions. The stormwater design must provide reasonable assurance to protect adjacent properties.
- xxxii. FYI: It is Engineer/Developer's responsibility to obtain all state required permits.
- xxxiii. Drainage fees shall be paid at the time of the final comparison submittal. Drainage fees will be determined at the time of route sheet sign off.
- xxxiv. Please provide on the drawings a table listing existing and proposed impervious, semi-impervious, and pervious areas.

This is a preliminary review designed to provide information and guide the applicant through the Development Review Process. Once your project has been formally submitted (fees paid and application processed) to Escambia County for review, there may be additional Land Development Code and Comprehensive Plan regulations that may be applicable.

Please contact the DRC Coordinator for submittal timelines, fees, and the submittal checklist for the project.

Thank you,

Gwendolyn Robinson Development Services Attachment CC:



Reply To: Tallahassee

November 9, 2018

VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL & UNITED STATES MAIL

Auby Smith, Chairman Escambia County Board of Adjustment 3363 West Park Place Pensacola, Florida 32505

Re: Shu Cheng Shurett, Leo Huang, and Teramore Development, LLC --Parcel Number 23-3S-31-2001-0000-000 Administrative Appeals of Horace Jones' Determination on July 24, 2017

Dear Chairman Smith:

On October 18, 2017, the Escambia County Board of Adjustment ("BOA") denied the abovereferenced Administrative Appeals. On November 16, 2017, Shu Cheng Shurett, Leo Huang, and Teramore Development, LLC (collectively, "Petitioners"), sought judicial review of the BOA's decision to deny their Administrative Appeals. On August 3, 2018, Escambia County Circuit Court Judge Scott Duncan ruled in favor of the Petitioners and entered an "Order Granting Petition for Writ of Certiorari" ("Court Order"), concluding, in part, as follows:

The record presented to this Court reveals that the BOA's denial of the Petitioner's [sic] Administrative Appeal <u>was not</u> <u>supported by competent substantial evidence</u>.

* * * *

The Court finds the BOA's decision to find that Petitioners' proposed retail store is not compatible with existing and potential uses is not supported by competent substantial evidence. <u>The</u> evidence presented at the hearing in support of the County's request that the proposed use be denied can only be characterized as speculative and conclusory. The record reveals that the Planning Official's determination that the proposed development did not meet the criteria set forth in (e)(5) was not supported by any facts or evidence... The record indicates that the County simply disagreed

Tallahassee433 North Magnolia DriveTallahassee, Florida 32308(850) 224-7332Fax: (850) 224-7662

Windermere 9100 Conroy Windermere Road, Suite 200 Windermere, Florida 34786 (407) 258-3733 Fax: (407) 264-6132

www.theriaquelaw.com

Auby Smith, Chairman November 9, 2018 Page 2

> with the Petitioners' expert without presenting facts that contradicted the opinions set forth in her compatibility analysis.... <u>The County's</u> <u>opinion that the proposed development was not compatible and</u> <u>would not achieve long term compatibility was simply a bald</u> <u>conclusion and without more has no evidentiary value</u>.

(Court Order at page 4-5) (citation omitted) (emphasis supplied).

The Court also finds that the BOA <u>departed from the</u> <u>essential requirements of law</u> by ignoring the code's language that a petitioner's compatibility analysis provides competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances regarding the potential uses of a parcel that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria. . . . Nothing in the plain language of Section 3-2.10(e)(5) of the County's LDC authorizes the County Staff or the BOA to simply disregard the Petitioner's compatibility analysis. . . The County never considered that proposition when rendering its opinion, and neither did the BOA when it rejected the Petitioners' appeal. <u>This is not a mere simple</u> <u>legal error, but rather a failure to apply the plain language of the</u> <u>Code</u>.

* * * *

For the reasons set forth above, <u>the Court finds that the</u> <u>BOA's decision denying the Petitioners' Administrative Appeal was</u> <u>not supported by competent substantial evidence, and that the BOA</u> <u>departed from the essential requirements of the law</u>.

(Court Order at page 7) (emphasis supplied).¹ Consequently, the Circuit Court quashed the BOA's October 18 decision.

The BOA is scheduled to consider the Petitioners' Administrative Appeals on remand from the Circuit Court at the BOA's meeting scheduled for November 14, 2018. It is our understanding that the County Staff desires to introduce new evidence during the BOA's November 14 meeting. *For the following reasons, the BOA is legally precluded from accepting such new evidence*.

¹ A copy of the Circuit Court's Order Granting Petition for Writ of Certiorari is attached hereto as Exhibit "A." The above-referenced quotes from the Circuit Court's Order Granting Petition for Writ of Certiorari are highlighted in yellow.

Auby Smith, Chairman November 9, 2018 Page 3

The Circuit Court's holding that the BOA departed from the essential requirements of law in denying the Petitioners' Administrative Appeals and that the BOA's decision was not supported by competent substantial evidence does *not* grant the BOA a "second bite at the apple" to devise new grounds to deny the Petitioners' Administrative Appeals on remand. Indeed, to hold otherwise would run afoul of the legal principles of estoppel and the law of the case doctrine. *See Parker Family Trust I v. City of Jacksonville*, 804 So. 2d 493, 498 (Fla. 1st DCA 2001) (holding local governmental boards are required to adhere to the law of case established by circuit court's ruling on certiorari review).

Moreover, permitting the BOA to conduct a second *de novo* hearing on the Petitioners' Administrative Appeals is contrary to *Broward County v. G.B.V. International, Ltd.*, 787 So. 2d 838 (Fla. 2001), wherein the Florida Supreme Court stated:

When the order is quashed, as it was in this case, it leaves the subject matter . . . pending before the . . . commission . . . and <u>the parties</u> <u>stand upon the pleadings and proof as it existed when the order was</u> <u>made</u>. . . .

Id. at 844 (emphasis supplied); *see also Tamiami Trail Tours, Inc. v. R.R. Comm'n*, 174 So. 451, 454 (Fla. 1937) ("When the order is quashed, as it was in this case, it leaves the subject matter, that is, the controversy pending before the tribunal, commission, or administrative authority, as if no order or judgment had been entered and the parties stand upon the pleadings and proof as it existed when the order was made with the rights of all parties to proceed further as they may be advised to protect or obtain the enjoyment of their rights under the law in the same manner and to the same extent which they might have proceeded had the order reviewed not been entered.").

More recently in *Department of Highway Safety & Motor Vehicles v. Azbell*, 154 So. 3d 461 (Fla. 5th DCA 2015), the Fifth District Court of Appeal rejected the department's argument that it was entitled to conduct a new evidentiary hearing after the circuit court on certiorari review had determined that the department's decision was not supported by competent substantial evidence. In so doing, the Fifth District held:

Petitioner contends that the law is "well settled" that "when a circuit court determines that there has been an evidentiary error in an administrative hearing <u>and/or</u> that there is not substantial competent evidence in the record to support the administrative order, the circuit court is limited to quashing the administrative order and remanding the matter to Petitioner for further proceedings." It cites three precedents from this court in support of this proposition. <u>Contrary to Petitioner's representation, however, none of the cited</u> <u>authorities supports the latter part of its argument – that a new</u> Auby Smith, Chairman November 9, 2018 Page 4

> <u>hearing is required when the evidence is lacking because of the</u> <u>unexcused failure of Petitioner to present sufficient proof</u>.

> > * * * *

All of these cases involved situations where the merits of the controversy were not reached because one party or the other was denied the right to present pertinent evidence. *The instant case involves a simple failure by Petitioner to meet its evidentiary burden*. To grant a new hearing in situations like this simply affords Petitioner another bite at the apple and could result in an endless series of hearings until it finally presents sufficient evidence to support suspension. *Absent circumstances where Petitioner is prevented from presenting material evidence it should only get one opportunity to present its proof*. See Doll v. Dep't of Health, 969 So.2d 1103, 1107 (Fla. 1st DCA 2007), and cases cited therein (in administrative proceeding, upon failure of agency to present sufficient proof of costs, no entitlement to second opportunity).

Azbell, 154 So. 3d at 462 (emphasis supplied); *cf. St. Joe Paper Co. v. Connell*, 299 So. 2d 92, 93 (Fla. 1st DCA 1974) ("A second bite at the apple may not be granted simply because the plaintiffs have failed to meet their burden of proof. The flame has flickered out!").²

Thus, we respectfully submit that the BOA must deny the County Staff's request to introduce new evidence at the BOA's November 14 meeting, and enter an Order granting the Petitioners' Administrative Appeals. To do otherwise would violate our clients' fundamental due process rights and would also constitute a departure from the essential requirements of the law.

Sincerely,

Davida. Thenague

David A. Theriaque

Enclosures

² A copy of the Fifth District Court of Appeal's opinion in *Department of Highway* Safety & Motor Vehicles v. Azbell, 154 So. 3d 461 (Fla. 5th DCA 2015), is attached hereto as Exhibit "B." The above-referenced quotes from the Fifth District Court of Appeal's opinion are highlighted in yellow.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

TERAMORE DEVELOPMENT, LLC, SHU CHENG SHURETT, and LEO HUANG,

Petitioners,

VS.

Case No. 17-CA-1778

ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA,

Respondent.

ORDER GRANTING PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

This case is before the Court on the Amended Petition for Writ of Certiorari ("Amended Petition") that the Petitioners filed on January 5, 2018. Respondent Escambia County, Florida ("County"), filed its Response on February 1, 2018. The Petitioners filed their Reply on March 5, 2018. The Court conducted oral argument on May 7, 2018.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

The subject property is a 3.4-acre vacant parcel that is zoned Commercial (C) with a future land use designation of Mixed-Use Suburban (MU-S). The surrounding areas are zoned Low Density Residential (LDR) and High Density Residential (HDR), and the surrounding land uses are single family residential. The Petitioners proposed to build a 9,100-square foot retail store on the site to, in turn, lease to the Dollar General Corporation.

In mid-2017, the Petitioners requested confirmation of compatibility from the County's Planning Official with regard to the proposed retail store pursuant to Section 3-2.10(e)(5) of the County's Land Development Code (LDC), which provides:



All new non-residential uses proposed within the commercial district that are not part of a planned unit development or not identified as exempt by the district shall be on parcels that satisfy at least one of the following location criteria:

* * * *

(5) Documented compatibility. A compatibility analysis prepared by the applicant provides competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances regarding the potential uses of parcel that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria, and the proposed use . . . will be able to achieve long-term compatibility with existing and potential uses. . . .

The Petitioners submitted a compatibility analysis prepared by a certified land use planner in support of the request. In the compatibility analysis, the Petitioners' land use planner analyzed the proposed retail store and factors such as the surrounding uses, building setbacks, building height, building orientation, building mass, open space ratios, buffers, lighting, noise, and hours of operation in evaluating whether the proposed retail store would be "compatible" with the surrounding area. On July 24, 2017, the Planning Official issued a written decision concluding the proposed development, which is surrounded by existing residential uses, did not satisfy the alternative location criteria (1-4), and the Petitioners' written analysis did not provide evidence of "unique circumstances" that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria so as to otherwise conclude that the proposed use would achieve long-term compatibility with the surrounding existing residential uses. The Petitioners timely appealed the Planning Official's compatibility determination to the Board of Adjustment (BOA) pursuant to the County's LDC ("Administrative Appeal"). On October 18, 2017, the BOA conducted a quasi-judicial hearing on the Petitioners' Administrative Appeal. The BOA heard testimony from the Petitioner's expert land use planner, Allara Gutcher, whom they recognized as an expert witness. The BOA also heard testimony from Teramore's corporate representative, the County's Planning Official,

the County's Planning Manager, and several citizens from the surrounding area of the proposed development. At the conclusion of the October 18 hearing, the BOA unanimously voted to deny the Petitioners' Administrative Appeal and to uphold the Planning Official's determination that Teramore's proposed retail store is not "compatible." Thereafter, the Petitioners timely sought certiorari review of the BOA's October 18, 2017 decision in this Court.

LEGAL ANALYSIS

Upon first tier review of a quasi-judicial proceeding, a court must determine whether the Petitioners were accorded procedural due process, whether the essential requirements of the law have been observed, and whether the administrative findings and judgment are supported by competent substantial evidence. Florida Power & Light Co. v. City of Dania, 761 So. 2d 1089, 1092 (Fla. 2000) (citing City of Deerfield Beach v. Vaillant, 419 So. 2d 624, 626 (Fla. 1982)). Such review is not *de novo*. Rather, a circuit court is limited to reviewing the record that was created before the lower tribunal. Florida Power & Light Co. v. City of Dania, 761 So. 2d at 1092.

Petitioners did not contest whether they were accorded procedural due process. However, Petitioners do contest whether the essential requirements of the law have been observed and whether the BOA's decision was supported by competent substantial evidence. They argue that because the essential requirements of law were not observed and competent substantial evidence did not exist to support the BOA's decision, the Court should quash the denial of Petitioners' administrative appeal.

Frankly, the code provision at issue in this case is difficult to comprehend and lacks clarity in how it should be applied in many respects.¹ It never defines what a "compatibility analysis" should contain or who is qualified to prepare such analysis, but yet explicitly states that

¹ The Petitioner has not asserted that the code provision is ambiguous.

such "compatibility analysis" is competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances regarding the potential uses of parcel that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria. It can be argued also that the code provision does not communicate to property owners sufficient notice of what the County expects in a compatibility analysis, other than if you have one, it constitutes competent substantial evidence to support your application, until, like in this case, the County says it does not. Better said in <u>Park of Commerce Associates v. City of Delray Beach</u>, 606 So.2d 633, 635 (Fla. 4th DCA 1992), "(P)roperty owners are entitled to notice of the conditions they must meet in order to improve their property in accord with the existing zoning and other development regulations of the government. Those conditions should be set out in clearly stated regulations. Compliance with those regulations should be capable of objective determination in an administrative proceeding."

The record presented to this Court reveals that the BOA's denial of the Petitioner's Administrative Appeal was not supported by competent substantial evidence. Competent substantial evidence is that which is "sufficiently relevant and material that a reasonable mind would accept it as adequate to support the conclusion reached." <u>De Groot v. Sheffield</u>, 95 So. 2d 912, 916 (Fla. 1957). "For the action to be sustained, it must be reasonably based in the evidence presented." <u>Town of Indialantic v. Nance</u>, 400 So. 2d 37, 40 (Fla. 5th DCA 1981). "Surmise, conjecture or speculation have been held not to be substantial evidence." <u>Fla. Rate Conference v. Fla. R.R. and Pub. Utils. Comm'n</u>, 108 So. 2d 601, 607 (Fla. 1959).

The Court finds the BOA's decision to find that Petitioners' proposed retail store is not compatible with existing and potential uses is not supported by competent substantial evidence. The evidence presented at the hearing in support of the County's request that the proposed use be denied can only be characterized as speculative and conclusory. The record reveals that the Planning Official's determination that the proposed development did not meet the criteria set forth in (e)(5) was not supported by any facts or evidence. The Planning Official did render an opinion that the development was not compatible, but never set forth any specific evidence to support such opinion. The record indicates that the County simply disagreed with the Petitioners' expert without presenting facts that contradicted the opinions set forth in her compatibility analysis. Additionally, the County's witnesses and the BOA itself never considered or applied the code's decree that a compatibility analysis was competent substantial evidence which supported the Petitioner's request. Further, other than its disagreement with the Petitioner's expert that the proposed use would be able to achieve long-term compatibility with existing and potential uses, the County never presented objective facts to support its disagreement. The County's opinion that the proposed development was not compatible and would not achieve long term compatibility was simply a bald conclusion and without more has no evidentiary value. <u>Arkin Const. Co. v. Simpkins</u>, 99 So. 3d 557, 561 (Fla. 1957).

In contrast, the Petitioner brought forth specific evidence in support of its application. The Petitioner's expert, who had put together hundreds of compatibility analyses in her career, prepared a compatibility analysis as contemplated by the code and gave testimony in support of such analysis at the hearing. In such analysis, and in her testimony, she also opined that the Petitioner's proposed use of the property would be able to achieve long-term compatibility with existing and potential uses; such opinion meeting the criteria set forth in (e)(5). As will also be addressed in another portion of this Order, the code language itself demands the BOA to find that the compatibility analysis is competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances regarding the potential uses of parcels that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria (i.e. (e)(1)-(4)). The County never introduced any specific evidence why the Petitioners' compatibility should be

rejected. Rather, the County's evidence was that it simply did not agree with the Petitioners' compatibility analysis. In fact, the County's witness never directly answered the question posed by Petitioners' counsel as to whether the proposed use (a commercial venture in a commercial zone) could coexist with the surrounding residential uses in a stable fashion over time such that no use, activity or condition is unduly negatively impacted. (See App. 076-080).

While the BOA affirmatively stated it based its decision on the expert testimony, and not the citizen testimony, the County argues that part of the competent substantial evidence supporting the BOA's decision did indeed come from the citizen testimony. The Court certainly understands the complaints and fears of these witnesses. However, the testimony of the citizens who spoke against the proposed use cannot constitute competent substantial evidence based upon existing case law.² The First District Court of Appeal has held that lay witnesses' speculation about potential traffic problems, light and noise pollution, and general unfavorable impacts of a proposed land use are not considered competent substantial evidence. Katherine's Bay, LLC v. Fagan, 52 So.3d 19, 30 (Fla. 1st DCA 2010). Similarly any lay witnesses' opinions that a proposed land use will devalue homes in the area are insufficient to support a finding that such devaluation will occur. Further, while there were speakers who identified themselves as real estate agents, their testimony cannot be considered as expert opinions as to whether the proposed use would cause devaluation of property. Such witnesses did not identify themselves as appraisers of real property and did not base their testimony on specific real estate sales and listings, opinions of brokers and other real estate agents, and information as to the general status of the local economy. See Trustees of Central States Southeast and Southwest Areas, Pension Fund v. Indico Corp., 401 So.2d 904, 906 (Fla. 1st DCA 1981). Based on the evidence the BOA

² The Florida Supreme Court has stated that the decisions of the district courts of appeal represent the law of Florida unless and until they are overruled by the Florida Supreme Court. <u>Stanfill v. State</u>, 384 So.2d 141, 143 (Fla. 1980).

could consider, the Court finds there was no competent substantial evidence justifying the BOA's decision to deny the Petitioners' administrative appeal.

The Court also finds that the BOA departed from the essential requirements of law by ignoring the code's language that a petitioner's compatibility analysis provides competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances regarding the potential uses of a parcel that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria. It is not for this Court to add or subtract words or requirements from a code provision. Anderson Columbia v. Brewer, 994 So.2d 419, 421 (Fla. 1st DCA 2008). Nothing in the plain language of Section 3-2.10(e)(5) of the County's LDC authorizes the County Staff or the BOA to simply disregard the Petitioner's compatibility analysis. The Code sets forth the established principle that a compatibility analysis must be viewed as competent substantial evidence. The County never considered that proposition when rendering its opinion, and neither did the BOA when it rejected the Petitioners' appeal. This is not a mere simple legal error, but rather a failure to apply the plain language of the Code. To be clear, this Court is not ruling at this time that a compatibility analysis automatically entitles the Petitioner the relief it seeks. However, the Court believes the Code mandated the BOA to apply the standards set forth in the Code when it rendered its decision, and by failing to do so the BOA departed from the essential requirements of the law that applied to this case.

For the reasons set forth above, the Court finds that the BOA's decision denying the Petitioners' Administrative Appeal was not supported by competent substantial evidence, and that the BOA departed from the essential requirements of the law. Accordingly, it is hereby ORDERED and ADJUDGED that:

1. The Petitioners' Amended Petition for Writ of Certiorari is GRANTED;

2. The BOA's decision denying the Petitioners' Administrative Appeal is QUASHED; and

3. The Court reserves jurisdiction to award costs, if appropriate, upon proper motion by the Petitioners as the prevailing party in this appellate proceeding.

DONE AND ORDERED in Chambers in Escambia County, Florida, this _____ day of

_____2018.

-1) 111111 eSigned by CIRCUIT COURT JUDG on 08/03/2018 18:47:49 yw76gVXG

SCOTT DUNCAN CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE

Conformed copies via e-mail to:

David A. Theriaque, Esquire (Counsel for Petitioners) S. Brent Spain, Esquire (Counsel for Petitioners) Kristin D. Hual, Esquire (Counsel for Respondent)

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAY SAFETY AND MOTOR VEHICLES, Petitioner,

v.

Russell AZBELL, Respondent.

No. 5D14-838.

District Court of Appeal of Florida, Fifth District.

Jan. 2, 2015.

Background: Motorist filed petition for writ of certiorari, challenging the suspension of his driver's license by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. The Circuit Court granted the petition, finding that Department had failed to introduce substantial, competent evidence to support the suspension. Department petitioned for writ of certiorari, and the District Court of Appeal denied the petition. Thereafter, the Circuit Court, Volusia County, William A. Parsons, J., ordered Department to reinstate the license. Department petitioned for writ of certiorari.

Holdings: The District Court of Appeal, Torpy, C.J., held that:

- (1) Department was not entitled to new evidentiary hearing, and
- (2) circuit court had authority to order Department to reinstate motorist's license.

Petition denied.

1. Automobiles ☞144.2(4)

Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles was not entitled to new evidentiary hearing after circuit court determined, on certiorari review, that it had failed to introduce substantial, competent evidence to justify suspension of motorist's driver's license; granting Department a new hearing in such a situation would simply afford Department another bite at the apple, and could result in an endless series of hearings until Department finally presented sufficient evidence to support suspension.

2. Automobiles ⇐ 144.2(1)

Absent circumstances where Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles is prevented from presenting material evidence in support of suspension of a motorist's driver's license, it should only get one opportunity to present its proof.

3. Automobiles ☞ 144.2(4)

Circuit court that determined, on certiorari review of the suspension of motorist's driver's license, that Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles had failed to introduce substantial, competent evidence to justify the suspension had authority to order Department to reinstate motorist's license; circuit court had inherent authority to enforce its mandate.

4. Certiorari ∞69

A reviewing court on first-tier certiorari review has the inherent authority to enforce its mandate.

Stephen D. Hurm, General Counsel, and Kimberly A. Gibbs, Assistant General Counsel, Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, Orlando, for Petitioner.

Michael H. Lambert, Daytona Beach, for Respondent.

TORPY, C.J.

We address this driver's license suspension case for the second time. The circuit court granted Respondent's petition for certiorari, concluding that Petitioner had failed to introduce substantial, competent



evidence to justify the suspension of Respondent's driver's license. In the first case before this court, we denied by order Petitioner's petition for certiorari directed to that order. After our mandate issued, the circuit court ordered Petitioner to reinstate Respondent's driver's license. Petitioner challenges that order, contending that the circuit court should have instead given it the opportunity to have a new hearing with different evidence. We deny the instant petition.

[1] Petitioner contends that the law is "well settled" that "when a circuit court determines that there has been an evidentiary error in an administrative hearing and/or that there is not substantial competent evidence in the record to support the administrative order, the circuit court is limited to quashing the administrative order and remanding the matter to Petitioner for further proceedings." (Emphasis added). It cites three precedents from this court in support of this proposition. Contrary to Petitioner's representation, however, none of the cited authorities supports the latter part of its argument-that a new hearing is required when the evidence is lacking because of the unexcused failure of Petitioner to present sufficient proof.

Lillyman v. Department of Highway Safety & Motor Vehicles, 645 So.2d 113 (Fla. 5th DCA 1994), addressed a situation where the hearing officer had denied the driver the due process right to cross-examine a witness. We analogized that situation to a similar trial error concerning erroneous exclusion of evidence in a criminal case and held that a new hearing was necessary. In Department of Highway Safety & Motor Vehicles v. Icaza, 37 So.3d 309 (Fla. 5th DCA 2010), we ordered a new hearing because of a change in the law that occurred after the hearing. Our decision was premised upon the conclusion that the department had been denied due process because it did not have a fair opportunity to present the necessary evidence. In *Department of Highway Safety* & Motor Vehicles v. Corcoran, 133 So.3d 616 (Fla. 5th DCA 2014), the hearing officer made an erroneous evidentiary ruling that denied the licensee due process. Consistent with our prior precedent, we directed the trial court to order a new hearing.

[2] All of these cases involved situations where the merits of the controversy were not reached because one party or the other was denied the right to present pertinent evidence. The instant case involves a simple failure by Petitioner to meet its evidentiary burden. To grant a new hearing in situations like this simply affords Petitioner another bite at the apple and could result in an endless series of hearings until it finally presents sufficient evidence to support suspension. Absent circumstances where Petitioner is prevented from presenting material evidence it should only get one opportunity to present its proof. See Doll v. Dep't of Health, 969 So.2d 1103, 1107 (Fla. 1st DCA 2007), and cases cited therein (in administrative proceeding, upon failure of agency to present sufficient proof of costs, no entitlement to second opportunity).

[3] The foregoing notwithstanding, Petitioner contends that the circuit court lacked the authority to "direct the administrative agency to take any particular action on remand." In support of this argument, Petitioner relies upon Broward County v. G.B.V. International, Ltd., 787 So.2d 838 (Fla.2001). Again, we think Petitioner's reliance upon the cited authority is misplaced. G.B.V. International, Ltd. addressed the authority of an appellate court on second-tier review. In that case, the circuit court had erroneously concluded that it did not have authority to review a zoning decision because it believed it to be legislative in nature, rather than quasijudicial. 787 So.2d at 844. On second-tier review, the Fourth District Court of Appeal properly quashed the order because the zoning decision was quasi-judicial and should have been reviewed using a competent, substantial evidence standard by the circuit court. Instead of remanding the matter to the circuit court to conduct that review, the fourth district court itself determined that there was not substantial, competent evidence to support the zoning decision, and it ordered that the zoning request by the property owner be approved. Id. at 845. The Florida Supreme Court held that this was in excess of the fourth district court's authority on secondtier review. Id.

[4] Here, by contrast, the circuit court on first-tier review made the determination that the evidence to support the suspension was lacking. On review, we allowed that decision to stand. After our mandate issued, the circuit court simply enforced its mandate. A reviewing court on first-tier certiorari review has the inherent authority to enforce its mandate. *See Citibank, N.A. v. Plapinger,* 469 So.2d 144, 145 (Fla. 3d DCA 1985) (after trial court attempted to stay appellate court's mandate, appellate court ordered mandate's enforcement).

Accordingly, we deny the petition.

PETITION DENIED.

WALLIS and EVANDER, JJ., concur.

EY NUMBER SYSTEM

Matthew DIXON, Appellant,

v.

STATE of Florida, Appellee.

No. 1D12-3371.

District Court of Appeal of Florida, First District.

Jan. 2, 2015.

Background: Defendant was convicted following open guilty plea in the Circuit Court, Leon County, Mark E. Walker, J., of a crime. Defendant appealed. The District Court of Appeal affirmed. Defendant sought review. The Supreme Court quashed and remanded.

Holding: The District Court of Appeal held that remand was required for State to be given an opportunity to present evidence as to whether Department of Corrections was capable of providing the specialized treatment that defendant needed.

Reversed and remanded.

Criminal Law @1181.5(8)

Remand was required for State to be given an opportunity to present evidence as to whether Department of Corrections was capable of providing the specialized treatment that defendant needed so that a downward sentencing departure was not required. West's F.S.A. § 921.0026(2)(d).

Clyde M. Taylor, Jr., Taylor & Taylor, PA, Tallahassee, for Appellant.

Pamela Jo Bondi, Attorney General, and Jay Kubica, Assistant Attorney General, Tallahassee, for Appellee.

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	MEETING OF THE ESCAMBIA COUNTY BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT	1	APPEARANCES
	Proceedings held in the above-styled cause before the Escambia County Board of Adjustment on the 18th day of October 2017, commencing at 8:30 a.m., at Escambia County Central Office Complex, 3363 West Park Place, Room 104, Pensacola, Florida 32505 reported by Rebecca T. Fussell.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	APPEARANCES BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT MEMBERS: Auby Smith, Chairman Bill Stromquist Walker Wilson Judy Gund Michael Godwin ABSENT: Frederick J. Gant Jennifer Rigby Staff STAFF PRESENT: Andrew Holmer, Division Manager, Planning & Zoning Kayla Meador, Senior Office Assistant Kristin Hual, Assistant County Attorney Meredith Crawford, Assistant County Attorney Horace Jones, Director, Development Services
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1	MR. CHAIRMAN: Thank you.	1	yourselves and state your name and address for the
2	MR. GODWIN: Mr. Chairman, I received a voice	2	record and be sworn in.
3	mail this morning from a friend that lives in the	3	If you're an are you an attorney?
4	area, and, of course, I didn't respond to it at	4	MR. THERIAQUE: Yes, sir.
5	all, but it was a general conversation, but the	5	MR. CHAIRMAN: Okay. You don't have to be
6	this application was mentioned, so	6	sworn in.
7	MR. CHAIRMAN: Counselor?	7	MR. THERIAQUE: Right.
8	MS. HUAL: No.	8	MR. CHAIRMAN: Are the others attorneys also?
9	But I will add, as to any ex parte	9	MR. THERIAQUE: No. They are potential
10	communication that may have occurred, if either	10	witnesses, sir.
11	party wishes to question the board members	11	MR. CHAIRMAN: All right. And are you going
12	concerning those communications, they are free to	12	to speak with them?
13	do so.	13	MR. THERIAQUE: Potentially during rebuttal.
14	MR. CHAIRMAN: Thank you. Thank you.	14	I thought I'd just have him sworn in at this
15	MR. STROMQUIST: I also got a message from	15	juncture in case we do have him testify.
16	somebody that I didn't know. And as far as the	16	MR. CHAIRMAN: All right. Come forward, if
17	facts of the conversation, I deleted the message.	17	you will, and state your name and address. Go
18	MR. CHAIRMAN: I feel slighted. I didn't get	18	ahead.
19	a message.	19	MS. GUTCHER: Allara Mills Gutcher. I am at
20	Does any board member intend to refrain	20	2311 Lee Street in Lynn Haven, Florida.
21	from voting due to a voting conflict of interest?	21	MR. HODGES: Tom Hodges, 121 Parkway Drive,
22	(No response)	22	Thomasville, Georgia.
23	MR. CHAIRMAN: Seeing none.	23	MS. PLAYER: Bonita Player, 1720 West
24	Would the individuals who are a party to	24	Fairfield Drive.
25	this item, please come to the podium and identify	25	MS. BELL: Jennifer Bell, 4212 Rosebud Court,

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1	Pensacola 32504.	1	to accept this as into evidence. Do we have a
2	MR. CHAIRMAN: If you will, raise your right	2	motion?
3	hand and be sworn.	3	MS. GUND: I'll make a motion that it be
4	(Witnesses sworn.)	4	accepted into evidence.
5	MR. CHAIRMAN: Thank you-all. You may make	5	MR. CHAIRMAN: Judy moves.
6	your presentation.	6	Do we have a second?
7	MR. THERIAQUE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. May	7	MR. GODWIN: I'll second it.
8	I approach?	8	MR. CHAIRMAN: We have a second by
9	MR. CHAIRMAN: Yes.	9	MS. CRAWFORD: Mr. Chairman, if I may.
10	MR. THERIAQUE: Thank you.	10	Meredith Crawford, Assistant County Attorney.
11	MR. CHAIRMAN: Let's see. Has this been	11	The one caveat, I would ask to your
12	presented to staff?	12	motion would be that the Land Use Compatibility
13	MR. THERIAQUE: I'm going to give them a copy	13	Analysis be accepted simply for what it is and not
14	as well. Yes, sir.	14	as actual proof of compatibility. But it can very
15	MR. CHAIRMAN: Does staff have any objection	15	well be accepted as the document.
16	to this, to the board considering whether or not to	16	MR. CHAIRMAN: Do the motion folks agree to
17	accept this as evidence?	17	that? Michael?
18	MR. THERIAQUE: I would like to walk through	18	MR. GODWIN: Yes.
19	it so that I can identify what the documents are.	19	MR. CHAIRMAN: And Judy?
20	MR. HOLMER: Mr. Chairman, most, if not all of	20	MS. GUND: I made my motion.
21	this, is already in the meeting packet that was	21	MR. THERIAQUE: May I address that, Mr.
22	e-mailed to you.	22	Chairman?
23	MR. CHAIRMAN: This?	23	MR. CHAIRMAN: Yes.
24	MR. HOLMER: Yes. Most of all this.	24	MR. THERIAQUE: The author of that report is
25	MR. CHAIRMAN: I'm going to call for a motion	25	present. That was Allara Mills Gutcher who was

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			2
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1	placed under oath. It is a report. The author is	1	2017 from Horace Jones, Director, to Teramore
2	present. It's not hearsay. The board is entitled	2	Development, LLC.
3	to assign whatever weight it desires to assign to	3	Exhibit 2 is the administrative appeal
4	it. It is competent, substantial evidence that	4	filed by the property owners.
5	could substantiate a finding of compatibility, the	5	Tab 3 or Exhibit 3 is the administrative
б	report alone. But we do have the author who will	6	appeal filed by Teramore Development, which is the
7	be testifying from the report as well.	7	authorized agent on behalf of the owner. We filed
8	MR. CHAIRMAN: Okay. If we have the motion,	8	an appeal from both entities, kind of a
9	any question on the motion?	9	belt-and-suspender approach to ensure that we had
10	(No response)	10	proper jurisdiction before you, sir.
11	Those in favor, signify by raising your	11	Four is from your Land Development Code.
12	right hand.	12	It is the locational criteria that are at issue
13	(The board members raise their right	13	during this proceeding.
14	hands.)	14	Five is a preliminary site plan of the
15	Any opposed?	15	property.
16	(No response)	16	Tab 6 is a rendering with the actual
17	Motion passes unanimously.	17	vegetation. Tom Hodges will provide an explanation
18	(Exhibits 1 through 10 were received into	18	of how this document was created. I am an
19	evidence.)	19	attorney, so I don't provide evidence, but I will
20	MR. THERIAQUE: Thank you.	20	just summarize that the actual vegetation on site
21	And if I may, Mr. Chairman, just so that	21	is depicted, and they hired somebody to superimpose
22	the record is clear, while the binder has come in,	22	what the building would look like with the actual
23	I would like to identify for the record what is in	23	vegetation.
24	the binder.	24	Exhibit 7 is a lighting plan, or also
25	Exhibit 1 is the letter dated July 24th,	25	known as photometric plan that shows how the
	Page 11		Page 12
1	lighting would be on the property.	1	And I know this isn't your first rodeo,
2	Exhibit 8 is the Land Use Compatibility	2	but I do want to remind you that your decision

1	lighting would be on the property.	1	And I know this isn't your first rodeo,
2	Exhibit 8 is the Land Use Compatibility	2	but I do want to remind you that your decision
3	Analysis that was prepared by Allara Mills Gutcher.	3	needs to be based on competent, substantial
4	Again, we will ask you to accept her as an expert	4	evidence from either expert witnesses who provide
5	witness when we get to that point.	5	opinion or fact-based testimony from lay people.
б	Exhibit 9 is Ms. Gutcher's resume.	6	It's not a popularity poll. So if I have
7	And Exhibit 10 is the resume of Thomas	7	300 people here that are for me or 300 people who
8	Hodges.	8	are against me, that doesn't weigh into the
9	MR. CHAIRMAN: Thank you, sir.	9	equation today. What weighs into your decision
10	MR. THERIAQUE: Thank you, sir.	10	today is that competent, substantial evidence on
11	And before I call my first witness, I	11	whether or not this appeal meets the criteria that
12	just would like to briefly describe what we believe	12	is set forth in $(e)(5)$.
13	is at issue today.	13	As you know, this piece of property has a
14	If the board excuse me one second. I	14	future land use map designation that allows
15	want to put up a diagram. Thank you.	15	commercial. It has a zoning designation that
16	As you know, this is a quasi-judicial	16	allows commercial. And you recently I believe
17	proceeding. And you're bound to base your decision	17	it was in December or maybe November of 2016
18	on competent, substantial evidence. And your code	18	added location criteria that changed what could be
19	and rules are actually pretty good. I practice	19	allowed as-of-right on this property.
20	statewide, and I was online looking at your	20	Prior to that change, we wouldn't be even
21	requirements for board of adjustment proceedings.	21	before you. We didn't have to do a compatibility
22	You track it perfectly well. I would like most	22	analysis. We didn't have to meet these other
23	local governments to have what you have in place	23	requirements.
24	for your quasi-judicial hearings. You have done it	24	Each one of $(e)(1)$, $(e)(2)$, $(e)(3)$,
25	well.	25	(e)(4) and $(e)(5)$ stand alone. An applicant meets
			····

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		1	
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1	the location criteria if they can qualify for any	1	The reason that you have neighborhood
2	one of those five. It's not conjunctive, where you	2	commercial is to have shorter trips, or on your way
3	have to hit one and two and three and four and	3	home, you realize you need milk and bread.
4	five.	4	So neighborhood commercial is intended to be
5	If an applicant meets any one of those	5	located near neighborhoods.
6	five, then they qualify for commercial on the	6	And I think what you will hear at the
7	property that is designated for commercial. And we	7	conclusion of our evidence is that this site has
8	believe the evidence is going to demonstrate to you	8	been well designed and will be compatible with the
9	today that the applicant meets documented	9	surrounding properties.
10	compatibility.	10	And at this point, I would like to call
11	And what you will hear is how this site	11	Allara Mills Gutcher. And I have some blue forms I
12	has been proposed to be designed. You will hear	12	need to turn in.
13	the size of the property. And you will hear that	13	MR. CHAIRMAN: Thank you, sir.
14	in all of the Dollar Generals that our client has	14	MR. THERIAQUE: Yes, sir.
15	developed in Florida, in Pensacola and in other	15	I will actually use the mic over here,
16	states, they have never left this amount of	16	and you can use this.
17	undeveloped property. And they did so in order to	17	WHEREUPON,
18	try to be a good neighbor with the surrounding	18	ALLARA MILLS GUTCHER
19	residential uses.	19	was called as a witness and, after having been first
20	You will also hear that a Dollar General	20	duly sworn, testified as follows:
21	is a neighborhood commercial use. It's not a	21	DIRECT EXAMINATION
22	general commercial use. And there is a	22	BY MR. THERIAQUE:
23	distinction. Neighborhood commercial is intended,	23	Q Please state your name and address for the
24	from a planning perspective, to be near	24	record.
25	neighborhoods.	25	A My name is Allara Mills Gutcher, and I'm
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1	Page 15	1	Page 16
1	at 2311 Lee Street in Lynn Haven, Florida.	1	may need to really speak directly into the mic so
2	at 2311 Lee Street in Lynn Haven, Florida. Q And would you briefly describe your	2	may need to really speak directly into the mic so that the people in the back can hear you clearly.
2 3	at 2311 Lee Street in Lynn Haven, Florida. Q And would you briefly describe your professional background?	2 3	may need to really speak directly into the mic so that the people in the back can hear you clearly. MR. THERIAQUE: Thank you.
2 3 4	at 2311 Lee Street in Lynn Haven, Florida. Q And would you briefly describe your professional background? A Im a certified land use planner by the	2 3 4	may need to really speak directly into the mic so that the people in the back can hear you clearly. MR. THERIAQUE: Thank you. MR. JONES: Thank you.
2 3 4 5	at 2311 Lee Street in Lynn Haven, Florida. Q And would you briefly describe your professional background? A I'm a certified land use planner by the American Institute of Certified Planners. I have been	2 3 4 5	 may need to really speak directly into the mic so that the people in the back can hear you clearly. MR. THERIAQUE: Thank you. MR. JONES: Thank you. THE WITNESS: Maybe not at all.
2 3 4 5 6	at 2311 Lee Street in Lynn Haven, Florida. Q And would you briefly describe your professional background? A Im a certified land use planner by the American Institute of Certified Planners. I have been for about 15 years. I have been in the profession	2 3 4 5 6	 may need to really speak directly into the mic so that the people in the back can hear you clearly. MR. THERIAQUE: Thank you. MR. JONES: Thank you. THE WITNESS: Maybe not at all. MR. THERIAQUE: We are not resting our case at
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			Pages 17 to 20
	Page 17		Page 18
1	MR. CHAIRMAN: Moved by Bill, second by Judy.	1	Q Is that report let me see. You have a
2	Those in favor, signify by raising your	2	hard copy, I believe.
3	right hand.	3	A Yes, I do.
4	(The board members raise their right	4	Q Let me show it to you in my tab. Give me
5	hands.)	5	one second just to confirm.
6	Any opposed?	6	Is what is tabbed as Exhibit 8 a true and
7	(No response)	7	correct copy of your report?
8	Motion passes unanimously.	8	A Yes, it is.
9	MR. THERIAQUE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.	9	Q All right. Would you please walk through
10	BY MR. THERIAQUE:	10	your analysis for the board, please?
11	Q Ms. Gutcher, are you here on behalf of the	11	A Yes.
12 13	applicant? A Yes, I am.	12 13	And good morning, and thank you
14	A Yes, I am.Q What have you done in preparation for your	14	for allowing me here today to speak to you on this issue.
15	testimony today?	15	I am pleased to present with you my
16	A Yes. I have reviewed the Escambia County	16	analysis and how it relates and how it is compatible
17	Comprehensive Plan. I have reviewed the Escambia County	17	with the surrounding uses and existing development. I
18	Land Development regulations. I have reviewed the	18	submit to you that this site, which is zoned for
19	Escambia County property appraiser's Web site to include	19	commercial uses on the Escambia County official zoning
20	the aerial photographs. I have made a site visit to the	20	map with the zoning designation of commercial and has
21	property. I have also looked at the Escambia County	21	been designated on the future land use map as MU-S,
22	future land use map and the zoning map.	22	which is mixed-use suburban, can be developed
23	Q And have you written a report regarding	23	responsibly so that the existing pattern of development
24	your analysis of the compatibility issue?	24	and existing uses will not be adversely affected over
25	A Yes, I have.	25	time by the development of a commercial retail store.
		1	
	Page 19		Page 20
1	The designation of MU-S on the future land use map	1	However, Escambia County elected to
2	The designation of MU-S on the future land use map allows for the development of a commercial use.	2	However, Escambia County elected to include location criteria in Part E of this LDR section,
2 3	The designation of MU-S on the future land use map allows for the development of a commercial use. Chapter 7 of the Comprehensive Plan	2 3	However, Escambia County elected to include location criteria in Part E of this LDR section, which brings us here today. I will document with
2 3 4	The designation of MU-S on the future land use map allows for the development of a commercial use. Chapter 7 of the Comprehensive Plan contains the future land use element. Policy 1.3.1	2 3 4	However, Escambia County elected to include location criteria in Part E of this LDR section, which brings us here today. I will document with competent and substantial evidence that as a requirement
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Pages 21 to 24

	Page 21		Page 22
1	So when we look at how uses are compatible	1	home, or more importantly, the trees on the site. This
2	to each other, we look at several development	2	development will not tower above the existing tree line
3	characteristics, such as setbacks, buffering, open space	3	as a highrise condominium would, office building or
4	ratios, hours of operation, lighting, noise, smoke,	4	other types of retail can. You won't see this building
5	glare, and building height, orientation and mass.	5	from the north through the trees.
6	These are the characteristics I will	6	The building orientation will be to the
7	present to you this morning to show that there is	7	south to Gulf Beach Highway, and access will only be via
8	competent and substantial evidence that this proposed	8	Gulf Beach Highway. No ingress or egress access will be
9	development will be compatible with existing uses.	9	via any other street or roadway.
10	This project as proposed is to develop	10	The setback area will remain primarily in
11	approximately 9,100 square feet of retail space on about	11	the natural vegetative state with exception to what is
12	three-and-a-half acres, a little less than, about 3.4	12	necessary surrounding the building for storm water and
13	acres.	13	parking. These setbacks can be found on page 12 of the
14	The development footprint will only take	14	analysis in your books on page 12 on Table 3 and are
15	1.25 acres of that or less than half. In fact, less	15	97 feet from the front property line where your LDRs
16	than 40 percent of the site. This will leave about 2.15	16	require 15 feet, 82 feet from the rear property line
17	acres of native vegetation untouched by this development	17	where your LDRs require 15 feet, 231 feet from the west
18	plan.	18	side property line where your LDRs only require 10 feet
19	In my 20-plus years experience in this	19	and 175 feet from the east property line where your LDRs
20	profession, I have never come across a developer who has	20	require, again, only 10 feet.
21	been willing to leave that much land on the table, not	21	In no case are any of these setbacks less
22	even close. This is extraordinary.	22	than 400 percent over the required amount, and at most,
23	The height of the structure will not	23	the setback exceeds the required amount by over
24	exceed 22 feet above grade of the site. This height is	24	2000 percent. These massive setbacks, the lower height
25	similar to the height of a peaked-roof, single-family	25	of the structure, the intent to retain 2.15 acres of
	Page 23		Page 24
1	Page 23 vegetation all contribute to the conditions that allow	1	Page 24 Commissioners to understand if this proposal is
1 2		1 2	
	vegetation all contribute to the conditions that allow this use to coexist in proximity to other uses in a stable fashion over time so that this use will not	1	Commissioners to understand if this proposal is consistent with the guidance of the County's growth management documents.
2	vegetation all contribute to the conditions that allow this use to coexist in proximity to other uses in a stable fashion over time so that this use will not negatively impact others.	2 3 4	Commissioners to understand if this proposal is consistent with the guidance of the County's growth management documents. It is clear that the intent of the
2 3 4 5	vegetation all contribute to the conditions that allow this use to coexist in proximity to other uses in a stable fashion over time so that this use will not negatively impact others. Another factor in my compatibility study	2 3 4 5	Commissioners to understand if this proposal is consistent with the guidance of the County's growth management documents. It is clear that the intent of the Escambia County Comprehensive Plan is to promote new
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Pages 25 to 28

			Pages 23 to 20
	Page 25		Page 26
1	provision of infrastructure and urban services and the	1	provision of services, such as transportation, utilities
2	protection of natural resources. Urban strategies will	2	and governmental services.
3	include infill development, mixed-use development and	3	I submit to you that this proposal can
4	coordinated land use and transportation planning, end	4	coexist in a stable fashion over time with other uses in
5	quote.	5	the vicinity and will not negatively or adversely impact
6	Objective FLU 2.1 furthers the directives	6	the other uses directly or indirectly.
7	of this goal by stating, quote, direct growth towards	7	Thank you very much.
8	those areas where infrastructure and services exist to	8	Q Ms. Gutcher, just a couple of follow-up
9	support development at approved densities and	9	questions.
10	intensities, end quote.	10	A Yes.
11	Objective 2.3 speaks to directing future	11	Q Do you consider this store to be a
12	growth into already developed areas, which is referred	12	neighborhood commercial store?
13	to as infill development. Quote, encourage infill	13	A I do.
14	development in appropriate urbanized areas where	14	Q Where are neighborhood commercial stores
15	infrastructure is sufficient to meet demands, such as	15	typically located?
16	MU-U and MU-S, end quote. And, again, we are in a MU-S	16	A Within a residential or neighborhood area
17	future land use category.	17	for ease of access.
18	So in my conclusion, not only is this	18	MR. THERIAQUE: Thank you.
19	development compatible to surrounding uses, due to the	19	MR. CHAIRMAN: May we have an opportunity to
20	setbacks, the height of the structure, the mass of the	20	see if any board would like to ask questions?
21	structure, the lack of noise, smoke, dust, glare, and	21	THE WITNESS: Certainly.
22	the limited hours of operation, the Board of County	22	MR. CHAIRMAN: Any questions of the speaker,
23	Commissioners through the adoption of the Escambia	23	Board?
24	County Comprehensive Plan support this type of infill	24	(No response)
25	development in order to enhance efficiency of the	25	Staff, any questions of the speaker?
	Page 27		Page 28
1	MS. CRAWFORD: I would like to cross-examine	1	A That's correct.
2	the witness, please.	2	Q And then it appears that pages four
3	CROSS-EXAMINATION	3	four, five, six, seven and eight through the majority of
4	BY MS. CRAWFORD:	4	page nine, you're simply reciting the site conditions,
5	Q Is it Ms. Gootcher?	5	the zoning, future land use photographs, things not
6	A Gutcher.	6	necessarily related to your compatibility analysis but
7	Q Gutcher. Hi, Ms. Gutcher.	7	specific to this project?
8	A Hi.	8	A Well, you look at these things that are
9	Q I'm Meredith Crawford. I'm one of the	9	adopted in your documents to determine the compatibility
10	assistant county attorneys. I work with Development	10	of the site in accordance to what the allowable use is
11	Services.	11	and what the surrounding uses are.
12	MR. CHAIRMAN: Could you get the mic a little	12	Q We are going to walk through those code
13	closer? Thank you.	13	provisions.
14	BY MS. CRAWFORD:	14	So on the bottom of page nine, you give
15	Q Again, my name is Meredith Crawford. I'm	15	your opinion that the Dollar General store fulfills the
16	one of the assistant county attorneys.	16	location criteria pursuant to Section 3-2.10(e)(5).
17	If you will, can we just walk through your	17	A Yes.
18	compatibility analysis report?	18	Q And so it's your professional opinion that
19	A Certainly.	19	the way that this project meets compatibility is through
20	Q It appears that pages one and two are	20	that documented compatibility?
21	simply your table of contents?	21	A Through the documented compatibility
22	A That is correct.	22	analysis, yes.
23	Q And then on page three, you recite the	23	Q And that is what is contained in your
24	definition of competibility from the Floride Statutes	21	roport?

24

25

report?

А

That's correct.

definition of compatibility from the Florida Statutes,

the Comp Plan and the LDC?

24

25

	Page 29		Page 30
1	Q And did you read or review the entire code	1	district does not alone ensure compatibility with other
2	for preparing this report?	2	uses?
3	A I read those portions which were pertinent	3	A Yes. That's what the code says, yes.
4	to this development.	4	Q And so your statement that this is a
5	Q Did you review Section 3-1.6?	5	permitted use does not necessarily guarantee that this
6	THE WITNESS: Do you have a copy of the code?	6	is compatible; correct?
7	BY MS. CRAWFORD:	7	A That's correct.
8	Q I have a copy of the code, if you need it.	8	Q And then if you will look on to paragraph
9	A Do you have a page number so it would be	9	B of that same section, do you agree that this states:
10	easier for me to find it?	10	Location criteria are established within some zoning
11			districts to promote compatibility among uses,
12	-	12	especially new nonresidential uses in relation to
13	······································	13	
	Disturbance Activities; correct?	1	existing residential uses. Most criteria are designed
14	MR. JONES: You may have to I can show it	14	to create smooth transitions of use intensity from the
15	to you, if you don't mind.	15	large-scale concentrations of general commericial uses
16	THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. I was on the wrong	16	near major street intersections to small-scale dispersed
17	page.	17	neighborhood commercial uses in proximity to residential
18	BY MS. CRAWFORD:	18	areas? Is that an accurate
19	Q Article 1, General Provisions of the Land	19	A That is what the version I have states,
20	Development Code, 3-1.6.	20	yes.
21	A Yes.	21	Q And in your analysis, you note that there
22	Q If I can draw your attention to paragraph	22	are no large concentrations or it appears there are no
23	A, the last sentence. Do you agree that the code states	23	large concentrations of general commercial uses near
24	that: Although zoning separates generally incompatible	24	this site; is that correct?
25	development, inclusion as a permitted use within a	25	A Not adjacent to the site.
	Page 31		Page 32
			rage Jz
-			
1	Q Okay. So, again, this provision requires	1	A What was the citation?
2	Q Okay. So, again, this provision requires or states that the location criteria, which is what we	2	A What was the citation?Q 3-2.10(e). It also, I believe, is in
2 3	Q Okay. So, again, this provision requires or states that the location criteria, which is what we will get to in the next section, typically are	2 3	A What was the citation? Q 3-2.10(e). It also, I believe, is in your
2 3 4	Q Okay. So, again, this provision requires or states that the location criteria, which is what we will get to in the next section, typically are for transitional stages between heavy commercial and	2 3 4	 A What was the citation? Q 3-2.10(e). It also, I believe, is in your A Yes.
2 3 4 5	Q Okay. So, again, this provision requires or states that the location criteria, which is what we will get to in the next section, typically are for transitional stages between heavy commercial and smaller uses or less intense uses?	2 3 4 5	 A What was the citation? Q 3-2.10(e). It also, I believe, is in your A Yes. Q notebook.
2 3 4 5 6	Q Okay. So, again, this provision requires or states that the location criteria, which is what we will get to in the next section, typically are for transitional stages between heavy commercial and smaller uses or less intense uses? A Within some zoning districts.	2 3 4 5 6	 A What was the citation? Q 3-2.10(e). It also, I believe, is in your A Yes. Q notebook. Now, these location criteria are the
2 3 4 5 6 7	 Q Okay. So, again, this provision requires or states that the location criteria, which is what we will get to in the next section, typically are for transitional stages between heavy commercial and smaller uses or less intense uses? A Within some zoning districts. Q And you agree that there are no general 	2 3 4 5 6 7	 A What was the citation? Q 3-2.10(e). It also, I believe, is in your A Yes. Q notebook. Now, these location criteria are the criteria necessary to create new commercial development
2 3 4 5 6	Q Okay. So, again, this provision requires or states that the location criteria, which is what we will get to in the next section, typically are for transitional stages between heavy commercial and smaller uses or less intense uses? A Within some zoning districts.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 A What was the citation? Q 3-2.10(e). It also, I believe, is in your A Yes. Q notebook. Now, these location criteria are the criteria necessary to create new commercial development that is not part of a planned unit development and is
2 3 4 5 6 7	 Q Okay. So, again, this provision requires or states that the location criteria, which is what we will get to in the next section, typically are for transitional stages between heavy commercial and smaller uses or less intense uses? A Within some zoning districts. Q And you agree that there are no general commercial uses near major street intersections in this area? 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 A What was the citation? Q 3-2.10(e). It also, I believe, is in your A Yes. Q notebook. Now, these location criteria are the criteria necessary to create new commercial development that is not part of a planned unit development and is not identified
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Pages 33 to 36

		1	Pages 33 to 36
	Page 33		Page 34
1	Q So when we look at number one, proximity	1	A That's what my version says.
2	to an intersection, you agree that you're not within	2	Q And do you agree that this area, there is
3	one-quarter mile of the intersection	3	not an already established non-residential use, that
4	A We agree.	4	this is a residential area?
5	Q with an arterial street? Okay.	5	A I will concur that this site has a zoning
6	Number two, do you also agree you're not	6	designation for commercial and that the MU-U MU-S
7	within one-quarter mile radius of an individual traffic	7	category allows for commercial uses.
8	generator of more than 600 daily trips?	8	Q And the surrounding parcels are all
9	A We agree.	9	residential; correct?
10	Q Okay. I'm going to skip number three	10	A They are developed residentially within
11	because that is one you touched on and go down to number	11	the MU
12	four.	12	Q They are zoned residential?
13	Do you also agree that number four site	13	A S future land use category.
14	design, that you do not meet that criteria?	14	Q And the zoning is either low-density
15	A Yes.	15	residential or high-density residential on the
16	Q Okay. Now, if we go back up to infill	16	surrounding parcels?
17	development, do you agree that the definition requires	17	A Yes.
18	in this provision that infill development is along an	18	Q Thank you.
19	arterial or collector street, but it must be in an area	19	So given that infill development has to be
20	where already established non-residential uses are	20	in an area where already established non-residential
21	otherwise consistent with a commercial district and	21	uses are otherwise consistent with commericial, that
22	where the new use would constitute infill development of	22	would not apply?
23	a similar intensity as the conforming development on	23	A I don't know that I would agree with you
24	surrounding parcels? Do you agree that is the code	24	that this is definition of infill development. This is
25	provision?	25	an example of what this paragraph is citing regarding
		1	
	Dage 35		Page 36
1	Page 35	1	Page 36
1	commercial district.	1	A Yes.
2	commercial district. Q And so this would be the provision	2	A Yes.Q And in this case, in your documented
2 3	commercial district. Q And so this would be the provision controlling infill development in the commercial	2 3	A Yes. Q And in this case, in your documented compatibility analysis, you cite infill development?
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2 3 4 5 6	commercial district. Q And so this would be the provision controlling infill development in the commercial district; correct? That's why it would be in the code in this place? A However, the comprehensive plan policies	2 3 4 5 6	 A Yes. Q And in this case, in your documented compatibility analysis, you cite infill development? A I cite that this site is a development that is currently undeveloped and could be considered infill because there is a large developed area
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Pages 37 to 40

		1	
	Page 37		Page 38
1	unique circumstances regarding the potential uses of the	1	Q So buffering would not be sufficient on
2	parcel that were not anticipated by the alternative	2	its own? You would also have to meet the location
3	criteria? I believe that is the first sentence.	3	criteria before you're compatible; correct?
4	A That's correct.	4	A So, again, we're going back to Section
5	Q Infill development is contemplated and	5	3-1.6, Compatibility, Part B, location criteria.
6	anticipated by number three in the locational criteria;	6	Location criteria are established within some zoning
7	correct?	7	districts. And then what you're citing is underneath
8		8	that Part B location criteria.
	A Correct.	9	
9	Q Okay. Now, if you will go with me to		Q Actually, C, ma'am. I'm sorry. C, other
10	let's go back to Section 3-1.6, please.	10	measures.
11	A Okay.	11	A Okay. I'm sorry.
12	Q You mentioned buffering as part of the	12	Can you repeat your question?
13	applicant's ability to become compatible with the area;	13	Q Yes, ma'am.
14	correct?	14	C, other measures under the general
15	A Correct.	15	compatibility provision in the code
16	Q If you look at 3-1.6, paragraph C, other	16	A Yes.
17	measures, do you agree that it reads: In addition to	17	Q which is 3-1.6, it reads: "In addition
18	the location criteria of the zoning district,	18	to the location criteria of the zoning districts,
19	landscaping, buffering and screening may be required to	19	landscaping, buffering and screening may be required to
20	protect lower intensity uses for more intensive uses; is	20	protect lower intensity uses from more intensive uses."
21	that correct?	21	And then it goes on to describe, such as residential
22	A That's what it states.	22	from commercial and commercial from industrial. Do you
23	Q So this states in addition to location	23	agree that's
24	criteria, not in lieu of location criteria?	24	A That's what my version states.
25	A Yes. That's what it states.	25	Q And it states "in addition to the location
	Page 39		Page 40
		1	Page 40
1		1	
1 2	criteria," not "instead of the location criteria"?	1	Q And, if you will, turn with me to Section
2	criteria," not "instead of the location criteria"? A Correct.	2	Q And, if you will, turn with me to Section 1-1.11 entitled "Rules for Understanding LDC
2 3	criteria," not "instead of the location criteria"? A Correct. Q So in order to be compatible, you still	2 3	Q And, if you will, turn with me to Section 1-1.11 entitled "Rules for Understanding LDC Provisions."
2 3 4	criteria," not "instead of the location criteria"? A Correct. Q So in order to be compatible, you still must meet the location criteria, and compatibility	2 3 4	Q And, if you will, turn with me to Section 1-1.11 entitled "Rules for Understanding LDC Provisions." A Do you have a page number?
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Pages 41 to 44

		1	Pages II to II
	Page 41		Page 42
1	support generally infill development and, yet, restrict	1	criteria, which is included in the
2	it in certain zoning categories as deemed necessary by	2	A Yes, I'm there.
3	the governing body; correct?	3	Q commercial zoning district. So the
4	A Correct. But I haven't identified which	4	commercial zoning district includes locational criteria?
5	zoning category that would apply to because your code	5	A It does.
6	says "some zoning categories."	6	And I we recognize that we do not meet
7	Q And in the commercial zoning category, it	7	location criteria one, two, three or four.
8	is listed and included; correct?	8	Q So it's your position that you have shown
9	A Can you point to that?	9	unique circumstances that are not otherwise anticipated
10	Q Sure. It's 3-2.10, the location criteria	10	by the criteria?
11	we have been discussing.	11	A Yes.
12	A Absolutely. I'm flipping through so many	12	Q And those unique circumstances are
13	pages. Could you help me with that, please?	13	outlined in your analysis?
14	Q I apologize. Sure. In mine, it's 3:50.	14	A Well, I think one of the unique
15	I believe this is tab four in your notebook.	15	circumstances is the allowable uses in the commercial
16	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16	and the mixed use-S category that allow for commercial
17	A I don't have a notebook. So I'm referring to the	17	development but somehow not on this parcel that is zoned
		18	commercially.
18	Q I'm sorry. You can have mine.	19	2
19 20	A Yes. Thank you.	20	Q And you agree that simply because of uses permitted, it's not automatically compatible?
	So location criteria, Part E. And again? MR. JONES: 3-2.10.	20	
21		22	A Because of uses permitted, it is not
22	THE WITNESS: Yes, I'm on that page, 3, $50 - 250$	23	automatically compatible. I do agree with that.
23	semicolon, 50 3:50.		Q And in your analysis, you cite Comp Plan
24	BY MS. CRAWFORD:	24	policy regarding new development in built areas, which
25	Q Yes. And, again, this is the location	25	is FLU 1.5.1?
		1	
	Page 43		Page 44
1		1	
1 2	A Correct.	1	A That is correct.
2	A Correct.Q You also cite FLU 2, which is infill	2	A That is correct.Q And, in fact, when you refer to the
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 A Correct. Q You also cite FLU 2, which is infill development. Objective 2.1 is just urban development. And then you have 2.3, again, infill development. And those are the bases for your opinion; correct? A These are in support of my opinion. Q And they are included in the section of your opinion entitled "Analysis," where you would weigh the factors and the code and advise the Board of Adjustment as to your position? A That's correct. Q And in here, those are the provisions you cite? A Yes. MS. CRAWFORD: I believe those are my questions of this witness. MR. THERIAQUE: Mr. Chairman, I have a couple of brief follow-up. MR. THERIAQUE: Thank you, sir. REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. THERIAQUE: Q Ms. Gutcher, just so the record is clear, 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 A That is correct. Q And, in fact, when you refer to the infill, you were just discussing infill as a concept, not a vocational criterion; is that correct? A That's correct. Q How many acres, again, is this property? A 3.4. Q And how many acres are undeveloped? A 2.15. Q Would you say that leaving two-plus acres out of a three-acre parcel was exceptional? A I agree with that, yes. Q Would you consider leaving over two acres untouched on a three-acre parcel to be a unique circumstance? A I will say that is true. And I have never come across that in my 20-plus years as a land use planner. Q And in your report, if you can help me find it again, I believe you have the setbacks. Was it page A It's page 12. Q Page 12. Thank you. And you indicated in

			Pages 45 to 48
	Page 45		Page 46
1	Q And you indicated that there was a 15-foot	1	property owner offering to exceed the rear setback by
2	setback for the front and that this property was	2	447 percent?
3	providing 97 feet?	3	A I do not. I do not think I think that
4	A That's correct.	4	is excessive, and I think that is something that most
5	Q And that it exceeded the requirement by	5	developers, if not all developers, would not do.
6	547 percent?	6	Q Would that be a unique circumstance?
7	A That is correct.	7	A It would.
8	Q Do you think the locational criteria	8	Q Then on Table 3, you refer to the side
9	contemplated an applicant submitting an application that	9	setback of ten feet and that there are 231 feet at the
10	exceeded the front setback by 547 percent?	10	rear corner exceeding the County's regulations by 2,210
11	A I do not.	11	percent?
12	Q Do you consider that to be a unique	12	A That is correct.
13	circumstance?	13	Q Do you consider that to be a unique
14	A I do.	14	circumstance that a property owner would exceed the
15	Q The rear was 15 feet required by the code,	15	setback requirement by 2,210 percent?
16	and I believe you said that the rear here has 82 feet to	16	A I do.
17	exceed by 447 percent; is that correct?	17	Q And on the side, the code requires ten
18	A That's correct.	18	feet. I believe your table states that the applicant
19	Q Do you consider that to be an exceptional	19	here is providing 175 feet and that the applicant is
20	setback?	20	proposing to exceed the County's regulations by 1,650
21	A I do.	21	percent; is that correct?
22	Q Do you consider that to be unique for this	22	A That's correct.
23	property?	23	Q Do you consider exceeding the side setback
24	A Ido.	24	by 1,650 percent to be a unique circumstance not
25	Q Do you believe the code contemplated a	25	contemplated by locational criteria?
	Page 47		Page 48
1	A I do.	1	occasions there are property owners who do not fully
2	Q Would you consider that all of the side	2	develop the entire parcel and leave vacant acreage?
3	setbacks and the rear setback and the front setback are	3	A I will concur that when a developer has
4	exceptional setbacks?	4	excessive amounts of property that are not part of the
5	A I do consider them exceptional, yes.	5	development plan, those are usually lands that are held
6	Q And have you ever seen a property owner	6	for future sale or future development.
7	that had a three-acre plus or minus parcel offer to not	7	Q And that may be with your clients, but, in
8	develop more than two-thirds of the property of the	8	general, there are parcels throughout counties that are
9			
	developed property?	9	only partially developed and leave vacant acreage?
10	A Not only that, but I have never seen a	9 10	A I agree that in my 20-years plus of
10 11	A Not only that, but I have never seen a developer not clear the property for ease of visibility	10 11	A I agree that in my 20-years plus of planning that those parcels are usually reserved
11 12	A Not only that, but I have never seen a developer not clear the property for ease of visibility on a site like this.	10 11 12	A I agree that in my 20-years plus of planning that those parcels are usually reserved for future sale or future development.
11 12 13	A Not only that, but I have never seen a developer not clear the property for ease of visibility on a site like this. MR. THERIAQUE: Thank you. No more questions.	10 11 12 13	A I agree that in my 20-years plus of planning that those parcels are usually reserved for future sale or future development.Q And there is no requirement that that be
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25 And would you agree that on any number of Q

24 know you have other witnesses and speakers. I think it would be beneficial to the board members

questions of your speaker. And if you have no

objection, I believe it would be beneficial if -- I

22

23

Pages 49 to 52

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25THE WITNESS: It depends on the type of25Georgia.	24	be possible?	24	MR. HODGES: 121 Parkway Drive, Thomasville,
	25	THE WITNESS: It depends on the type of	25	Georgia.

Dage 51

	Page 51		Page 52
1	We currently hold a lease with Dollar	1	presentation, and you will have a chance to have
2	General. It's a 15-year triple-net lease with four	2	your witnesses later if that is okay.
3	five-year options. Inside of that lease,	3	MR. THERIAQUE: Yes, sir.
4	obviously, there are many exhibits. And one of	4	MR. CHAIRMAN: All right, staff.
5	those is going to be this surveyed property.	5	WHEREUPON,
6	So this 3.45 acres is actually going to	6	ANDREW HOLMER
7	be the demised premises in the lease, and the lease	7	was called as a witness and, after having been first
8	does not allow for any future development while the	8	duly sworn, testified as follows:
9	Dollar General is on the property. So there will	9	MR. HOLMER: I'm Andrew Holmer, again, with
10	be no opportunity to develop this other property,	10	Development Services. I'm going to go through the
11	the remaining buffering property, while the Dollar	11	maps on the site just to kind of orient everybody
12	General is in place.	12	and show everybody where we are.
13	MR. GODWIN: And how long is the lease?	13	This is our location map showing where
14	MR. HODGES: A 15-year initial term with four	14	it's located along Gulf Beach Highway. This is a
15	five-year options at the end of that 15-year term.	15	500-foot radius map showing the zoning on site is
16	MR. GODWIN: Are those negotiated or	16	commercial. To the south, you see low density
17	automatic?	17	residential and to the north, high density
18	MR. HODGES: They are automatically available	18	residential. That black line is the 500-foot
19	to Dollar General. They can at the end of 15	19	radius.
20	years, they can decide to relocate or continue to	20	Future land use on site and throughout
21	operate the store after 15 years.	21	that whole area is mixed-use suburban.
22	MR. CHAIRMAN: Thank you, sir.	22	This is an aerial map of the site. As
23	MR. HODGES: Thank you.	23	you can see, it's currently undeveloped. You have
24	MR. CHAIRMAN: Again, if there is no	24	single-family residential uses everywhere around
25	objection, we will have staff make their	25	that.
		1	

Pages 53 to 56

	Page 53		Page 54
1		1	
1 2	The public hearing sign posted on site.		the criteria for everyone in the public to speak
	We are getting new signs. Yeah. I should have	2	to. We will put these back up when we get to
3	they have longer legs on them. I will tell	3	public speakers just to help folks out.
4	everyone in the audience who may have had concerns	4	MS. CRAWFORD: I just have one or maybe two
5	about that, those little metal legs do not do so	5	questions for you.
6	well in high winds and sand.	6	DIRECT EXAMINATION
7	So this is looking north at the site.	7	BY MS. CRAWFORD:
8	From where the sign was posted, as you can see,	8	Q Gulf Beach Highway, is that a collector
9	like I said, it's an undeveloped vegetative site.	9	road?
10	And looking east along Gulf Beach	10	A Yes. I put that on the map legend. You
11	Highway, you can see the sidewalk and right-of-way	11	can see by the dark blue color. Sorry it doesn't come
12	there. It's on the north side of Gulf Beach.	12	up so well on our equipment that we currently have.
13	This is a map showing on the inner circle	13	Once again, like our wonderful microphone
14	is a quarter-mile buffer. The outer circle is a	14	here, we are getting an upgrade in equipment, folks,
15	half-mile buffer. These are both referred to in	15	next month.
16	the locational criteria for commercial zoning.	16	Yes, Gulf Beach Highway is what is
17	This is the zoning within those two	17	classified as a major collector road.
18	buffers of a quarter mile and half mile. As I do	18	Q And within that quarter-mile and half-mile
19	for you-all with various appeal hearings, I do put	19	radius, is there the necessary intersection as required
20	the code sections up there. The speakers are using	20	by, I guess, locational criteria one, two and four?
21	actual copies of the code.	21	A The only intersections with that major
22	If you can skip down a bit more.	22	collector are local roads. Within the quarter mile,
23	And here is, as I put up there, the	23	within the half mile, the nearest intersection with
24	appeal criteria, a definition from the state on	24	anything other than a local road is where Bauer Road
25	from the statutes on arbitrary and capricious and	25	connects off to the west.
	Page 55		Dama 50
			Page 56
1		1	Page 56
1	Q And that is outside of the half mile?	1	acre throughout the district.
2	Q And that is outside of the half mile?A Yes, ma'am.	2	acre throughout the district. Q And is there a maximum height requirement
2 3	Q And that is outside of the half mile?A Yes, ma'am.MS. CRAWFORD: Those are my questions.	2 3	acre throughout the district. Q And is there a maximum height requirement on this property of 150 feet?
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Pages 57 to 60

	Page 57		Page 58
1	residential project at 25 dwelling units to the acre,	1	were built with 85 units, would you believe that there
2	would I be allowed as-of-right to have a 150-foot high	2	would be more of a loss of privacy for the surrounding
3	structure?	3	residential than what would be or what would occur
4	A As established by the zoning.	4	with a 9,100-square-foot Dollar General with a height of
5	Q Is that a yes?	5	22 feet?
6	A Yes, sir.	6	A I can't say to the loss of privacy. I
7	Q And this property is approximately	7	would tell you that is a lot of density on the site in
8	three-plus acres. I think it's 3.4.	8	relation to the surrounding areas.
9	A I believe the property appraiser says is	9	MR. THERIAQUE: Thank you.
10	2.96.	10	I have no other questions.
11	Q It's surveyed at 3.45.	11	MR. CHAIRMAN: Board members, any questions of
12	A I will go with the survey.	12	staff?
13	Q I got it.	13	(No response)
14	And if I wanted to calculate maximum	14	I know the applicant has more witnesses.
15	density, I would multiply the 3.45 times 25; is that	15	What I'm going to do is call on opposition.
16	correct?	16	MS. CRAWFORD: Mr. Chairman, I have an
17	A That will give you your maximum allowable	17	additional witness for the County. I apologize.
18	density, not guaranteed.	18	MR. CHAIRMAN: Go ahead.
19	Q Correct.	19	MS. CRAWFORD: I would call Horace Jones.
20	So we are looking at somewhere around	20	WHEREUPON,
21	potentially 75 to 80 dwelling units per acre or	21	HORACE JONES
22	excuse me for the project, not per acre?	22	was called as a witness and, after having been first
23	A Yes, sir. Obviously, depending on site	23	duly sworn, testified as follows:
24	conditions and other factors.	24	DIRECT EXAMINATION
25	Q And if a residential project at 150 feet	25	BY MS. CRAWFORD:
	Page 59		Page 60
	i age 57		
1		1	
1	Q Mr. Jones, will you state for me your name	1	Q And what was your determination?
2	and occupation?	2	Q And what was your determination?A My determination was that it did not
2 3	and occupation? A My name is Horace Jones. I'm the director	2 3	Q And what was your determination? A My determination was that it did not the proposed use, commercial use, did not meet the
2 3 4	and occupation? A My name is Horace Jones. I'm the director of the Development Service Department of Escambia	2 3 4	Q And what was your determination? A My determination was that it did not the proposed use, commercial use, did not meet the compatibility analysis as outlined in the Land
2 3 4 5	and occupation? A My name is Horace Jones. I'm the director of the Development Service Department of Escambia County, Florida.	2 3 4 5	Q And what was your determination? A My determination was that it did not the proposed use, commercial use, did not meet the compatibility analysis as outlined in the Land Development Code of Escambia County.
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		1	
	Page 61		Page 62
1	the factors related to this specific cite and pages, I	1	Q And can you tell the board why this is not
2	believe, three through about the end of nine?	2	infill development based on criterion three?
3	A Yes.	3	A Yes. Based upon based upon the zoning
4	Q And yet, you disagree that the Dollar	4	district for commercial, which is 3-2.10, it states
5	General meets the documented compatibility?	5	that, the specific performance. It says, "Along an
6	A Yes, I do disagree.	6	arterial or collector street in an area where already
7	Q What are the surrounding existing uses in	7	established non-residential uses are otherwise
8	this area?	8	consistent with a commercial district and where the new
9	A Based upon based upon my analysis, it	9	use would constitute infill development of a similar
10	is established, existing, residential neighborhoods.	10	intensity as the conforming development on surrounding
11	Q And are there any commercial developments	11	parcels."
12	in this area?	12	Basically, there are no other
13	A According to my review, it's not.	13	non-residential uses in the immediate vicinity or
14	Q When you review compatibility and when you	14	proximity to the proposed location. So, therefore,
15	specifically reviewed this project, do you use the	15	based upon the terms of three, it does not meet infill
16	criteria located under 3-2.10(e)?	16	development.
17	A Yes.	17	Q And further in three, would you agree that
18	Q And do you agree that this property does	18	a Dollar General is not of similar intensity as other
19	not meet criteria one, two and four as conceded by the	19	developments on surrounding parcels, which are HDR and
20	applicant?	20	LDR?
21	A I do agree.	21	A I do agree with that.
22	Q As to number three, the applicant also	22	Q And would the Dollar General be more
23	concedes they do not meet infill development. Would you	23	intense?
24	agree that this is not infill development?	24	A Yes.
25	A This is not infill development.	25	Q So you're in agreement that it does not
	D (2)		
	Page 63		Page 64
1	Page 63	1	Page 64
1	meet number three?	1	Q Outside of infill development, are you
2	meet number three? A It does not meet number three.	2	Q Outside of infill development, are you aware of any unique or I'm sorry outside of the
2 3	meet number three?A It does not meet number three.Q Now, you have heard and reviewed the	2 3	Q Outside of infill development, are you aware of any unique or I'm sorry outside of the empty acreage, are you aware of any other alleged unique
2 3 4	meet number three? A It does not meet number three. Q Now, you have heard and reviewed the compatibility analysis by the applicant?	2 3 4	Q Outside of infill development, are you aware of any unique or I'm sorry outside of the empty acreage, are you aware of any other alleged unique circumstances related to this parcel?
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	Page 65		Page 66
1	Q And while this use is allowed in this	1	think you may have misunderstood.
2	zoning and future land use category, it's still your	2	In paragraph B, does it state: "These
3	professional opinion that it's not compatible?	3	location criteria are designed to create smooth
4	A I do agree that it's not compatible.	4	transition of use intensity from large-scale
5	Q And that is based on its inability to meet	5	concentrations of general commercial uses near major
6	those five criteria, or any one of those five criteria?	6	street intersections to small-scale dispersed
7	A Yes.	7	neighborhood commercial uses in proximity to residential
8	Q And do you agree that the code designates	8	areas"?
9	location criteria and states: "They're designed to	9	A I do agree with that.
10	create smooth transitions of use intensity from	10	Q And you agree that they have classified
11	large-scale concentrations of general commericial uses	11	themselves as a neighborhood commercial use?
12	near major street intersections to small-scale dispersed	12	A Yes.
13	neighborhood commercial uses in proximity to residential	13	Q Based on this provision, is it your
14	areas"?	14	opinion that the location criteria included in the
15	A I do agree with that.	15	commercial category are to transition between the
16	Q And have you heard this morning the	16	large-scale commercial use to the neighborhood
17	applicant refer to their development as a neighborhood	17	commercial and not between a residential use to
18	commercial use?	18	neighborhood commercial?
19	A I did hear it this morning.	19	A I do agree with that.
20	Q And does the code state that location	20	Q And so based on the definition of location
21	criteria is to transition between large concentrations	21	criteria, the premise alone would not meet that?
22	of commercial use to those smaller neighborhood	22	A It would not meet it.
23	commercial uses?	23	Q And, again, the same section, paragraph C,
24	A No, it does not.	24	would you agree that buffering, screening and
25	Q Does let me restate the question. I	25	landscaping may be used in addition to location
	Page 67		Page 68
			1490 00
1	criteria, but it does not take the place of?	1	
1 2	criteria, but it does not take the place of? A Lagree that it's in addition to.	1	A Yes.
1 2 3	A I agree that it's in addition to.		A Yes.Q And is that authority that has been given
2	A I agree that it's in addition to.Q And then, finally, I believe	2	A Yes.Q And is that authority that has been given to you by the Board of County Commissioners?
2 3	 A I agree that it's in addition to. Q And then, finally, I believe MR. THERIAQUE: I'm sorry. I need to 	2 3	A Yes.Q And is that authority that has been given to you by the Board of County Commissioners?A Yes, they have.
2 3 4	 A I agree that it's in addition to. Q And then, finally, I believe MR. THERIAQUE: I'm sorry. I need to interrupt for one second. When you said B and C, 	2 3 4	A Yes.Q And is that authority that has been given to you by the Board of County Commissioners?
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Pages 69 to 72

			Pages 69 to 72
	Page 69		Page 70
1	Q Could you turn to LDC 3:12? It's 3-1.6,	1	When you determined that the Dollar
2	compatibility language.	2	General was not compatible with the residential areas,
3	A Yes, sir.	3	did you determine that that store or proposed store was
4	Q And do you see paragraph B?	4	not compatible because of smoke?
5	A I believe yes, I do.	5	A No, sir.
6	Q Would you read the second sentence that	6	Q Did you determine that it was not
7	begins "most criteria"?	7	compatible because of odors?
8	A It says reading 3-1.6(b), "Most	8	A No, sir.
9	criteria are designed to create smooth transitions of	9	Q Did you determine it was not compatible
10	use intensity from large-scale concentrations of general	10	because of mass and bulk?
11	commericial uses near major street intersections to	11	A No, sir.
12	small-scale dispersed neighborhood commercial uses in	12	Q Did you determine that it was not
13	proximity to residential areas."	13	compatible because of noise?
14	Q Thank you.	14	A No, sir.
15	It doesn't say all criteria; correct?	15	Q Did you determine that the surrounding
16	A It says most.	16	residential uses could no longer continue as residential
17	Q So that would mean some of the criteria	17	uses if the property were developed with a Dollar
18	are not designed to address a smooth transition from	18	General?
19	large-scale concentrations of general commercial to	19	A I did not determine that.
20	small-scale dispersed neighborhood commercial uses;	20	Q So you would agree that the surrounding
21	isn't that true?	21	residential uses could continue to function for
22 23	A It says most.	22 23	residential uses if the Dollar General is developed on
23 24	Q Right. So some would not?	23	this property? A The residential uses could remain.
24	A Yes, sir. Q Thank you.	24	Q Would you agree with me, as a planner,
23	Q Indik you.	25	Q would you agree with the, as a plainer,
	Page 71		Page 72
1		1	Page 72 Q I understand.
1 2	that the factors that we looked at for compatibility are	1 2	Q I understand.
		1	
2	that the factors that we looked at for compatibility are mass and bulk; is that correct?	2	Q I understand. Now, as a planner, not what is in (e)(5).
2 3	that the factors that we looked at for compatibility are mass and bulk; is that correct? A It's not in the code.	2 3	Q I understand. Now, as a planner, not what is in (e)(5). Are you A.I.C.P.?
2 3 4	that the factors that we looked at for compatibility are mass and bulk; is that correct?A It's not in the code.Q It's not in the code?	2 3 4	 Q I understand. Now, as a planner, not what is in (e)(5). Are you A.I.C.P.? A No, I'm not. Q Okay. As a planner, have you analyzed compatibility on other projects?
2 3 4 5	 that the factors that we looked at for compatibility are mass and bulk; is that correct? A It's not in the code. Q It's not in the code? A Yes, sir. That's not when I reviewed. Q Tell me where in the code that you're referring to, sir. 	2 3 4 5	 Q I understand. Now, as a planner, not what is in (e)(5). Are you A.I.C.P.? A No, I'm not. Q Okay. As a planner, have you analyzed compatibility on other projects? A Yes, I have.
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	Page 73		Page 74
1	Q Thank you.	1	the Land Development Code.
2	Would a planner also look at whether a	2	Q Could you turn to Section 6-0.3 in the
3	proposed use would generate noise that would disturb the	3	code?
4	surrounding properties?	4	A Yes. That is the definitions, yes, sir,
5	A If it is part of their requirements, they	5	the definition for compatibility.
6	could.	6	Q What I'm looking at is 6:11, compatible.
7	Q And would a planner also look at odor and	7	I don't know if your code is broken down the same as
8	glare?	8	mine. Do you see that, sir?
9	A If it is part of their criteria, they	9	A Are you looking at the definition for
10	could.	10	compatible?
11	Q Turn to please identify what you	11	Q Yes.
12	believe are the criteria for determining compatibility	12	A Yes, sir.
13	in this Land Development Code.	13	Q "A condition" and I'm reading this. "A
14	A The criteria for determining compatibility	14	condition in which land uses, activities or conditions
15	in this Land Development Code is guided by Section	15	can coexist in relative proximity to each other in a
16	3-1.6, but more specifically, it is guided by the zoning	16	stable fashion over time, such that no use, activity, or
17	district requirements of 3-2.10 under (e).	17	condition is unduly negatively impacted directly or
18	Q Mr. Jones, isn't it true that 10(e), the	18	indirectly by another use, activity or condition."
19	locational criteria, are not all compatibility	19	Did I read that correctly?
20	requirements? In fact, only one of them is a	20	A Yes, sir. That is the way that it's
21	compatibility requirement, and that is (e)(5)?	21	worded.
22	A But based upon based upon the Land and	22	Q That's the County's definition?
23	Development Code for reviewing compatibility, one of the	23	A Yes, sir.
24	requirements is to look at the location criteria. So,	24	Q And isn't it true that under the County's
25	basically, this is what we do in Escambia County inside	25	definition that there can be some degree of negative
	Page 75		Page 76
1	impact? The negative impact just can't reach the level	1	residential uses in a stable fashion over time, such
2	of unduly negative; correct?	2	that no use, activity or condition is unduly negatively
3	A That's what it says.	3	impacted, directly or indirectly?
4	Q Is this the definition that you use when	4	A Based upon the location criteria, it does
5	you are doing a compatibility analysis?	5	not meet the definition of what we consider
б	A Based upon the definition, we do use that	6	compatibility?
7	as guided by the specific zoning district requirement.	7	MR. THERIAQUE: Mr. Chairman, if I may, I'm
8	Q And tell me what about the proposed Dollar	8	not asking about the location criteria. I don't
9	General would fail to meet this definition. That's a	9	want to be redundant. My question is under the
10	poorly worded question. Let me restate it.	10	definition that is contained in the County's Land
11	Isn't it true that the proposed Dollar	11	Development Code. And I'm reading it almost
12	General can coexist in relative proximity to the	12	verbatim. Whether and I will ask it again, if I
13	surrounding residential uses in a stable fashion over	13	may, because I still haven't gotten a yes or a no.
14	time, such that no use, activity or condition is unduly	14	BY MR. THERIAQUE:
15	negatively impacted, directly or indirectly, by another	15	Q Isn't it true that the proposed Dollar
16	use, activity or condition?	16	General on the subject property can coexist in relative
17	A Along with the criteria, the other	17	proximity to the surrounding residential uses in a
18 19	criteria, as inside the zoning district of the Land	18 19	stable fashion over time, such that no use, activity or
20	Development Code in its entirety, it has to meet all of those things because the definition just provides	20	condition is unduly negatively impacted, directly or indirectly?
20	general guidance, just a general definition.	21	A Without me having a site plan, it cannot
22	Q That didn't answer my question.	22	meet those things. And I cannot ascertain that at this
23	My question was: Isn't it true that the	23	time. Nor will I be able to say that it can because it
24	proposed Dollar General on the subject property can	24	does not meet the location criteria of all the other
25	coexist in relative proximity to the surrounding	25	standards within the Land Development Code. I have to
	1		······································

Pages 77 to 80

	Page 77		Page 78
1		1	sir?
1	take it in whole, not just in part, the entire zoning	2	
2 3	districts and requirements of location criteria, which	3	Q (e)(5). A (e)(5), yes, sir.
4	is part of this review, in determining does it meet compatibility.	4	Q It's the location criteria.
4 5		5	A Yes, sir.
6	Q So tell me how the proposed Dollar General will create an impact a negative impact on the	6	Q You are saying that compatibility is
7	surrounding residential use, sir.	7	something you can't determine right now. Yet, the code
8	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Ask the residents.	8	specifically provides an applicant or a property owner
9	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Yes, we live there.	9	with the right to demonstrate location criteria through
10	BY MR. THERIAQUE:	10	documenting compatibility.
11	Q I'm asking him directly.	11	I understand your statement about location
12	A Without me, again respectfully, without	12	criteria, but what I still haven't heard from you, sir,
13	me having a site plan to review, at this time I base my	13	is how this proposed Dollar General on this property is
14	review upon the zoning district doesn't meet the	14	incompatible as defined by the County's Land Development
15	location criteria. My determination is still the same.	15	Code with the surrounding residential uses? Simply
16	It does not.	16	saying that it doesn't meet the location criteria
17	Whether or not those other elements, those	17	doesn't provide a compatibility analysis.
18	other performance standards, they will have to be	18	A It says, "unique circumstances, documented
19	reviewed during the site plan review process. At this	19	compatibility." Under five, it says: "A compatibility
20	time, we are not at this point. It doesn't meet the	20	analysis prepared by the applicant provides competent,
21	compatibility based upon this review, respectfully.	21	substantial evidence of unique circumstances." There is
22	Q Mr. Jones	22	nothing unique. One of the criteria
23	A Yes, sir.	23	Q Go ahead, sir.
24	Q can you turn to LDC 3-50, page 3:50?	24	A One of the criteria, Mr. Theriaque, is the
25	A Can you give me a section number, please,	25	location criteria will help us determine the location
_	······································		
	Page 79		Page 80
1		1	
	compatibility. Location criteria is a very is a	1 2	therefore, since she represents her client, I relayed
1 2 3	compatibility. Location criteria is a very is a very, very essential factor in determining whether a	2	therefore, since she represents her client, I relayed that information back to her as the agent for the
2	compatibility. Location criteria is a very is a very, very essential factor in determining whether a proposed use meets the compatibility test analysis.	1	therefore, since she represents her client, I relayed
2 3	compatibility. Location criteria is a very is a very, very essential factor in determining whether a proposed use meets the compatibility test analysis. Q Isn't it true that you were provided a	2 3	therefore, since she represents her client, I relayed that information back to her as the agent for the property owner or whomever that client was at the time.
2 3 4	compatibility. Location criteria is a very is a very, very essential factor in determining whether a proposed use meets the compatibility test analysis. Q Isn't it true that you were provided a preliminary site plan as part of this compatibility	2 3 4	therefore, since she represents her client, I relayed that information back to her as the agent for the property owner or whomever that client was at the time. Q Isn't it true that I contacted the County
2 3 4 5	compatibility. Location criteria is a very is a very, very essential factor in determining whether a proposed use meets the compatibility test analysis. Q Isn't it true that you were provided a preliminary site plan as part of this compatibility analysis?	2 3 4 5	therefore, since she represents her client, I relayed that information back to her as the agent for the property owner or whomever that client was at the time. Q Isn't it true that I contacted the County attorney, as well as you, to ask for us to tee up the
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Pages 81 to 84

-			Pages of to 04
	Page 81		Page 82
1	be addressed in a full development review committee,	1	is it your opinion that it is incompatible?
2	DRC, process?	2	A Yes. My opinion is it is still
3	A Yes, sir.	3	incompatible.
4	Q Yes, ma'am.	4	Q And when you look at that definition, in
5	A Yes, ma'am.	5	order to be compatible, it must be shown that it can
6	Q Is that anything that you looked at	6	coexist in relative proximity in a stable fashion over
7	for this threshold determination related to	7	time?
8	compatibility?	8	A That's what the definition says.
9	A No, sir no, ma'am.	9	Q And this is a proposed store, basically a
10	Q Isn't this a threshold determination?	10	general-type store, surrounded completely by commercial
11	A Yes.	11	residential I'm sorry residential homes
12	Q So this must be determined at the request	12	A Yes, definitely.
13	of the applicant prior to them submitting?	13	Q an already established, built-out
14	A Yes.	14	A Yes.
15	Q Now, you were asked a lot about the	15	Q platted subdivision; is that correct?
16	definition of compatible. Did you look at the	16	A Yes.
17	definition of compatible before you gave your	17	MS. CRAWFORD: I believe those are my only
18	determination?	18	follow-up questions. Thank you.
19	A Yes, I did look at it.	19	MR. CHAIRMAN: Board members, any questions of
20	Q And did you consider the definition of	20	staff, Mr. Jones or staff counsel at this time?
21	compatible that is within our code when you made the	21	(No response)
22	determination?	22	MR. CHAIRMAN: We normally limit speakers to
23	A Yes.	23	three minutes. Even at three minutes, we will be
24	Q Based on your review of the definition, an	24	here until Thursday week. What I would like to do
25	application of the code and definition to this project,	25	is perhaps, as a group, you have kind of a
	Page 83		Page 84
1		1	
1 _2	Page 83 representative speaker who could address the issues that you have as residents of that area. And then	1 2	Page 84 Reporter to break. She's been going for over two hours straight.
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Pages 85 to 88

	Page 85		Page 86
1	the project, yea or nay.	1	the planning official's decision that determined
2	Barbara Notz, Tom Sullivan, Chris	2	the location of a Dollar General store at the
3	Webster, Kimberly Laye, James Henderson, Joan	3	proposed site on Gulf Beach Highway would not be
4	Henderson, Bill Barnes, Robert and I believe	4	compatible with our residential and neighborhood
5	it's LaRick or LaRock, Robert, John Hallam, John	5	communities.
6	Petit, Shawn Duane, Christine Harper, Bob	6	We are in complete agreement with the
7	Sterriker, Cindy Marvel, Sheri Lynch, Lindsey	7	planning with the findings of the planning
8	Brown, Jim Matthews, Walt Viglienzone, Brandi	8	official who clearly cited the reasons why this
9	Schoenvogel.	9	development should not proceed.
10	I think what we will we have a lot	10	After reviewing this decision, we decided
11	more, but we'll go ahead and get started.	11	to consider where other Dollar Generals were
12	MS. BARBARA NOTZ: My name is Barbara Notz. I	12	located. This helped us to understand how the
13	live at 11501 Gulf Beach Highway, and I am against	13	planning board reached their decision to allow
14	it.	14	development on those sites.
15	MR. HODGES: I would just like to ask	15	It became very clear the board would have
16	everybody that is speaking we are getting new	16	no problem signing off on stores near Sorrento
17	equipment. I just have to keep saying that.	17	Road, for example, the one at Bauer Road and
18	Please speak directly into the microphone.	18	Lillian Highway or Kingsport and Gulf Beach
19	MS. KIMBERLY LAYE: Kimberly Laye, 425 Palm	19	Highway, as well as many others.
20	Lake Drive, against.	20	These locations are all in higher traffic
21	MR. TOM SULLIVAN: Tom Sullivan, 6125 Electra	21	density areas where commercial development had
22	Lane, Pensacola. We are opposed to this project.	22	already been established when the request to
23	We are original homeowners in Chevalier. We had	23	develop these sites were initiated. They all fit
24	our home built via construction in 1994.	24	the requirements as described by the County Land
25	We are asking this board to concur with	25	Development Code.

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1	A Dollar General at the Gulf Beach	1	make sure I had your name correct.
2	Highway/Chevalier location is not compatible with	2	Are you an urban regional planner?
3	an established residential community. It does not	3	MR. TOM SULLIVAN: No.
4	meet the criteria of the LDC. as we stated, and	4	MR. THERIAQUE: And you said that if this is
5	would not only break up the community, would break	5	approved, that it would break up the community.
6	up the community for further community commercial	6	Isn't it true that there are no other properties
7	development.	7	near your neighborhood that have a commercial
8	We are for progress and appreciate having	8	zoning district?
9	retail facilities such as Dollar General. We wish	9	MR. TOM SULLIVAN: At this time, true.
10	them as well as they seek to build stores in other	10	MR. THERIAQUE: So other properties would have
11	locations, locations that are available in areas	11	to be rezoned for your theory; correct?
12	zoned specifically for their business model and are	12	MR. TOM SULLIVAN: Exactly. Exactly.
13	compatible with our local zoning laws.	13	MR. THERIAQUE: No other questions. Thank
14	Thank you.	14	you.
15	MR. CHAIRMAN: Thank you.	15	MR. BILL BARNES: Bill Barnes, 5099 Grumman,
16	MR. THERIAQUE: Mr. Chairman, I have a few	16	Chevalier, against.
17	questions.	17	MR. CHAIRMAN: Thank you.
18	MR. TOM SULLIVAN: Yes, sir.	18	MR. ROBERT LAROCK: Robert LaRock, 6021
19	MR. CHAIRMAN: Yes, sir.	19	Firefly Drive, Pensacola, against.
20	MR. THERIAQUE: I have a few questions of the	20	MR. JAMES HENDERSON: James Henderson, 4106
21	speaker.	21	Cobia Street. I'm against.
22	MR. CHAIRMAN: Yes, sir. Go ahead.	22	MS. JOAN HENDERSON: Joan Henderson, 4106
23	MR. THERIAQUE: Was it Tom Sullivan.	23	Cobia Street, Chevalier, against.
24	MR. TOM SULLIVAN: Correct.	24	MR. BOB STERRIKER: Bob Sterriker, 1016 Avia
25	MR. THERIAQUE: Thank you, sir. I wanted to	25	Lane, against.

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			Pages 89 to 92
	Page 89		Page 90
1	MS. CINDY COOK: Hi. My name is Cindy Cook	1	air traffic if you ask me. And unduly, I think it
2	I'm from 5067 Challenger Way. I am against, but I	2	will impact the fact that there are a lot of a
3	would like to I didn't have anything prepared	3	lot of I have been in that. Let me start over.
4	until I listened to the arguments. But I was	4	I have been in that community for 15
5	listening to the definition of compatibility and	5	years. I'm retired Navy. After 22 years, I
6	what would be unduly negatively impacting. And	6	decided to live there because it's quiet. It's not
7	although this isn't a popularity contest, it sure	7	commercial. There's it's just residential
8	is about what is unduly impacting negatively the	8	areas. It's a beautiful area to walk, to walk your
9	people that live in these residential areas. So	9	dog, to walk your family, ride your bikes, all of
10	the definition of compatibility needs to take that	10	that. So I bought that property with that in mind.
11	into consideration. It will unduly impact	11	To come in and build the commercial
12	impact us negatively in the manner that will as	12	residence or excuse me the commercial Dollar
13	the gentleman spoke in the beginnings about the	13	General there, I just think it impacts the
14	community and the neighborhoods in our community.	14	community and why we all decided to move there in
15	This will increase the traffic in and out	15	the first place.
16	of that particular establishment. I think that it	16	There are a lot of a lot of people
17	will add more traffic coming down Gulf Beach	17	that use that particular the Gulf Beach Highway
18	Highway that wouldn't have come down that way	18	as an area to exercise, and that will also impact
19	previously to get to the beaches because this will	19	that because it will just add more possibility of
20	be a stop along the way to pick up beer and	20	accidents and pedestrians being involved.
21	otherwise. So I think that that traffic will	21	So I had some other really great things,
22	increase. So that will impact me.	22	but I don't know where they are right now. But I
23	My son rides his bicycle along that way.	23	think it will negatively impact us, and that is not
24	There are tons of bicycles that ride up and down	24	a popular thing to do.
25	that Gulf Beach Highway. That will increase our	25	So thank you.
	Page 91		Page 92
1	MR. THERIAQUE: Ms. Cook, just a few	1	experience has been.
2	questions, please.	2	MR. CHAIRMAN: Thank you.
3	MS. CINDY COOK: Yes.	3	MS. CINDY COOK: Thank you.
4	MR. THERIAQUE: First of all, thank you for	4	MS. CINDY MARVEL: Cindy Marvel. Address is
5	your service.	5	6053 Firefly Drive. I'm against the project.
6	I'm sorry. I didn't mean to interrupt,	6	MR. JIM MATTHEWS: Good morning. I'm Jim
7	Mr. Chairman.	7	Matthews, 5032 Challenger Way. I'm not an expert
8	Are you a traffic engineer?	8	on anything here. So thank you for the County
9	MS. CINDY COOK: No, but I experience traffic	9	for presenting the legal issues and reading the
10	on a regular on a regular day.	10	compatibility standards and so on. So I think we
11	MR. THERIAQUE: Have you analyzed any of the	11	have heard that ad nauseam, so I won't repeat that.
12	traffic flows that would be associated with this	12	The it seems they have laid out a case
13	property?	13	where it clearly doesn't meet the compatibility, so
14	MS. CINDY COOK: I think that question	14	just a couple other personal issues that I won't
15	yeah. No, I have not.	15	say. We are already under traffic ordinance
16	MR. THERIAQUE: Thank you. No other	16	pursuant to the traffic partners from the base,
17	questions.	17	pertaining to the Blue Angel practices and shows
18	MS. CINDY COOK: Can I like not to get tit	18	and different things. So that addresses some of
19	for tat.	19	the traffic that goes down that road.
20	MR. CHAIRMAN: Pardon me?	20	One of the other things, a two years ago,
21	MS. CINDY COOK: Not to get tit for tat. I	21	they completed a project building sidewalks on
22	don't want to go back and forth. But whenever	22	either side of Gulf Beach Highway that entire
23	anything is added to that area, I have experienced	23	length from how far out do they go? Out to the
24	the increase in traffic. So while I might not be a	24	Winn-Dixie, possibly. At least
25	traffic aficionado. I know what my personal	25	UNKNOWN SPEAKED. As far as Blue Angel

25

UNKNOWN SPEAKER: As far as Blue Angel.

traffic aficionado, I know what my personal

25

Pages 93 to 96

			Pages 93 to 96
	Page 93		Page 94
1	MR. JIM MATTHEWS: from Blue Angel out to	1	So I will stop. Thank you for your time.
2	the district. There are a lot of people that use	2	MR. WALT VIGLIENZONE: Walt Viglienzone, 5039
3	those sidewalks that would cross right in front of	3	Challenger Way. I'm an expert resident.
4	the Dollar General. Many a couple of those	4	The County denied the request due to
5	people are in wheelchairs, many of them have baby	5	incompatibility with the LDC, but there is a more
6	strollers. So there is good traffic, lots of	6	important incompatibility with the neighbors and
8 7	exercise, bicycles, so on and so forth.	7	residents who live all around the piece of
8	Another thing that happened a few years	8	undeveloped land.
9	ago, on the corner of Bauer Road and Gulf Beach	9	Dictionary definitions are primary in the
10	Highway, there is a public library. But the	10	English language. Capable of existing or
10	original proposal for that piece of property was a	11	performing in harmonious or an agreeable
		12	
12	huge gas station/convenience store.	13	combination, able to exist or occur together without conflict. Prima facie evidence is here
13	And it was a meeting very similar to this	14	
14	at the time. And that came down to at the time		today, and the badgered tax-paid servants have
15	the board considered there were some Friends of the	15	tried to do their best.
16	Library in the audience, and it was obvious that	16	President Reagan said, "Deeds, not words,
17	the store didn't fit the issues, even though it's	17	are most important."
18	on an artery. Bauer Road was an artery for egress.	18	From the beginning of the clear-cut scar,
19	MR. CHAIRMAN: I'm sorry, sir. We do have to	19	which is not shown on their schematic, but which is
20	limit it.	20	shown twice from two sides, Avia Lane and Gulf
21	MR. JIM MATTHEWS: Okay. And I'm just about	21	Beach Highway, they did not come to the residents,
22	finished.	22	their neighbors, to be good neighbors. They
23	So anyway, the determination was that the	23	started acting and let us react.
24	County bought that property, and the library was	24	A good neighbor and a business claiming
25	there, and the convenience store was turned down.	25	to provide a useful service needs to start on the
		1	
	Page 95		Page 96
1	Page 95 right foot and actions, not pictures, words,	1	Page 96 clearly delineate the requirements for commercial
1 2		1 2	
	right foot and actions, not pictures, words,		clearly delineate the requirements for commercial
2	right foot and actions, not pictures, words, lawyers and promises. This project began with an	2	clearly delineate the requirements for commercial development.
2 3	right foot and actions, not pictures, words, lawyers and promises. This project began with an incompatible disregard for neighboring residents in	2 3	clearly delineate the requirements for commercial development. As you have already heard, traffic is
2 3 4	right foot and actions, not pictures, words, lawyers and promises. This project began with an incompatible disregard for neighboring residents in an established 25-plus year development.	2 3 4	clearly delineate the requirements for commercial development. As you have already heard, traffic is kind of a bear sometimes on that highway, coming
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1	their own general demographics, they would have to	1	County zoning and other land use regulations to
2	increase traffic in order to provide the necessary	2	provide for orderly, efficient and sustainable use
3	income.	3	of land and structures here.
4	Another issues that I think we are all	4	While technically this is an appeal, it
5	aware of is storm water management. We have seen	5	really in reality is more of a de facto attempt to
6	it across other areas, not just in our location.	6	circumvent the LDC, or rather get an exemption from
7	With regard to the 100-year flood map, any further	7	it.
8	development of this area would be kind of a bad	8	In this instance, the location criteria
9	idea right now.	9	is not met. The parcel is not within a quarter
10	Finally, this appeal carries a subtle	10	mile of an artery intersection. And the
11	reference to Bert Harris. There has been no taking	11	application is incompatible with the parcel. This
12	in this case. The rules were in place before, and	12	was clear like Brian said a moment ago here,
13	the purchaser did not do their proper due diligence	13	this was clear before the applicant even purchased
14	in order to fully understand the impacts of what	14	the property.
15	they were trying to do before the purchase price.	15	I actually have the listing for that
16	To me, this is clear and cut case, and I	16	property right here when they purchased it back in
17	will step off the stage. Thank you.	17	2010. And the listing says they are going to need
18	MR. JOHN HALLAM: Hi. My name is John Hallam,	18	a small-scale amendment to the Code in order to do
19	and I live at 650 Electra Lane in Chevalier. Thank	19	a commercial development here. So this isn't
20	you for your service. I appreciate what you're	20	something that wasn't anticipated. Just maybe they
21	doing for the County here.	21	didn't have someone to put a Dollar General in at
22	I'm a real estate broker in Southwest	22	the time.
23	Pensacola, and I have been trying to follow this as	23	So in this instance, again, it's not met.
24	close as I possibly can.	24	They knew about it. It's been there, and the
25	The LDC is in place to establish a clear	25	applicant has told us here that it's in compliance
	Page 99		Page 100

	Page 99		Page 100
1	with the LDC, and it meets the criteria for either	1	future land use category by either directly
2	infill development or documented compatibility.	2	implementing the provisions of the FLU or otherwise
3	Actually, I think they said not for infill	3	not being in conflict with its intent, allowable
4	development but just for documented compatibility.	4	uses, density or intensity.
5	This is incorrect. There are no	5	This proposed project here, which at some
6	conforming developments of similar intensity within	6	point in time, this goes with the parts of the
7	even a half-mile radius of the subject parcel of	7	ruling here. It doesn't go with the project here.
8	the subject parcel here.	8	They said that the setbacks were some unique
9	The compatibility analysis applicant	9	circumstance. They may not be later. It may be a
10	cites LDC 3 Section 3-1.6(b) stating that the	10	different thing, or they might not pay the same
11	zoning criteria allow for residential and	11	courtesy. So this is clearly in conflict with both
12	nonresidential uses to be in close proximity to one	12	the FLU and LDC Section 3-2.10, the location
13	another, specifically small-scale, dispersed	13	criteria. It does not meet documented
14	neighborhood, commercial uses and proximity to	14	compatibility either.
15	residential areas.	15	Thank you-all very much for your time.
16	But they failed to note that the	16	MR. CHRIS PLOURDE: Good morning. Chris
17	subsequent section, which very clearly describes	17	Plourde. I live on 5128 Grumann Drive in
18	locational criteria, is with respect to	18	Pensacola, and I appreciate the opportunity to
19	intersection distances for the arterial streets	19	speak here today.
20	there. And this will not provide any smooth	20	What I want to speak about briefly is,
21	transition from a large-scale commercial to	21	for this appeal, the burden falls to the applicant
22	residential. That is not applicable here.	22	to prove that Mr. Jones' decision was arbitrary and
23	They also failed to note LDC Section	23	capricious. I'm going to show you that it was
24	3-1.3(h), which definitively states the zoning of	24	neither.
25	the parcel shall be consistent with the applicable	25	On page seven of the compatibility

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Pages	101	to	1
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			2
	Page 101		Page 102
1	analysis, the applicant states: "Allowed uses	1	page 13 that the residents will somehow benefit
2	under the Comprehensive Plan and land use MU-S	2	from the location of this store.
3	include retail sales. Actually, according to the	3	And, finally, on page 13, the applicant
4	Comprehensive Plan in FLU 1.3.1, this statement is	4	asserts that this location will somehow result in
5	true only for parcels that lie within a quarter	5	the reduction of traffic congestion, miles driven
6	mile of an arterial roadway, as previously stated.	6	and daily trips. Obviously, this is purely
7	For parcels outside of that quarter mile,	7	speculative.
8	retail sales are not included in the allowable	8	According to FDOT traffic flow, the
9	uses, and this location is well outside one-quarter	9	traffic count on Gulf Beach Highway must increase
10	mile of an artery.	10	by a factor of three just to obtain the lowest
11	On page 10 of the analysis, the applicant	11	level of travel flow of any other Dollar General
12	cites: "The goal of FLU 2 is to promote urban	12	within the County. This must definitely will not
13	strategies of compact development, which include	13	reduce traffic, daily trips or miles driven.
14	infill development." This is correct but only for	14	There is also no other shortage of
15	MU-U, urban designation. This parcel is very	15	commercial property or retail space within a
16	clearly MU-S and not MU-U. Therefore, this does	16	five-mile radius that complies with the LDC. In
17	not meet the requirements of infill development	17	fact, there are two commercial lots near Winn Dixie
18	under the LDC. The applicant has been very	18	that are prime examples. The applicant has clearly
19	creative in this interpretation of the LDC, FLU and	19	not demonstrated a unique circumstance to make an
20	CP 2030.	20	exception to the LDC, and Mr. Jones properly
21	Furthermore, the applicant asserts on	21	applied the LDC, and his appeal should be denied.
22	page 13 of this analysis that no adverse impacts	22	Thank you for your time.
23	will be generated, such as smoke, noise, emissions,	23	MR. MICHAEL VARIAS: Ladies and gentlemen of
24	et cetera and previously discussed.	24	the board. Good morning. My name is Michael
25	The applicant further asserts that on	25	Varias. I live on 1109 Naples Drive in Chandelle
	Page 103		Page 104
1	Page 103	1	Page 104 Chairman Doug Underbill was interviewed by caving
1 2	Subdivision, which is adjacent to Chevalier, west	1	Chairman Doug Underhill was interviewed by saying,
2	Subdivision, which is adjacent to Chevalier, west of the proposed store location. I have owned that	2	Chairman Doug Underhill was interviewed by saying, and I quote: "Putting any kind of retail there
2 3	Subdivision, which is adjacent to Chevalier, west of the proposed store location. I have owned that home since 2023.	2 3	Chairman Doug Underhill was interviewed by saying, and I quote: "Putting any kind of retail there that creates a retail traffic generation is really
2 3 4	Subdivision, which is adjacent to Chevalier, west of the proposed store location. I have owned that home since 2023. Based on the traffic impact analysis	2 3 4	Chairman Doug Underhill was interviewed by saying, and I quote: "Putting any kind of retail there that creates a retail traffic generation is really in congruence with the rest of the way that Gulf
2 3 4 5	Subdivision, which is adjacent to Chevalier, west of the proposed store location. I have owned that home since 2023. Based on the traffic impact analysis performed, the applicant will tell you that the	2 3 4 5	Chairman Doug Underhill was interviewed by saying, and I quote: "Putting any kind of retail there that creates a retail traffic generation is really in congruence with the rest of the way that Gulf Beach Highway is set up."
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1	all current efforts by our County Commissioner,	1	for 11 years. Thank you for the opportunity to
2	Escambia County Sheriff's Department, as well as	2	speak today.
3	Visit Pensacola.	3	Traffic along Gulf Beach Highway, every
4	Ladies and gentlemen of the board, I	4	day I drive there. I think it's great that I'm
5	agree with County Commissioner Underwood, and I	5	able to drive on such a scenic place and beautiful
6	strongly believe that the proposed development is	6	road. However, there are certain things that will
7	not compatible and does not meet the location	7	set that the traffic off where it kind of
8	criteria prescribed by the LDC.	8	becomes a problem.
9	Thank you for your time and	9	One thing that I noticed, and this is
10	consideration.	10	while I was employed in Afghanistan, there was a
11	MR. THERIAQUE: Sir, excuse me.	11	problem with school busses. We had traffic passing
12	MR. MICHAEL VARIAS: Yes, sir.	12	school busses just because of the backlog. As a
13	MR. THERIAQUE: Just two quick questions.	13	concerned parent, I got that so solved working with
14	Thank you.	14	the deputies. That was just one thing.
15	Are you a traffic engineer?	15	The other big thing is the Blue Angel
16	MR. MICHAEL VARIAS: No, sir. I'm a concerned	16	practice. I have been in traffic for an hour
17	citizen.	17	multiple times trying to get on base. I have
18	MR. THERIAQUE: And are you a land use	18	actually seen my first case of road rage on Gulf
19	planner?	19	Beach Highway due to the traffic jam because of the
20	MR. MICHAEL VARIAS: No. I am a concerned	20	Blue's practice.
21	citizen and neighbor.	21	The traffic problem is not the Navy's
22	MR. THERIAQUE: Thank you.	22	problem to solve. It's ours as citizens to try to
23	MR. MICHAEL VARIAS: You're welcome.	23	solve. The sheriffs department has a deputy there
24	MR. PATRICK FIEG: Good morning. Patrick	24	on the Perdido Bay Bridge to try to direct traffic
25	Fieg, 208 Clear Lake Drive. I have lived there	25	around Sorrento, but it's still not solved, and
	Page 107		Page 108
1	that problem is still going to be there.	1	safety, simply does not add up.
2	In addition, there is traffic flow there	2	Thank you.

2	In addition, there is traffic flow there	2	
3	on Sunday at the Catholic Church. One of my	3	
4	neighbors was involved in an accident there just	4	Du
5	because of the stop-and-go traffic. The other	5	ha
6	thing was the response of the emergency vehicles to	6	La
7	actually to respond to her was slowed down just	7	thi
8	because of the practice.	8	
9	And, lastly, as a husband and a father, I	9	ad
10	am extremely concerned about making left turns out	10	bea
11	of the Chandelle neighborhood, which is adjacent to	11	rep
12	the proposed lot. You only have a couple of	12	
13	seconds reaction time as it is now. And with the	13	pla
14	traffic increase, it's going to be a lot worse.	14	tra
15	Now, the developer and owner said that	15	of
16	traffic will not increase, but this can't be true.	16	bu
17	The Florida Department of Transportation says that	17	no
18	traffic flow at every other Dollar General in	18	to
19	Escambia County is 24,781. Yet, the DOT traffic	19	spe
20	flow on Gulf Beach Highway is only 5,900. Clearly,	20	
21	something is not adding up.	21	rec
22	To summarize, approval of this project	22	wi
23	will increase traffic and increase safety hazards.	23	Hi
24	The developer's and owner's proposal, especially in	24	hu
		1	

regard to not increasing traffic and risks to

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MR. SHAWN DUANE: Good morning. I'm Shawn uane. I live at 5694 Grande Lagoon Boulevard. I ave been a 20-year resident of either Grande agoon or Chandelle. I appreciate you guys having is hearing this morning. It's a very important. The applicant asserts there will be no dverse impact on traffic. I'm going to kind of eat this drum a little bit but not be too epetitive on the previous talkers. The fact is, obviously, it's a business lan where they have to have more traffic. More affic is good for business. I'm a huge proponent f business. This is what our country is based on, ut this might not be the right place, and it might ot -- it doesn't appear to be compatible according our own regulations. So I do not believe any becial disposition should be made in this case. The number one topic of interest in the

ecent visits to Pensacola with county residents vith FDOT was, in fact, traffic along Gulf Beach lighway. As we have heard this morning, it's a uge and very important issue.

A lot of stuff has happened over the last

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1	20 years. There is an increase in tourism. There	1	Chandelle. I bought that house in 1998 and was in
2	is new residential development along Gulf Beach.	2	and out of it several times. We have been current
3	There has been a change in the rules with NAS	3	resident since 2007.
4	Pensacola in how they use the gates, the	4	I would like to touch on the storm water
5	publication of Blue Angel practice schedules.	5	issue on Gulf Beach Highway and the subdivisions
6	All of these combined basically create a	6	within. Most of those subdivisions and
7	perfect storm where that road becomes kind of a	7	developments were built using the current or
8	focal point or a center of gravity, military terms.	8	using the 25-year flood map. We are currently on a
9	A lot of mitigating efforts by the County	9	100-year flood map, and we don't most of them would
10	include: They have put up signs. They have added	10	be permitted using that map.
11	police officers. They have tried to do all sorts	11	In the last two year two months alone,
12	of things to mitigate the traffic along Gulf Beach	12	the north easement of Gulf Beach Highway has been
13	Highway. It's just a known problem.	13	torn up and is being reworked because of storm
14	So here we are today talking about an	14	water and drainage problems that were evidenced in
15	issue that is going to kind of take it the other	15	the 2014 major flood event.
16	direction. It's going to add to the problem	16	Chevalier has had two major storm water
17	instead of fix it. I just ask you folks just to go	17	overhauls since its development, and it's still
18	by your own rules, go by the expertise of our	18	inadequate, and homes still flood in the back of
19	County. I appreciate folks trying to bring more	19	that neighborhood.
20	business, more jobs. But at the end of the day,	20	Chandelle, which is where I live, we have
21	this is probably not the right place and the right	21	homes that flood in our neighborhood, too, because
22	time.	22	there is not a comprehensive storm water management
23	Thank you very much.	23	plan in that area. Everything is kind of
24	MR. STEVEN HOPPE: Good morning. My name is	24	disjointed. So you have basins that fill up, and
25	Steven Hoppe. I live on Palm Lake Drive in	25	then there is nowhere for the water to go, so it
		1	
	Page 111		Page 112
1		1	
1 2	just backs up.	1	those rules. I don't think we should trade a
1 2 3	just backs up. Right in front of my house on Palm Lake	2	those rules. I don't think we should trade a oh, my gosh Dollar General for 22,000 jobs and
2 3	just backs up. Right in front of my house on Palm Lake Drive, it becomes impassable because the water	2 3	those rules. I don't think we should trade a oh, my gosh Dollar General for 22,000 jobs and 6.7-billion-dollar industry.
2 3 4	just backs up. Right in front of my house on Palm Lake Drive, it becomes impassable because the water doesn't drain off fast enough. Right across the	2 3 4	those rules. I don't think we should trade a oh, my gosh Dollar General for 22,000 jobs and 6.7-billion-dollar industry. Thank you.
2 3	just backs up. Right in front of my house on Palm Lake Drive, it becomes impassable because the water doesn't drain off fast enough. Right across the street from this particular property, there is a	2 3 4 5	those rules. I don't think we should trade a oh, my gosh Dollar General for 22,000 jobs and 6.7-billion-dollar industry. Thank you. MR. JOHN PETIT: Good morning. It's still
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Pages 113 to 116

	Page 113		Page 114
1	If we grant it here, what is to stop us	1	an engineer when I'm trying to convey a point, I do
2	from granting it farther down the road for any	2	the same thing. If I want to say that one went to
3	other commercial parcel down Gulf Beach Highway or	3	two, I'll say it doubled. It increased by a 100
4	anywhere else in Pensacola? I think we are	4	percent. Well, it only increased by one, but yeah,
5	setting ourselves up for a problem if we can't even	5	you know, a 200 percent increase, 300 percent
6	follow the own rule or the rules, our own rules	6	increase sounds good.
7	that we have in place.	7	As far as the buffer goes, that is not
8	Mr. Jones, he's the expert on Escambia	8	there anymore. Make no mistake. When she went out
9	County Land Development Code. Mr. Homer, the same	9	to do her site survey, my guess would be it was
10	thing. These folks are very smart, and I	10	well before the developer bulldozed a clearcut from
11	absolutely would not want to get into a battle of	11	the north boundary to the south boundary through
12	wits with any of them. I am not nearly the	12	that subdivision. And the folks on the corner
13	wordsmith.	13	of I believe it's Avia Lane and Challenger now
14	But I think that in order to put this	14	have an unobstructed view of the back of the Dollar
15	Dollar General in place, we have to show that	15	General that may or may not be built.
16	Mr	16	Given the demographics that you heard
17	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Jones.	17	earlier with the mean property values and the
18	MR. JOHN PETIT: Jones' I keep wanting	18	traffic counts for Dollar General, I'm not
19	to call him Horace Mr. Jones' actions were	19	convinced this is actually going to even be a
20	arbitrary and capricious. They were not.	20	Dollar General. Maybe it is. Maybe it's not. I
21	Ms. Gutcher did a great job of	21	don't really care. I don't care if it's a
22	highlighting the buffer and everything, all the	22	Starbucks. I don't care if it's a tattoo parlor,
23	good things that Dollar General is going to do for	23	an adult toy store. It does not matter. Okay? It
24	us by keeping that in place. They are small	24	does not comply with the LDC as set forth in our
25	numbers, so she converted them to percentage. As	25	own documents.

Dama 115

	Page 115		Page 116
1	I ask that you please deny this appeal on	1	General. Do we need more? Think about it.
2	this basis. I was the first one to hit the buzzer.	2	I thank you for taking the time to listen
3	Thank you very much, and thank you for your time.	3	to me and giving me this opportunity to speak to
4	MS. KAREN GROVE: My name is Karen Grove. I'm	4	all of you, but please honor the original decision
5	a resident at 3005 Dauntless Drive in Chevalier	5	that it's not compatible to where we live. We are
6	Subdivision, and I have been there since 1998. The	6	100 percent residential more than a mile in each
7	home was purchased because it's residential. I	7	direction because we want to be in a residential
8	don't want in an commercial environment. Sorry.	8	area. We don't want to be in a commercial area.
9	Construction of this Dollar General is	9	Once a commercial vendor moves in, it's only a
10	not welcome. I'm requesting that you honor the	10	matter of time before more come. And they may say
11	original decision from July 24th, 2017. The	11	that's leased to Dollar General and won't be
12	traffic is going to be horrific. I'm not a traffic	12	developed around it, leases can be modified, and
13	engineer. I'm not a property value expert. I'm	13	they can build more. It's the beginning.
14	not an expert of any kind. I'm just a resident,	14	Thank you for your time. I appreciate
15	one of many that do not want this store. We	15	your allowing me to speak.
16	already have cops that block traffic when Blue	16	MS. CYNTHIA HOBGOOD: Thank you, Board,
17	Angels practice. What more do you need to know?	17	for hearing us. My name is Cynthia Hobgood. I
18	That it's not what we want.	18	live at 10901 Seaglade Drive. I have always wanted
19	Currently, there is a Dollar General 2.3	19	to live in that area. I looked at it for years and
20	miles from where they are going to build. Do they	20	years and years before I had the opportunity to
21	really need another one that close? It's not the	21	move there. And I did so, because in those days,
22	only store we have. We have Winn-Dixie. We have a	22	it was almost rural. But now it's definitely
23	cleaners down there, I think. We have a CVS	23	residential.
24	pharmacy. We have a Publix. Not too far away is	24	We have two east/west arteries that
25	Walmart. There is Target, and there is a Dollar	25	service all of Gulf Beach Highway, all of Sorrento,

Pages 117 to 120

			2
	Page 117		Page 118
1	all of Innerarity and Innerarity Island and	1	residential because it already is. If I wanted to
2	Perdido, the entire end of Perdido Key, are all	2	live next to a Dollar General store or be able to
3	served by these two roads.	3	walk to one, I would have bought in Sorrento.
4	Now, on Sorrento, it's already	4	Let's consider rezoning. The other thing
5	commercial. They have got Walmart and Target at	5	that worries me is something I heard, and please
6	one end and both our little shopping centers are at	6	pardon my ignorance. I am just a layman. I have
7	the other end with lots of businesses sprinkled in	7	heard that once commercial comes in and is
8	between. That for whatever reason, that artery	8	approved, within a certain distance either way
9	went commercial.	9	commercial comes in and will be approved as well.
10	However, Gulf Beach Highway being the	10	That's the domino effect.
11	other main artery is definitely residential from	11	And as I look at this, either way we
12	Blue Angel Highway from Blue Angel to the same	12	lose. If Dollar General comes in, we have to look
13	intersection of Sorrento. And over the bridge,	13	at it and deal with it. We lose. If they go
14	there is not but a handful. There is little	14	belly-up because we boycott it, and that is a
15	delicatessen which I would hate privately owned,	15	definite possibility. If they go belly-up, they
16	which I would hate to see hurt by this, and a	16	have taken a commercial toehold. We absolutely do
17	church or two, and that's about it. A canvas shop	17	not want that.
18	or a tackle store.	18	Thank you so much for your time.
19	We bought there. We bought there as	19	MR. WILLIAM PHILLIPS: Good morning. Good
20	residents. It is my guess more than 90	20	morning. My name is Bill Phillips. I live at 513
21	percent, definitely, residential. On a	21	Grumann, G-R-U-M-A-N-N, Grumann Drive. I'm a
22	conservative side, more than 90 percent	22	member of the board of HOA for Chevalier.
23	residential.	23	I think we heard it all. And I think
24	Let's keep Sorrento commercial. It	24	that the folks over here, they have to do what they
25	already is. Let's make Gulf Beach Highway	25	do. And when we know it's zoned commercial, and

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1	all we ask you to do is to follow the rules as	1	if they are not pretty or landscaped, is much more
2	outlined by your staff members. And I think I'll	2	desirable than the view of a commercial facility.
3	kind of like sum it up for everybody in the room.	3	I do understand all of their discussions
4	It's not just a matter we don't want the place,	4	about the buffer, but as I saw their site plan, I
5	and, believe me, we don't. But we're asking that	5	did not see any allocation of space for a retention
6	we don't do it based on your rules, not based on	6	pond, which is another issue that has already been
7	emotions and those kinds of things, but based on	7	discussed with the storm water issues that we have
8	your rules as outlined by your staff and reject the	8	in that area.
9	appeal.	9	I have not heard there has been any
10	Thank you very much.	10	consideration to the demographics of the area. And
11	MS. PAT COOK: My name is Pat Cook, and I live	11	when I talk about demographics, I'm talking
12	at 5443 Grande Lagoon Court. I have been there	12	specifically about the fact that the people that
13	since 1999. I have been licensed in real estate in	13	live in this area are car-driving families. They
14	three different states, including the State of	14	do not have any bus service. ECAT has been unable
15	Florida. I have some history and professional	15	to provide sufficient ridership to have any bus
16	experience determining valuations on property.	16	service down this section of Gulf Beach Highway.
17	And as has been previously mentioned, the	17	So, therefore, those people are getting places, and
18	values of the property around this projected site	18	they are getting there by car.
19	are greater than the typical values around a Dollar	19	From my home, the current existing Dollar
20	General store. However, should a Dollar General	20	General is 2.0 miles from my home. The new
21	store go into that place, if I were valuing one of	21	location is .7. I go to a Dollar General
22	the properties facing the back of a Dollar General	22	approximately four times a year. So that's 1.3
23	or across the street from a Dollar General, I would	23	miles I would save to go to a closer store four
24	have to say that those properties would be devalued	24	times a year. That's, you know, insignificant in
25	relative to just the view. A view of woods, even	25	terms of being a neighborhood store as they are

Pages 121 to 124

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1	representing themselves to complement the	1	has sidewalks on the north and the south side of
2	community.	2	the highway. Our children and our citizens play in
3	I foresee that should this proceed, there	3	this area, and they use those sidewalks repeatedly.
4	is going to be a reduction in the tax base from an	4	To put this type of a location with the
5	area that is good provider of tax revenues to the	5	limited access into the location itself would put
6	entire county of Escambia. And this development,	6	an undue burden on the amount of traffic that is on
7	if it proceeds, is going to hurt not just our	7	Gulf Beach Highway.
8	immediate neighborhood but the entire county	8	I will answer your question before you
9	because you are going to lose revenues because I,	9	ask. I am not a traffic expert. I do not work
10	for one, am going to immediately appeal my	10	for the Department of Transportation. I'm a
11	assessment if a Dollar General is placed 0.7 miles	11	concerned citizen. Im also not a rocket
12	from my house.	12	scientist, but I'm smart enough to tell you that I
13	And even though I have been a	13	don't want a rocket launchpad in my backyard.
14	professional realtor in the past, my current	14	When we look at projects like this, we
15	occupation in retirement is as a Domino's delivery	15	have to ask ourselves, Who benefits? Does it
16	driver, so I guess I do consider myself a	16	benefit the community? Does it benefit the
17	professional with traffic. And the waits at the	17	residential neighborhood that we live in? I would
18	exit to my subdivision have exceeded my five	18	venture to say that the only people who benefit by
19	minutes on occasion as it is right now. Five	19	this project would be Dollar General and the
20	minutes.	20	developer.
21	MR. DAVID MIDDLETON: Good morning. My name	21	Thank you for your time.
22	is David Middleton. I live at 5142 Grumann Drive.	22	MR. JOHN LANDIS: My name is John Landis. I
23	I'm opposed to this project on the basis	23	live 5047 Challenger Way. I'm not a community
24	of traffic congestion and safety. As we all know	24	planner or a traffic engineer. But I am a Navy
25	here, Gulf Beach Highway is a two-lane highway. It	25	safety-trained speaker. Okay? And I do know how
	Page 123		Page 124
1	to identify hazards. And I know that this two-lane	1	sold the property to.
2	highway on Gulf Beach Highway will be a major	2	That was in an area that they asked and
3	hazard if a turn lane is not established there like	3	begged for something like that to come to their
4	it is on the Dollar General that is 5.9 miles from	4	community. This community is in Hopedale,
5	my house or a turn lane that is 2.6 miles from my	5	Illinois. And that is for the record. They are
6	house on Sorrento.	6	welcoming this store because it's needed. They
7	So it will create a hazard. It will	7	don't have any other option other than a Casey's
8	create accidents with school buses, with children,	8	General Store that sells gas, beer, bread and a few
9	with wheelchair people that are on the sidewalks	9	other things, and it's way over priced. It was a
10	that are going to be built. So it is going to be a	10	need. It was highly desired by that community.
11	hazard that the community is going to have to deal	11	So I celebrate Dollar General in what
12	with. I disagree with this place. It's not a good	12	they are doing, and my family wanted to help be a
13	deal. I will just drive two miles down the road if	13	part of that. We owned the property that they
14	I need to go to Dollar General to buy toilet paper.	14	wanted.
15	Thank you.	15	Well, it's a little different case right
10	MD KENNY DADGONG, Card manufacture I'm Kanna	1 1 0	

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nobody.

here. If I look from my house -- well, actually,

not my house, from the site location and look at a

two-mile radius, within that two-mile radius, I'm

three-quarters of a mile in the opposite direction

to the east, I'm going to find another convenient

store, which, by the way, they close their -- they

last night, they were closed, and you couldn't see

turn the lights off at night. At eight o'clock

going to find another Dollar General. If I go

MR. KENNY PARSONS: Good morning. I'm Kenny

Parsons. I live at 10112 Bittern Drive. I'm two

miles away from here. I'm in a subdivision called

Heron's Forest. And I never stood up in front of

make myself -- an idiot out of myself if I need to.

I'm opposed to the project, but I'm not

opposed to Dollar General, per se. And I tell you

opening of a Dollar General store that my family

why, because right now they are celebrating a grand

folks like this before. So I just might as well

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Pages 125 to 128

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-			
1	But anyway, if I needed something, I got	1	residential property and building inspections. So
2	there. If I want to go up the road, I can hit	2	I go and look at places, properties, businesses,
3	Walmart. I can hit Target, and we all know and	3	and I look for risk hazards.
4	understand that.	4	I can tell you this, when I do my survey
5	But what I want to really mention today	5	right now, what do insurance underwriters want to
6 7	is something a little bit different. For 25 years,	7	know? What type of neighborhood is it? As soon as I start checking boxes that these folks that they
7	I was a general contractor, both commercial and	8	all live in an area that is also commercial, when
8 9	residential. I have an engineering background, my	9	you bring commercial into the mix of what these
10	education, and my degree is in engineering. I'm not a traffic engineer.	10	folks are being rated for their insurance
11	I also work for a consulting engineering	11	premiums I guess I'm done it has an impact.
12	firm in New Orleans, and I just finished up a	12	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Negative.
13	nine-year project. I work with engineers. I work	13	MR. MIKE RILEY: Good morning, folks. My name
14	around engineers. And as a senior project manager,	14	is Mike Riley. I live at 5035 Challenger Way here
15	I got to know all the problems and hassles of	15	in Pensacola, of course.
16	construction and development.	16	One thing that hasn't been mentioned
17	I used to work in Central Florida also as	17	which you guys may be familiar with is the Sunrise
18	an independent contractor. And I was working for	18	Community, which I believe you guys approved just
19	Disney. I was also working for St. Joe in their	19	recently, the subdivision located on Gulf Beach
20	towns and resorts division. I have a little bit of	20	Highway, 61 homes. That is going to increase the
21	experience in what happens when you go into a	21	traffic on Gulf Beach Highway by itself. Okay?
22	community, and you develop, and you bring in	22	Along with the Dollar General, traffic will be bad.
23	things.	23	I'm against this totally. All we're
24	Currently, I have been working for	24	asking for is to maintain our quality of life.
25	insurance underwriters doing commercial and	25	Please let us do that. Thank you for your time.
	Page 127		Page 128
1		1	
1 2	MR. TOM KINNEAR: Good morning, ladies and	1 2	Page 128 Judith Seward, Tom Kinnear, Arthur Detonnancourt, Gary Mackey, Julie Hogan, Kathryn Workman, J.H.
			Judith Seward, Tom Kinnear, Arthur Detonnancourt,
2	MR. TOM KINNEAR: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. My name is Tom Kinnear. I live at 5087	2	Judith Seward, Tom Kinnear, Arthur Detonnancourt, Gary Mackey, Julie Hogan, Kathryn Workman, J.H.
2 3	MR. TOM KINNEAR: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. My name is Tom Kinnear. I live at 5087 Challenger Way.	2 3	Judith Seward, Tom Kinnear, Arthur Detonnancourt, Gary Mackey, Julie Hogan, Kathryn Workman, J.H. Workman, William McLendon, William Hubbard, Gil
2 3 4	MR. TOM KINNEAR: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. My name is Tom Kinnear. I live at 5087 Challenger Way. I think I have a fairly good sense for	2 3 4	Judith Seward, Tom Kinnear, Arthur Detonnancourt, Gary Mackey, Julie Hogan, Kathryn Workman, J.H. Workman, William McLendon, William Hubbard, Gil Bixel, Kenny Parsons, William Phillips, Judith
2 3 4 5	MR. TOM KINNEAR: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. My name is Tom Kinnear. I live at 5087 Challenger Way. I think I have a fairly good sense for how the community feels about the Dollar General.	2 3 4 5	Judith Seward, Tom Kinnear, Arthur Detonnancourt, Gary Mackey, Julie Hogan, Kathryn Workman, J.H. Workman, William McLendon, William Hubbard, Gil Bixel, Kenny Parsons, William Phillips, Judith Smith, Kenneth Williams, Jeanne Williams, Karen
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1	grew up in 11333, which is directly across from	1	MS. LYNNE TOBIN: Hi. My name is Lynne Tobin.
2	where the proposed Dollar General would be.	2	I live at 10330 Foggy Bottom Road, like the metro
3	My father recently passed away, so my	3	stop in D.C.
4	brother and sister and I are in a quandary as far	4	And I am against this project. And I
5	as what we are going to do with the home. And that	5	just wanted to point out that there is a traffic
6	has been a question of, what is the value going to	6	sign on our road that says no through trucks on our
7	be. I have to divulge this potential to any	7	section of Gulf Beach Highway. Nobody has
8	buyers.	8	mentioned that one yet, so I don't know what they
9	All of that being said, having grown up	9	would do about truck traffic.
10	there since 1961, I have seen a lot of growth and	10	Thank you.
11	development, and I am happy that nothing commercial	11	MS. JANET PUSKAR: I'm Janet Puskar at 10324
12	has come within that realm of where I live. And	12	Foggy Bottom Road.
13	the Dollar General is not a good footprint for that	13	I am against this proposal. It heartens
14	property.	14	me that our community comes together so
15	I understand that the property owners	15	unanimously, and I certainly hope you will listen
16	want to maximize their investment. But I think	16	to our concerns.
17	that they also need to consider their neighbors.	17	MS. JANE KULBETH: My name is Jane Kulbeth. I
18	And they need to reconsider what would be	18	live at 9625 Grallatorial Circle in Heron's Forest.
19	appropriate for that area.	19	I am against this proposal. And my good
20	Thank you very much for your time.	20	neighbors have done more than an adequate job of
21	MS. CONNIE MORSE: Hello. My name is Connie	21	covering all of my objections.
22	Morse. I'm a 37-year resident of Seaglades. I	22	Thank you.
23	live at 11013 Seaglade Drive, and I am firmly	23	MS. JUDITH SEWARD: My name is Judith Seward.
24	against the Dollar General store.	24	I live at 6043 Electra Lane. I bought the property
25	Thank you.	25	in 1996. I moved in in 1997. So I have been there
	-		
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1	for 20 years.	1	they are delivering to the store, and I don't see
2	Some of the things I wanted to address, I	2	how you can say that is not going to create a noise
3	have been jotting down notes. According to Chapter	3	issue. Plus, it will also create a traffic issue,
4	3 of the zoning regulations, Article 1, Section	4	which we all know there already is one.
5	3-1.1, number four, I don't see how building the	5	Okay. Also, if you do build the Dollar
6	Dollar General would preserve the character and	6	General there, and they have a 15-year lease, and
7	quality of the residential neighborhoods.	7	at the end of the 15-year lease, they decide that
8	And number six, I don't see how building	8	don't want to renew their lease, then that will
9	the Dollar General there would balance individual	9	lead to an abandoned building. And we all know
10	property rights with the interests of the community	10	that Escambia County currently has their share of
11	to create a healthy, safe and orderly environment.	11	abandoned buildings all over the County, which are
12	Okay. Another thing I wanted to address	12	eyesores. We do want an abandoned building and
13	is there currently is a Dollar General four minutes	13	eyesore, particularly in our neighborhood.
14	away from the area on Sorrento Road.	14	The last point I want to make is the
15	Also, as far as the noise issue, I don't	15	property owners, I looked up the County appraiser's
16	know how you can predict what the noise issue will	16	record, and they said that the property owners live
17	be. You cannot say that it won't be an issue. You	17	in Pelham, Alabama. Now if you build a Dollar
18	can't say it will be an issue. But taking into	18	General on Gulf Beach Highway, this is not going to
19	consideration that the only entrance to the Dollar	19	affect the property owners. I mean, they are like
20	General will be on Gulf Beach Highway, that tells	20	completely out of the picture.
21	me that the big delivery trucks I don't know	21	So I just don't see how building a Dollar
22	what you call them, 18-wheelers or whatever they	22	General is going to be conducive to us. It's not
23	are going to come right down Gulf Beach Highway	23	going to have any negative effect on them, but it
24	right by that subdivision, and they will have to	24	will have a negative effect on us.
25	turn in there to deliver their supplies or whatever	25	Thank you.
1		1	

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1	MS. KRIS KELLY: Hello. My name is Kris	1	you.
2	Kelly. And I live at 3016 Corsair Drive in	2	MS. JULIE HOGAN: Hi. My name is Julie Hogan.
3	Chevalier Subdivision right surrounding the	3	I live at 11412 Seaglade Drive, and I oppose this
4	property. I live there with my husband. We are	4	project.
5	homeowners, and we are raising a small family	5	MR. WILLIAM HUBBARD: Good morning. I'm
6	there.	6	William Hubbard. I'm at 615 Dundee Drive in
7	We picked this area because of its	7	Chandelle, and I oppose it.
8	residential quality, and we want that to be	8	Thanks.
9	retained, so we oppose the Dollar General at this	9	MS. JUDITH SMITH: Hi. I'm Judith Smith. I
10	location. We do not feel we feel like this is	10	live at 11150 Gulf Beach Highway. I have been
11	going to set a precedent for additional commercial	11	there 21 years, and I oppose.
12	building in the area and for others to come in and	12	MR. GIL BIXEL: My name is Gil Bixel. I live
13	try to add more commercial development in the area.	13	at 11300 Seaglade Drive. I do oppose this project.
14	It is not needed.	14	I would just ask that you look at the map
15	All of the daily necessities that we need	15	from Bauer Road and Gulf Beach Highway East and see
16	are within two miles or just over two miles away,	16	how many other commercial properties there are.
17	including the other Dollar General that is there.	17	And to consider if this project is approved, it's
18	We don't need to walk to it. We like to drive. We	18	setting precedence for other areas. And I would
19	drive every day. We go to work every day. We	19	ask that you be mindful of this.
20	drive on the holidays and weekends. We drive by	20	Thank you.
21	stores all the time. And when we come home, we	21	MR. KENNETH WILLIAMS: My name is Kenneth
22	want to be home with neighbors and friends and not	22	Williams, 1406 Cacao Lane, Seaglades Subdivision,
23	commercial development.	23	and I oppose this.
24	That is pretty much all I have to say.	24	Thank you.
25	And I just ask that you deny their appeal. Thank	25	MS. LINDA LEIGHTON: Hi. I'm Linda Leighton.
1	Page 135 I am at 154 Ethel Wingate Drive, Unit 503, and we	1	Page 136 MR. LEO HUANG: My name is Leo Huang. 200
2	are opposed to this.	2	Chocktaw Lane is where I live. I'm the property
3	MR. BYRON LEIGHTON: Hello. My name is Byron	3	owner on Gulf Beach Highway. And I understand the
4	Leighton, 154 Ethel Wingate, Harbour Pointe. I'm	4	concerns of the community, and I apologize. But I
5	opposed to the project.	5	do feel like this Dollar General will be a
6	Thank you.	6	convenience to all of you-all. I understand the
7	MS. BRANDI SCHOENVOGEL: Good afternoon. My	7	concerns, and I know at the start, you-all might
8	name is Brandi Schoenvogel. I live at 11605	8	not shop there, but eventually, it will be a
9	Chanticlear Drive, and I'm the president of the Chanticlear Subdivision.	9	convenience to you.
10	I would ask if someone over here could	10	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Do you live here? Will you
11 12		11 12	be using that store?
13	put up the rendering of the building with the landscape around it.	13	MR. LEO HUANG: I actually I live in Navarre.
14	I would just like to say that I work	14	MR. THERIAQUE: Mr. Chairman.
15	for a law firm out of Texas. I work remotely. And	15	MR. LEO HUANG: I have a beach house there.
16	one thing I have learned is when I look at this, I	16	And I do I'm sorry.
17	love trees. I love it when people don't cut down	17	MR. THERIAQUE: Mr. Chairman, point of order.
		L 1	Mix. THEREAQUE. MI. Chaiman, point of older.
18			The court reporter can't take down people screaming
18 19	trees. But when you have a commercial property	18	The court reporter can't take down people screaming from the audience
19	trees. But when you have a commercial property like this, liability. There are burglars in those	18 19	from the audience.
19 20	trees. But when you have a commercial property like this, liability. There are burglars in those trees, rapists, child predators.	18 19 20	from the audience. MR. CHAIRMAN: Continue with your comments.
19 20 21	trees. But when you have a commercial property like this, liability. There are burglars in those trees, rapists, child predators. I am completely against this. It will	18 19 20 21	from the audience. MR. CHAIRMAN: Continue with your comments. MR. LEO HUANG: Yes, sir.
19 20 21 22	trees. But when you have a commercial property like this, liability. There are burglars in those trees, rapists, child predators. I am completely against this. It will diminish the value of our homes in our	18 19 20 21 22	from the audience. MR. CHAIRMAN: Continue with your comments. MR. LEO HUANG: Yes, sir. Touching touching on the traffic
19 20 21 22 23	trees. But when you have a commercial property like this, liability. There are burglars in those trees, rapists, child predators. I am completely against this. It will diminish the value of our homes in our neighborhood, too much traffic. I don't want it	18 19 20 21 22 23	from the audience. MR. CHAIRMAN: Continue with your comments. MR. LEO HUANG: Yes, sir. Touching touching on the traffic issues, it's not going to be a Walmart or the Blue
19 20 21 22	trees. But when you have a commercial property like this, liability. There are burglars in those trees, rapists, child predators. I am completely against this. It will diminish the value of our homes in our neighborhood, too much traffic. I don't want it anywhere near my new house.	18 19 20 21 22	from the audience. MR. CHAIRMAN: Continue with your comments. MR. LEO HUANG: Yes, sir. Touching touching on the traffic issues, it's not going to be a Walmart or the Blue Angels events. I think it's going to be real
19 20 21 22 23 24	trees. But when you have a commercial property like this, liability. There are burglars in those trees, rapists, child predators. I am completely against this. It will diminish the value of our homes in our neighborhood, too much traffic. I don't want it	18 19 20 21 22 23 24	from the audience. MR. CHAIRMAN: Continue with your comments. MR. LEO HUANG: Yes, sir. Touching touching on the traffic issues, it's not going to be a Walmart or the Blue

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1	the community. So you won't be attracting people	1	were going to allow staff to proceed and the public
2	from maybe in the town, Pensacola town or Navarre.	2	comments. We never got to finish ours.
3	It's going to be people in that community.	3	MR. CHAIRMAN: Okay. We will revert to that.
4	And talking about devalue of properties,	4	Go right ahead. Sorry.
5	what I see as a devalue of the property is next to	5	MR. THERIAQUE: Yes. Thank you, sir. One
б	a railroad track, you know, a landfill. Those	6	second, please.
7	things devalue a property.	7	I call Tom Hodges.
8	This Dollar General is a convenience to	8	WHEREUPON,
9	the community, and when I buy a house, I don't look	9	THOMAS HODGES
10	at a Walmart or a Dollar General and say, hey, you	10	was called as a witness and, after having been first
11	know, I'm going to offer you 20 percent less on	11	duly sworn, testified as follows:
12	that property because Target is there or Walmart or	12	THE WITNESS: Again, my name is Tom Hodges,
13	Dollar General. That is kind of my perception.	13	vice president of operations, Teramore Development.
14	And I apologize. I know everybody's	14	121 Parkway Drive, Thomasville, Georgia.
15	concerned, but I really think this is going to be a	15	I planned to say good morning, but I
16	good thing for the community.	16	guess I will say good afternoon. I'll start off
17	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: You don't live there.	17	just by telling you a little bit about who we are.
18	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: It's your back account.	18	We're a developer out of Thomasville, Georgia.
19	MR. CHAIRMAN: Have we missed anybody who	19	Before we developed for Dollar General, we
20	wanted to address it? Anybody, either pro or con?	20	developed for other companies as well, Publix,
21	If not, I would like to ask staff for a closing	21	Dunkin' Donuts, things like that. We are a small
22	statement.	22	company, but we do work in Southern Georgia and
23	MS. CRAWFORD: Yes, Mr. Chairman.	23	North Florida.
24	MR. THERIAQUE: Mr. Chairman, excuse me. We	24	In this case, we identified this
25	haven't completed our case. If you recall, you	25	property. We worked with Dollar General very
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1	closely. We contracted the property. We had a	1	address as many as we could. I understand there
2	pre-app. We were aware of the locational criteria,	2	are people that just are not going to agree or be
3	and since that time, have been working through	3	in favor of this project. And I'm not trying to
4	that. And that's what leads us here today.	4	change their minds about that. Everybody is
5	Originally, our intention, if you look at	5	entitled to their opinions. The purpose of the
6	this property from a very early perspective, this	6	meeting last week was to give them accurate
7	3.5 acres or 3.45 acres, and it's zoned commercial.	7	information so that they could have an informed
8	And we had intention or hopes to develop the entire	8	decision, an informed opinion.
9	property, as I imagine anybody would looking at an	9	We are trying to do as much as we can in
10	investment property. We hoped to have Dollar	10	terms of the buffering. You can see the rendering
11	General in the corner and then reserve the	11	of the building there. This is not the type of
12	remaining property as an investment to maybe	12	Dollar General that you see anywhere else in this
13	capitalize on later down the read.	13	area. We are trying to cater to the character and
14	Once we got a little bit deeper in the	14	nature of this area.
15	locational criteria, we learned that really that	15	We have gone well above and beyond really
16	probably wasn't the best way to go to stick the	16	anything we have ever done certainly in terms of
17	Dollar General in the corner and then retain the	17	the buffering, also in terms of the building facade
18	residential or the retain the adjacent property	18	itself. We're proposing an e-wall around the front
19	for future commercial use, but to really absorb,	19	to shield any lighting from spilling over from
20	have the buffering absorb the Dollar General site	20	headlights and things like that.
21	and to buffer this from the residential use as much	21	Dollar General and their business model
22	as we possibly could.	22	really has askew of different areas and densities
23	I understand a lot of the citizens'	23	that they go after. Of course, you find them in
24	concerns. We held a neighborhood meeting last week	24	inner cities and urban areas. You find them in
25	to try to hear as many of those as we could and	25	extremely rural areas. You also find them in

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1	neighbor areas. And that's what the purpose of	1	think the finish product of what we are proposing
2	this site was, to be a neighborhood general store.	2	here would be of benefit to this community in terms
3	That's the market that we are trying to capture	3	of convenience. It would keep people off the
4	there.	4	roads. If you think about it, if folks are driving
5	We have developed many Dollar Generals	5	east and west to get to where they are going, if
6	throughout this area in Escambia County and	6	they don't have to go much farther at all than
7	Pensacola and have done so for the last 15 years	7	where they are living, then they are really keeping
8	and have put them in an array of different areas in	8	them off the roadways.
9	terms of density and nature in terms of zoning.	9	And we have a traffic specialist here,
10	A good example, I guess, that relates to	10	Bonita Player, to touch on that with any questions
11	this project would be one that we completed last	11	you have on that.
12	year in Miramar Beach. It was at the entrance of a	12	We want to work with the neighbors as
13	very upscale beachfront community. Home values	13	much as we can if there are additional concerns. I
14	ranged from three to five hundred thousand dollars,	14	know at the community meeting we heard, you know,
15	and that's not on the water. That is back off the	15	reduce in the landscaping, reduce pine straw.
16	water. The ones on the water are, obviously, much	16	We would like to see more grass, things of that
17	higher than that.	17	nature, keeping the lighting low.
18	In that case, we had a neighborhood	18	We can work on things like signage. We
19	meeting and had a much different turnout, and those	19	are extremely open and want to work with the
20	folks are still very happy with what they have. We	20	community and these residents as much as we
21	don't have access of the side road there. It's a	21	possibly can.
22	very good looking store. I think there is a	22	And then my final note would be, the
23	preconceived with Dollar General that you're going	23	remaining property, I know there was the buffering.
24	to get a metal building, and it's going to be ugly.	24	There were some concerns about the lease and how
25	And I understand the fear of the unknown. But I	25	that would all be structured because leases can be
	Page 143		Page 144
1	Page 143 revised.	1	
1 2	revised.	1	So we don't work for Dollar General. We
	revised. We would be willing to deed restrict that	1 2 3	So we don't work for Dollar General. We are not Dollar General. We are Teramore
2	revised.	2	So we don't work for Dollar General. We are not Dollar General. We are Teramore Development, so there is that degree of separation.
2 3	revised. We would be willing to deed restrict that remaining property to have it remain buffering.	2 3	So we don't work for Dollar General. We are not Dollar General. We are Teramore
2 3 4	revised. We would be willing to deed restrict that remaining property to have it remain buffering. And these restricts would go with the land. So I	2 3 4	So we don't work for Dollar General. We are not Dollar General. We are Teramore Development, so there is that degree of separation. We work with Dollar General very closely on site selection.
2 3 4 5	revised. We would be willing to deed restrict that remaining property to have it remain buffering. And these restricts would go with the land. So I just wanted to let you guys know that we would be	2 3 4 5	So we don't work for Dollar General. We are not Dollar General. We are Teramore Development, so there is that degree of separation. We work with Dollar General very closely on site
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			Pages 145 to 148
	Page 145		Page 146
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1	30-year-old stores.		time.
2	And so I can tell you that Dollar General	2	Thank you, sir.
3	and their market planning division has run their	3	MR. CHAIRMAN: I will give you both an
4	models, which are extremely, highly accurate. They	4	opportunity to make a closing statement in just a
5	do not miss. And they have determined that this	5	second, if you would like.
6	would be a successful location for them based on	6	Staff, would you like to make a closing
7	density and traffic patterns, things of that	7	statement?
8 9	nature.	8	MS. CRAWFORD: Yes, Mr. Chairman, I would.
9 10	And in terms of traffic generation, I	10	Meredith Crawford, again, for the County Attorney's Office here
	know that we have some stores nearby that are on		MR. CHAIRMAN: Mic.
11 12	higher traffic roads. That doesn't mean that this	12	MR. CHAIRMAN: MIC. MS. CRAWFORD: I'm sorry.
12	road will become the higher traffic road. We don't	13	Mis. CRAWFORD. This sorry. Meredith Crawford here on behalf of the
	cause something to go from 5,000 to 24,000 trips a	14	
14 15	day or anything like that. That is just where we	14	County Attorney's Office. I am here representing staff.
	located there were already 24,000 trips a day. So	16	
16	I do want to clear that up as well.		Just briefly in closing, this is an
17	But to answer your question, Dollar	17	appeal of the planning director's decision. The
18	General has determined that this would be a	18	burden is on the applicant to show error in his
19	successful location for them. And we do hold a	19	decision, to show that he was arbitrary and
20	lease with them at this time.	20	capricious in making that decision.
21	MR. CHAIRMAN: Any other questions?	21	We have outlined all the relevant code
22	(No response)	22	provisions related to compatibility determination,
23	Thank you, sir.	23	related to compliance review, appeals before this
24	THE WITNESS: Thank you.	24	board.
25	MR. THERIAQUE: No other witnesses at this	25	Everything you have heard today is not
	Dama 147		Dama 140
	Page 147		Page 148
1	news to Mr. Jones. He know this. He already this.	1	applicant's appeal and that you hold up the
2	He reviewed all of this, and he made his	2	determination of the planning official that Dollar
3	determination based on our code. He provided his	3	General in this location is not compatible.
4	determination based on his authority and the	4	Whether or not Dollar Generals are great
5	mandate from the Board of County Commissiners that	5	in other locations is not the question. The
6	grants him that authority to direct the planning	6	question is simply: Have they met the requirements
7	and the zoning of the County.	7	of the code? Do they meet the locational criteria?
8	While the neighbors are not experts, they	8	Are they compatible?
9	can testify to the facts, and they did testify to	9	And the answer to all of those questions
10	the facts related to traffic, related to storm	10	have been a resounding no from staff, from our
11	water, related to existing issues in the	11	local experts and from the communities. We would
12	neighborhood.	12	ask that you rule in favor of the County and deny
13	The applicant has estated that they want	13	their appeal.
14	to cater to the character and nature of the area.	14	MR. CHAIRMAN: Thank you.
15	However, the character and the nature of the area	15	Board members, any questions of staff?
16	and the surrounding area is all residential.	16	(No response)
17	Based on Mr. Jones' analysis and the	17	Applicant, would you like to make a
18	competent, substantial evidence presented before	18	closing statement, sir?
19	you here today, his testimony and the testimony of	19	MR. THERIAQUE: Absolutely. Thank you.
20	Mr. Holmer, the review of the code, the testimony	20	Let me begin by thanking you for your
21	of the citizens, I believe you have more than	21	patience. We have here now for almost four hours.
22	enough evidence to find that his decision was	22	And I also want to thank the homeowners who turned
23	correct. It should be upheld and that the	23	out to express their opinions. This is what is
24	amplicant has not most their hunder to executive his	24	

24

25

applicant has not met their burden to overturn his

decision. So we would ask that you deny the

24

25

kind of cool about local government practice. You

have staff. You have property owners, and you have

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		1	
	Page 149		Page 150
1	applicants all weighing in try to reach the best	1	board does not get to vote on an applause meter.
2	decision that you can. So, again, I appreciate	2	The fact that lots of folks came up and just simply
3	that.	3	said, I'm against, that is not competent,
4	Let me begin by stating that you heard	4	substantial evidence to support a decision one way
5	testimony from the residents about traffic. You	5	or the other.
6	heard testimony about storm water. You heard	6	What is competent, substantial evidence
7	testimony about compatibility. However, all the	7	is the testimony of both staff members and the
8	folks who testified from the general public	8	folks that we called. I think what was really
9	acknowledge that they were not experts in storm	9	telling to me is let me start with the criteria.
10	water or traffic or compatibility.	10	It was on page LDC 3:50. It was the
11	And especially with the traffic, the case	11	location criteria. I think it's Exhibit 4 in my
12	law is clear, that lay testimony on traffic saying	12	binder that I provided to you-all.
13	that it's going to increase or it's going to be	13	The location criteria one through four
14	problematic is not competent, substantial evidence.	14	are not compatibility determinations. Your
15	There is case after case that the courts have	15	location criteria are not an overarching
16	decided that overturned a board relying upon lay	16	compatibility test. For example, one, two and four
17	testimony that traffic was going to be an issue.	17	deal with distance. If you are so close within a
18	So I would submit that the neighborhood	18	quarter of mile of an intersection with an arterial
19	concern about traffic, the neighborhood concern	19	street, you are within a certain distance of a
20	about storm water, the neighborhood concern about	20	traffic generator. You are a within a certain
21	compatibility, it does not rise to the level of	21	distance of an intersection with an arterial and a
22	competent, substantial evidence.	22	collected, et cetera.
23	I would also note, and I started the	23	Those are straight distance locational
24	presentation that if I had 300 people for or 300	24	criteria. They don't have an compatibility
25	people against, the case law is clear that this	25	problem. The infill development, we stated early
	Page 151		Page 152
1		1	
1 2	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill	1	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot
	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion.	1 2 3	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet,
2	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it	2	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the
2 3	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say,	2 3	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever
2 3 4	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it	2 3 4	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood
2 3 4 5	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on	2 3 4 5	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide.
2 3 4 5 6	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four.	2 3 4 5 6	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood
2 3 4 5 6 7	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on this property and that there are unique	2 3 4 5 6 7	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide. The diagram that is on the screen, that is we literally hired somebody to take the existing
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on this property and that there are unique circumstances that were not contemplated by these	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide. The diagram that is on the screen, that
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on this property and that there are unique circumstances that were not contemplated by these other criteria.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide. The diagram that is on the screen, that is we literally hired somebody to take the existing vegetation and then pleas the Dollar General that
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on this property and that there are unique circumstances that were not contemplated by these other criteria. And I believe what the evidence,	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide. The diagram that is on the screen, that is we literally hired somebody to take the existing vegetation and then pleas the Dollar General that we are proposing in the existing vegetation. So
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on this property and that there are unique circumstances that were not contemplated by these other criteria. And I believe what the evidence, especially from Ms. Gutcher, demonstrated is she's	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide. The diagram that is on the screen, that is we literally hired somebody to take the existing vegetation and then pleas the Dollar General that we are proposing in the existing vegetation. So that's what we're looking at, and this is an aerial
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on this property and that there are unique circumstances that were not contemplated by these other criteria. And I believe what the evidence, especially from Ms. Gutcher, demonstrated is she's never worked on a project where you have	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide. The diagram that is on the screen, that is we literally hired somebody to take the existing vegetation and then pleas the Dollar General that we are proposing in the existing vegetation. So that's what we're looking at, and this is an aerial that is looking down. So you'll see some of the
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on this property and that there are unique circumstances that were not contemplated by these other criteria. And I believe what the evidence, especially from Ms. Gutcher, demonstrated is she's never worked on a project where you have approximately three acres and a developer provided	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide. The diagram that is on the screen, that is we literally hired somebody to take the existing vegetation and then pleas the Dollar General that we are proposing in the existing vegetation. So that's what we're looking at, and this is an aerial that is looking down. So you'll see some of the tops of the houses behind it, but that is
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on this property and that there are unique circumstances that were not contemplated by these other criteria. And I believe what the evidence, especially from Ms. Gutcher, demonstrated is she's never worked on a project where you have approximately three acres and a developer provided two-plus acres as a buffer. And this was not a	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide. The diagram that is on the screen, that is we literally hired somebody to take the existing vegetation and then pleas the Dollar General that we are proposing in the existing vegetation. So that's what we're looking at, and this is an aerial that is looking down. So you'll see some of the tops of the houses behind it, but that is surrounded by vegetation. It's surrounded by
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on this property and that there are unique circumstances that were not contemplated by these other criteria. And I believe what the evidence, especially from Ms. Gutcher, demonstrated is she's never worked on a project where you have approximately three acres and a developer provided two-plus acres as a buffer. And this was not a developer who just came in here and said, I'm going to plop the Dollar General. I have a commercial future land use designation. I have a zoning	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide. The diagram that is on the screen, that is we literally hired somebody to take the existing vegetation and then pleas the Dollar General that we are proposing in the existing vegetation. So that's what we're looking at, and this is an aerial that is looking down. So you'll see some of the tops of the houses behind it, but that is surrounded by vegetation. It's surrounded by trees.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on this property and that there are unique circumstances that were not contemplated by these other criteria. And I believe what the evidence, especially from Ms. Gutcher, demonstrated is she's never worked on a project where you have approximately three acres and a developer provided two-plus acres as a buffer. And this was not a developer who just came in here and said, I'm going to plop the Dollar General. I have a commercial future land use designation. I have a zoning designation. I'm just going to plop it down and	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide. The diagram that is on the screen, that is we literally hired somebody to take the existing vegetation and then pleas the Dollar General that we are proposing in the existing vegetation. So that's what we're looking at, and this is an aerial that is looking down. So you'll see some of the tops of the houses behind it, but that is surrounded by vegetation. It's surrounded by trees.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on this property and that there are unique circumstances that were not contemplated by these other criteria. And I believe what the evidence, especially from Ms. Gutcher, demonstrated is she's never worked on a project where you have approximately three acres and a developer provided two-plus acres as a buffer. And this was not a developer who just came in here and said, I'm going to plop the Dollar General. I have a commercial future land use designation. I have a zoning designation. I'm just going to plop it down and say I'm compatible.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide. The diagram that is on the screen, that is we literally hired somebody to take the existing vegetation and then pleas the Dollar General that we are proposing in the existing vegetation. So that's what we're looking at, and this is an aerial that is looking down. So you'll see some of the tops of the houses behind it, but that is surrounded by vegetation. It's surrounded by trees. You will not have an adverse impact on the properties that surround this particular parcel because of the way that it's laid out, the way that the buffer works. You won't even you won't
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on this property and that there are unique circumstances that were not contemplated by these other criteria. And I believe what the evidence, especially from Ms. Gutcher, demonstrated is she's never worked on a project where you have approximately three acres and a developer provided two-plus acres as a buffer. And this was not a developer who just came in here and said, I'm going to plop the Dollar General. I have a commercial future land use designation. I have a zoning designation. I'm just going to plop it down and	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide. The diagram that is on the screen, that is we literally hired somebody to take the existing vegetation and then pleas the Dollar General that we are proposing in the existing vegetation. So that's what we're looking at, and this is an aerial that is looking down. So you'll see some of the tops of the houses behind it, but that is surrounded by vegetation. It's surrounded by trees. You will not have an adverse impact on the properties that surround this particular parcel because of the way that it's laid out, the way that
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on this property and that there are unique circumstances that were not contemplated by these other criteria. And I believe what the evidence, especially from Ms. Gutcher, demonstrated is she's never worked on a project where you have approximately three acres and a developer provided two-plus acres as a buffer. And this was not a developer who just came in here and said, I'm going to plop the Dollar General. I have a commercial future land use designation. I have a zoning designation. I'm just going to plop it down and say I'm compatible. They gave up the reminder of the property, and they have stipulated here today	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide. The diagram that is on the screen, that is we literally hired somebody to take the existing vegetation and then pleas the Dollar General that we are proposing in the existing vegetation. So that's what we're looking at, and this is an aerial that is looking down. So you'll see some of the tops of the houses behind it, but that is surrounded by vegetation. It's surrounded by trees. You will not have an adverse impact on the properties that surround this particular parcel because of the way that it's laid out, the way that the buffer works. You won't even you won't hear. You won't see. There is not a mass in question.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on this property and that there are unique circumstances that were not contemplated by these other criteria. And I believe what the evidence, especially from Ms. Gutcher, demonstrated is she's never worked on a project where you have approximately three acres and a developer provided two-plus acres as a buffer. And this was not a developer who just came in here and said, I'm going to plop the Dollar General. I have a commercial future land use designation. I have a zoning designation. I'm just going to plop it down and say I'm compatible. They gave up the reminder of the property, and they have stipulated here today because Board Member Goodwin or Godwin asked the	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide. The diagram that is on the screen, that is we literally hired somebody to take the existing vegetation and then pleas the Dollar General that we are proposing in the existing vegetation. So that's what we're looking at, and this is an aerial that is looking down. So you'll see some of the tops of the houses behind it, but that is surrounded by vegetation. It's surrounded by trees. You will not have an adverse impact on the properties that surround this particular parcel because of the way that it's laid out, the way that the buffer works. You won't even you won't hear. You won't see. There is not a mass in question. And what was telling as well and I
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on this property and that there are unique circumstances that were not contemplated by these other criteria. And I believe what the evidence, especially from Ms. Gutcher, demonstrated is she's never worked on a project where you have approximately three acres and a developer provided two-plus acres as a buffer. And this was not a developer who just came in here and said, I'm going to plop the Dollar General. I have a commercial future land use designation. I have a zoning designation. I'm just going to plop it down and say I'm compatible. They gave up the reminder of the property, and they have stipulated here today because Board Member Goodwin or Godwin asked the question about what happens after 15 years. He	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide. The diagram that is on the screen, that is we literally hired somebody to take the existing vegetation and then pleas the Dollar General that we are proposing in the existing vegetation. So that's what we're looking at, and this is an aerial that is looking down. So you'll see some of the tops of the houses behind it, but that is surrounded by vegetation. It's surrounded by trees. You will not have an adverse impact on the properties that surround this particular parcel because of the way that it's laid out, the way that the buffer works. You won't even you won't hear. You won't see. There is not a mass in question. And what was telling as well and I have known Mr. Jones for years. He's a fine
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on this property and that there are unique circumstances that were not contemplated by these other criteria. And I believe what the evidence, especially from Ms. Gutcher, demonstrated is she's never worked on a project where you have approximately three acres and a developer provided two-plus acres as a buffer. And this was not a developer who just came in here and said, I'm going to plop the Dollar General. I have a commercial future land use designation. I have a zoning designation. I'm just going to plop it down and say I'm compatible. They gave up the reminder of the property, and they have stipulated here today because Board Member Goodwin or Godwin asked the question about what happens after 15 years. He just said he will deed restrict the property. So	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide. The diagram that is on the screen, that is we literally hired somebody to take the existing vegetation and then pleas the Dollar General that we are proposing in the existing vegetation. So that's what we're looking at, and this is an aerial that is looking down. So you'll see some of the tops of the houses behind it, but that is surrounded by vegetation. It's surrounded by trees. You will not have an adverse impact on the properties that surround this particular parcel because of the way that it's laid out, the way that the buffer works. You won't even you won't hear. You won't see. There is not a mass in question. And what was telling as well and I have known Mr. Jones for years. He's a fine director of planning. But what he could not answer
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	on, we were not hanging our hat on the infill criterion. However, the way your code is drafted, it does provide an applicant the opportunity to say, okay, no, we don't meet one, two, three or four. But we can document that we can be compatible on this property and that there are unique circumstances that were not contemplated by these other criteria. And I believe what the evidence, especially from Ms. Gutcher, demonstrated is she's never worked on a project where you have approximately three acres and a developer provided two-plus acres as a buffer. And this was not a developer who just came in here and said, I'm going to plop the Dollar General. I have a commercial future land use designation. I have a zoning designation. I'm just going to plop it down and say I'm compatible. They gave up the reminder of the property, and they have stipulated here today because Board Member Goodwin or Godwin asked the question about what happens after 15 years. He	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	And the percentages, this wasn't one foot went to two. It was more ten feet went 200 feet, 15 feet went to 92 feet. Now, this is one of the most buffered piece of property that I have ever seen a small-scale commercial, neighborhood commercial facility provide. The diagram that is on the screen, that is we literally hired somebody to take the existing vegetation and then pleas the Dollar General that we are proposing in the existing vegetation. So that's what we're looking at, and this is an aerial that is looking down. So you'll see some of the tops of the houses behind it, but that is surrounded by vegetation. It's surrounded by trees. You will not have an adverse impact on the properties that surround this particular parcel because of the way that it's laid out, the way that the buffer works. You won't even you won't hear. You won't see. There is not a mass in question. And what was telling as well and I have known Mr. Jones for years. He's a fine

Pages 153 to 156

			Pages 153 to 156
	Page 153		Page 154
1	under oath that the proposed Dollar General and	1	that the County Commission adopted.
2	let me get the language again could not coexist	2	So when I look at this, and you litigate
3	in relative proximity to each other in a stable	3	compatibility, what creates an unduly negative
4	fashion over time, such that no use, activity or	4	impact? Lighting. We had no testimony that
5	condition is unduly negatively impacted. That is	5	lighting would be a problem. Odors, noise, mass
б	the definition in your code.	6	and bulk. That comes in when you have a highrise
7	And you have no evidence from staff that	7	next to a single-family home, and you have the loss
8	this project fails to meet the definition of	8	of privacy because the highrise is looking down in
9	compatibility that the County adopted. You have	9	your backyard when you're using your swimming pool.
10	evidence from Ms. Gutcher who has done thousands of	10	Or that the scheme in the neighborhood is
11	compatibility analyses in the public sector, not	11	single-family one and two stories, and you are
12	just private clients, that this project is	12	putting in a seven story. That changes the mass
13	compatible and will be compatible.	13	and bulk and sometimes can produce instability into
14	And I will represent to you, I have been	14	a neighborhood. That creates an unduly negative
15	practicing law and, again, I don't present	15	impact.
16	evidence. I present argument. But I have been	16	You had no evidence from the staff that
17	practicing law for almost 30 years around the	17	identified anything that would cause unduly
18	State. And when you litigate compatibility cases,	18	negative impact. They simply said it's not
19	which is what we are coming down to here, with all	19	compatible because it's a commercial use near
20	due respect, I read $(e)(5)$ to be the compatibility	20	residential. You have commercial uses near
21	prong for the locational criteria, that the County	21	residential throughout this County, throughout this
22	created an option. If you don't meet one through	22	state. And you can't determine that something is
23	four, if you can demonstrate compatibility, and	23	not compatible by simply saying it's not
24	it's something unique, then you ring the bell.	24	compatible.
25	It's not an exception. It's one of the criteria	25	As a matter of law, the person saying
	Dage 155		Dage 156
	Page 155	1	Page 156
1	that it's not compatible has to identify why. And	1	of the locational criteria.
2	that it's not compatible has to identify why. And why is not it's residential next to commercial.	2	of the locational criteria. Our client will suffer an adverse impact.
2 3	that it's not compatible has to identify why. And why is not it's residential next to commercial. Why is one of the compatible factors. And you have	2 3	of the locational criteria. Our client will suffer an adverse impact. They are not going to be able to develop the Dollar
2 3 4	that it's not compatible has to identify why. And why is not it's residential next to commercial. Why is one of the compatible factors. And you have no evidence staff that any of the compatible	2 3 4	of the locational criteria. Our client will suffer an adverse impact. They are not going to be able to develop the Dollar General on the property. This is prong B deals
2 3 4 5	that it's not compatible has to identify why. And why is not it's residential next to commercial. Why is one of the compatible factors. And you have no evidence staff that any of the compatible factors would support a determination of not	2 3 4 5	of the locational criteria. Our client will suffer an adverse impact. They are not going to be able to develop the Dollar General on the property. This is prong B deals with specific LDC provisions identified in the
2 3 4 5 6	that it's not compatible has to identify why. And why is not it's residential next to commercial. Why is one of the compatible factors. And you have no evidence staff that any of the compatible factors would support a determination of not compatible.	2 3 4 5 6	of the locational criteria. Our client will suffer an adverse impact. They are not going to be able to develop the Dollar General on the property. This is prong B deals with specific LDC provisions identified in the appeal application appropriate to the decision, and
2 3 4 5 6 7	that it's not compatible has to identify why. And why is not it's residential next to commercial. Why is one of the compatible factors. And you have no evidence staff that any of the compatible factors would support a determination of not compatible. The criteria, this is an administrative	2 3 4 5 6 7	of the locational criteria. Our client will suffer an adverse impact. They are not going to be able to develop the Dollar General on the property. This is prong B deals with specific LDC provisions identified in the appeal application appropriate to the decision, and the decision was not in compliance with these
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	that it's not compatible has to identify why. And why is not it's residential next to commercial. Why is one of the compatible factors. And you have no evidence staff that any of the compatible factors would support a determination of not compatible. The criteria, this is an administrative appeal. And you had a slide earlier that gave a	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	of the locational criteria. Our client will suffer an adverse impact. They are not going to be able to develop the Dollar General on the property. This is prong B deals with specific LDC provisions identified in the appeal application appropriate to the decision, and the decision was not in compliance with these provisions. That gets right down to the criteria
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	that it's not compatible has to identify why. And why is not it's residential next to commercial. Why is one of the compatible factors. And you have no evidence staff that any of the compatible factors would support a determination of not compatible. The criteria, this is an administrative appeal. And you had a slide earlier that gave a definition for arbitrary and capricious. I think	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	of the locational criteria. Our client will suffer an adverse impact. They are not going to be able to develop the Dollar General on the property. This is prong B deals with specific LDC provisions identified in the appeal application appropriate to the decision, and the decision was not in compliance with these provisions. That gets right down to the criteria that we have been dealing with, (e)(5).
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		Pages 157 to 160
Page 157		Page 158
need to be addressed, that is at the site plan	1	in the condominium next to it, and they all swore
level. It's not for today.	2	up down at the hearing, we will not spin one dollar
The domino effect, we heard that several	3	in that restaurant if you approve it. The first
times today. This is the only piece of property in	4	time I went there after it was built about six
this area that has a commercial designation. It's	5	months later, they were holding their HOA meetings
the only property in this area that will have the	6	there because they could walk down to the sidewalk
right to come in and seek a commercial use pursuant	7	to a really nice restaurant.
to locational criteria.	8	So I would submit that folks stating
Mr. Holmer put the slide up, and you saw	9	today that they are never, ever going to shop
a sea of high density and low density residential.	10	there, I frequently see that that doesn't pan out.
The only parcel that had commercial was our	11	But whether they do or they don't, you also don't
clients. So unless somebody comes in and convinces	12	have a criterion in your code that says there can
the Board of County Commissiners to rezone a	13	only be three Dollar Generals in a certain
residential property to commercial, this isn't a	14	proximity, or there can only be 200 houses in a
domino effect. It's one piece of property, and	15	particular area.
it's my client's property.	16	Every property owner has a right to come
Lastly, again, I have been doing this	17	in and ask, regardless of how many other ones there
for 30 years, and I have done all three sides. I	18	might be on a street or in a neighborhood or in a
represent local governments. I represent property	19	community.
owners that are trying to develop their properties.	20	So we ask that you grant our
And I have represented neighbors trying to protect	21	administrative appeal, allow us to proceed through
their neighborhood.	22	the process. We don't get approved today. That's
And just two years ago, I was	23	not what we are doing. We just get the right to
representing somebody trying to do a restaurant on	24	submit. And we have to go through the site plan
the beach in South Walton. And the neighbors lived	25	approval process and meet all your site plan
Page 159		Page 160
requirements.	1	hands.)
All we're asking for today is the right	2	A unanimous acceptance of staffs

1	requirements.	1	hands.)
2	1	2	A unanimous acceptance of staffs
3		3	findings.
4		4	MR. GODWIN: Mr. Chairman, I think the record
5	Thank you.	5	ought to be have that our decision is based upon
б	MR. CHAIRMAN: Board members, any questions of	6	the competent and substantial evidence that was
7	the applicant? Any questions of the staff?	7	presented by the expert witnesses that testified
8	(No response)	8	before us today, and while we heard quite a bit of
9	The Chair will now entertain a motion	9	comments and testimony from the neighborhood, that
10	regarding this item. In your motion, please state	10	our decision-making process was geared to that
11	whether or not you adopt the staff's findings of	11	expert testimony.
12	fact. If for any reason you do not accept staff's	12	MR. CHAIRMAN: You are on the recording, and
13	findings of fact, specifically state why you do not	13	that will be duly noted in the minutes.
14	concur. Do we have a motion?	14	(Whereupon, the hearing was adjourned at
15	MR. STROMQUIST: I will make a motion to agree	15	12:27 p.m.)
16	with staff's findings of fact and deny the appeal.	16	
17	MR. CHAIRMAN: Do we have second?	17	
18	MS. GUND: I will second.	18	
19	MR. CHAIRMAN: A motion by Bill, a second by	19	
20	Judy.	20	
21	Any discussion?	21	
22	(No response)	22	
23	Those in favor, signify by raising your	23	
24	right hand.	24	
25	(The board members raise their right	25	

		Page 161
	Page 161	
1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER	
2	CERTIFICATE OF REFORTER	
3	STATE OF FLORIDA)	
4	COUNTY OF ESCAMBIA)	
5		
6	5	
7	I, REBECCA T. FUSSELL, Court Reporter, do	
8	hereby certify that I was authorized to and did	
9	stenographically report the meeting of the Board of	
10	Adjustment; and that the foregoing transcript, pages 1	
11 12	through 161 is a true record of my stenographic notes. I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative,	
13	employee, or attorney, or counsel of any of the parties	
14	nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties',	
15	attorney or counsel connected with the action, nor am I	
16	financially interested in the action.	
17	-	
18		
19	DATED this 8th day of November 2017.	
20		
21 22		
22	REBECCA T. FUSSELL, COURT REPORTER	
23	REDECCA I. FUSSELL, COURT REFORTER	
24		
25		
L		

BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

Teramore Development, LLC, Petitioner

V.

Parcel No. 23-3S-31-2001-000-000 Address: 11400 block of Gulf Beach Highway, Pensacola Florida BOA Case: AP-2017-02

ESCAMBIA COUNTY, a political subdivision of the State of Florida, Respondent.

NOTICE OF CONTINUANCE

COMES NOW, Respondent, Escambia County Board of County Commissioners, Development Services Department, (hereinafter, the "County") by and through its undersigned attorney, and provides this Notice of Continuance. In support thereof, the County states as follows:

- 1. This matter was scheduled for hearing before the Escambia County Board of Adjustment on October 17, 2018; and
- The Florida Panhandle was hit by Hurricane Michael on October 10, 2018; and
- Due to the hurricane, the initial hearing was rescheduled from October
 17, 2018 to November 14, 2018; and

- 4. In November 2018, counsel for the applicant's wife suffered an unexpected injury; and
- 5. On November 13, 2018, the day before the hearing, opposing counsel's wife is having surgery in Tallahassee, Florida; and
- 6. Citing the ongoing recovery from the recent hurricane and the wife's surgery, the applicant is requesting a continuance; and
- 7. Given all facts and circumstances, the County does not object to the requested continuance; and
- 8. The continuance is filed in good faith and not solely for the purpose of delay; and
- 9. The County is authorized to file this Notice on behalf of the Petitioner.

WHEREFORE, the County submits this Notice of Continuance and requests that the matter be set before the Board of Adjustment on the next mutually available date.

Respectfully submitted, Alison P. Rogers, County Attorney Escambia County Attorney's Office

By:

Meredith D. Crawford, Assistant County Attorney 221 Palafox Place, Suite 430 Pensacola, Florida 32502 (850) 595-4970 phone (850) 595-4979 fax Florida Board No.: 0048086 Attorney for Escambia County, FL mdcrawford@myescambia.com aespinosa@myescambia.com

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Notice of Stipulated Continuance of the Board of Adjustment hearing was filed on November 13, 2018, via electronic mail to David A. Theriaque, Attorney for Teramore Development, LLC, at <u>dat@theriaquelaw.com</u> and to Kayla Meador, Clerk for the Escambia County Board of Adjustment, at <u>krmeador@myescambia.com</u>, this the 13th day of November, 2018.

Weredith Crawford, Assistant County Attorney Attorney for Escambia County, FL