#### AGENDA ESCAMBIA COUNTY PLANNING BOARD October 6, 2015–8:35 a.m. Escambia County Central Office Complex 3363 West Park Place, Room 104

1. Call to Order.

Α.

- 2. Proof of Publication and Waive the Reading of the Legal Advertisement.
- 3. Approval of Minutes.
  - A. **RECOMMENDATION:** That the Planning Board review and approve the Meeting Resume' Minutes of the September 1, 2015 Planning Board Meeting.
    - B. Planning Board Monthly Action Follow-up Report for September 2015.
    - C. Planning Board 6-Month Outlook for October 2015.
- 4. Public Hearings.
  - A. A Public Hearing to Review an LDC Ordinance Amending Chapter 3 Zoning Regulations, Remove Minimum Lot Size
  - B. A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending Chapter
     3, Building Height & Chapter 6 Definitions
  - C. A Public Hearing to Review an Ordinance Concerning Chapter 4, Article 7, Accessory Uses and Structures

- D. A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an LDC Ordinance Chapter 3 Zoning Reg, Alcohol Breweries, Distilleries, and Wineries & Chapter 6 Definitions
- 5. Action/Discussion/Info Items.
- 6. Public Forum.
- 7. Director's Review.
- 8. County Attorney's Report.
- 9. Scheduling of Future Meetings.

The next Regular Planning Board meeting is scheduled for **Tuesday**, **November 3, 2015 at 8:30 a.m.**, in the Escambia County Central Office Complex, Room 104, First Floor, 3363 West Park Place, Pensacola, Florida.

- 10. Announcements/Communications.
- 11. Adjournment.



Planning Board-Regular Meeting Date: 10/06/2015

Agenda Item:

A. **<u>RECOMMENDATION</u>**: That the Planning Board review and approve the Meeting Resume' Minutes of the September 1, 2015 Planning Board Meeting.

B. Planning Board Monthly Action Follow-up Report for September 2015.

C. Planning Board 6-Month Outlook for October 2015.

## Attachments

<u>9-1-15 Quasi-Judicial Mtg Resume Minutes</u> <u>9-1-15 Regular PB Mtg Resume Minutes</u> <u>September Monthly Action Follow-Up</u> <u>October Six Month Outlook</u> 3. A.

# **DRAFT**

#### RESUMÉ OF THE ESCAMBIA COUNTY PLANNING BOARD QUASI-JUDICIAL REZONING September 1, 2015

#### CENTRAL OFFICE COMPLEX 3363 WEST PARK PLACE, BOARD CHAMBERS PENSACOLA, FLORIDA (8:31 A.M. – 9:18 A.M.) (9:26 A.M. – 10:33 A.M.) (10:45 A.M. – 10:46 A.M.)

- Present: Wayne Briske, Chairman Tim Tate, Vice Chairman Rodger Lowery Alvin Wingate Stephanie Oram, Navy (Non voting) Timothy Pyle Bob Cordes Reid Rushing
- Absent: Patty Hightower, School Board (non-voting)
- Staff Present: Allyson Cain, Urban Planner, Planning & Zoning Andrew Holmer, Division Manager, Planning & Zoning Griffin Vickery, Urban Planner, Planning & Zoning Horace Jones, Director, Development Services John Fisher, Senior Urban Planner, Planning & Zoning Juan Lemos, Senior Planner, Planning & Zoning Karen Bohon, Sr. Office Assistant Kayla Meador, Sr Office Assistant Kerra Smith, Assistant County Attorney
- 1. Call to Order.
- 2. Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag was given by Alvin Wingate.
- 3. Proof of Publication and Waive the Reading of the Legal Advertisement.

Motion by Reid Rushing, Seconded by Alvin Wingate Motion was made to accept the proof of publication and to waive the reading of the legal advertisement.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

4. Quasi-judicial Process Explanation.

A.	Case #:	Z-2015-12
	Applicant:	Kerry Anne Schultz Agent for The Busbee Limited Partnership and Murphy J. Jacob Trust
	Address:	9600 BLK Tower Ridge Road
	Property Size:	78.72 (+/-) acres
	From:	RMU, Rural Mixed-use district (two du/acre)
	To:	LDMU, Low Density Mixed-use district (seven du/acre)

Alvin Wingate acknowledged visiting the site.

No planning board member acknowledged any ex parte communication regarding this item.

No planning board member refrained from voting on this matter due to any conflict of interest.

Motion by Tim Tate, Seconded by Timothy Pyle

The applicant asked to change their original rezoning request from RMU to LDMU to the new request of RMU to LDR and accept staff findings.

Motion was made to recommend approval from RMU to LDR and accept Staff Findings of Fact on all six criteria.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

- B. Case #: Z-2015-13
  - Applicant: J. Dan Gilmore, Agent for Exit 3 Investments, LLC
  - Address: Detailed Specific Area Plan
  - Property 1400 (+/-) acres
  - Size:
  - From: Agricultural district (Agr), density of one dwelling unit per acres and Rural Mixed-use district (RMU), density of two dwelling units per acre
  - To: Low Density Residential district (LDR), Detailed Specific Area Plan Land Use Conservation Neighborhood with a maximum density of 3 dwelling units per net acre.

**Medium Density Residential district (MDR)**, Detailed Specific Area Plan Land Use Suburban Garden with a maximum density of 10 dwelling units per acre. **High Density Residential district (HDR),** Detailed Specific Area Plan Land Use Traditional Garden with a maximum density of 10 dwelling units per acre.

**High Density Residential district (HDR),** Detailed Specific Area Plan Land Use Traditional Village with a maximum density of 20 dwelling units per acre.

**High Density Mixed-use district (HDMU),** Detailed Specific Area Plan Land Use Neighborhood Center, with a maximum gross floor area of 15,000 square feet.

**Commercial district (Com),** Detailed Specific Area Plan Land Use Village Center, with a maximum gross floor area of 200,000 square feet.

No planning board member acknowledged visiting the site.

No planning board member acknowledged any ex parte communication regarding this item.

No planning board member refrained from voting on this matter due to any conflict of interest.

Motion by Tim Tate, Seconded by Rodger Lowery

Motion was made to accept map Juan Lemos created as Exhibit A.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

Motion by Tim Tate, Seconded by Rodger Lowery

Motion was made to accept Fred Thompson as expert in land surveying and design.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

Motion by Tim Tate, Seconded by Bob Cordes

Motion was made to accept Staff Findings of Fact and recommend approval to the BCC.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

- 5. Public Hearings.
- 6. Adjournment.



#### RESUMÉ OF THE ESCAMBIA COUNTY PLANNING BOARD September 1, 2015

#### CENTRAL OFFICE COMPLEX 3363 WEST PARK PLACE, BOARD CHAMBERS PENSACOLA, FLORIDA (10:46 A.M. – 12:37 P.M.)

- Present: Wayne Briske, Chairman Tim Tate, Vice Chairman Rodger Lowery Alvin Wingate Stephanie Oram, Navy (Non voting) Timothy Pyle Bob Cordes Reid Rushing
- Absent: Patty Hightower, School Board (non-voting)
- Staff Present: Allyson Cain, Urban Planner, Planning & Zoning Andrew Holmer, Division Manager, Planning & Zoning Griffin Vickery, Urban Planner, Planning & Zoning Horace Jones, Director, Development Services John Fisher, Senior Urban Planner, Planning & Zoning Kayla Meador, Sr Office Assistant Kerra Smith, Assistant County Attorney
- 1. Call to Order.
- 2. Proof of Publication and Waive the Reading of the Legal Advertisement.

Motion by Tim Tate, Seconded by Rodger Lowery

Motion was made to accept the proof of publication and to waive the reading of the legal advertisement.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

3. Approval of Resume Minutes.

- A. A. **<u>RECOMMENDATION</u>**: That the Planning Board review and approve the Meeting Resume' Minutes of the August 4, 2015 Planning Board Meeting.
  - B. Planning Board Monthly Action Follow-up Report for August 2015.
  - C. Planning Board 6-Month Outlook for September 2015.

Motion by Timothy Pyle, Seconded by Rodger Lowery

Motion was made to approve the minutes from the August 4, 2015 Planning Board Meeting.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

- 4. Public Hearings.
  - A. A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending Comprehensive Plan Chapter 15 "Capital Impovement Element", Objective CIE 1.2 <u>A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending</u> <u>Comprehensive Plan Chapter 15, "Capital Improvement Element", Objective CIE</u> <u>1.2 "Five-Year Schedule".</u>

That the Board review and recommend to the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) for adoption, an Ordinance to the Comprehensive Plan Chapter 15, "Capital Improvement Element", Objective CIE 1.2 "Five-Year Schedule".

Motion by Tim Tate, Seconded by Rodger Lowery

Motion was made to accept and recommend approval to the BCC.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

B. A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an LDC Ordinance Amending Chapter 3 Community Redevelopment <u>A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an</u> <u>Ordinance Amending Chapter 3, Article 3, Section 3-3.2</u>

That the Board review and recommend to the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) for adoption, an Ordinance to the Land Development Code (LDC) Chapter 3, Article 3, Section 3-3.2 "Community Redevelopment", to modify the authority to grant exceptions to the overlay district standards.

Motion by Reid Rushing, Seconded by Tim Tate

Motion was made to recommend approval to the BCC.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

C. A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an LDC Ordinance Amending Chapter 3, Zoning Regulations, LDR-PB<u>A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an</u> Ordinance Amending Chapter 3, Zoning Regulations, LDR-PB

That the Board review and recommend to the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) for adoption, an Ordinance to the Land Development Code (LDC Chapter 3, Section 3-5.2, LDR-PB, "Site and Building Requirements".

Motion by Bob Cordes, Seconded by Rodger Lowery

Motion was made to recommend approval to the BCC.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

D. A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an LDC Ordinance Chapter 4, SRIA Floodplain Management <u>A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an</u> Ordinance Amending Chapter 4, SRIA Floodplain Management

That the Board review and recommend to the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) for adoption, an Ordinance to the Land Development Code (LDC) Chapter 4, Article 3, Floodplain management on Pensacola Beach.

Motion by Tim Tate, Seconded by Rodger Lowery

Motion was made to accept with changes made to the Ordinance on page 3, line 31 and recommend approval to the BCC.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

E. SSA-2015-06 A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending the 2030 Future Land Use Map <u>A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an</u> <u>Ordinance Amending the Future Land Use Map</u>

That the Board review and recommend to the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) for adoption, an Ordinance amending the Future Land Use Map.

Motion by Reid Rushing, Seconded by Timothy Pyle

Motion was made to recommend approval to the BCC.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

F. A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an LDC Ordinance, Chapter 3 Zoning Regulations <u>A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending</u> <u>Chapter 3, Zoning Regulations</u>

That the Board review and recommend to the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) for adoption, an Ordinance to the Land Development Code (LDC) Chapter 3, Zoning Regulations, to create Section 3-1.8 "Density and Uses Savings Clause"

to allow residential density and land uses permitted under previous zoning districts to be reinstated under specified conditions.

Motion by Tim Tate, Seconded by Rodger Lowery

Motion was made to recommend approval with changes on page 2, line 7; changing "or record" to "listed", and forward to the BCC.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

5. Action/Discussion/Info Items.

Standards for Motorized Recreation Vehicles

Motion by Timothy Pyle, Seconded by Tim Tate

Motion was made to research sizing of property with this type of activity and articulate time when the PB will look at the issue of standards for motorized recreation vehicles.

Vote: 7 - 0 Approved

- 6. Public Forum.
- 7. Director's Review.
- 8. County Attorney's Report.
- 9. Scheduling of Future Meetings.

The next Regular Planning Board meeting is scheduled for **Tuesday, October 6**, **2015 at 8:30 a.m.**, in the Escambia County Central Office Complex, Room 104, First Floor, 3363 West Park Place, Pensacola, Florida.

- 10. Announcements/Communications.
- 11. Adjournment.



## BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT 3363 WEST PARK PLACE PENSACOLA, FLORIDA 32505 PHONE: 850-595-3475 FAX: 850-595-3481 www.myescambia.com

#### <u>Memorandum</u>

TO: Planning Board

**FROM:** Karen Bohon, Board Clerk

DATE: September 21, 2015

**RE:** Monthly Action Follow-Up Report for September 2015.

The following is a status report of Planning Board (PB) agenda items for the prior month of **September**. Some items include information from previous months in cases where final disposition has not yet been determined. Post-monthly actions are included (when known) as of report preparation date. Items are listed in chronological order, beginning with the PB initial hearing on the topic.

#### PROJECTS, PLANS, & PROGRAMS

#### **COMMITTEES & WORKING GROUP MEETINGS**

#### COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AMENDMENTS

#### • Text Amendments:

#### **CPA-2015-07** Five-Year Schedule

09-01-15 PB recommended approval 10-08-15 First of two public hearings before the BCC

#### • Map Amendments:

#### LSA-2015-01

9600 Blk Tower Ridge Road04-07-15PB recommended approval05-07-15BCC approved for transmittal to DEO08-06-15BCC Adopted

#### SSA-2015-04

North Beverly Parkway 07-07-15 PB recommended approval 07-23-15 BCC Approved

#### SSA-2015-05

South Beverly Parkway 07-07-15 PB recommended approval 07-23-15 BCC Approved

#### SSA-2015-06

Saufley Field 09-01-15 PB recommended approval 10-08-15 BCC meeting

#### LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE ORDINANCES

#### Minimum Lot Size Ordinance, Chapter 3 changes

- 07-07-15 PB recommended approval with changes
- 08-06-15 First of two public hearings before the BCC
- 08-20-15 BCC Approved

#### Zoning Requirements Ordinance, Chapter 2 changes

- 08-04-15 PB recommended approval with changes
- 09-03-15 BCC Approved

#### CRA Overlay Ordinance, Chapter 3 changes

- 09-01-15 PB recommended approval
- 10-08-15 BCC meeting

#### SRIA Setback, Chapter 3 changes

09-01-15 PB recommended approval

10-08-15 BCC meeting

#### SRIA Flood Plain Management, Chapter 4 changes

- 09-01-15 PB recommended approval
- 10-08-15 BCC meeting

#### Density & Uses Savings Clause, Chapter 3 changes

- 09-01-15 PB recommended approval
- 09-24-15 BCC meeting

#### **REZONING CASES**

#### 1. Rezoning Case Z-2015-11

06-02-15 PB recommended approval 07-07-15 BCC approved

#### 2. Rezoning Case Z-2015-12

- 06-02-15 PB recommended approval
- 07-07-15 BCC sent back to PB
- 09-01-15 PB recommended approval with changes
- 10-08-15 BCC meeting

#### 3. Rezoning Case Z-2015-14

06-02-15 PB recommended approval 09-03-15 BCC Approved

#### 4. Rezoning Case Z-2015-13

09-01-15PB recommended approval10-08-15BCC meeting

#### Miscellaneous Items

## PLANNING BOARD MONTHLY SCHEDULE SIX MONTH OUTLOOK FOR OCTOBER 2015

(Revised 09/21/15)

A.H. = Adoption Hearing T.H. = Transmittal Hearing P.H. = Public Hearing \* Indicates topic/date is estimated—subject to staff availability for project completion and/or citizen liaison

Meeting Date	LDC Changes and/or Public Hearings	Comprehensive Plan Amendments	Rezonings	Reports, Discussion and/or Action Items
Tuesday, October 6, 2015	<ul> <li>Accessory Uses &amp; Structures</li> <li>Height Ord.</li> <li>Microbreweries</li> <li>Remove Min Lot Size</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Z-2015-15</li> <li>Z-2015-16</li> <li>Z-2015-17</li> <li>Z-2015-18</li> </ul>	PK Charrette     (Oct 5-9 <sup>th</sup> )
Tuesday, November 3, 2015	Temporary Uses     & Structures	MU-PB error in comp plan		<ul> <li>Limited AG uses in MU-S (comp plan amendment)</li> <li>Group Living definition and permitted uses</li> </ul>
Tuesday, December 1, 2015				
Tuesday, January 5, 2016				
Tuesday, February 2, 2016				
Tuesday, March 1, 2016				

Disclaimer: This document is provided for informational purposes only. Schedule is subject to change. Verify all topics on the current meeting agenda one week prior to the meeting date.



## Planning Board-Regular

4. A.

Meeting Date: 10/06/2015

- Issue: A Public Hearing to Review an LDC Ordinance Amending Chapter 3 Zoning Regulations, Remove Minimum Lot Size
- From: Horace Jones, Director

Organization: Development Services

## **RECOMMENDATION:**

A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending Chapter 3, Section 3-2.5

That the Board review and recommend to the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) for adoption, an Ordinance to the Land Development Code (LDC) Chapter 3, Zoning Regulations. In the Low Density Residential district (LDR), remove the one acre minimum lot size for new subdivisions previously zoned V-1 zoning prior to the adoption of the Land Development Code.

## BACKGROUND:

On August 20, 2015, the BCC adopted an Ordinance creating a minimum lot size of one acre for parcels previously zoned V-1. The BCC finds that maintaining this requirement could have adverse impacts on economic development within Escambia County.

## **BUDGETARY IMPACT:**

No budgetary impact is anticipated by the adoption of this Ordinance.

## LEGAL CONSIDERATIONS/SIGN-OFF:

The attached Ordinance has been reviewed and approved for legal sufficiency by Kerra Smith, Assistant County Attorney. Any recommended legal comments are attached herein.

## PERSONNEL:

No additional personnel are required for implementation of this Ordinance.

## POLICY/REQUIREMENT FOR BOARD ACTION:

The proposed Ordinance is consistent with the Board's goal "to increase citizen involvement in, access to, and approval of, County government activities."

## **IMPLEMENTATION/COORDINATION:**

Implementation of this Ordinance will consist of an amendment to the LDC and distribution of a copy of the adopted Ordinance to interested citizens and staff.

The proposed Ordinance was prepared in cooperation with the Development Services Department, the County Attorney's Office and all interested citizens. The Development Services Department will ensure proper advertisement.

Attachments

Draft Ordinance

#### LEGAL REVIEW

(COUNTY DEPARTMENT USE ONLY)			
Document:Removeal of 1 acre min lot size			
Date: 09/09/15			
Date requested back by: 09/11/15			
Requested by:			
Phone Number:			
(LEGAL USE ONLY)			
(LEGAL USE ONLY) Legal Review by Kerna A. Smith Date Received: 9915			
Date Received:9 9 15			
Approved as to form and legal sufficiency.			
Not approved.			
Make subject to legal signoff.			

Additional comments:

1	ORDINANCE NUMBER 2015
2	
3	AN ORDINANCE OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA, AMENDING
4	PART III OF THE ESCAMBIA COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES, THE
5	LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA;
6	AMENDING CHAPTER 3, SECTION 3-2.5, LOW DENSITY
7	RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (LDR), TO REMOVE THE ONE ACRE
8	MINIMUM LOT SIZE SITE AND BUILDING REQUIREMENT FOR LAND
9	PREVIOUSLY ZONED V-1; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY;
10	PROVIDING FOR INCLUSION IN THE CODE; AND PROVIDING FOR
11	AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
12	WHEREAS, through its Land Development Code (LDC), the Ecoembia County
13	WHEREAS, through its Land Development Code (LDC), the Escambia County
14 15	Board of County Commissioners desires to preserve the county as a desirable community in which to live, vacation and do business; and
15 16	community in which to live, vacation and do business, and
10	WHEREAS, the Board adopted a one acre minimum lot size for new subdivisions
18	zoned V-1 prior to the adoption of the LDC on April 16, 2015; and
19	
20	WHEREAS, the Board finds that maintaining the one acre minimum lot size for
21	new subdivisions of land zoned V-1 prior to the adoption of the LDC could have
22	adverse impacts on economic development within Escambia County;
23	
24	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY
25	COMMISSIONERS OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA, AS FOLLOWS:
26	
27	Section 1. Part III of the Escambia County Code of Ordinances, the Land
28	Development Code of Escambia County, Chapter 3, Section 3-2.5(d) is hereby
29	amended as follows: (words <u>underlined</u> are additions and words stricken are deletions):
30	See 2.2.5 Low Density Residential district (LDR)
31 32	Sec. 3-2.5 Low Density Residential district (LDR)
32 33	(d) Site and building requirements. The following site and building requirements apply
34	to uses within the LDR district:
35	(1) Density. A maximum of four dwelling units per acre.
	(2) Floor area ratio. A maximum floor area ratio of 1.0 for all uses.
36 37	(3) Structure height. A maximum structure height of 45 feet above highest adjacent
37 38	grade unless otherwise prescribed by use.
	(4) Lot area. A minimum lot size of one acre for new subdivisions in V-1 zoning on
39 40	April 16, 2015. For all other lots, there is n <u>N</u> o minimum lot area unless prescribed
40 41	by use.
41	(5) Lot width. A minimum lot width of 20 feet at the street right-of-way for cul-de-sac
42 43	lots and 50 feet for all other lots, and a minimum width of 70 feet at the front
45 44	building line for all lots.
17	

(7) Structure setbacks. For all principal structures, minimum setbacks are: a. Front and rear. Twenty-five feet in the front and rear. **b. Sides.** On each side, five feet or 10 percent of the lot width at the front building line, whichever is greater, but not required to exceed 15 feet. (8) Other requirements. a. Horse shelters. Stables or other structures for sheltering horses or other domesticated equines shall be at least 50 feet from any property line and at least 130 feet from any dwelling on the property of another landowner. b. Chapters 4 and 5. Refer to chapters 4 and 5 for additional development regulations and standards. Section 2. Severability. If any section, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by any Court of competent jurisdiction, then said holding shall in no way affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance. Inclusion in Code. Section 3. It is the intention of the Board of County Commissioners that the provisions of this ordinance shall be codified as required by Section 125.68, Florida Statutes, and that the sections, subsections and other provisions of this ordinance may be renumbered or re-lettered and the word "ordinance" may be changed to "section," "article," or such other appropriate word or phrase in order to accomplish such intentions. **INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK** 

(6) Lot coverage. Minimum pervious lot coverage of 30 percent (70 percent

maximum semi-impervious and impervious cover) for all uses.

Section 4.	Effective Date.	
This Ordina	ince shall become effective up	oon filing with the Department of State.
	<b>ENACTED</b> this day of	, 2015.
		BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIC OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORID
		By: Steven Barry, Chairman
		Sleven Barry, Chairman
ATTEST:	Pam Childers	
	Clerk of the Circuit Court	
Ву:		
<b>,</b>	Deputy Clerk	
(SEAL)		
ENACTED:		
FILED WIT	H THE DEPARTMENT OF S	
EFFECTIVE	DATE:	



## Planning Board-Regular

Meeting Date: 10/06/2015

**Issue:** A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending Chapte 3, Building Height & Chapter 6 Definitions

From: Horace Jones, Director

Organization: Development Services

## **RECOMMENDATION:**

<u>A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending Chapter 3, Building Height & Chapter 6 Definitions</u>

That the Board review and recommend to the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) for adoption, an Ordinance to the Land Development Code (LDC) Chapter 3, Article 2, "Mainland Districts," and Chapter 6, "Definitions," to clarify the measurement of building height.

## BACKGROUND:

The Land Development Code (LDC) adopted April 16, 2015 did not clearly compensate for the zoning district height limits of buildings within flood hazard areas where higher elevations are required to accommodate base flood elevations and freeboard.

## **BUDGETARY IMPACT:**

No budgetary impact is anticipated by the adoption of this Ordinance.

## LEGAL CONSIDERATIONS/SIGN-OFF:

The attached Ordinance has been reviewed and approved for legal sufficiency by Kerra Smith, Assistant County Attorney. Any recommended legal comments are attached herein.

## PERSONNEL:

No additional personnel are required for implementation of this Ordinance.

## POLICY/REQUIREMENT FOR BOARD ACTION:

The proposed Ordinance is consistent with the Board's goal "to increase citizen involvement in, access to, and approval of, County government activities."

## **IMPLEMENTATION/COORDINATION:**

4. B.

Implementation of this Ordinance will consist of an amendment to the LDC and distribution of a copy of the adopted Ordinance to interested citizens and staff.

The proposed Ordinance was prepared in cooperation with the Development Services Department, the County Attorney's Office and all interested citizens. The Development Services Department will ensure proper advertisement.

Attachments

Legal Review Draft Ordinance

#### LEGAL REVIEW

## (COUNTY DEPARTMENT USE ONLY)

Document: Height measurement				
Date: 09/02/2015 9/14/15 1018				
Date requested back by: 09/15/2015	-			
Requested by: Griffin Vickery; Drew Holmen LOS				
Phone Number:				
(LEGAL USE ONLY)				
Legal Review by Kenna A. Smith Date Received: 9/14/15				
Date Received: $\frac{9/14/15}{}$				
Approved as to form and legal sufficiency.				
Not approved.				
Make subject to legal signoff.				

Additional comments:

#### ORDINANCE NUMBER 2015-\_\_\_\_

3 AN ORDINANCE OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA, AMENDING PART III OF THE ESCAMBIA COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES, THE 4 LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA, AS 5 AMENDED; AMENDING CHAPTER 3, ARTICLE 2, SECTION 3-2.5 6 "LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (LDR)," SECTION 3-2.6 7 "LOW DENSITY MIXED-USE DISTRICT (LDMU)," SECTION 3-2.7 8 9 "MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (MDR)," AND SECTION 3-2.14 "CONSERVATION DISTRICT (CON)" TO CLARIFY SITE AND 10 BUILDING REQUIREMENTS FOR DENSITY AND STRUCTURE 11 HEIGHT: AMENDING CHAPTER 6. SECTION 6-0.3 "TERMS 12 DEFINED;" TO REDEFINE "HEIGHT" TO CLARIFY USE OF "HIGHEST 13 "FREEBOARD;" PROVIDING GRADE" AND ADJACENT FOR 14 DEFINITION OF "HEIGHT. MEAN ROOF;" PROVIDING FOR 15 SEVERABILITY: PROVIDING FOR INCLUSION IN THE CODE AND 16 PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE. 17

18

1 2

WHEREAS, through its Land Development Code, the Escambia County Board of
 County Commissioners authorizes site and building requirements for maximum dwelling
 unit densities and structure heights by applicable zoning district; and

22

WHEREAS, the Board of County Commissioners finds that clarifying site and building requirements for density and structure height within the Low Density Residential (LDR), Low Density Mixed-use (LDMU), Medium Density Residential (MDR), and Conservation (Con) zoning districts promotes the efficient and equitable regulation of land use, and therefore serves the public interest; and

WHEREAS, the Board of County Commissioners further finds that redefining the definition of "Height" to clarify the use of "highest adjacent grade" and "freeboard" and providing a definition for "Height, Mean Roof" is in the best interest of the County and its citizens, and serves an important public purpose;

32

## NOW THEREFORE BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA:

Section 1. Part III of the Escambia County Code of Ordinances, the Land Development
 Code of Escambia County, Chapter 3, Article 2, Section 3-2.5 "Low Density Residential
 district (LDR)," Section (d), "Site and building requirements" is hereby amended as
 follows (words <u>underlined</u> are additions and words stricken are deletions):

- 39
- 40

1	Sec. 3-2.5 Low Density Residential district (LDR).
2 3	(d) Site and building requirements. The following site and building requirements apply to uses within the LDR district:
4	(1) Density. A maximum density of four dwelling units per acre.
5	(2) Floor area ratio. A maximum floor area ratio of 1.0 for all uses.
6 7	(3) Structure height. A maximum structure height of 45 feet. See height definition. above highest adjacent grade unless otherwise prescribed by use.
8	(4) Lot area. No minimum lot area unless prescribed by use.
9 10 11	(5) Lot width. A minimum lot width of 20 feet at the street right-of-way for cul-de- sac lots and 50 feet for all other lots, and a minimum width of 70 feet at the front building line for all lots.
12 13	(6) Lot coverage. Minimum pervious lot coverage of 30 percent (70 percent maximum semi-impervious and impervious cover) for all uses.
14	(7) Structure setbacks. For all principal structures, minimum setbacks are:
15	a. Front and rear. Twenty-five feet in the front and rear.
16 17	b. Sides. On each side, five feet or 10 percent of the lot width at the front building line, whichever is greater, but not required to exceed 15 feet.
18	(8) Other requirements.
19 20 21	a. Horse shelters. Stables or other structures for sheltering horses or other domesticated equines shall be at least 50 feet from any property line and at least 130 feet from any dwelling on the property of another landowner.
22 23	b. Chapters 4 and 5. Refer to chapters 4 and 5 for additional development regulations and standards.
24	
25 26 27 28	<u>Section 2.</u> Part III of the Escambia County Code of Ordinances, the Land Development Code of Escambia County, Chapter 3, Article 2, Section 3-2.6 "Low Density Mixed-use district (LDMU)," Section (d), "Site and building requirements" is hereby amended as follows (words <u>underlined</u> are additions and words <del>stricken</del> are deletions):
29	Sec. 3-2.6 Low Density Mixed-use district (LDMU).
30 31	(d) Site and building requirements. The following site and building requirements apply to uses within the LDMU district:
32 33	(1) Density. A maximum density of seven dwelling units per acre regardless of the future land use category.
34 35	(2) Floor area ratio. A maximum floor area ratio of 1.0 within the MU-S future land use category and 2.0 within MU-U.

- (3) Structure height. A maximum structure height of 45 feet. See height definition. 1 above highest adjacent grade unless otherwise prescribed by use. 2 (4) Lot area. No minimum lot area unless prescribed by use. 3 (5) Lot width. Except for cul-de-sac lots which shall provide a minimum lot width of 4 20 feet at the street right-of-way, the following minimum lot widths are required: 5 a. Single-family detached. Forty feet at both the street right-of-way and front 6 building line for single-family detached dwellings. 7 **b.** Two-family. Fifty feet at the street right-of-way and 80 feet at the front 8 building line for two-family dwellings. 9 c. Multi-family and other. One hundred feet at the front building line for multi-10 family dwellings and townhouse groups. No minimum lot width required by 11 zoning for other uses. 12 (6) Lot coverage. Minimum pervious lot coverage of 25 percent (75 percent 13 maximum semi-impervious and impervious cover) for all uses. 14 (7) Structure setbacks. For all principal structures, minimum setbacks are: 15 a. Front and rear. Twenty feet in the front and 15 feet in the rear. 16 **b.** Sides. Ten feet on each side of a group of attached townhouses. On each 17 side of all other structures, five feet or 10 percent of the lot width at the front 18 building line, whichever is greater, but not required to exceed 15 feet. 19 (8) Other requirements. Refer to chapters 4 and 5 for additional development 20 regulations and standards. 21 22 Section 3. Part III of the Escambia County Code of Ordinances, the Land Development 23 Code of Escambia County, Chapter 3, Article 2, Section 3-2.7 "Medium Density 24 Residential district (MDR)," Section (d), "Site and building requirements" is hereby 25 amended as follows (words underlined are additions and words stricken are deletions): 26 Medium Density Residential district (MDR). 27 Sec. 3-2.7 (d) Site and building requirements. The following site and building requirements 28 apply to uses within the MDR district: 29 30 (1) Density. A maximum density of 10 dwelling units per acre regardless of the future land use category. 31 (2) Floor area ratio. A maximum floor area ratio of 1.0 within the MU-S future land 32 33 use category and 2.0 within MU-U. (3) Structure height. A maximum structure height of 45 feet. See height definition. 34
- 34 (3) Structure neight. A maximum structure neight of 45 feet. See neight definiti 35 above highest adjacent grade unless otherwise prescribed by use.
- 36 (4) Lot area. No minimum lot area unless prescribed by use.

1 2	(5) Lot width. Except for cul-de-sac lots which shall provide a minimum lot width of 20 feet at the street right-of-way, the following minimum lot widths are required:
3 4	a. Single-family detached. Fifty feet at both the street right-of-way and front building line for single-family detached dwellings.
5 6	b. Two-family. Fifty feet at the street right-of-way and 80 feet at the front building line for two-family dwellings.
7 8 9	c. Multi-family and other. One hundred feet at the front building line for townhouse groups and boarding or rooming houses. No minimum lot width required by zoning for other uses.
10 11	(6) Lot coverage. Minimum pervious lot coverage of 30 percent (70 percent maximum semi-impervious and impervious cover) for all uses.
12	(7) Structure setbacks. For all principal structures, minimum setbacks are:
13	a. Front and rear. Twenty feet in the front and rear.
14 15 16	b. Sides. Ten feet on each side of a group of attached townhouses. On each side of all other structures, five feet or 10 percent of the lot width at the front building line, whichever is greater, but not required to exceed 15 feet.
17	(8) Other requirements.
18 19	<ul> <li>Stables. Stables shall be at least 50 feet from any property line and at least 130 feet from any residential dwelling on the property of another landowner.</li> </ul>
20 21	<ul> <li>b. Chapters 4 and 5. Refer to chapters 4 and 5 for additional development regulations and standards.</li> </ul>
22	
23 24 25 26	<b>Section 4.</b> Part III of the Escambia County Code of Ordinances, the Land Development Code of Escambia County, Chapter 3, Article 2, Section 3-2.14 "Conservation district (Con)," Section (d), "Site and building requirements" is hereby amended as follows (words <u>underlined</u> are additions and words stricken are deletions):
27	Sec. 3-2.14 Conservation district (Con).
28 29	(d) Site and building requirements. The following site and building requirements apply to uses within the Conservation district:
30	(1) Density. Dwelling unit density limited to vested development.
31	(2) Floor area ratio. A maximum floor area ratio of 0.5 for all uses.
32 33	(3) Structure height. A maximum structure height of 45 feet. See height definition. above highest adjacent grade unless otherwise prescribed by use.
34	(4) Lot area. No minimum lot area unless prescribed by use.
35	(5) Lot width. No minimum lot width required by zoning.

1	(6) Lot coverage. Minimum pervious lot coverage of 80 percent (20 percent
2	maximum semi-impervious and impervious cover) for all uses.
3	(7) Structure setbacks. For all principal structures, minimum setbacks are:

- (7) Structure setbacks. For all principal structures, minimum setbacks are:
  - a. Front and rear. Twenty-five feet in front and rear.
  - **b.** Sides. On each side, five feet or 10 percent of the lot width at the front building line, whichever is greater, but not required to exceed 15 feet.

#### (8) Other requirements. 7

- Horse shelters. Stables or other structures for sheltering horses or other domesticated equines shall be at least 50 feet from any property line and at least 130 feet from any dwelling on the property of another landowner.
  - b. Chapters 4 and 5. Refer to chapters 4 and 5 for additional development regulations and standards.

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Section 5. Part III of the Escambia County Code of Ordinances, the Land Development 14 Code of Escambia County, Chapter 6, Section 6-0.3 "Terms defined," subsection "H," is 15 hereby amended as follows (words underlined are additions and words stricken are 16 17 deletions):

18

- Sec. 6-0.3 Terms defined. 19
- 20

Habitable floor. A floor usable for living, working, sleeping, eating, cooking, or recreation, 21

- H -

or any combination thereof. A floor usable only for storage purposes is not a habitable floor. 22

Hardware store. A retail establishment primarily selling basic hardware lines, such as tools, 23

fasteners, plumbing and electrical supplies, paint, housewares, household appliances, and 24

garden supplies. 25

26 Hazardous material. A poison, corrosive agent, flammable substance, explosive,

27 radioactive chemical, or any other material that can endanger human or animal health or 28 well-being if handled improperly.

Hazardous waste. Solid waste, or a combination of solid wastes, which because of its 29 30 quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical, or infectious characteristics may cause or significantly contribute to an increase in mortality or an increase in serious irreversible or 31 32 incapacitating reversible illness, or may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment when improperly transported, disposed of, stored, treated, 33 34 or otherwise managed. The term "hazardous waste" does not include human remains that

are disposed of by persons licensed under Florida Statutes. 35

36 Height. The overall vertical dimension of a structure or object as measured from the highest adjacent grade, unless an alternative applicable reference surface or elevation is 37 specifically prescribed required by the LDC, such as highest adjacent grade, base flood 38

elevation plus freeboard, airport or airfield elevation, or mean high water-to mean roof 39

height or top of structure. 40

- 1 , *Mean Roof.* The average of the roof eave height and the height to the highest point on the
- 2 roof surface, except that eave height shall be used for roof angle of less than or equal to ten
- 3 <u>degrees (0.18 rad)</u>.
- 4 *Highest adjacent grade.* The highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to
- 5 construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a structure.
- 6 **Historic/cultural resource.** Any prehistoric or historic district, site, building, object, or other
- 7 real or personal property of historical, architectural, or archaeological value, and folk life
- 8 resources. These properties or resources may include monuments, memorials, Indian
- 9 habitations, ceremonial sites, abandoned settlements, sunken or abandoned ships,
- 10 engineering works, treasure trove, artifacts, or other objects with intrinsic historical or
- archaeological value, or any part thereof, relating to the history, government, and culture ofthe state.
- 13 *Historic building or structure.* A building or other structure that is any of the following:
- 14 Individually listed in the National Register of Historic Places maintained by the U.S.
- 15 Department of the Interior.
- 16 1. A contributing property in a National Register of Historic Places listed district.
- 17 2. Designated as historic property under an official municipal, county, special district, or
- 18 state designation, law, ordinance or resolution either individually or as a contributing 19 property in a district.
- 3. Determined eligible by the Florida State Historic Preservation Officer for listing in the
- National Register of Historic places, either individually or as a contributing property in a
   district.
- 23 Historic sign. Any sign officially designated historic by the appropriate federal, state or
- local historic entity or otherwise considered to be a local landmark by the board of adjustment.
- 26 Holiday decorations. Temporary signs and decorations, clearly incidental to, and
- 27 customarily and commonly associated with, any national, local or religious holiday.
- 28 Home-based business. An activity carried out for the purpose of monetary gain by one or
- 29 more residents of a single-family dwelling and conducted as an accessory use within the
- 30 dwelling or its accessory structures at a greater scale or intensity than a home occupation
- according to the requirements of the LDC for such uses.
- 32 Homeless shelter. A non-residential facility providing temporary housing and assistance on
- a nonprofit basis to indigent, needy, homeless, or transient persons. Assistance provided
- 34 may include food, counseling, vocational training, and religious instruction.
- **Home occupation.** An activity carried out for the purpose of monetary gain by one or more
- 36 residents of a dwelling unit and conducted as an accessory use within the dwelling unit or 37 its accessory structures according to the requirements of the LDC for such uses
- its accessory structures according to the requirements of the LDC for such uses.
- **Hospice facility.** A state licensed facility operated by a hospice to provide a continuum of
- palliative and supportive care for terminally ill patients. Hospice facilities do not include long
   term care facilities, hospitals or other facilities licensed under other state statutes.
- 41 **Hospital.** An establishment that offers services more intensive than those required for
- room, board, personal services, and general nursing care; offers facilities and beds for use
- 43 beyond 24 hours by individuals requiring diagnosis, treatment, or care for illness, injury,
- deformity, infirmity, abnormality, disease, or pregnancy; and regularly makes available at
- 45 least clinical laboratory services, diagnostic X-ray services, and treatment facilities for
- medical treatment as required by the state. The term "hospital" excludes medical clinics that
   only provide diagnostic and outpatient care.

- 1 Hotel. A public lodging establishment which contains sleeping room accommodations for 25
- 2 or more guests, has an interior lobby with specified hours of operation, offers daily or
- 3 weekly rates, provides primary access to units from the building interior, provides customary
- 4 lodging services such as daily room cleaning and linen changes, and is recognized by the
- 5 hospitality industry as a hotel. Full service hotels may provide meeting rooms, restaurants
- 6 and lounges, entertainment, personal services, swimming pools, retail shops, and other
- 7 facilities and services incidental and subordinate to the principal public lodging use. Resort
- 8 hotels catering to the tourist and vacation industry often provide a wider variety of
- 9 recreational amenities. Extended stay hotels catering to guests who need lodging for at
- 10 least five nights offer more apartment-like accommodations and amenities.
- 11 *Household.* One or more individuals occupying a dwelling unit as a single housekeeping
- 12 unit, with common access to and use of all areas for living, sleeping, eating, cooking and
- 13 sanitation within the unit. A household does not include any society, club, fraternity, sorority,
- team, or similar association of individuals; or individuals in a group living arrangement; or
- any occupancy other than of a dwelling unit.
- 16 *Household living.* Residential occupancy of a dwelling unit by a household on a monthly or
- 17 longer basis. Household living includes household occupancy of all forms of dwellings and
- 18 households that provide special services, treatment, or supervision such as community
- 19 residential homes, family foster homes, and adult family-care homes. Household living does
- 20 not include any group living arrangement, any occupancy other than of a dwelling unit, or
- 21 any public lodging.
- 22 Hunting club. An area of land reserved for public or private hunting of wildlife and
- 23 accessory structures in support of those activities.
- *Hunting preserve.* An area of land where captive-raised native and non-native game animals are released and hunted as authorized by state regulations.
- 27 Section 6. Severability.
- 28

26

If any section, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by any Court of competent jurisdiction, then said holding shall in no way affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance.

32 33

## 34 <u>Section 7.</u> Inclusion in Code.

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It is the intention of the Board of County Commissioners that the provisions of this Ordinance shall be codified as required by F.S. § 125.68 (2015); and that the sections, subsections and other provisions of this Ordinance may be renumbered or re-lettered and the word "ordinance" may be changed to "section," "chapter," or such other appropriate word or phrase in order to accomplish such intentions.

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PB 10-06-15 Re: Height Limits Draft PB3

1	Section 8.	Effective Date.
2		

2				
3	This Ordina	nce shall become effective up	n filing with the Departmen	t of State.
4 5	DONE AND	ENACTED this day of	. 2015.	
6				
7			BOARD OF COUNTY	COMMISSIONERS
8			OF ESCAMBIA C	OUNTY, FLORIDA
9				
10			By:	
11			Steven Barry, Cha	airman
12				
13	ATTEST:	PAM CHILDERS		
14		Clerk of the Circuit Court		
15				
16		By:		
17		Deputy Clerk		
18	(SEAL)			
19	. ,			
20	ENACTED:			
21				
22	FILED WITH	H THE DEPARTMENT OF ST	TE:	
23				
24	EFFECTIVE	DATE:		



## Planning Board-Regular

Meeting Date: 10/06/2015

Issue: A Public Hearing to Review an Ordinance Concerning Chapter 4, Article 7, Accessory Uses and Structures

From: Horace Jones, Director

Organization: Development Services

## **RECOMMENDATION:**

<u>A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending Chapter 4, Article 7, Accessory Uses and Structures</u>

That the Board review and recommend to the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) for adoption, an Ordinance to the Land Development Code (LDC) Chapter 4, Accessory Uses and Structures.

## BACKGROUND:

The Land Development Code adopted on April 16, 2015, did not clearly provide for accessory dwelling units and sufficiently identify exceptions to the location of certain accessory structures.

## **BUDGETARY IMPACT:**

No budgetary impact is anticipated by the adoption of this Ordinance.

## LEGAL CONSIDERATIONS/SIGN-OFF:

The attached Ordinance has been reviewed and approved for legal sufficiency by Kerra Smith, Assistant County Attorney. Any recommended legal comments are attached herein.

## **PERSONNEL:**

No additional personnel are required for implementation of this Ordinance.

## POLICY/REQUIREMENT FOR BOARD ACTION:

The proposed Ordinance is consistent with the Board's goal "to increase citizen involvement in, access to, and approval of, County government activities."

## **IMPLEMENTATION/COORDINATION:**

4. C.

Implementation of this Ordinance will consist of an amendment to the LDC and distribution of a copy of the adopted Ordinance to interested citizens and staff.

The proposed Ordinance was prepared in cooperation with the Development Services Department, the County Attorney's Office and all interested citizens. The Development Services Department will ensure proper advertisement.

Attachments

Legal Review Draft Ordinance

From:	Kerra A. Smith
To:	Allyson Cain
Cc:	Shawn S. Hunter; Griffin L Vickery; Shawn S. Hunter
Subject:	RE: Title block for Accessory Uses/structures
Date:	Friday, September 11, 2015 12:51:57 PM
•	RE: Title block for Accessory Uses/structures

I have reviewed the changes proposed to the ordinance. Based upon the modifications being made, I think the following title is appropriate:

AN ORDINANCE OF ESCAMBIA FLORIDA, COUNTY, AMENDING PART III OF THE ESCAMBIA COUNTY CODE OF THE LAND DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCES, CODE OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA, AS AMENDED; AMENDING CHAPTER 4, SECTION 4-7.3, "ACCESSORY USES AND STRUCTURES," TO CLARIFY GENERAL USE CONDITIONS AND DESIGN STANDARDS, **ESTABLISH** LOCATION CERTAIN CRITERIA FOR USES AND ACCESSORY STRUCTURES, AND PROVIDE FOR ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS: PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY: PROVIDING FOR INCLUSION IN THE CODE AND **PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.** 

Feel free to contact me if you have concerns. Thanks.

KS

Kerra A. Smith Assistant County Attorney Escambia County Attorney's Office 221 Palafox Place, Suite 430 Pensacola, FL 32502 Telephone: (850) 595-4970 Fax: (850) 595-4979

From: Allyson Cain
Sent: Friday, September 11, 2015 10:22 AM
To: Kerra A. Smith
Cc: Shawn S. Hunter
Subject: Title block for Accessory Uses/structures

Kerra,

Griff wanted me to send you the revised title that he did. He did not have time to finish updating the "track changes" which he will do Monday. Please review the title for the Ad. It does not have to go out until Tuesday, next week.

Thank you

Allyson Cain, Planner II Development Services Department *Escambia County is striving to maintain a high level of Customer Service and we would love to hear about your experience with us. Please complete the attached customer service survey and fax it to 595-3481.* 

http://www.zoomerang.com/Survey/WEB22G5ZBFPMTB

Please consider the environment before printing this e-mail. Think Green.

1	ORDINANCE NUMBER 2015
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	AN ORDINANCE OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA, AMENDING PART III OF THE ESCAMBIA COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES, THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA, AS AMENDED; AMENDING CHAPTER 4, SECTION 4-7.3, "ACCESSORY USES AND STRUCTURES," TO CLARIFY GENERAL USE CONDITIONS AND DESIGN STANDARDS, ESTABLISH LOCATION CRITERIA FOR CERTAIN ACCESSORY USES AND STRUCTURES, AND PROVIDE FOR ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR INCLUSION IN THE CODE AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
13 14 15 16 17	WHEREAS, through its Land Development Code (LDC), the Escambia County Board of County Commissioners desires to preserve the County as a desirable community in which to live, vacation and do business; and
17 18 19 20 21 22	WHEREAS, the Board finds that clarifying general use conditions and design standards, establishing location criteria for accessory uses and structures, and providing for accessory dwelling units is in the best interest of the County and its citizens, and serves an important public purpose;
23 24 25	NOW THEREFORE BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA:
25 26 27 28 29 30	<b>Section 1.</b> Part III of the Escambia County Code of Ordinances, the Land Development Code of Escambia County, Chapter 4, Section 4-7.3 "Accessory uses and structures" is hereby amended as follows (words <u>underlined</u> are additions and words <del>stricken</del> are deletions):
31	Sec. 4-7.3 Accessory uses and structures.
32 33 34 35	(a) General conditions. A use or structure that is subordinate in extent and purpose and is customarily incidental to the principal use or structure on the same lot shall be allowed as an a <u>A</u> ccessory uses or and structures shall be allowed in compliance with the provisions of the applicable zoning district and this section.
36 37 38 39 40	(1) Subordinate. An accessory use shall demonstrate that it is a <u>be</u> subordinate in <u>extent and purpose to the principal</u> use and not simply a different, alternative, or additional use. Multiple uses on a parcel may each be classified as a principal use, so the determination of subordinate uses shall, at a minimum, consider <u>the following</u> :
41 42 43	a. Area. The area devoted to the use in relation to the principal use. However, the fact that a use occupies less area does not necessarily make the use accessory.

1 2 3 4	b. Time. The time devoted to the use in relation to the principal use. For example, a seasonal activity may be accessory in relation to a year-round primary use, but a year-round use would not be subordinate to a seasonal primary use.
5 6	c. Intensity. The relative intensity of the use and the resulting impacts on the land and neighboring properties.
7 8	d. Employees. The number of employees assigned to a use. However, an accessory use need not always have fewer employees than the principal use.
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	(2) Customarily incidental. An accessory use shall be customarily incidental to the principal use, having demonstrate that it has commonly, habitually, and by long practice been established as reasonably associated with the primarythat use. A rare association of uses does not qualify as customary, but the uses need not be joined in a majority of the instances of the principal use. In addition to being subordinateAdditionally, an incidental use must have a reasonable relationship to the principal use; being clearly associated, attendant, or connected. A use is customarily incidental when it is so necessary or so commonly to be expected in connection with the principal use that it cannot be reasonably supposed that the LDC intended to prevent it.
19 20 21	(3) Establishment. Unless otherwise specifically allowed by the provisions of the LDC, accessory uses and structures may only be established concurrently with or following the lawful establishment of a validating principal use or structure.
22 23	(4) Structures. Accessory structures shall be detached from principal structures and may be limited in location or size.
24 25	(a) Locations. Accessory structures are limited to side and rear yards except as allowed by the following or other LDC provisions:
26 27 28	<ol> <li>On large lots. Accessory buildings, including accessory dwelling units, on lots ten acres in size or larger may be located within front yards if not less than 60 feet from the front lot line.</li> </ol>
29 30 31	<ol> <li>On waterfront lots. Accessory buildings may be located in the front yards of waterfront lots if not less than 60 feet from the front lot line and granted conditional use approval by the Board of Adjustment (BOA).</li> </ol>
32 33 34	<ol> <li>Encroachment by gas pumps. Pumps and pump islands for retail fuel sales may be located within required front yards if they are not less than 20 feet from any street right of way.</li> </ol>
35 36 37 38 39	4. Encroachment by septic systems. Whenever lots are to be served by on-site sewage treatment and disposal systems (e.g., septic tank and drain field), the systems may be located in any required yard as necessary to obtain sufficient open space, provided the system is no closer than five feet to any lot line.

## 40 (b) Structures on Santa Rosa Island

1	(1) In cases which involve the Coastal Construction Control Line (CCCL), a permit					
2	must first be obtained from the Florida Department of Environmental Protection,					
3	Bureau of Beaches and Coastal Systems, prior to issuance of SRIA development					
4	approval.					
5	(2) No swimming pools or gazebo type structures may extend seawards of the					
6	state's 1975 CCCL or 50 feet landward of the crest of the primary dune line;					
7	whichever is the most restrictive.					
8	(3) No temporary structures are allowed without approval of the SRIA board.					
9	Requests for approval to construct additional storage space may be submitted					
10	providing the construction is attached to the dwelling, and meets building code					
11	requirements. Detached structures are allowed only in conformance with the					
12	following guidelines for detached/accessory structures. Detached/accessory					
13	structures are discouraged; however, requests may be considered by the SRIA					
14	board if the following standards are met:					
15 16	a. The design of the detached/accessory structure must be compatible with the design of the residence.					
17	b. The structure must comply with current FEMA construction guidelines.					
18 19	c. All applicable building code and development code requirements must be followed.					
20	<ul> <li>d. The detached/accessory structure shall be constructed within established</li></ul>					
21	building setback lines.					
22	e. The maximum area for detached elevated decks shall be 200 square feet.					
23	The maximum height shall be 35 feet. In no case may these structures					
24	exceed the height of the residence.					
25	f. Detached/accessory structures on waterfront lots shall be considered on an					
26	individual basis.* In no case may these structures extend further seaward					
27	than the adjoining residences.					
28	g. The wall of a detached/accessory structure shall be no closer than six feet to					
29	the wall of the main structure. No part of a detached/accessory structure shall					
30	be closer than four feet to any part of the main structure.					
31	h. An open covered walkway no more than six feet wide may connect the main					
32	structure to the detached/accessory structure.					
33	*Examples of detached/accessory structures: . (Subsequent to November					
34	1984 provisions of SRIA.) Private garages, storage buildings, children's					
35	playhouses, private swimming pools, bathhouses or cabanas, tennis courts,					
36	noncommercial greenhouses, uncovered decks, screened enclosures.					
37	<b>(4)</b> When submitting plans for proposed shoreline or near shoreline projects, such					
38	as, retainer walls, seawalls, piers, bulkheads, groins, jetties, etc., a recent survey					
39	must be included to show relation of proposed project to property lines, structure,					

1 2	approximate mean high water line, vegetation line if any, and such structures on adjacent properties.						
3	(5) Subsequent to August 9, 1990 provisions of the SRIA. Prior approval by SRIA						
4	staff is required for installation of a satellite dish. Satellite dishes may not be						
5	installed on the street side of the dwelling.						
6	(4) Location. An accessory use or structure shall be located on the same lot as the						
7	principal use or structure. Accessory structures are limited to locations within						
8	side and rear yards, except as specifically allowed by LDC provisions, including						
9	the following:						
10	<u>a. Large residential lots.</u> Accessory structures, including an accessory						
11	dwelling unit, on a lot ten acres in size or larger may be located within the						
12	front yard of the principal dwelling if the structures are at least 60 feet from						
13	the front lot line.						
14	b. Waterfront lots. Accessory structures may be located in the front yard of a						
15	waterfront lot if the structures are at least 60 feet from the front lot line and						
16	granted conditional use approval by the Board of Adjustment (BOA).						
17	c. Signs and fences. Signs and fences as accessory structures may be						
18	located within a front yard if in compliance with the sign and fence standards						
19	prescribed in Chapter 5.						
20	d. Fuel pumps. Pumps and pump islands for retail fuel sales may be located						
21	within the front yard of a conforming non-residential use if the pumps and						
22	islands are at least 20 feet from any street right-of-way.						
23	e. Sewage systems. The underground components of an on-site sewage						
24	treatment and disposal system (e.g., septic tank and drain field) may be						
25	located within a front yard as necessary to obtain sufficient open space if the						
26	components are at least five feet from any lot line.						
27 28 29 30 31	f. Deposit boxes. Deposit boxes for the donation of used items to charitable organizations may be located within the front yard of a conforming non-residential use if the total area coverage by the boxes is limited to 100 square feet and they are placed in compliance with the sight visibility and sign standards prescribed in Chapter 5.						
32	g. Automated vending. Automated vending structures may be located within						
33	the front yard of a conforming non-residential use if the vending structures are						
34	at least 20 feet from any street right-of-way and in compliance with the sight						
35	visibility and sign standards prescribed in Chapter 5. Such structures shall						
36	also be freestanding, self-contained, and unattended; have separately						
37	metered utilities; and be limited to on-demand self-service commercial						
38	activities such as the retail sale of ice or the provision of banking services.						
39	(c)(5) Size in relation to single-family dwellings. In addition to limits imposed						
40	by the site and building requirements of the applicable zoning district, accessory						
41	dwelling units and other sStructures accessory to a principal single-family						

1	dwelling <u>s, including accessory dwelling units,</u> are subject to the following size
2	limits, excluding accessory structures on farms or within agricultural zoning <del>, or</del>
3	<del>docks and piers</del> :
4	(1) <u>a.</u> Less than two acres. On lots smaller than two acres, no individual
5	accessory structure may exceed 50 percent of the gross floor area of the
6	principal dwelling.
7	(2)b. Two to five acres. On lots two acres to five acres, no individual
8	accessory structure may exceed 75 percent of the size of the gross floor area
9	of the principal dwelling.
10 11	<u>c.</u> Greater than five acres. On lots larger than five acres, no individual accessory structure may exceed the size of the principal dwelling.
12 13	Structures larger than the limits established here shall require variance approval from the BOA.
14	(6) Structures on Pensacola Beach. Residential accessory structures on
15	Pensacola Beach, except for signs and fences, require the approval of the SRIA
16	Board. Such private structures include garages, storage buildings, playhouses,
17	swimming pools, cabanas, uncovered decks, and screened enclosures.
18	Approval of these accessory structures is entirely at the discretion of the SRIA
19	and shall require compliance with the following:
20	a. The design of the structure is compatible with the design of the residence.
21 22	b. If on a waterfront lot, the structure does not extend further seaward than residences on adjoining lots.
23	c. If the structure is a detached elevated deck, it is no greater than 200 square
24	feet in area and does not exceed 35 feet in height or the height of the
25	residence, whichever height is less.
26	d. No variance to established structure setback lines is necessary.
27	e. No wall of the structure is closer than six feet to any wall of the residence, and
28	no part of the structure is closer than four feet to any part of the residence.
29 30	f. If the structure includes a walkway cover between the residence and the structure, the cover is no more than six feet wide.
31	g. If the structure is a swimming pool or gazebo type structure, it does not
32	extend seaward of the state's 1975 Coastal Construction Control Line or a
33	line 50 feet landward of the crest of the primary dune line, whichever setback
34	from the shoreline is more restrictive.
35	h. The structure complies with all other LDC and Florida Building Code
36	requirements.
37	(b) Specific uses and structures.
38 39	(1) Accessory dwelling units. Accessory dwelling units are allowed on the lots of single-family dwellings, but a second dwelling unit on a lot is not subject to the

1 2	limitations of accessory structures if the lot area and applicable zoning district would otherwise allow the additional dwelling. Accessory dwelling units shall						
3	comply with the following conditions:						
4 5	<ul> <li>The applicable zoning is a mainland district, but is not Industrial (Ind), Recreation (Rec), Conservation (Con), or Public (Pub).</li> </ul>						
6 7 8	<b>b.</b> The principal dwelling and accessory dwelling unit are the only dwellings on the lot and the lot provides the minimum area required by the applicable zoning.						
9 10 11	<b>c.</b> The resulting residential density on the lot may exceed the gross density limit of the applicable zoning, but complies with all other applicable density limits (e.g., airfield environs).						
12 13	d. <u>The form of accessory dwelling (e.g., manufactured home) is an allowed use</u> of the applicable zoning.						
14 15	e. <u>The accessory dwelling complies with the setbacks applicable to the principal</u> <u>dwelling unless otherwise allowed by the LDC.</u>						
16 17 18	(d)(2) Carports. All carports, attached or detached, are allowed as accessory structures regardless of their construction material, but shall comply with the following conditions:						
19 20 21	(1) <u>a.</u> The structure setbacks of the applicable zoning district are not exceeded, except that a carport may encroach into the required front yard provided it is not less than ten feet from the front property line.						
22	(2)b. The carport is not prohibited by private deed restrictions.						
23 24	(3)c. Minor site development approval is obtained for the structure and it complies with applicable building codes.						
25 26	<b>(4)<u>d.</u></b> A building permit is obtained for the structure unless it is a portable carport covering less than 400 square feet.						
27	(5)e. The structure is not attached to a mobile home.						
28 29 30 31 32 33	(e)(3) Chickens and single-family dwellings The ownership, possession, and raising of live chickens ( <i>Gallus gallus domesticus</i> ) is an allowed accessory use for any single-family dwelling principal use, except on Perdido Key and Santa Rosa Island, regardless of any prohibition of farm animals or minimum lot area for farm animals established by the applicable zoning district. However, such keeping of chickens shall comply with the following standards:						
34 35	(1)a. Limit by lot area. No more than eight chickens shall be kept on any lot that is one quarter acre or less in size.						
36 37	(2)b. Roosters. No rooster shall be kept less than 100 yards from any inhabited residence other than the dwelling of the person keeping the rooster.						
38 39	(3)c. Security. Chickens may roam freely in the fenced rear yard of the principal dwelling from sunrise to sunset. During all other times the chickens						

1 shall be kept in secure coops, pens or enclosures that prevent access by 2 predators. 3 (4)d. Enclosure setbacks. All chicken pens, coops, or enclosures shall be a minimum of 10 feet from rear and side property lines, and a minimum of 20 feet 4 from any residence located on an adjacent lot. 5 6 (4) Columbaria. Columbaria are allowed as accessory uses to places of worship. 7 **Docks and piers.** As an exception to the establishment of a principal use <del>(f)</del>(5) 8 or structure for any accessory use or structure, docks and piers may be permitted as accessory structures on lots exclusively for single-family dwellings regardless 9 of the establishment of any dwellings on the lots. 10 Family day care or foster homes. A family day care home or family 11 <del>(g)</del>(6) foster home is allowed as an accessory use wherever the host dwelling unit is 12 allowed unless prohibited by the applicable zoning district. 13 14 <del>(h)</del>(7) Home occupations and home-based businesses. Home occupations 15 and home-based businesses are limited to the residents of a dwelling unit other than a manufactured (mobile) home, and allowed only as an accessory use to 16 the residential use. A home occupation, or employment at home, is allowed 17 wherever the host dwelling unit is allowed, but shall generally be unnoticeable to 18 19 adjoining land uses. A home-based business, which is at a greater scale or intensity than a home occupation, is limited to the rural zoning districts (Agr. RR. 20 21 RMU) and only allowed if impacts to adjoining land uses are minimal. Home occupations and home-based businesses shall comply with each of the following 22 requirements: 23 (1)a. Licenses. All required business, professional, or occupational licenses 24 are obtained prior to commencement of the occupation or business and are 25 maintained for the duration of the activity. 26 27 (2)b. Exterior evidence. For home occupations, there is no evidence visible from outside of the dwelling or accessory building that any part of a building is 28 utilized for an occupation. For home-based businesses, any evidence visible 29 30 from outside of the dwelling or accessory building that any part of a building is utilized for a business is minimal. Such exterior evidence includes any 31 storage, display, or signage associated with the occupation or business. 32 Signage is limited for both uses according to the signage provisions of 33 Chapter 5. 34 (3)c. Off-site impacts. Occupations or business activities shall not create 35 nuisances or adverse off-site impacts, including but not limited to noise, 36 vibration, smoke, dust or other particulates, odors, heat, light or glare, or 37 38 electromagnetic interference. In a residential neighborhood, no activities are allowed to alter the character of the neighborhood. 39 40 (4)d. Structural alterations. No structural alterations are made that would be inconsistent with the use of the dwelling exclusively as a residence or that 41

1 2	would not customarily be associated with dwellings or their accessory buildings.					
3	(5)e. Employees. Employment in a home occupation is limited to residents of					
4 5	the dwelling unit unless the applicable zoning district allows BOA conditional use approval of non-resident employees. Employment in a home-based					
6	business may include no more than two non-resident employees.					
7 8	(6)f. Customers. No customers shall visit the house nor and there shall therenot be any other additional traffic or an increase in demand for parking					
9	due to trucks or other service vehicles coming to the house.					
10 11	(7)g. Motor vehicles. The manufacture or repair of motor vehicles or other transportation equipment is prohibited.					
12	(i)(8) Small wind energy systems. For the purposes of this section, a small					
13 14	wind energy system is an accessory use consisting of a wind turbine, structural support, and associated control or conversion electronics design to supply some					
14	of the on-site electrical power demands of a home, farm, or small business. A					
16	small wind energy system is allowed only if constructed and operated in					
17	compliance with each of the following requirements:					
18	(1)a. System Height. The height of the system is the minimum necessary to					
19	reliably provide the required power.					
20 21	(2)b. Prohibited use. To protect the unique scenic view, the system is not installed within the Scenic Highway Overlay District.					
22	(3)c. Airport and military review. If the installation of the system or additional					
23	turbines is within the Pensacola International Airport Planning District					
24	(PNSPD) or any military Airfield Influence Planning District (AIPD), the					
25 26	applicant has notified and obtained a response from the respective airport/airfield authority. If the authority has objections to the installation, the					
20 27	Planning Official shall consider them in any final determination and may					
28	impose approval conditions on the installation to address the objections.					
29	(4)d. Setback. The center of the system tower base is no closer to any part of a					
30	dwelling outside of the system installation parcel than the total height of the					
31	system. Additionally, no part of the system structure, including any guy wires					
32 33	or anchors, is closer than five feet to the property boundary of the installation parcel.					
34						
	( <u>5)e.</u> Appearance.					
35 36	a.1. Design and Location. Towers are designed and located to					
30 37	minimize visual impacts. Colors and surface treatment of system components minimize visual distraction.					
38	<b>b.2.</b> Signs. Signs on system components are limited to the					
38 39	manufacturer's or installer's identification and appropriate warnings.					
-						

- 1**c.3.**Lighting. System structures are not lighted except to the extent2required by the Federal Aviation Administration or other applicable3authority.
  - (j)(9) Swimming pools and pool enclosures. Screened enclosures for swimming pools may be erected no closer than five feet from the rear or side property line. No pool enclosure shall be allowed on any easement unless authorized by the grantee of the easement through an encroachment agreement.
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## Section 2. Severability.

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If any section, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by any Court of competent jurisdiction, then said holding shall in no way affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance.

#### 15 <u>Section 3.</u> Inclusion in Code.

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17 It is the intention of the Board of County Commissioners that the provisions of this 18 Ordinance shall be codified as required by F.S. § 125.68 (2011); and that the sections, 19 subsections and other provisions of this Ordinance may be renumbered or re-lettered 20 and the word "ordinance" may be changed to "section," "chapter," or such other 21 appropriate word or phrase in order to accomplish such intentions.

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- 23 24

## INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

1	Section 4.	Effective Date.
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23	This Ordinance shall become effective upon filing with the Department of State.
4 5	DONE AND ENACTED this day of, 2015.
6 7 8 9	BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
9 10	Ву:
11 12	Steven Barry, Chairman
13 14	ATTEST: PAM CHILDERS Clerk of the Circuit Court
15 16 17	By: Deputy Clerk
17 18 19	(SEAL)
20 21	ENACTED:
22 23	FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE:
24	EFFECTIVE DATE:



#### Planning Board-Regular

Meeting Date: 10/06/2015

Issue: A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an LDC Ordinance Chapter 3 Zoning Reg, Alcohol Breweries, Distilleries, and Wineries & Chapter 6 Definitions

From: Horace Jones, Director

Organization: Development Services

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

<u>A Public Hearing Concerning the Review of an Ordinance Amending Chapters 3, Commercial district (Com), and Heavy Commercial and Light Industrial District (HC/LI), to authorize alcohol breweries, distilleries and wineries under certain circumstances; and Amending Chapter 6, Definitions to Define Brewpub, Microbrewery, Microdistillery and Microwinery.</u>

That the Board review and recommend to the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) for adoption, an Ordinance to the Land Development Code (LDC) Chapter 3 Zoning Districts and Chapter 6 Definitions.

#### BACKGROUND:

These proposed changes are being made to add a new use type that is currently not in any zoning district, also to define the terms what a Brewpub, Microbrewery, Microdistillery, Microdistillery and Microwinery are.

#### **BUDGETARY IMPACT:**

No budgetary impact is anticipated by the adoption of this Ordinance.

#### LEGAL CONSIDERATIONS/SIGN-OFF:

The attached Ordinance has been reviewed and approved for legal sufficiency by Kerra Smith, Assistant County Attorney. Any recommended legal comments are attached herein.

#### PERSONNEL:

No additional personnel are required for implementation of this Ordinance.

## POLICY/REQUIREMENT FOR BOARD ACTION:

The proposed Ordinance is consistent with the Board's goal "to increase citizen involvement in, access to, and approval of, County government activities."

4. D.

#### **IMPLEMENTATION/COORDINATION:**

Implementation of this Ordinance will consist of an amendment to the LDC and distribution of a copy of the adopted Ordinance to interested citizens and staff.

The proposed Ordinance was prepared in cooperation with the Development Services Department, the County Attorney's Office and all interested citizens. The Development Services Department will ensure proper advertisement.

Attachments

Draft Ordinance

#### ORDINANCE NUMBER 2015-\_\_\_\_

1 2

AN ORDINANCE OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA, AMENDING PART III OF 3 THE ESCAMBIA COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES, THE LAND DEVELOPMENT 4 CODE OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA, AS AMENDED; AMENDING 5 CHAPTER 3, SECTION 3-2.10 "COMMERCIAL DISTRICT (COM)," AND 6 SECTION 3-2.11 "HEAVY COMMERCIAL AND LIGHT INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT 7 (HC/LI)," TO AUTHORIZE ALCOHOL BREWERIES, DISTILLERIES AND 8 WINERIES UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES: AMENDING CHAPTER 6. 9 "BREWPUB." SECTION 6-0.3 **"TERMS** DEFINED" TO DEFINE 10 "MICROBREWERY," "MICRODISTILLERY," AND "MICROWINERY:" 11 PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR INCLUSION IN THE CODE 12 AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE. 13

- 14
- WHEREAS, through its Land Development Code, the Escambia County Board of County
   Commissioners desires to preserve the county as a desirable community in which to live, vacation
- 17 and do business; and
- 18

19 WHEREAS, the Escambia County Board of County Commissioners finds that adding permitted

and conditional uses for alcohol production in the Commercial and Heavy Commercial and Light

Industrial zoning districts is consistent with the intent of these zoning districts and Chapter 3 of the

22 Land Development Code; and

- WHEREAS, the Escambia County Board of County Commissioners further finds that adding these
   permitted and conditional uses and their corresponding definitions promotes the efficient
- regulation of land use;

# NOW THEREFORE BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA:

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Section 1. Part III of the Escambia County Code of Ordinances, the Land Development Code of
 Escambia County, Chapter 3, Article 2, Section 3-2.10 "Commercial district (COM)," is hereby
 amended as follows (words <u>underlined</u> are additions and words <del>stricken</del> are deletions):

#### 32 Sec. 3-2.10 Commercial district (Com).

(a) Purpose. The Commercial (Com) district establishes appropriate areas and land use 33 regulations for general commercial activities, especially the retailing of commodities and 34 services. The primary intent of the district is to allow more diverse and intense commercial 35 uses than the neighborhood commercial allowed within the mixed-use districts. To maintain 36 compatibility with surrounding uses, all commercial operations within the Commercial district 37 are limited to the confines of buildings and not allowed to produce undesirable effects on 38 surrounding property. To retain adequate area for commercial activities, new and expanded 39 residential development within the district is limited, consistent with the Commercial (C) future 40 land use category. 41

- 1 **(b) Permitted uses.** Permitted uses within the Commercial district are limited to the following:
- (1) Residential. The following residential uses are allowed throughout the district, but if within
   the Commercial (C) future land use category they are permitted only if part of a
   predominantly commercial development:
  - Group living, excluding dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, and residential facilities providing substance abuse treatment, post-incarceration reentry, or similar services.
- 8 b. Manufactured (mobile) homes, including new or expanded manufactured home parks or subdivisions.
- c. Single-family dwellings (other than manufactured homes), detached or attached,
   including townhouses and zero lot line subdivisions.
- 12 **d.** Two-family and multi-family dwellings.
- 13 See also conditional uses in this district.
- (2) Retail sales. Retail sales, including sales of alcoholic beverages and automotive fuels, but
   excluding motor vehicle sales and permanent outdoor storage. See also conditional uses in
   this district.
- 17 (3) Retail services. The following retail services, excluding permanent outdoor storage:
- **a.** Car washes, automatic or manual, full service or self-serve.
- 19 **b.** Child care facilities.

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- c. Hotels, motels and all other public lodging, including boarding and rooming houses.
- **d.** Personal services, including those of beauty shops, health clubs, pet groomers, dry cleaners and tattoo parlors.
- Professional services, including those of realtors, bankers, accountants, engineers, architects, dentists, physicians, and attorneys.
- f. Repair services, including appliance repair, furniture refinishing and upholstery, watch
   and jewelry repair, small engine and motor services, but excluding major motor vehicle
   or boat service or repair, and outdoor work.
- g. Restaurants, including on-premises consumption of alcoholic beverages and drive-in and drive-through service. The parcel boundary of any restaurant with drive-in or drive-through service shall be at least 200 feet from any LDR or MDR zoning district unless separated by a 50-foot or wider street right-of-way.
- h. Brewpubs, excluding distribution for off-site sales of alcohol. The parcel boundary of any
   brewpub with drive-in or drive-through services shall be the same as that required for
   restaurants with these services.
- 35 See also conditional uses in this district.
- 36 (4) Public and civic.
- **a.** Broadcast stations with satellite dishes and antennas, including towers.
- **b.** Cemeteries, including family cemeteries.

1 2	<ul> <li>Community service facilities, including auditoriums, libraries, museums, and neighborhood centers.</li> </ul>						
3	d.	d. Educational facilities, including preschools, K-12, colleges, and vocational schools.					
4 5	<ul> <li>Emergency service facilities, including law enforcement, fire fighting, and medical assistance.</li> </ul>						
6	f.	Foster care facilities.					
7	g.	g. Funeral establishments.					
8	h.	Hospitals.					
9	i.	Offices for government agencies or public utilities.					
10	j.	Places of worship.					
11 12	k.	Public utility structures, including telecommunications towers, but excluding any industrial uses.					
13	I.	Warehousing or maintenance facilities for government agencies or for public utilities.					
14	Se	ee also conditional uses in this district.					
15	(5) Re	ecreation and entertainment.					
16	a.	Campgrounds and recreational vehicle parks on lots five acres or larger.					
17 18 19	b.	Indoor recreation or entertainment facilities, including movie theaters, bowling alleys, skating rinks, arcade amusement centers, bingo facilities and shooting ranges, but excluding bars, nightclubs or adult entertainment facilities.					
20	c.	Marinas, private and commercial.					
21	d.	Parks without permanent restrooms or outdoor event lighting.					
22	See also conditional uses in this district.						
23	(6) In	dustrial and related.					
24	a.	Printing, binding, lithography and publishing.					
25	b.	Wholesale warehousing with gross floor area 10,000 sq.ft. or less per lot.					
26	See also conditional uses in this district.						
27	7 (7) Agricultural and related.						
28 29	a.	Agricultural food production primarily for personal consumption by the producer, but no farm animals.					
30	b.	Nurseries and garden centers, including adjoining outdoor storage or display of plants.					
31	c. Veterinary clinics.						
32	Se	ee also conditional uses in this district.					
33	(8) Other uses.						
34	a.	Billboard structures.					

the rear yard, covered, and screened from off-site view, unless otherwise noted. 2 c. Parking garages and lots, commercial. 3 d. Self-storage facilities, excluding vehicle rental. 4 (c) Conditional uses. Through the conditional use process prescribed in Chapter 2, the BOA 5 may conditionally allow the following uses within the Commercial district: 6 (1) Residential. 7 a. Group living not among the permitted uses of the district. 8 b. Home occupations with non-resident employees. 9 (2) Retail sales. 10 a. Boat sales, new and used. 11 **b.** Automobile sales, used autos only, excluding parcels fronting on any of the following 12 streets: Sorrento Road/Gulf Beach Highway/Barrancas Avenue (SR 292); Blue Angel 13 Parkway (SR 173); Pine Forest Road, south from Interstate 10 to State Road 173; Navy 14 Boulevard (SR 295 and US 98); and Scenic Highway (SR 10A and US 90). 15 Additionally, the parcel shall be no larger than one acre and provided with a permanent 16 fence, wall, or other structural barrier of sufficient height and mass along all road 17 frontage to prevent encroachment into the right-of way other that through approved site 18 access. 19 **c.** Automobile rental limited to the same restrictions as used automobile sales. 20 **d.** Utility trailer, heavy truck (gross vehicle weight rating more than 8500 lbs), and 21 recreational vehicle sales, rental, or service limited to the same restrictions as used 22 automobile sales. 23 24 (3) Retail services. Service and repair of motor vehicles, small scale (gross floor area 6000 25 sq. ft. or less per lot), excluding painting and body work and outdoor work and storage. 26 a. Brewpub with distribution for off-site sales. The parcel boundary of any brewpub with 27 drive-in or drive-through services shall be at least 200 feet from any LDR or MDR 28 zoning district unless separated by a 50-foot or wider street right-of-way. 29 30 (4) Public and civic. 31 a. Cemeteries, including family cemeteries. 32 b. Clubs, civic and fraternal. 33 c. Cinerators. 34 **d.** Homeless shelters. 35 (5) Recreation and entertainment. 36 a. Bars, mircobreweries, microdistilleries, microwineries, and nightclubs. 37

**b.** Outdoor storage if minor and customarily incidental to the allowed principal use, and if in

- b. Golf courses, tennis centers, swimming pools and similar active outdoor recreational facilities, including associated country clubs.
  - **c.** Parks with permanent restrooms or outdoor event lighting.
- (6) Industrial and related. Borrow pits and reclamation activities 20 acres minimum and
   (subject to local permit and development review requirements per Escambia County Code
   of Ordinances, Part I, Chapter 42, article VIII, and land use and regulations in Part III, the
   Land Development Code, chapter 4. \*Borrow pits are prohibited on land zoned GMD prior
   to the adoption of the Commercial (Com) zoning.
- 9 (7) Agricultural and related. Horses or other domesticated *equines* kept on site, and stables
   10 for such animals, only as a private residential accessory with a minimum lot area of two
   11 acres and a maximum of one animal per acre.

#### 12 (8) Other uses.

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- **a.** Outdoor sales not among the permitted uses of the district.
- b. Outdoor storage not among the permitted uses of the district, including outdoor storage of trailered boats and operable recreational vehicles, but no repair, overhaul, or salvage activities. All such storage shall be screened from residential uses and maintained to avoid nuisance conditions.
- 18 **c.** Self-storage facilities, including vehicle rental as an accessory use.
  - **d.** Structures of permitted uses exceeding the district structure height limit.
- (d) Site and building requirements. The following site and building requirements apply to uses
   within the Commercial district:
- (1) Density. A maximum of 25 dwelling units per acre throughout the district. Lodging unit
   density not limited by zoning.
- (2) Floor area ratio. A maximum floor area ratio of 1.0 within the Commercial (C) future land use category and 2.0 within Mixed-Use Urban (MU-U).
- 26 (3) Structure height. A maximum structure height of 150 feet above adjacent grade.
- 27 (4) Lot area. No minimum lot area unless prescribed by use.
- (5) Lot width. Except for cul-de-sac lots which shall provide a minimum lot width of 20 feet at
   the street right-of-way, the following minimum lot widths are required:
  - **a. Single-family detached.** Forty feet at both the street right-of-way and the front building line for single-family detached dwellings.
- **b. Two-family.** Fifty feet at the street right-of-way and 80 feet at the front building line for two-family dwellings.
- 34 c. Multi-family and other. One hundred feet at the front building line for multi-family
   35 dwellings, boarding or rooming houses, or townhouse groups. No minimum lot width
   36 required by zoning for other uses.
- (6) Lot coverage. Minimum pervious lot coverage of 15 percent (85 percent maximum semi impervious and impervious cover) for all uses.

- 1 (7) Structure setback. For all principal structures, minimum setbacks are:
  - a. Front and rear. Fifteen feet in both front and rear.

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- **b. Sides.** Ten feet on each side, including any group of attached townhouses. For structures exceeding 35 feet above highest adjacent grade, an additional two feet for each additional 10 feet in height.
- (8) Other requirements. Refer to chapters 4 and 5 for additional development regulations
   and standards.
- (e) Location criteria. All new non-residential uses proposed within the Commercial district that
   are not part of a planned unit development or not identified as exempt by the district shall be
   on parcels that satisfy at least one of the following location criteria:
- (1) Proximity to intersection. Along an arterial or collector street and within one-quarter mile
   of its intersection with an arterial street.
- (2) Proximity to traffic generator. Along an arterial or collector street and within a one quarter mile radius of an individual traffic generator of more than 600 daily trips, such as an
   apartment complex, military base, college campus, hospital, shopping mall or similar
   generator.
- (3) Infill development. Along an arterial or collector street, in an area where already
   established non-residential uses are otherwise consistent with the Commercial district, and
   where the new use would constitute infill development of similar intensity as the conforming
   development on surrounding parcels. Additionally, the location would promote compact
   development and not contribute to or promote strip commercial development.
- (4) Site design. Along an arterial or collector street, no more than one-half mile from its
   intersection with an arterial or collector street, not abutting a single-family residential zoning
   district (RR, LDR or MDR), and all of the following site design conditions:
- **a.** Any Intrusion into a recorded subdivision is limited to a corner lot.
  - **b.** A system of service roads or shared access is provided to the maximum extent made feasible by lot area, shape, ownership patterns, and site and street characteristics.
    - c. Adverse impacts to any adjoining residential uses are minimized by placing the more intensive elements of the use, such as solid waste dumpsters and truck loading/unloading areas, furthest from the residential uses.
- (5) Documented compatibility. A compatibility analysis prepared by the applicant provides
   competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances regarding the potential uses of
   parcel that were not anticipated by the alternative criteria, and the proposed use, or rezoning
   as applicable, will be able to achieve long-term compatibility with existing and potential uses.
   Additionally, the following conditions exist:
- a. The parcel has not been rezoned by the landowner from the mixed-use, commercial, or
   industrial zoning assigned by the county.

- b. If the parcel is within a county redevelopment district, the use will be consistent with the district's adopted redevelopment plan, as reviewed and recommended by the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA).
- (f) Rezoning to Commercial. Commercial zoning may be established only within the Mixed-Use
   Urban (MU-U) or Commercial (C) future land use categories. The district is appropriate to
   provide transitions between areas zoned or used as high density mixed-use and areas zoned
   or used as heavy commercial or industrial. Rezoning to Commercial is subject to the same
   location criteria as any new non-residential use proposed within the Commercial district.
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Section 2. Part III of the Escambia County Code of Ordinances, the Land Development Code of
 Escambia County, Chapter 3, Article 2, Section 3-2.11 "Heavy Commercial and Light Industrial
 District (HCLI)," is hereby amended as follows (words <u>underlined</u> are additions and words stricken
 are deletions):

#### 14 Sec. 3-2.11 Heavy Commercial and Light Industrial district (HC/LI).

- (a) Purpose. The Heavy Commercial and Light Industrial (HC/LI) district establishes appropriate 15 areas and land use regulations for a complementary mix of industrial uses with a broad range 16 of commercial activities. The primary intent of the district is to allow light manufacturing, large-17 scale wholesale and retail uses, major services, and other more intense uses than allowed in 18 the Commercial district. The variety and intensity of non-residential uses within the HC/LI 19 20 district is limited by their compatibility with surrounding uses. All commercial and industrial operations are limited to the confines of buildings and not allowed to produce undesirable 21 effects on other property. To retain adequate area for commercial and industrial activities, 22 other uses within the district are limited. 23
- 24 (b) Permitted uses. Permitted uses within the HC/LI district are limited to the following:
- (1) Residential. Any residential uses if outside of the Industrial (I) future land use category
   and part of a predominantly commercial development, excluding new or expanded
   manufactured (mobile) home parks and subdivisions. See also conditional uses in this
   district.
- (2) Retail sales. Retail sales, including sales of alcoholic beverages, sales of automotive
   fuels, and sales of new and used automobiles, motorcycles, boats, and manufactured
   (mobile) homes.

## 32 (3) Retail services.

- **a.** Car washes, automatic or manual, full service or self-serve.
- 34 **b.** Child care facilities.
- **c.** Hotels, motels and all other public lodging, including boarding and rooming houses.
- d. Personal services, including those of beauty shops, health clubs, pet groomers, dry
   cleaners and tattoo parlors.
- Professional services, including those of realtors, bankers, accountants, engineers, architects, dentists, physicians, and attorneys.

1	f.	<ul> <li>Rental of automobiles, trucks, utility trailers and recreational vehicles.</li> </ul>					
2 3 4	g.	<b>g.</b> Repair services, including appliance repair, furniture refinishing and upholstery, watch and jewelry repair, small engine and motor services, and major motor vehicle and boat service and repair, but excluding outdoor work or storage.					
5 6 7 8	h.	h. Restaurants, including on-premises consumption of alcoholic beverages and drive-in and drive-through service. The parcel boundary of any restaurant with drive-in or drive through service shall be at least 200 feet from any LDR or MDR zoning district unless separated by a 50-foot or wider street right-of-way.					
9	i.	Taxi and limousine services.					
10 11	<u>i.</u>	Brewpubs. The parcel boundary of any brewpub with drive-in or drive-through services shall be the same as that required for restaurants with these services.					
12	Se	ee also conditional uses in this district.					
13	(4) Pu	Iblic and civic.					
14	a.	Broadcast stations with satellite dishes and antennas, including towers.					
15	b.	Cemeteries, including family cemeteries.					
16 17	C.	Community service facilities, including auditoriums, libraries, museums, and neighborhood centers.					
18	d.	Educational facilities, including preschools, K-12, colleges, and vocational schools.					
19 20	e.	Emergency service facilities, including law enforcement, fire fighting, and medical assistance.					
21	f.	Funeral establishments.					
22	g.	Homeless shelters.					
23	h.	Hospitals.					
24	i.	Offices for government agencies or public utilities.					
25	j.	Places of worship.					
26 27	<ul> <li>k. Public utility structures, including telecommunications towers, but excluding industrial uses not otherwise permitted.</li> </ul>						
28	See also conditional uses in this district.						
29	(Ord. No. 2015-24, § 1, 7-7-15)						
30	(5) Recreation and entertainment.						
31 32 33 34 35 36	a.	Commercial entertainment facilities, indoor or outdoor, including movie theatres, amusement parks, and stadiums, but excluding motorsports facilities. Carnival-type amusements shall be at least 500 feet from any residential district. <u>Mircobreweries, microdistilleries, microwineries, Bb</u> ars, nightclubs, and adult entertainment are prohibited in areas with the zoning designation HC/LI-NA or areas zoned ID-CP or ID-1 prior to adoption of HC/LI zoning.					
37 38 39	b.	Commercial recreation facilities, passive or active, including those for walking, hiking, bicycling, camping, recreational vehicles, swimming, skateboarding, bowling, court games, field sports, and golf, but excluding of f-highway vehicle uses and outdoor					

1 2		shooting ranges. Campgrounds and recreational vehicle parks require a minimum lot area of five acres.					
3	<b>c.</b> Marinas, private and commercial.						
4	d.	d. Parks, with or without permanent restrooms or outdoor event lighting.					
5	See also conditional uses in this district.						
6	(6) Inc	lustrial and related.					
7 8 9	distribution and wholesale warehousing, and manufacturing, all completely within the						
10	b.	Marinas, industrial.					
11	Se	e also conditional uses in this district.					
12							
13	.,	ricultural and related.					
14 15	a.	Food produced primarily for personal consumption by the producer, but no farm animals.					
16	b.	Nurseries and garden centers, including adjoining outdoor storage or display of plants.					
17	C.	Veterinary clinics, excluding outside kennels.					
18		e also conditional uses in this district.					
19	(8) Ot	ther uses.					
20 21	a.	Billboards structures, excluding areas zoned ID-CP, GBD, or GID prior to adoption of HC/LI zoning.					
22 23	b.	Building or construction trades shops and warehouses, including on-site outside storage.					
24	C.	Bus leasing and rental facilities.					
25 26	d.	Deposit boxes for donation of used items when placed as an accessory structure on the site of a charitable organization.					
27	e.	Outdoor adjacent display of plants by garden shops and nurseries.					
28	f.	Outdoor sales.					
29 30	g.	Outdoor storage of trailered boats and operable recreational vehicles, excluding repair, overhaul or salvage activities.					
31	h.	Parking garages and lots, commercial.					
32	i.	Sales and outdoor display of prefabricated storage sheds.					
33	j.	Self-storage facilities, including vehicle rental as an accessory use.					
34	(c) Condi	tional uses. Through the conditional use process prescribed in Chapter 2, the BOA, or					
35	the BC	CC as noted, may conditionally allow the following uses within the HC/LI district:					

1	(1) Residential. Caretaker residences not among the permitted uses of the district and for						
2	permitted non-residential uses.						
3	a. Retail services. Restaurants not among the permitted uses of the district.						
4	b. Public and civic. Cinerators.						
5	c. Recreation and entertainment.						
6	a. Motorsports facilities on lots 20 acres or larger.						
7	b. Off-highway vehicle commercial recreation facilities on lots 20 acres or larger.						
8	c. Shooting ranges, outdoor.						
9	d. Industrial and related.						
10 11	(a) Asphalt and concrete batch plants if within the Industrial (I) future land use category and within areas zoned GID prior to adoption of HC/LI zoning.						
12 13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>(b) Borrow pits and reclamation activities 20 acres minimum and (subject to local permit and development review requirements per Escambia County Code of Ordinances, Part I, Chapter 42, article VIII, and land use regulations in Part III, the Land Development Code, chapter 4.) *Borrow pits are prohibited on land zoned GBD, GID, and WMU prior to the adoption of the HC/LI zoning.</li> </ul>						
17	(c) Salvage yards not otherwise requiring approval as solid waste processing facilities.						
18 19 20 21	(d) Solid waste processing facilities, including solid waste collection points, solid waste transfer facilities, materials recovery facilities, recovered materials processing facilities, recycling facilities and operations, resource recovery facilities and operations, and volume reduction plants.						
22 23 24 25 26 27	The conditional use determination for any of these solid waste facilities shall be made by the BCC in lieu of any hearing before the BOA. The applicant shall submit a site boundary survey, development plan, description of anticipated operations, and evidence that establishes each of the following conditions in addition to those prescribed in Chapter 2:						
28 29	<ol> <li>Trucks have access to and from the site from adequately wide collector or arterial streets and do not use local residential streets.</li> </ol>						
30 31 32	<ol> <li>The scale, intensity, and operation of the use will not generate unreasonable noise, traffic, objectionable odors, dust, or other potential nuisances or hazards to contiguous properties.</li> </ol>						
33 34	<ol> <li>The processing of materials will be completely within enclosed buildings unless otherwise approved by the BCC.</li> </ol>						
35 36 37 38	4. The plan includes appropriate practices to protect adjacent land and resources, minimize erosion, and treat stormwater; landscaping and buffering for adjacent uses; hours of operation; methods to comply with maximum permissible noise levels; means of access control to prevent illegal dumping; and plans for materials storage						
39	e. Agricultural and related. Kennels or animal shelters not interior to veterinary clinics.						
	DD 10.06.15						

#### f. Other uses. 1

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- **1.** Structures of permitted uses exceeding the district structure height limit.
- 2. Heliports.
- (d) Site and building requirements. The following site and building requirements apply to uses 4 within the HC/LI district: 5
- (1) Density. Dwelling unit density limited to vested residential development. Lodging unit 6 density not limited by zoning. 7
- (2) Floor area ratio. A maximum floor area ratio of 1.0 within the Commercial (C) and 8 Industrial (I) future land use categories, and 2.0 within Mixed-Use Urban (MU-U). 9
- (3) Structure height. A maximum structure height of 150 feet above highest adjacent grade. 10
- (4) Lot area. No minimum lot area unless prescribed by use. 11
- (5) Lot width. No minimum lot width required by zoning. 12
- (6) Lot coverage. Minimum pervious lot coverage of 15 percent (85 percent maximum semi-13 impervious and impervious cover) for all uses. A maximum 75 percent of lot area occupied 14 by principal and accessory buildings on lots of non-residential uses. 15
- (7) Structure setbacks. For all principal structures, minimum setbacks are: 16
  - a. Front and rear. Fifteen feet in both front and rear.
  - **b.** Sides. Ten feet on each side, including any group of attached townhouses. For structures exceeding 35 feet above highest adjacent grade, an additional two feet for each additional 10 feet in height.

#### (8) Other requirements. 21

- a. Access. For any industrial use south of Well Line Road, site access shall be provided 22 by curb cuts on an arterial or collector street. Alternatively, a private or public street 23 may link the site to an arterial or collector, provided that the private or public street does 24 not traverse a residential subdivision or predominantly residential neighborhood between the site and the arterial or collector street. 26
  - **b.** Chapters 4 and 5. Refer to chapters 4 and 5 for additional development regulations and standards.
- (e) Location criteria. All new non-residential uses proposed within the HC/LI district that are not 29 part of a planned unit development or not identified as exempt by district regulations shall be 30 on parcels that satisfy at least one of the following location criteria: 31
- (1) Proximity to intersection. Along an arterial street and within one-quarter mile of its 32 intersection with an arterial street. 33
- (2) Site design. Along an arterial street, no more than one-half mile from its intersection with 34 an arterial street, and all of the following site design conditions: 35
- **a.** Not abutting a RR, LDR or MDR zoning district 36
- **b.** Any intrusion into a recorded residential subdivision is limited to a corner lot 37

- **c.** A system of service roads or shared access is provided to the maximum extent feasible given the lot area, lot shape, ownership patterns, and site and street characteristics.
  - d. Adverse impacts to any adjoining residential uses are minimized by placing the more intensive elements of the use, such as solid waste dumpsters and truck loading/unloading areas, furthest from the residential uses.
  - e. Location in an area where already established non-residential uses are otherwise consistent with the HC/LI, and where the new use would constitute infill development of similar intensity as the conforming development on surrounding parcels. Additionally, the location would promote compact development and not contribute to or promote strip commercial development.
- (3) Documented compatibility. A compatibility analysis prepared by the applicant provides
   competent substantial evidence of unique circumstances regarding the parcel or use that
   were not anticipated by the alternative criteria, and the proposed use will be able to achieve
   long-term compatibility with existing and potential uses. Additionally, the following
   conditions exist:
- a. The parcel has not been rezoned by the landowner from the mixed-use, commercial, or
   industrial zoning assigned by the county.
- **b.** If the parcel is within a county redevelopment district, the use will be consistent with the district's adopted redevelopment plan, as reviewed and recommended by the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA).
- 21 (f) Rezoning to HC/LI.
- (1) Generally. Heavy Commercial and Light Industrial zoning may be established only within 22 the Mixed-Use Urban (MU-U), Commercial (C), or Industrial (I) future land use categories. 23 The district is appropriate to provide transitions between areas zoned or used for 24 commercial and areas zoned or used for industrial. The district is suitable for areas able 25 to receive bulk deliveries by truck in locations served by major transportation networks and 26 able to avoid undesirable effects on nearby property and residential uses. Rezoning to 27 HC/LI is subject to the same location criteria as any non-residential use proposed within the 28 HC/LI district. 29
- (2) HC/LI-NA designation. Any applicant for rezoning to the HC/LI zoning district may request 30 a HC/LI-NA designation prohibiting the subsequent establishment of any microbreweries, 31 microdistilleries, microwineries, bars, nightclubs, or adult entertainment uses on the 32 rezoned property. The request shall be in the form of a notarized affidavit that 33 acknowledges this use restriction and affirms that it is a voluntary request. Once approved 34 according to the rezoning process of Chapter 2, the HC/LI-NA zoning designation and its 35 prohibitions shall apply to the property, regardless of ownership, unless the parcel is 36 rezoned. 37
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- Section 3. Part III of the Escambia County Code of Ordinances, the Land Development Code of Escambia County, Chapter 6, Section 6-0.3 "Terms defined," subsections "B" and "M," is hereby amended as follows (words <u>underlined</u> are additions and words <del>stricken</del> are deletions):
- 42

#### 1 Sec. 6-0.3 Terms defined.

- B -
- Banner sign. Any sign with characters, letters, illustrations or ornamentation applied to cloth, paper,
   flexible plastic or fabric of any kind that is not permanently attached to a solid backing of wood, plastic,
- 5 metal, masonry, or similar rigid material. Maximum size allowed is 60 square feet.
- 6 **Bar.** An establishment or part of an establishment whose primary activity is the sale or dispensing of
- alcoholic beverages by the drink to be consumed on the premises, but where food or packaged liquors
   may also be sold or served. The term "bar" includes tavern, cocktail lounge, nightclub, and bottle club.
- Base flood. A flood having a one-percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year.
- The base flood is commonly referred to as the 100-year flood, the one-percent annual chance flood, or the regulatory flood.
- 12 **Base flood elevation.** The elevation of the base flood, including wave height, relative to the National
- Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD), North American Vertical Datum (NAVD) or other datum specified on
   the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM).
- 15 Batch plant. An industrial facility which produces or processes asphalt or concrete, or asphalt or
- 16 concrete products, for use in construction. Batch plants include facilities and areas for the stockpiling
- of bulk materials used in production, or of finished products, but not the retail sale of those products.
- 18 **Beach.** The area of unconsolidated geologic material that extends landward from the mean low
- waterline to the place where there is a marked change in physiographic form or material, or to the line of permanent vegetation, or to the waterward toe of the primary dune, whichever is most waterward
- when not coterminous. The term "beach" is limited to gulf, bay, sound, and estuarine shorelines.
- 22 Bed and breakfast inn. A family home structure with no more than 15 sleeping rooms which has
- been modified to serve as a transient public lodging establishment, which provides accommodations
- and only morning meal service to overnight guests, which is typically the residence of the owner, and
   which is recognized as a bed and breakfast inn by the hospitality industry.
- 25 which is recognized as a bed and breaklast inn by
   26 *Billboard.* See "Off-premises sign."
- 27 Bingo facility. A facility where participants engage in lawful games of bingo in compliance with Florida
- 28 Statutes and any county ordinances that define or regulate such games and facilities.
- 29 **Board of Adjustment (BOA).** The administrative board appointed by the Board of County
- 30 Commissioners to conduct quasi-judicial public hearings for LDC compliance review of applications
- asserting special conditions or circumstances as prescribed in the LDC; to make findings based on the
- evidence presented at those hearings; and to approve, approve with conditions, or deny theapplications.
- 34 **Board of County Commissioners (BCC).** The legislative body of the unincorporated area of 35 Escambia County, Florida.
- 36 **Boarding house or rooming house.** A public lodging establishment which provides rooms to guests
- by prearrangement for definite periods, but not open to overnight guests and not considered any other
- type of public lodging defined by the LDC. A boarding house provides meals and rooms, as
- distinguished from a rooming house that provides only rooms.
- 40 **Boardwalk.** An elevated pedestrian walkway typically constructed over or along a waterfront, beach,
- 41 or environmentally sensitive land, but not extending past the mean high water line.
- 42 **Bond.** Any form of security, such as a cash deposit, surety bond, or instrument of credit, in an amount
- and form satisfactory to the Board of County Commissioners.
- 44 **Borrow pit.** A site or parcel of property where soils, clays, gravel or other natural deposits on or in the
- earth are removed, or have been removed, for use by the property owner or another entity, typically
- 46 with no processing except for screening to remove debris. A borrow pit may also be referred to as a
- 47 mining site or a mineral or resource excavation or extraction site.

- 1 **Brewpub.** A restaurant that brews beer primarily for sale and consumption on-site at the restaurant as
- 2 <u>a secondary use. A brewpub may also sell beer "to go" or distribute to off-site accounts.</u>
- 3 *Bridge.* A structure, including supports, erected over a depression or an obstruction such as water or
- 4 a highway or railway; having a track or roadway for carrying traffic or other moving loads; and having
- an opening, measured along the center of the roadway, of more than 20 feet between under copings
- 6 of abutments, spring lines of arches, or extreme ends of openings of multiple boxes or pipes (culverts)
- 7 where the clear distance between contiguous openings is less than half of the interior width or
- 8 diameter of the smallest of such contiguous openings.
- 9 Broadcast station. A facility for over-the-air, cable, or satellite transmission of radio or television
- 10 programs to the public and which may include studios, offices, and related broadcast equipment.
- **Buffer.** A designated area with natural or manmade features functioning to minimize or eliminate
- adverse impacts on adjoining land uses, including environmentally sensitive lands.
- 13 Buildable area. The portion of a lot, exclusive of required yards, setbacks, buffers, open space, or
- 14 other regulatory limits, within which a structure may be placed.
- 15 **Building.** Any structure having a roof supported by columns or walls.
- 16 Building coverage. The total horizontal area measured within the outside of the exterior walls or
- 17 columns of the ground floor of all principal and accessory buildings.
- 18 **Building line.** The innermost edge of any required yard or setback.
- Building Official. The representative of the county appointed by the Board of County Commissioners to administer applicable building codes.
- 21 Building permit. A document issued by the Building Official authorizing the erection, construction,
- reconstruction, restoration, alteration, repair, conversion, or maintenance of any building or other structure in compliance with applicable building codes.
- Bulk storage. Large capacity storage, as in warehouses, silos, and tanks, for massed quantities typically not divided into parts or packaged in separate units.
- 26 Bulletin board/directory sign. A sign which identifies an institution or organization on the premises of
- 27 which it is located and which contains the name of the institution or organization or the names of
- individuals connected with it, and general announcements of events or activities occurring at the institution or similar messages.
- 30 **Bus leasing/rental facility.** A facility for the transient parking, storing, repairs, servicing, leasing, 31 and/or rental of passenger buses or motor coaches.
- Business. Any commercial endeavor engaged in the production, purchase, sale, lease, or exchange
   af goods, warso, or merchandias or the provisions of convision. LDC 6: 8
- of goods, wares, or merchandise or the provisions of services. LDC 6: 8
- 34 **Business day.** Any calendar day, not including Saturdays, Sundays, or legal holidays observed by the
- 35 county, on which the offices of Escambia County are open for regular business. A business day may 36 also be referred to as a work day or working day
  - also be referred to as a work day or working day.
  - 37

## -M -

- 38 **Manufactured building.** A closed structure, building assembly, or system of subassemblies which
- 39 may include structural, electrical, plumbing, heating, ventilating, or other service systems
- 40 manufactured for installation or erection, with or without other specified components, as a finished
- building or as part of a finished building. Manufactured buildings include residential, commercial,
   institutional, storage or industrial structures constructed according to state standards, but do not
- 42 institutional, storage or industrial structures constructed accord
   43 include manufactured (mobile) homes.
- 44 *Manufactured (mobile) home.* A complete, factory-built, single-family dwelling constructed in
- 45 conformance with federal *Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards* (the HUD Code)
- 46 and transportable in one or more sections on a permanent chassis for site installation with or without a
- 47 permanent foundation. The term "mobile home" refers to any manufactured home built prior to June

- 1 15, 1976 when the HUD Code became effective. Manufactured homes do not include manufactured
- 2 buildings, modular homes or recreational vehicles.
- 3 Manufactured (mobile) home park. A multi-family residential use of an individually owned parcel of
- 4 land within which lots or spaces are offered for rent or lease for the placement of five or more
- 5 manufactured (mobile) homes. For the purposes of floodplain management, the term "manufactured 6 home park" may apply to as few as two manufactured home lots for rent on a parcel.
- 7 *Manufactured (mobile) home subdivision.* A residential subdivision of individually owned lots
- 8 created according to the provisions of the LDC for the exclusive use of manufactured (mobile) homes.
- 9 For the purposes of floodplain management, the term "manufactured home subdivision" may apply to
- 10 division into as few as two manufactured home lots.
- 11 Manufacturing. The mechanical or chemical transformation of materials or substances into new
- 12 products, including the assembling of component parts, and the blending of materials, such as
- 13 lubricating oils, plastics, resins, or liquors.
- Marina. A facility for the mooring, berthing, storing, or securing of watercraft, and which may include other services such as sales of boat supplies and fuel, boat repair and rental, and other uses
- 16 incidental to the primary use. A marina may be classified as one of the following:
- 17 *Commercial marina.* A public use marina which may include upland marina support facilities for the 18 servicing or repairing of watercraft, but does not include the activities of industrial marinas.
- *Industrial marina.* A marina which provides slips or moorings for major work on watercraft, such as
- construction or rebuilding of boats, installations of new bottoms, substantial structural additions, or alterations.
- *Private marina.* A marina that is an amenity to a private residential development, such as a subdivision or multifamily dwelling, and not for public use.
- 24 *Market value.* The price at which a property will change hands between a willing buyer and a willing
- seller, neither party being under compulsion to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of
- 26 relevant facts. For the purposes of the LDC, market value is limited to the value of buildings and other
- structures, excluding the land and other improvements on the parcel. Market value may be as
- established by a qualified independent appraiser, "actual cash value" (replacement cost depreciated
- for age and quality of construction), or tax assessment value adjusted to approximate market value by
   a factor provided by the Property Appraiser.
- 31 *Marquee.* A permanent roofed structure attached to and supported by a building, and projecting into
- 32 public right-of-way, typically above an entrance to provide protection from the elements.
- 33 *Materials recovery facility (MRF).* A solid waste management facility that provides for the extraction
- from solid waste of recyclable materials, materials suitable for use as a fuel or soil amendment, or any combination of such materials.
- 36 **Mausoleum.** A building or other structure that is substantially exposed above the ground and used for
- the entombment of human remains.
- 38 Mean high water (MHW). The average height of the high waters over a 19-year period; or for shorter 39 periods of observation, the average height of the high waters after corrections are applied to eliminate
- 40 known variations and to reduce the result to the equivalent of a mean 19-year value.
- 41 *Mean sea level (MSL).* The average height of the surface of the Gulf of Mexico for all stages of the
- tide, or the mean between high and low tides as established by the North American Vertical Datum
   (NAVD) of 1988.
- 44 **Medical clinic or office.** A facility, other than a hospital, providing medical diagnostic and treatment
- 45 services to patients not requiring an overnight stay. Such clinics and offices commonly have laboratory
- facilities and include doctor's offices, diagnostic centers, treatment centers, rehabilitation centers, and
- 47 establishments providing surgical and psychiatric services and emergency treatment.
- 48 *Medical services.* Professional services concerning human health maintenance and the diagnosis 49 and treatment of disease, injury, pain, and other adverse health conditions. Medical services include

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- 1 the principal services provided by hospitals, clinics, doctor's offices, diagnostic facilities, medical
- 2 laboratories, blood donation centers, and other human health care facilities.
- 3 *Metes and bounds.* A system of describing and identifying land by distances or measures (metes)
- and bearings or direction (bounds) from an identifiable point of reference, such as a monument or other marker or the corner of intersecting roads
- 5 other marker or the corner of intersecting roads.
- 6 *Mircobrewery.* A brewery that produces less than 10,000 kegs of beer per year. Microbreweries sell
- 7 to the public by one or more of the following methods: the traditional three-tier system (brewer to
- 8 wholesaler to retailer to consumer); the two-tier system brewer acting as wholesaler to retailer to
- 9 consumer); and directly to the consumer through carry-outs or on-site taproom. A Microbrewery must
- 10 possess the appropriate license from the State of Florida.
- 11 Microdistillery. A facility in which beer, wine or other alcoholic beverages are brewed, fermented, or
- 12 distilled for distribution and consumption. Tasting rooms for the consumption of on-site produced beer,
- 13 wine, or distilled products are permitted on the premises and possess the appropriate license from the
- 14 <u>State of Florida.</u>
- 15 Microwinery. A small wine producer that does not have its own vineyard, and instead sources its
- 16 grape production from outside suppliers. Microwineries produce wine for sale on or off-site and serve
- 17 wine on premises which possess the appropriate license from the State of Florida.
- 18 *Mineral extraction.* Extraction of minerals from the earth, including rock, gravel, sand, clay, oil, and
- 19 gas, and any overlying materials extracted for the purpose of reaching underlying minerals. The term
- 20 includes all associated clearing, grading, construction, processing, transportation, and reclamation on
- 21 the extraction property.
- 22 Mini-warehouse. See "Self-storage facility."
- 23 *Mitigation.* Methods used to alleviate, lessen, or compensate for adverse impacts.
- 24 *Mixed-use development.* The development of a tract of land or structure with a variety of
- complementary and integrated uses, including residential, office, retail, entertainment, recreation, and
- 26 manufacturing, typically in a compact urban form.
- 27 *Mobile home.* See "Manufactured (mobile) home."
- 28 *Mobile vending unit.* A motorized or non-motorized portable structure used to store, prepare, or
- 29 serve food or beverages to the public, or to store, distribute, or sell merchandise, goods, or wares to 30 the public.
- 31 *Model home.* A dwelling unit temporarily used for display purposes as an example of the homes
- 32 available or to be available for sale in a specific subdivision or offered by a specific builder.
- 33 *Modular home.* A dwelling constructed on site in compliance with the *Florida Building Code* and
- 34 composed of components substantially assembled in a manufacturing plant and transported to the
- building site for final assembly on a permanent foundation. A modular home may also be referred to as
   a manufactured residential building.
- 37 *Motel.* A public lodging establishment which offers at least six rental units and daily or weekly rates;
- has a central office on the property with specified hours of operation; provides each rental unit with a
- 39 bathroom or connecting bathroom, an exit to the outside, and off-street parking; and is recognized as a
- 40 motel by the hospitality industry. Motels may provide facilities and services incidental and subordinate
- 41 to the principal public lodging use.
- 42 *Motorsports facility.* A closed-course speedway or racetrack designed and intended for motor
- 43 vehicle competition, exhibitions of speed, or other forms of entertainment involving the use of motor
- 44 vehicles, including motorcycles. For these purposes, a closed course is a prescribed and defined route
- of travel that is not available at any time for vehicular access by the general public and is closed to all
- 46 motor vehicles other than those of participants.

- 1 *Motor vehicle.* Any self-propelled vehicle not operated upon rails or a guideway and designed
- 2 primarily for the transportation of persons or property along public streets. Motor vehicles include
- automobiles, vans, motorcycles, buses, trucks, and recreational vehicles, but do not include bicycles,
   motorized scooters, mopeds, or farm and construction equipment.
- 5 *Motor vehicle service and repair, major.* General repair, rebuilding or reconditioning of motor
- 6 vehicles, engines, or trailers, including body work, frame work, welding, and painting.
- 7 **Motor vehicle service and repair, minor.** The repair, servicing or replacement of any part of an
- 8 automobile, van, light truck (gross vehicle weight rating no more than 8500 lbs), motorcycle,
- 9 recreational vehicle or other consumer vehicle that does not require the removal of the engine, engine
- head or pan, transmission, or differential, and does not include painting and body work. Minor services and repairs include cooling, electrical, fuel and exhaust systems; suspensions, brakes, wheels and
- 12 tires; oil and lubrication; and upholstery, trim and accessories.
- Moving or animated sign. Any sign or part of a sign which changes physical position by any movement or rotation.
- 15 *Multi-faced sign.* A sign composed of sections which rotate to display a series of advertisements,
- each advertisement being displayed for at least five seconds continuously without movement and the
   movement of the sections between displays being not more than two seconds.
- 18 Multi-tenant development. Any shopping center, office complex, business park or other non-
- residential development in which two or more occupancies abut each other or share common parking facilities or driveways or are otherwise related on a development parcel.
- Mural. A painting or other graphic art displayed on the facade of a building generally for the purposes of decoration or artistic expression.

#### 24 Section 4. Severability.

If any section, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by any Court of competent jurisdiction, then said holding shall in no way affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance.

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#### 29 Section 5. Inclusion in Code.

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It is the intention of the Board of County Commissioners that the provisions of this Ordinance shall be codified as required by F.S. § 125.68 (2015); and that the sections, subsections and other provisions of this Ordinance may be renumbered or re-lettered and the word "ordinance" may be changed to "section," "chapter," or such other appropriate word or phrase in order to accomplish such intentions.

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1	Section 6.	Effective Date.			
2					
3	This Ordina	nce shall become effe	ective upon filing	with the Departmer	nt of State.
4			da of	0045	
5	DONE AND	ENACTED this	_ day of	, 2015.	
6					
7					COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
8				OF ESC	CAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
9					
10				Ву:	
11					Steven Barry, Chairman
12					
13	ATTEST:	PAM CHILDERS			
14		Clerk of the Circui	t Court		
15					
16		Ву:		-	
17		Deputy Cler	'k		
18	(SEAL)				
19					
20	ENACTED:				
21					
22		H THE DEPARTMEN	T OF STATE.		
			TOP STATE.		
23				-	
24	EFFECTIVE	DATE:			